

### **COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AGENDA**

COUNTY BOARD ROOM GOVERNMENT CENTER RED WING, MN

> FEBRUARY 18, 2020 10:00 A.M.

Retail Tobacco Ordinance Follow Up
 Documents:

Tobacco Retailer Presentation.pdf
Tobacco Retailer Ordinance - with T21.pdf



## **Tobacco Retailer Ordinance**

Committee of the Whole
Tuesday, February 18, 2020
David Anderson, Live Well Goodhue County Co-Coordinator



# Background

- Last update 1999
- Only applies to a few retailer(s) in Goodhue County –most covered by City ordinances
- Tobacco products and state & federal laws have changed greatly in the last 20 years
- Previous presentations by HHS staff and feedback received from the GCHHS Board
- Public Health Law Center recommendations
- HHS, Sheriff's Office, and Attorney's Office reviews
- Additional community education about vaping and T21
- Plan to work in Red Wing, Kenyon, and Wanamingo to update ordinances next
- November 2019: HHS Board recommended County Board move forward with minimum updates including removal of youth purchase, use, and possession (PUP) penalties – and requested this COW for more local feedback about youth penalties

## Overview

- Purchase, use, and possession (PUP) provisions
  - Current ordinance
  - Recommendations Public Health Law Center
  - Tobacco addiction
  - Local feedback
- New federal laws
  - T21
  - Flavors
- Next steps

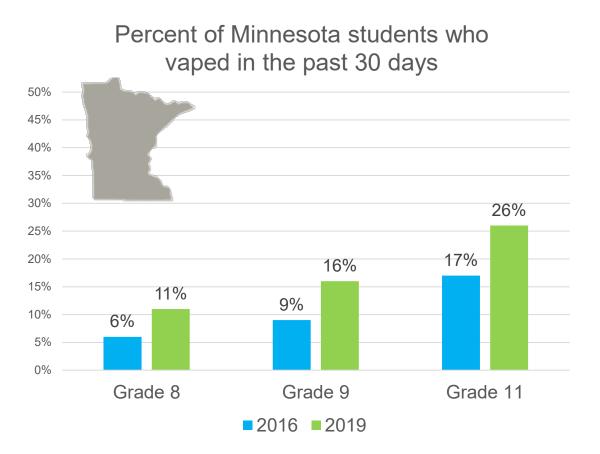
# Purchase, Use, and Possession (PUP) Provisions Goodhue County – Current Practice

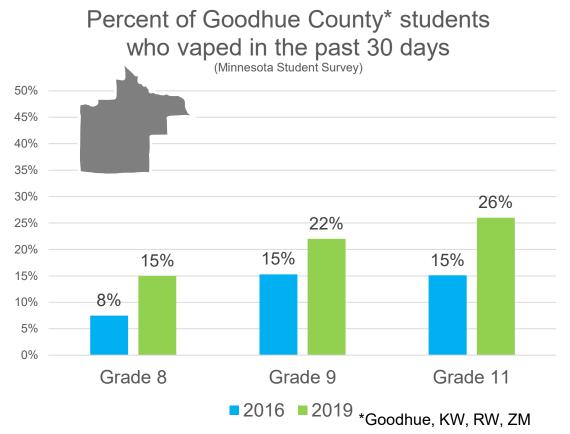
- Tobacco
  - \$50 fine
- Alcohol
  - \$100 fine



 Minors often given option for diversion program before a ticket is submitted to Court

# Despite current penalties, Goodhue County vaping rates have increased similar to state rates





## Revised Goodhue County Ordinance

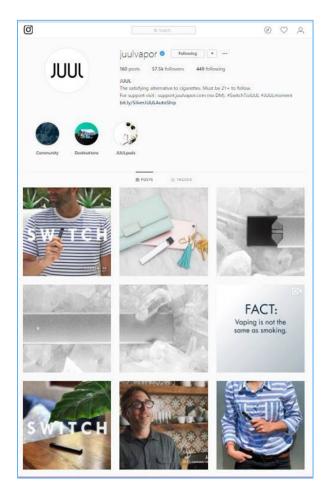
## Public Health Law Center recommendation

- Tobacco purchase, use, or possession (under 21)
  - No penalty in the ordinance
  - Schools can still refer to diversion program, and implement an alternative penalty structure – see Public Health Law Center link for language (p. 8-9)
- Use of False ID to attempt to or purchase tobacco (under 21)
  - Non-criminal, Non-monetary civil penalties
    - Could be tobacco-related education classes, diversion programs, community services
    - To be determined by County Board with input from courts, educators, parents, guardians, and the violating person under 21

## PUP penalties are not effective Tobacco Prevention

- No research to date demonstrates that youth penalties reduce youth use of tobacco products.
- A tobacco retail licensing ordinance regulates the businesses that sell tobacco products. As such, the focus of a licensing ordinance should be on the licensees, the tobacco retailers.
- The tobacco industry systematically targets youth, seeking to maintain profits by attracting and addicting new users to their products in an effort to replace the 480,000 Americans who die from tobacco use each year.

