

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AGENDA

COUNTY BOARD ROOM GOVERNMENT CENTER RED WING, MN

> MAY 19,2020 8:00 A.M.

Virtual Meeting Notice

"Due to concerns surrounding the spread of COVID-19, it has been determined that in-person meetings or meetings conducted under Minn. Stat. 13D.02 a are not practical or prudent. Therefore, meetings that are governed by the Open Meeting Law will temporarily be conducted by telephone or other electronic means pursuant to Minn. Stat. 13D.021."

"The Goodhue County Board of Commissioners will be conducting a Committee of the Whole meeting pursuant to this section on May 19, 2020 at 8:00 a.m. in the County Board Room. The County Administrator and/or County Attorney will be present at the meeting location. All County Commissioners attending will appear by telephone or other electronic means. The public may monitor the meeting from a remote site by logging into https://global.gotomeeting.com/join/913852925 or calling 1866 899 4679 beginning at 7:50 a.m. or any time during the meeting." Access Code: 913-852-925

Goodhue County Housing Study Documents:

Executive Summary.pdf Goodhue County Presentation.pdf GoodhueCountyHousingStudy.pdf

An Executive Summary of the Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for Goodhue County, Minnesota

Prepared for:

Goodhue County Economic Development Authority Red Wing, MN

March 2020



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March 5, 2020

Mr. Ron Ziegler CEO/President Community and Economic Development Associates PO Box 483 Chatfield, MN 55923

Dear Mr. Ziegler:

Attached is the analysis titled, "A Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for Goodhue County, Minnesota." The Needs Analysis examines current housing market conditions and determines the market potential for developing different types of owned and rented housing to 2030 in the County.

The scope of this study includes: an analysis of the demographic and economic characteristics of the communities and submarkets comprising the County; a review of existing housing stock characteristics; an analysis of the for-sale housing market; an evaluation of rental market conditions in the County; a senior housing supply and demand analysis; an evaluation of special needs housing demand; and an assessment of housing affordability in Goodhue County. Recommendations on the number and types of housing products that should be considered in each community are also supplied.

Please contact us if you have questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

MAXFIELD RESEARCH AND CONSULTING, LLC

Joe Hollman Senior Associate

Attachment

Mary C. Bujold President

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Purpose and Scope of Study

Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC was engaged by the Goodhue County Economic Development Authority to prepare a Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for the County. The Housing Needs Analysis considers demographic, economic and market trends and provides recommendations on the amount and types of housing that may be developed to meet the needs of current and future households residing in the County. Housing demand is generated by household growth and turnover of existing households in these submarkets. Additional demand for housing will come from households moving into the County from outside the area.

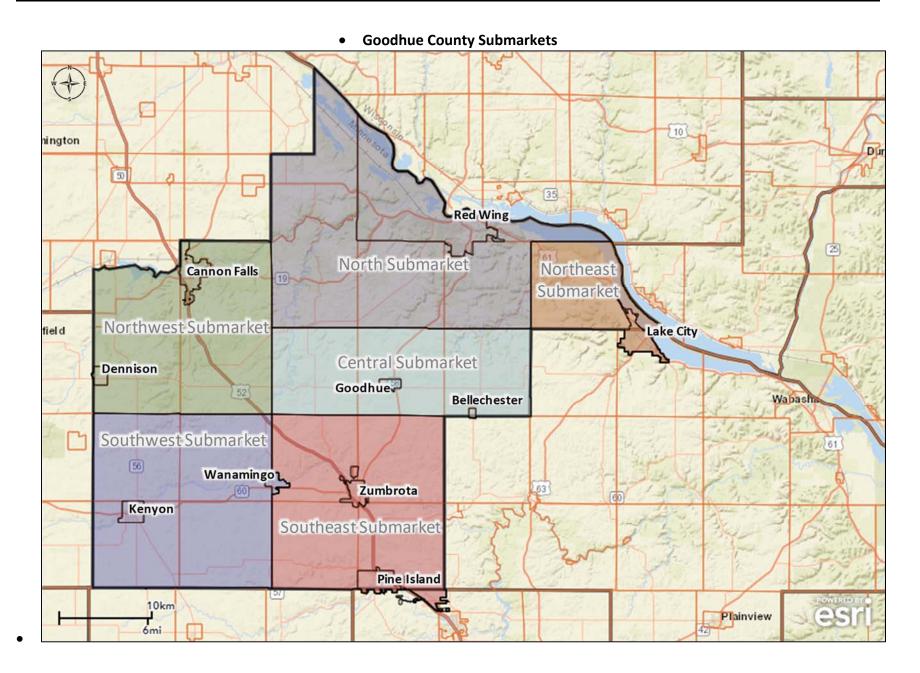
For the purpose of this housing analysis, Goodhue County was divided into six submarkets, each comprised of county subdivisions in the County with the following exceptions: the Northwest Submarket also includes the portion of Dennison in Rice County; the Northeast Submarket includes the portion of Lake City in Wabasha County and the Southeast Submarket includes the portion of Pine Island in Olmsted County.

The scope of this study includes: an analysis of the demographic and economic characteristics of the communities and submarkets in Goodhue County; a review of existing housing stock characteristics; an analysis of the for-sale, rental and senior housing market conditions; an evaluation of conditions for those that have special needs or are "hard to house" and an assessment of housing affordability. Detailed recommendations are provided for the housing types identified as being needed to 2030.

Goodhue County Submarket Definitions

Based on conversations with local officials and a review of geographic and man-made boundaries, commuting patterns, and community orientation, Goodhue County was divided into six submarkets for the purpose of the housing needs analysis. Each submarket is comprised of county subdivisions (cities and townships) as summarized below.

Goodue County Housing Submarket Definitions								
North Submarket	Northwest Submarket	Northeast Submarket						
Red Wing city	Cannon Falls city	Lake City city (Goodhue Co.)						
Featherstone township	Dennison city (Goodhue Co.)	Lake City city (Wabasha Co.)						
Hay Creek township	Dennison city (Rice Co.)	Florence township						
Vasa township	Cannon Falls township							
Wacouta township	Leon township							
Welch township	Stanton township							
	Warsaw township							
Central Submarket	Southwest Submarket	Southeast Submarket						
Goodhue city	Kenyon city	Pine Island city (Goodhue Co.)						
Bellechester city (Goodhue Co.)	Wanamingo city	Pine Island city (Olmsted Co.)						
Belle Creek township	Cherry Grove township	Zumbrota city						
Belvidere township	Holden township	Minneola township						
Goodhue township	Kenyon township	Pine Island township						
	Wanamingo township	Roscoe township						
		Zumbrota township						



- Housing demand in the County will be generated by household growth and turnover of
 existing households in these submarkets. Additional demand for housing will come from
 households moving into the County from outside the area.
- Comparisons are made to Minnesota and the eight-county Southeast Minnesota Region as defined in the "Southeast Minnesota Regional Economic Study" prepared for the Southeast Minnesota League of Municipalities (SEMLM) and Community and Economic Development Associates (CEDA) in 2018.

Demographic Analysis

- Between 2000 and 2010, Goodhue County's population increased by 2,056 people (4.7%) while the number of households expanded 10.3% (1,747 households). We estimate that the County population expanded 2.9% (1,340 people) between 2010 and 2019 to 47,523, while the number of households increased 3.3% (623) to 19,711.
- Due to projected job growth in the Region related to the Rochester Destination Medical Center (DMC) expansion initiative, we expect that the rate of population growth in Goodhue County will accelerate over the next 20 years, climbing 11.2% to 52,824 in 2040.
- We anticipate that growth will be strongest in the submarkets located along the major transportation corridors in the County, notably Highway 52, particularly in the communities that are closest to Rochester.
- In 2019, the largest adult cohort by age in Goodhue County is 55 to 64 (15.5% of the population) followed by the 45 to 54 age group (12.3% of the population).
- The most rapid growth is expected to occur among older adults in the Market Area. As the baby boom population ages, the 65 and older age cohorts are expected to experience increases over the next ten years, particularly the 75 and older age group.
- The County is also expected to experience growth in the 35 to 44 age group between 2019 and 2030 as the peak of the "echo boom" moves into this cohort
- In 2019, the median household income is estimated to be \$65,587 in Goodhue County; roughly -6% lower than the \$69,559 income in Minnesota. Median household incomes are highest in the Central (\$80,635) and Northwest (\$70,387) Submarkets and lowest in the Northeast (\$58,821) and Southwest (\$59,552) Submarkets.
- Typically, as income increases, so does the rate of homeownership. This can be seen in Goodhue County, where the homeownership rate increases from 41% of households with incomes below \$15,000 to 93% of households with incomes above \$100,000.