## Youth are targeted by e-cigarette advertisement



Almost 90% of Minnesota high school students have seen ads for e-cigarettes.

E-cigarette ads permeate social media and other online spaces.

2017 Minnesota Youth Tobacco Survey

# In addition, PUP penalties can have a detrimental effect:

- Even seemingly modest administrative fines can be detrimental to youth and their families, especially for youth of low socioeconomic status.
- Unpaid fines can lead to criminal charges.
- Criminal and school penalties have historically been assessed, enforced and prosecuted in a discriminatory manner.

# State may remove PUP penalties this year

- T21 language introduced in 2019 removed PUP
- Same language expected this year

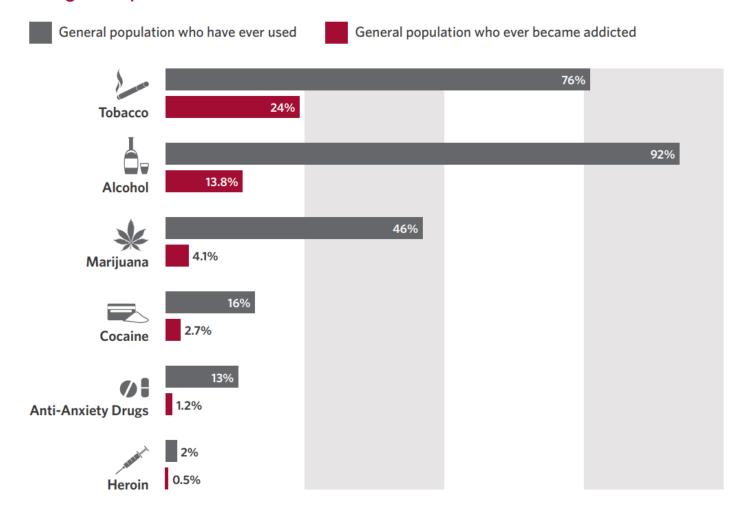
"Subd. 2a. Alternative penalties. Law enforcement and court system representatives 2.21 shall consult, as applicable, with interested persons, including but not limited to parents, 2.22 guardians, educators, and persons under the age of 21 years, to develop alternative civil 2.23 penalties for persons under the age of 21 years who violate this section. Consulting 2.24 participants shall consider a variety of alternative civil penalties including but not limited 2.25 to tobacco-free education programs, community service, court diversion programs, and 2.26 tobacco cessation programs, and for persons under the age of 18 years, notice to schools 2.27 and to parents or guardians. Alternative civil penalties developed under this subdivision 2.28 shall not include fines or monetary penalties." 2.29



# Youth Purchase, Use, and Possession (PUP) Laws for Alcohol

- "Behind" research
- Fewer groups advocating to remove these
- It's easier to be a casual user of alcohol.
  It's very hard to be a casual user of nicotine.

### **Drugs People Get Hooked On<sup>22</sup>**



# A higher percentage of those who ever used tobacco became addicted.

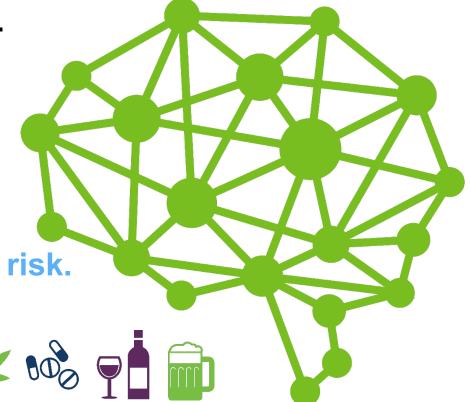
# Nicotine is Highly Addictive in Youth

Symptoms of addiction occur within days or weeks

No amount of nicotine is safe for youth.

- Harms
  - Learning
  - Memory
  - Attention span
- Changes brain chemistry
  - The earlier the exposure, the greater the risk.
  - Makes youth more susceptible to addiction to cigarettes, alcohol, and other drugs.