- In Goodhue County, 75% of all households own, giving it a home ownership rate that is modestly higher than Minnesota (71% of households owned). The number of owner households residing in Goodhue County expanded 0.4% between 2010 and 2019, while the number of renter-occupied households expanded 13.3%.
- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, the strongest growth in owner households occurred in the Northwest and Central Submarkets. The Southeast Submarket experienced the strongest renter household growth, followed closely by the Southwest.
- Married couples without children are the most common household type in Goodhue County (33.4% of all households) followed by single-person households (26.2%). The County experienced a 2.7% increase in married couples with children households between 2010 and 2019, while the number of married couples without children held steady and other family households expanded 10.0%. Non-family households increased 4.4%, as the number of roommate households expanded 29.0% while single-person households decreased -0.2%.
- As of 2019, "White Alone" comprised the largest proportion of the County population, at 93%. An estimated 76% of "White Alone" households in Goodhue County own their housing while the remaining 24% rent. The home ownership rate drops to 41% for all other races in the County.

Employment Analysis

- In 2019, Goodhue County had a labor force of 27,294 with 26,445 employed residents, which equates to a 3.1% unemployment rate. By comparison, 2019 unemployment rates were at 3.0% in Southeast Minnesota and 3.3% in Minnesota.
- The County's labor force expanded at an average annual rate of 0.6% from 2000 through 2010. However, has been relatively flat since 2010, increasing from 26,734 in 2010 to 27,294 in 2019 (annual growth rate of 0.2%). Resident employment in the County increased at a 0.2% annual rate from 2000 through 2010 but has since expanded at an average annual rate of 0.7%.
- Goodhue County is an exporter of workers as a higher number of residents leave the County for work than nonresidents commute into the County for work.
- Approximately 10,868 workers come into Goodhue County for employment (inflow) daily, while 14,547 resident workers commute out of the County (outflow). An estimated 10,764 people both live and work in the County (interior flow). Except for the North Submarket (which is dominated by Red Wing), the five other submarkets export more workers than they import.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- With 10,868 workers commuting into the County daily for employment, with over 12% (2,638) coming from over 50 miles, there appears to be an opportunity to provide housing for a portion of these workers. Inflow is strongest in the North and Northeast Submarkets.
- Modest job growth is expected in the Market Area between 2019 and 2024, climbing 1.9% between 2019 and 2024 and 4.4% between 2024 and 2040.
- The pace of job growth is expected to be constrained in the County due to potential labor force shortages and a surge in retirements.
- In Goodhue County, job growth is likely to be focused along the major transportation corridors where there are concentrations of existing businesses, convenient highway access and the potential to develop housing for a growing population.
- Manufacturing is the largest employment sector in the County providing 4,715 jobs (21.6% of total jobs) followed by Education and Health Services with 4,496 jobs (20.6%). The higher proportion of Manufacturing jobs is a
- Average weekly wages in Goodhue County (\$938) are -15% lower than Minnesota (\$1,100) and -4% lower than Southeast Minnesota (\$977).
- A household earning the average weekly wage in the County would be able to afford an apartment renting for an estimated \$1,219 per month to not exceed 30% of its monthly income on housing costs, much higher than the median asking rent for renter-occupied housing units in the County (\$684).
- Assuming that a potential home buyer has good credit and makes a 10% down payment, a
 household earning the average weekly wage in the County would be able to afford to
 purchase a home priced at an estimated \$194,000 or lower to not be cost-burdened (paying
 more than 30% of their income for housing). By comparison, the median sale price for
 detached single-family homes was \$215,000 through the first three quarters of 2019, while
 new construction homes are being sold at an average price of over \$287,000.

Housing Characteristics

- Over 27% of the County's housing units were built prior to 1940, compared to 17% of all homes in Minnesota. Among the Goodhue County submarkets, Southwest has the highest concentration of homes built prior to 1940 (41%) followed by the Central at 30%.
- Aside from the number of homes built prior to 1940, the 2000s was the most active decade in the County in terms of residential construction activity. Nearly 16% of Goodhue County's housing stock was built from 2000 to 2009.