Source: MDH Health Advisory – Nicotine and the Escalating Risk of Addiction for Youth, 2018



## Local feedback

- Sheriff
  - Supports removing PUP provisions and replacing as recommended by Public Health Law Center

- Attorney
  - Supports a diversion program for minors in possession of alcohol or tobacco. "We would dismiss the citation upon successful completion. So whether or not a citation was issued would depend on how diversion was structured."

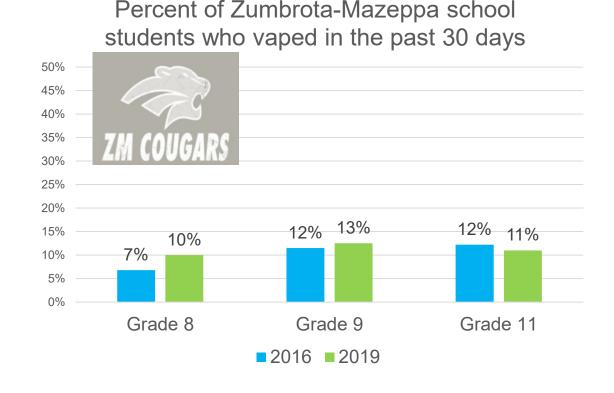
- Overall
  - Some prevention programs
  - Most use punitive measures
    - suspension
    - refer to law enforcement for ticket (as noted on an earlier slide, minors often given option for diversion program before a ticket is submitted to court)

- School Policy Updates?
  - Alternative penalties would be:
    - Confiscate e-cigarette
    - Notify parent
    - Student meeting with a chemical health educator
    - Required Tobacco education/ Diversion program
    - Provide tobacco cessation information
    - Student meeting with a chemical health educator, with parent
    - Community service

- Lake City
  - Annual "Risks of Vaping" lesson in advisory program to educate all students
  - E-cigarette use in school
    - Suspension
    - E-cig confiscated
    - Parents are notified
    - Reported to local law enforcement for a ticket

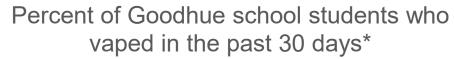
- Cannon Falls
  - E-cigarette use in school
    - In school or out of school suspension

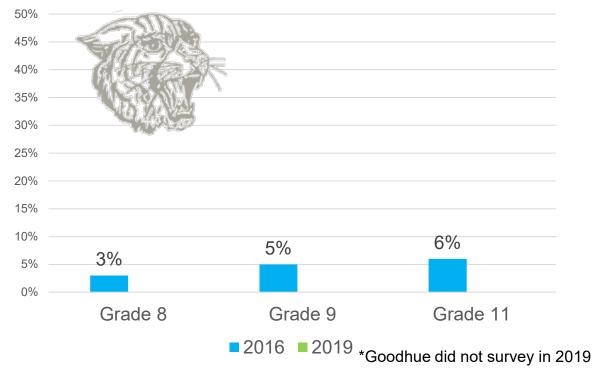
- Zumbrota-Mazeppa
  - E-cigarette use in school
    - E-cig confiscated
    - 2 day suspension
    - Tobacco citation
  - E-cigarette off school property
    - Officer discretion whether to issue a citation
    - If citation issued, school is notified



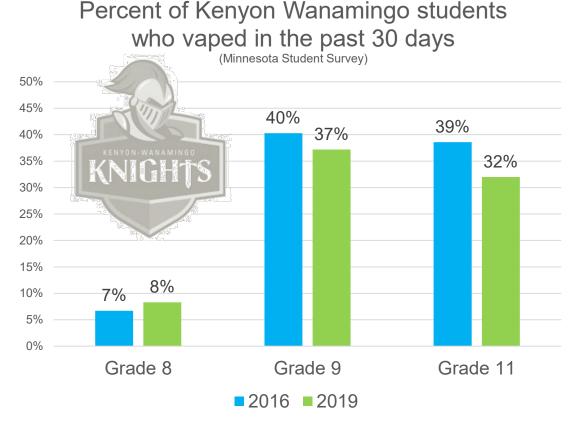
### Goodhue

- Catchmybreath.org e-cigarette and JUUL prevention program in advisory
  - Recent reports of e-cigarette use seem to be decreasing
- E-cigarette use in school
  - In school or out of school suspension depending on offense



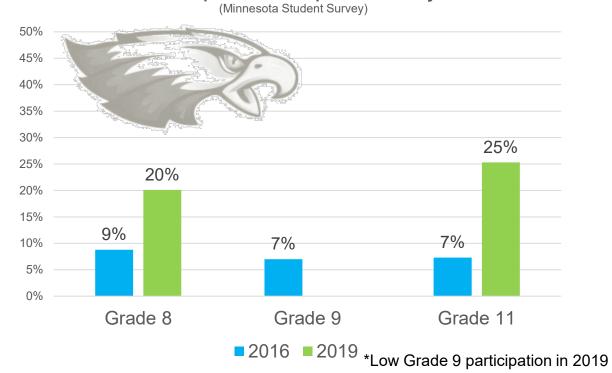


- Kenyon-Wanamingo
  - E-cigarette use in school
    - 1<sup>st</sup> offense: in school suspension
    - 2<sup>nd</sup> offense: out of school suspension



- Red Wing
  - E-cigarette use in school
    - 1<sup>st</sup> offense: Alternative suspension program – write a paper on dangers of vaping
    - Repeat offenders referred to law enforcement
  - Reports of e-cig use decreasing since Jan. 1– due to federal T21?

# Percent of Red Wing school students who vaped in the past 30 days\*



## **New Federal Laws**

- Tobacco 21
- Flavors

## Federal T21

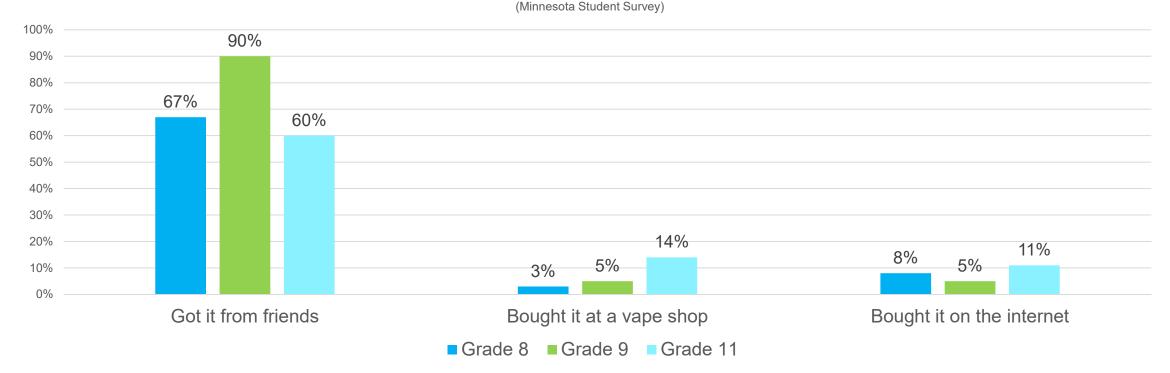
- FDA statement: "It is now illegal for a retailer to sell any tobacco product –
   including cigarettes, cigare and o cigarettes.
  - including cigarettes, cigars and e-cigarettes to anyone under 21."
- The FDA says implementation of the Tobacco 21 amendment was effective as of the President's signing the legislation, therefore the Tobacco 21 implementation date was December 21, 2019.



# T21 addresses the issue of older friends purchasing e-cigarettes for younger youth

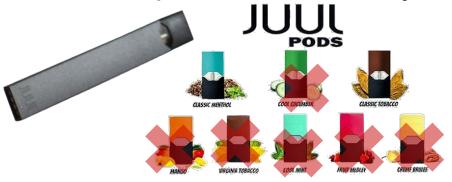
Goodhue County:

How students who used e-cigarettes in the last 30 days got them, 2019



## **Flavors**

- On January 2, 2020, the FDA finalized a guidance that attempts to combat the epidemic of youth e-cigarette use.
- Bans most flavors in pod or cartridge based systems
  - Exempts menthol flavor
  - Exempts tank or mod systems, or self-contained systems







## **Next Steps**

## 1. Ordinance Language

 GCHHS recommends moving forward with the revised tobacco retailer ordinance as presented to HHS board in Nov. 2019 with the additional revisions to match new federal law

### 2. Public Hearing

# GOODHUE COUNTY TOBACCO LICENSING ORDINANCE Ordinance #1014.14

The County Board of Goodhue County Ordains and establishes an Ordinance relating to the sale of tobacco, tobacco products, tobacco related devices, electronic delivery devices, and nicotine or lobelia delivery devices in the County.