- Residential construction activity dropped substantially in the County when the "housing bubble" burst in 2006. An average of 396 new housing units was permitted annually in the County from 2000 through 2006. Permitting activity declined to an annual average of 79 units from 2006 through 2012. Housing development has increased in the County since the recession, averaging 167 new units per year between 2013 and 2019, although residential construction activity has not achieved the pre-recession highs of the early 2000s.
- An estimated 70% of all residential units permitted in Goodhue County since 2000 were single-family homes. The remaining 30% were multifamily units. By comparison, 29% of the housing units permitted in Minnesota since 2000 were multifamily units.
- Housing construction has been most active in Red Wing since 2000, followed by Pine Island,
 Lake City and Zumbrota.
- The estimated median value of owned homes is \$212,977 in Goodhue County, about 12% lower than the median value of \$240,868 in Minnesota but 10% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$194,505). The median asking rent in Goodhue County of \$684 is an estimated 16% lower than the median of \$816 in Minnesota but 9% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$626).

For-Sale Housing Market Analysis

- The median resale price for single-family homes through the first nine months of 2019 in Goodhue County is \$215,000, -27% lower than the Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA median sales price of \$295,051. The multifamily median sale price in the County (\$194,500) is -7% lower than the MSA median of \$209,828.
- Multifamily housing represents a modest share of Goodhue County's for-sale housing market, comprising 12% of all closed resales from 2010 through the third quarter of 2019.
 The remaining 88% were single-family home resales. By comparison, 24% of all closed resale transactions in the Minneapolis-Saint Paul MSA were multifamily sales.
- Since 2017, Goodhue County has averaged 59.8 home sales per month. Based on the supply of available for-sale housing in the County (as of October 2019), there is a 3.8-month supply of homes available for sale on the market. Equilibrium in the for-sale housing market is generally considered to be a six-month supply of homes on the market. As such, it appears that the inventory of available for-sale housing in the County is undersupplied.
- There are an estimated 107 active subdivisions with 1,336 vacant residential lots in the Cities of Goodhue County including 997 single-family lots (75% of all vacant lots) and 339 multifamily lots (25%). On average, the single-family subdivisions have absorbed lots at a rate of 1.1 lots per year (total annual lot absorption of 87.5), while the multifamily subdivisions have absorbed lots at a rate of 1.2 lots per year (total of 28.1 lots per year).

The average retail sale price for new construction single-family homes in these subdivisions is \$287,308 (\$168 per square foot), while the average sale price for new construction multifamily units is \$288,680 (\$175 per square foot). New construction multifamily pricing essentially equals detached single-family new construction pricing indicating that builders are bringing detached villas into the market at price points equal to single-family homes.

Rental Housing Market Analysis

- Maxfield Research compiled detailed information for a select group of rental housing properties with five or more units in Goodhue County, including 33 general occupancy market rate apartment properties, 18 shallow-subsidy Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) and Section 515 (United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development) properties targeting family households, and ten deep-subsidy (project-based Section 8 and public housing properties). Rural Development properties also provide rent assistance, making a portion of their units deep-subsidy.
- These properties contain 386 shallow-subsidy units, 316 deep-subsidy units and 675 market rate units.
- The inventory of rental properties in Goodhue County was 2.5% vacant, including a 1.4% vacancy rate among the affordable/subsidized properties and a 3.6% vacancy rate in the market rate properties.
- The equilibrium vacancy rate for rental housing is considered to be 5.0%, which allows for normal turnover and an adequate supply of alternatives for prospective renters. In effect, the supply of general occupancy rental housing in the County is below the level adequate to meet demand.
- The average rental rate across all market rate general occupancy properties is \$787 per month, similar to the base market rate rent in the affordable properties (\$727 per month.
 On a per square-foot basis, market rate rental properties in Goodhue County rent for \$0.87 per square foot, on average.

Senior Housing Market Analysis

 Maxfield Research identified 29 senior housing properties in Goodhue County. Combined, these developments contain a total of 1,142 senior housing units. Eighteen of the senior housing facilities are market rate, totaling 716 units and there are 11 affordable/subsidized senior housing projects, totaling 426 units. Of the 1,142 units, 42% provide serviceenhanced senior housing for a total of 485 units.