#### Section 100. Purpose

Because the County recognizes that many retailers sell tobacco, tobacco products, tobacco related devices, electronic delivery devices, and nicotine or lobelia delivery devices to persons under the age of 21; and because sales to persons under the age of 21 are a violation of Federal law; and because studies have shown that most people who use commercial tobacco products begin before they have reached the age of 18 years and that those persons who reach the age of 18 years without having started using commercial tobacco products are significantly less likely to ever begin; and because the use of commercial tobacco products has been shown to be the cause of several serious health problems which subsequently place a financial burden on all levels of government; this ordinance shall be intended to regulate the sale of tobacco, tobacco products, tobacco related devices, electronic delivery devices, and nicotine or lobelia delivery devices for the purpose of enforcing and furthering existing laws and to further the official public policy of the State of Minnesota in regard to preventing young people from starting to use commercial tobacco products as stated in Minn. Stat. \$ 144.391.

### Section 200. Applicability and Jurisdiction

This ordinance governs the licensing and regulation of the sale of tobacco, tobacco-related devices, electronic delivery devices, and nicotine or lobelia delivery products in the unorganized territory of Goodhue County and in any city or town located in Goodhue County that does not license and regulate retail sales of tobacco, tobacco-related devices, electronic delivery devices, and nicotine or lobelia delivery products in conformance with the minimum requirements of Minn. Stat. § 461. Retail establishments licensed by a city or town are not required to obtain a second license for the same location under this ordinance.

### Section 300. Definitions and Interpretations

Except as may otherwise be provided or clearly implied by context,

- all terms shall be given their commonly accepted definitions. The singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular. The masculine shall include the feminine and neuter, and vice-versa. The term "shall" means mandatory and the term "may" means permissive. The following terms shall have the definitions given to them:
  - Subd. 1 Child-resistant Packaging. "Child-resistant-packaging" shall mean packaging that meets the definition set forth in Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, section 1700.15(b), as in effect on January 1, 2015, and was tested in accordance with the method described in Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, section 1700.20, as in effect on January 1, 2015.
  - Subd. 2 Compliance Checks "Compliance Checks" shall mean the system the County uses to investigate and ensure that those authorized to sell licensed products are following and complying the requirements of this ordinance. Compliance checks involve the use of persons under the age of 21 who purchase or attempt to purchase licensed products. Compliance checks may be conducted by the county or other units of government for educational, research, and training purposes or for investigating or enforcing federal, state, or local laws and regulations relating to licensed products.
  - Subd. 3 Electronic Delivery Device. "Electronic delivery device" shall mean any product containing or delivering nicotine, lobelia, or any other substance, whether natural or synthetic, intended for human consumption though inhalation of aerosol or vapor from the product. Electronic delivery device shall include any component part of such a product whether or not sold separately. Electronic delivery device shall not include any product that has been approved or otherwise certified by the United States Food and Drug Administration for legal sales for use in tobacco cessation treatment or other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose.
  - Subd. 4 Indoor Area. "Indoor area" shall mean all space between a floor and a ceiling that is bounded by walls, doorways, or windows, whether open or closed, covering more than 50 percent of the combined surface area of the vertical planes constituting the perimeter of the area. A wall includes any retractable divider, garage door, or other physical barrier, whether temporary or permanent. A standard window screen (0.011 gauge with an eighteen (18) by sixteen

- (16) mesh count) is not considered a wall.
- Subd. 5 Licensed Products. "Licensed Products" shall mean any tobacco or tobacco product, tobacco related device, electronic delivery device, or nicotine or lobelia delivery product.
- Subd. 6 Loosies. "Loosies" shall mean the common term used to refer to a single or individually packaged cigars or cigarettes, or any other licensed product that has been removed from its intended retail packaging and offered for sale. Loosies does not include individual cigars with a retail price, before any sales taxes, of more than \$2.00.
- Subd. 8 Moveable Place of Business. "Moveable Place of Business" shall refer to any form of business operated out of a kiosk, truck, van, automobile, or other type of vehicle or transportable shelter and not a fixed address store front or other permanent type of structure authorized for sales transactions.
- Subd. 9 Nicotine or Lobelia Delivery Device. "Nicotine or lobelia delivery device" shall mean any product containing or delivering nicotine or lobelia intended for human consumption, or any part of such a product, that is not tobacco as defined in this section, not including any product that has been approved or otherwise certified for legal sale by the United States Food and Drug Administration for tobacco use cessation, harm reduction, or for other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose.
- Subd. 10 Retail Establishment. "Retail Establishment" shall means any place of business where licensed product area available for sale to the general public. Retail establishments shall include, but not be limited to grocery, tobacco products shops, convenience stores, gasoline service stations, bars, and restaurants.
- <u>Subd. 11 Sale.</u> A "sale" shall mean any transfer of goods for money, trade, barter, or other consideration.
- Subd. 12 Self-Service Merchandising. "Self-Service Merchandising" shall mean open displays of licensed products in any manner where any person shall have access to the licensed products, without the assistance or intervention of the licensee or the licensee's employee. The assistance or

intervention shall entail the actual physical exchange of the licensed product between the customer and the licensee or employee. Self-service sales are interpreted as being any sale where there is not an actual physical exchange of the licensed product between the clerk and the customer. Self-service merchandising shall not include vending machines.

Subd. 13 Smoking. "Smoking" shall mean inhaling or exhaling smoke from any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, or any other lighted or heated product, containing, made, or derived from nicotine, tobacco, marijuana, or other plant, whether natural or synthetic that is intended for inhalation. Smoking shall also mean carrying or using an activated electronic delivery device.

Subd. 14 Tobacco. "Tobacco" shall mean any product containing, made, or derived from tobacco that is intended for human consumption, whether chewed, smoked, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by any other means, or any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product including but not limited to cigarettes; cigars; cheroots; stogies; perique; granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco; snuff; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine cut and other chewing tobaccos; shorts; refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco; and other kinds and forms of tobacco. TOBACCO does not include any product that has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for sale as a tobaccocessation product, as a tobacco-dependence product, or for other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for such an approved purpose.

Subd. 15 Tobacco Related Devices. "Tobacco related devices" shall mean any rolling papers, wraps, pipes, ashtrays, or other device intentionally designed or intended to be used with tobacco products. Tobacco related devices shall include components of tobacco related devices or tobacco products, which may be marketed or sold separately. Tobacco related devices may or may not contain tobacco.

<u>Subd. 16 Vending Machine.</u> "Vending Machine" shall mean any mechanical, electric or electronic, or other type of device, which dispenses licensed products upon the insertion of money, tokens, or other form of payment directly into the machine by the person seeking to purchase licensed products.

No person shall sell or offer to sell any licensed product without first having obtained a license to do so from the County. Persons or retail establishments validly licensed by a town or city to sell licensed products in compliance with Minn. Stat. § 461, are not required to obtain a second license for the same location under this ordinance.

- Subd. 1 Application. An application for a license to sell licensed products shall be made on a form provided by the County. The application shall contain the full name of the applicant, the applicant's residential and business addresses and telephone numbers, the name of the business for which the license is sought, and any additional information the County deems necessary. A completed application shall be filed with the County Administrator for action at the next regularly scheduled County Board meeting. If the County Administrator shall determine that an application is incomplete, he or she shall return the application to the applicant with notice of the information necessary to make the application complete.
- Subd. 2 Action. The County Board may either approve or deny the license, or it may delay action for such reasonable period of time as necessary to complete any investigation of the application or the applicant it deems necessary. If the County Board shall approve the license, the County Administrator shall issue the license to the applicant. If the County Board denies the license, notice of the denial shall be given to the applicant along with notice of the applicant's right to appeal the decision.
- <u>Subd. 3 Term.</u> All licenses issued under this ordinance shall be valid for one calendar year from the date of issue.
- Subd. 4 Revocation or Suspension. Any license issued under this ordinance may be revoked or suspended as provided in the Violations and Penalties section of this ordinance.
- <u>Subd. 5 License Not Transferable.</u> All licenses issued under this ordinance shall be valid only on the premises for which the license was issued and only for the person to whom the license was issued. No transfer of any license to another location or person shall be allowed.
- Subd. 6 Moveable Place of Business. No license shall be issued to a moveable place of business. Only fixed location businesses shall be eliqible to be licensed under this

ordinance.

- <u>Subd. 7 Display.</u> All licenses shall be posted and displayed in plain view of the general public on the licensed premise.
- Subd. 8 Renewals. The renewal of a license issued under this section shall be handled in the same manner as the original application. The request for a renewal shall be made at least thirty days but no more than sixty days before the expiration of the current license. The issuance of a license issued under this ordinance shall be considered a privilege and not an absolute right of the applicant and shall not entitle the holder to an automatic renewal of the license.
- <u>Subd. 9 Smoking.</u> Smoking is not be permitted and no person shall smoke within the indoor area of any establishment with a retail tobacco license.
- <u>Subd. 10 Sampling.</u> No person shall distribute samples of any licensed product free of charge or at nominal cost.