- At the time of the survey, 63 senior housing units were vacant, representing a 5.5% vacancy rate. There were 43 vacant service-enhanced units (8.9% vacancy rate) and the active adult units were 3.0% vacant (20 vacancies).
- Among the service-enhanced properties, we identified 39 independent living with services (congregate) units, 120 assisted living units, 104 memory care units and 222 units considered to be catered living. Catered living offers a flexible living arrangement where residents can live independently and purchase assisted living services as needed without relocating to a different unit. Independent living units were fully-occupied, assisted living units were 4.2% vacant, catered living properties were 10.8% vacant and the memory care units were 13.5% vacant. Much of the catered living vacancy is in a recently completed project that is still in initial lease-up. Stabilized catered living facilities are 5.4% vacant.
- A 93% occupancy rate is generally considered equilibrium in assisted living and memory care senior housing, while 95% occupancy is considered equilibrium in independent living and active adult. As such, the current supply of memory care units appears to be slightly oversupplied, while the active adult, independent living, assisted living, and stabilized catered living facilities are below equilibrium.

Housing Affordability

- An estimated 20% of all owner households in Goodhue County are considered cost burdened (paying 30% or more of their gross income for housing), while 41% of the existing renter households in the County are considered cost burdened. By comparison, 20% of owner households and 44% of renter households are cost burdened in Minnesota.
- An estimated 81% of owner households could afford to buy a moderately-priced entry-level single-family home (\$150,000) in the County. The proportion of income-qualified households declines as the sale price increases, and 61% of owner households could afford to purchase a move-up single-family home priced at \$250,000. The proportion able to afford an executive home priced at \$375,000 decreases to 39% of existing owner households.
- An estimated 56% of existing renter households can afford to rent a one-bedroom unit in Goodhue County at the average rent of \$686 per month, but the percentage drops to 40% of renters who could afford a one-bedroom apartment in new construction with an estimated rent of \$950 per month.

Hard to House and Homelessness

Among the River Valleys region, the annual Point in Time counts identified about 500 unduplicated people experiencing homelessness on any given night in the Region. Using CoC's Coordinated Entry system, at least 2,000 households representing an estimated 4,800 people experience homelessness in the region over the course of a year.

About half (48%) of the 497 people counted during the Point in Time counts were in transitional housing and were seeking permanent housing. Another 38% were in emergency shelters, including motel voucher stays and domestic violence shelters. An estimated 13% are considered unsheltered and are staying outside or in locations such as stairwells, cars, tents, sheds and transit facilities.

Due to consistent (and not increasing) capacity of emergency shelter and transitional housing in the region, the proportion of people in unsheltered locations has been increasing over the past several years. Outreach to households already in Coordinated Entry (which began in 2017) also appear to increase the unsheltered total.

Although the need for permanent supportive housing with intensive services is concentrated in Olmsted County according to the data, Goodhue County also ranked high with households needing PSH with intensive services. Goodhue County data indicated priority need for programs that serve single adults compared to other household types.

In addition to the general category, Goodhue County also identified more than ten households that were chronically homeless and could benefit from a permanent supportive housing facility.

In the River Valleys Continuum of Care Region, Rochester/Olmsted County had the highest needs identified for homelessness and people at-risk of becoming homeless. This is followed by Mankato/Blue Earth County. However, Steele, Rice and Goodhue Counties (in that order) also exhibit need.

The overwhelming community/system barrier for homeless households or at-risk of becoming homeless is the lack of housing that is affordable, particularly to households with very low incomes. A single emergency or medical issue can create homelessness. The need for affordable housing is considered a national crisis and households that may already have one or more personal barriers (i.e. mental health, chronic health situation, physical disability) are at even greater risk for becoming homeless.

Many factors have contributed to the severe shortage of affordable housing in our communities and financial tools and resources to develop new affordable housing are insufficient to meet the demand.

Housing Demand Analysis

A migration of households out of the Rochester area is expected to stimulate housing demand in Goodhue County over the next several years. Possible factors driving this trend include a housing shortage in Rochester, affordability, school district preferences, and lifestyle preferences. Additionally, housing demand in the County will be impacted by development activity in nearby areas, notably in communities in the southeast portion of the Metro Area (i.e. Dakota County).

Demand is somewhat fluid between submarkets and communities in Goodhue County, and satisfying the anticipated demand will be highly dependent on the availability of suitable housing options in the various communities in the County.

• Based on our calculations, we find demand to support 2,208 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 1,450 for-sale units and 758 rental units.

	General Occupancy Housing Demand (units) by Submarket 2020 - 2030								
Product Type	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast			
For-Sale Single-Family	213	181	107	62	95	248			
Multifamily	260	60	88	21	32	83			
Market Rate Rental	103	57	80	18	46	99			
Shallow-Subsidy Rental	15	16	12	3	13	27			
Deep-Subsidy Rental	121	31	31	7	25	54			
Total:	712	345	318	111	211	511			

• In addition, we find demand for multiple senior housing product types. As of 2025, demand in Goodhue County for senior housing is projected as follows:

	Senior Housing Demand (units) by Submarket 2025									
Product Type	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast				
Active Adult Rental	50	58	32	18	22	80				
Active Adult Owner	40	29	39	8	16	34				
Independent Living	159	39	84	18	26	52				
Assisted Living	45	5	41	9	23	47				
Memory Care	61	10	31	8	16	37				
Shallow-Subsidy Rental	203	68	83	13	44	86				
Deep-Subsidy Rental	30	0	28	2	23	26				
Total:	588	209	338	76	170	362				

Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the finding of the analysis, the following charts provide a summary of the recommended development concepts by product type for Goodhue County to 2030.

These proposed development concepts are intended to act as a development guide to meet the housing needs of existing and future households in the County. Detailed findings are described in the *Conclusions & Recommendations* section of this report.

• There is a strong need in the County for entry-level housing and "affordably-price" move-up homes. The economic feasibility of development new entry-level housing is challenging, and one way to provide entry-level for-sale housing is to generate household turnover by increasing the supply of move-up and executive housing. Entry-level home demand will primarily be satisfied by existing single-family homes as residents of existing homes move into move-up and executive housing products built in the community.

GENERAL OCCUPANCY FOR-SALE HOUSING PRICING BREAKDOWN GOODHUE COUNTY January 2020									
					Subm	arkets			
	Purchase Price ¹	Pct.	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast	
Detached Sing	le-Family								
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	20%	43	36	21	12	19	50	
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	65%	138	118	70	40	62	161	
Executive	\$350,000+	15%	32	27	16	9	14	37	
Submarket To	tal:	100%	213	181	107	62	95	248	
Multifamily (i.	e. townhomes, twin hor	nes)							
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	40%	104	24	35	8	13	33	
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	60%	156	36	53	13	19	50	
Submarket To	tal:	100%	260	60	88	21	32	83	
¹ Pricing in 20	¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation.								
Source: Maxf	ield Research & Consult	ing, LLC							

- We identified 107 active subdivisions in the nine Goodhue County cities, containing 1,336 vacant lots, including 997 detached single-family lots and 339 multifamily (i.e. townhome, twin home) lots. Based on the for-sale housing demand calculations, it appears that the existing supply of vacant lots is sufficient to satisfy demand in the short-term, but additional lots will be needed by 2030.
- Projected demand exceeds lot supply in Red Wing, Cannon Falls, Dennison, Goodhue, Kenyon, and Pine Island suggesting that additional lots will be needed in these communities by 2030. Existing lot supply exceeds projected housing demand in Lake City, Wanamingo, and Zumbrota.

RECOMMENDED RENTAL HOUSING DEVELOPMENT GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET January 2020							
	Monthly Rent Range ¹	No. of Units	City				
North Submarket							
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$950/1BR - \$1,200/2BR \$1,250/2BR - \$1,550/3BR	50 - 60 24 - 32	Red Wing Red Wing				
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	24 - 30	Red Wing				
Northwest Submarket							
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	24 - 26 12 - 14 4 - 6	Cannon Falls Cannon Falls Dennison				
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	16 - 20	Cannon Falls				
Northeast Submarket							
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR \$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	30 - 36 14 - 18	Lake City Lake City				
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	10 - 16	Lake City				
Central Submarket							
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	10 - 12 4 - 6	Goodhue Goodhue				
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	NA - NA					
Southwest Submarket							
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR \$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	10 - 14 8 - 10	Kenyon <u>and</u> Wanamingo Kenyon <u>and</u> Wanamingo				
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	10 - 16	Kenyon <u>or</u> Wanamingo				
Southeast Submarket							
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	24 - 30 10 - 12	Pine Island <u>and</u> Zumbrota Pine Island <u>and</u> Zumbrota				
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	18 - 20	Pine Island <u>or</u> Zumbrota				
1	Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation. Affordablity subject to income guidelines per US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)						
	Note - Recommended development concepts represent a a hypothetical potential project and do not						