#### Section 500. Fees.

No license shall be issued under this ordinance until the appropriate license fee shall be paid in full. The fee for a license under this ordinance shall be set in accordance with a fee schedule adopted by the County Board. Said fee schedule may be amended from time to time by action of the County Board.

#### Section 600. Basis for Denial of License.

The following shall be grounds for denying the issuance or renewal of a license under this ordinance:

- <u>Subd. 1.</u> The applicant or proposed licensee is under the age of 21 years.
- <u>Subd. 2.</u> The applicant has been convicted within the past five years of any violation of a Federal, State, or local law, ordinance provision, or other regulation relating to licensed products.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> The applicant has had a license to sell licensed products suspended or revoked within the preceding twelve months of the date of application.
- Subd. 4. The applicant fails to provide any information

required on the application, or provides false or misleading information.

<u>Subd. 5.</u> The applicant is prohibited by Federal, State, or other local law, ordinance, or other regulation, from holding such a license.

Except as may otherwise be provided by law, the existence of any particular ground for denial does not mean that the County must deny the license. If a license is mistakenly issued or renewed to a person, it shall be revoked upon the discovery that the person was ineligible for the license under this Section.

#### Section 700. Prohibited Sales.

It shall be a violation of this ordinance for any person to sell or offer to sell any licensed products:

- <u>Subd. 1.</u> To any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years.
- Subd. 2. By means of loosies as defined in section 300.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> Containing opium, morphine, jimson weed, bella donna, strychnos, cocaine, marijuana, or other deleterious, hallucinogenic, toxic, or controlled substances except nicotine and other substances found naturally in tobacco or added as part of an otherwise lawful manufacturing process.
- <u>Subd. 4.</u> By any other means, to any other person, or in any other manner or form prohibited by Federal, State, or other local law, ordinance provision, or other regulation.

### Section 800. Vending Machines.

It shall be unlawful for any person licensed under this ordinance to allow the sale of licensed products by the means of a vending machine unless persons under the age of 21 are at all times prohibited from entering the licensed establishment.

#### Section 900. Self-Service Sales.

It shall be unlawful for a licensee under this ordinance to allow the sale of licensed products by any means where by the customer may have access to such items without having to request the item from the licensee or the licensee's employee and whereby there is not a physical exchange of the licensed product between the licensee or his or her clerk and the customer. All licensed products shall either be stored behind a counter or other area not freely accessible to customers, or in a case or other storage unit not left open and accessible to the general public. This section shall not apply to retail establishments that derive at least 90 percent of their revenue from tobacco and tobacco-related devices and where persons under the age of 21 are at all times prohibited from entering the licensed establishment.

#### Section 1000. Liquid Packaging.

No person shall sell or offer to sell any liquid, whether or not such liquid contains nicotine, which is intended for human consumption and use in an electronic delivery device, in packaging that is not child-resistant. Upon request by the county, a licensee must provide a copy of the certificate of compliance or full laboratory testing report for the packaging used.

#### Section 1100. Responsibility.

All licensees under this ordinance shall be responsible for the actions of their employees in regard to the sale of licensed products on the licensed premises, and the sale of such an item by an employee shall be considered a sale by the license holder. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the county from also subjecting the clerk to whatever penalties are appropriate under this Ordinance, State or Federal law, or other applicable law or regulation.

#### Section 1200. Compliance Checks and Inspections.

All licensed premises shall be open to inspection by the local law enforcement, Goodhue County Sheriff's Department, the county or its designee during regular business hours. From time to time, but at least once per year, the county shall conduct a compliance check that shall include the use of a person, with prior written consent of a parent or guardian, "over the age of 15, but under the age of 18" pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 461, as it may be amended from time to time, and at least one compliance check that involves the participation of a person between the ages of 18 to 20 to attempt to purchase licensed products under the direct supervision of a law enforcement officer or an employee of the licensing authority.

#### Section 1300. Violations.

<u>Subd. 1 Notice.</u> Upon discovery of a suspected violation, the alleged violator shall be issued, either personally or by

- mail, a citation that sets forth the alleged violation, the penalty to be imposed, and which shall inform the alleged violator of his or her right to be heard on the accusation.
- Subd. 2 Hearings. If a person accused of violating this ordinance so requests, a hearing shall be scheduled, the time and place of which shall be published and provided to the accused violator. A hearing must be requested within thirty (30) days of the issuance of a citation or it shall be deemed waived. The County Administrator or other designated County officer shall set the time and place for the hearing. Written notice of the hearing time and place shall be mailed or delivered to the accused violator at least 10 business days prior to the hearing.
- <u>Subd. 3 Hearing Officer.</u> The County Board or other person(s) designated by the County Board shall serve as the hearing officer.
- Subd. 4 Decision. A decision will be issued by the hearing officer within 10 business days of the hearing. If the hearing officer determines that a violation of this ordinance did occur, that decision, along with the hearing officers reasons for finding a violation and the penalty to be imposed under Section 1400 of this ordinance, shall be recorded in writing, a copy of which shall be provided to the accused violator by in-person delivery or mail as soon as practicable. Likewise, if the hearing officer finds that no violation occurred or finds grounds for not imposing any penalty, such findings shall be recorded and a copy provided to the acquitted accused violator by in-person delivery or mail as soon as practicable. The decision of the hearing officer is final, subject to an appeal as described in Subd. 5 of this section.
- <u>Subd. 5 Appeals.</u> Appeals of any decision made by the hearing officer shall be filed, within thirty (30) days of the decision of the hearing officer, in the district court for the jurisdiction of the county in which the alleged violation occurred.
- <u>Subd. 6 Misdemeanor.</u> Any person over the age of 21 years or retailer who violates any of the provisions of this ordinance may be subject to a misdemeanor.
- <u>Subd. 7 Continued Violation.</u> Each violation, and every day in which a violation occurs or continues, shall constitute a separate offense.

#### Section 1400. Other Prohibited Acts.

Unless otherwise provided, the following acts shall be violations of this chapter:

Subd. 1 Use of false identification. It shall be a violation of this chapter for any person under the age of 21 to attempt to disguise his or her true age by the use of a false form of identification, whether the identification is that of another person or one on which the age of the person has been modified or tampered with to represent an age older than the actual age of the person.

#### Section 1500. Administrative Penalties.

Subd. 1 Licensees. Any licensee found to have violated this ordinance, or whose employee shall have violated this ordinance, shall be charged an administrative fine of \$75 for a first violation of this ordinance; \$200 for a second offense at the same licensed premises within a twenty-four month period; and \$250 for a third or subsequent offense at the same location within a twenty-four month period. In addition, after the third offense, the license shall be suspended for not less than seven days.

<u>Subd. 2 Other Individuals.</u> Individuals 21 years of age and older found to be in violation of this ordinance shall be charged an administrative fee of \$50.

Subd. 3 Suspension or Revocation. Any violation of this ordinance may be grounds for suspension or revocation of a license. The County Board may attach reasonable conditions to the reinstatement of a suspended or revoked license. There shall be no license fee refund upon suspension or revocation of a license.

Subd. 4 Person under the Age of 21. Persons under the age of 21 who use false identification to purchase or attempt to purchase licensed products shall only be subject non-criminal, non-monetary civil penalties, including tobaccorelated education classes, diversion programs, community services, or another penalty that the county believes will be appropriate and effective. The County Board shall consult with interested parties of the courts, educators, parents, guardians, and the violating person under the age of 21 to determine an appropriate penalty under this section. The

penalty may be established by ordinance and amended from time to time.

<u>Subd. 5 Statutory Penalties.</u> If the administrative penalties authorized to be imposed by Minn. Stat. § 461.12, as it may be amended from time to time, differ from those established in this section, then the statutory penalties shall prevail.

#### Section 1600. Exceptions and Defenses.

Subd. 1 Religious, Spiritual, or Cultural Ceremonies or Practices. Nothing in this ordinance prevents the providing of tobacco or tobacco-related devices to any person as part of an indigenous practice or a lawfully recognized religious, spiritual, or cultural ceremony or practice.

<u>Subd. 2. Reasonable Reliance.</u> It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this ordinance for a person to have reasonably relied on proof of age as described by state law.

#### Section 1700. Severability and Savings Clause.

If any section or portion of this ordinance shall be found unconstitutional or otherwise invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, that finding shall not serve as an invalidation or effect the validity and enforceability of any other section or provision of this ordinance.

Section 1800. Effective Date. This ordinance shall take effect
###.

Passed by a majority vote of all members of the Goodhue County Board of Commissioners this  $\frac{\#\#\#}{\#}$  day of  $\frac{\#\#\#}{\#}$ .

 $\frac{\#\#\#}{\text{Monotonian}}, \text{ Chairman Goodhue County Board of Commissioners}$