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

• The strongest sources of demand for new rental housing will likely be young singles or couples without children in their mid-20s to early-30s who work in Goodhue County, Rochester, or other nearby communities. Mid-age and older households could also account for a portion of demand for new rental housing. A rental townhome development could attract family households as well as empty-nesters, and shallow-subsidy rental housing will draw from a wide variety of population segments. Due to the limited supply of available rental housing units in the County along with our discussions with area employers and real

estate professionals, there appears to be an immediate need for new rental housing in the County.

- While we find senior housing demand in all six submarkets, overall senior demand is expected to be strongest in the North, Southeast, and Northeast Submarkets. Due to the need for services (public infrastructure, medical, religious, retail, etc.) we expect that the cities will capture all the excess demand potential in the County, so we do not anticipate any senior housing development in the townships.
- The development of additional senior housing serves a two-fold purpose in meeting the
 housing needs in the County: 1) older adult and senior residents are able to relocate to new
 age-restricted housing, and 2) existing homes and rental units that were occupied by
 seniors become available to other new households.

SENIOR RENTAL HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET & CITY January 2020								
	Active Adult Rental ² Service-Enl							
		Market Rate	Shallow- Subsidy	Catered Living ³				
Monthly Rent Range ¹		\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	Moderate Income	\$1,650 \$4,500				
		Project Size						
Submarket	City	Market Rate	Shallow- Subsidy	Catered Living ³	Memory Care ⁴			
North	Red Wing	24-30	30-40	40-50	18-24			
Northwest	Cannon Falls	24-30	20-24	20-30	8-10			
Northeast	Lake City	20-24	30-40	40-50	16-20			
Central	Goodhue	10-12	10-12	16-20	6-8			
Southwest	Kenyon <u>or</u> Wanamingo	14-16	16-18	20-30	10-12			
Southeast	Pine Island <u>or</u> Zumbrota	24-30	20-24	40-50	16-20			

¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation.

Note - Recommended development concepts represent a a hypothetical potential project and do not reflect total calculated demand.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Alternative development concept is to combine active adult affordable and market rate active adult into mixed-income senior community

³ Catered living is a hybrid concept of independent and assisted living service levels.

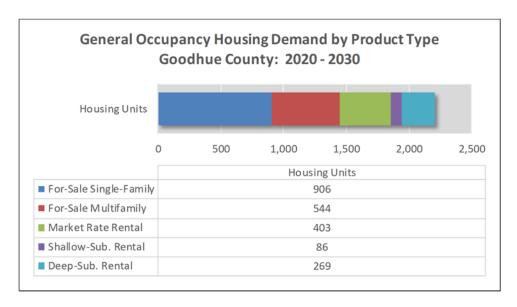
⁴ Memory care housing could be a component of an assisted-living or service-intensive building.

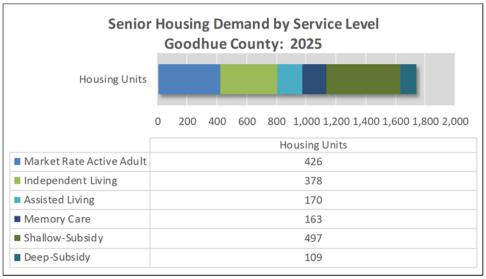
APPENDIX

Housing Demand Summary

The table on the following page and related charts illustrate demand calculated by housing product type and submarket in Goodhue County (including the portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island that are outside the County).

Housing demand is somewhat fluid between submarkets and communities in Goodhue County, and satisfying the anticipated demand will be highly dependent on the availability of suitable housing options in the various communities in the County. Additionally, housing demand in the County will be impacted by development activity in nearby areas, notably in communities surrounding Rochester in Olmsted County as well as the southeast portion of the Twin Cities Metro Area.

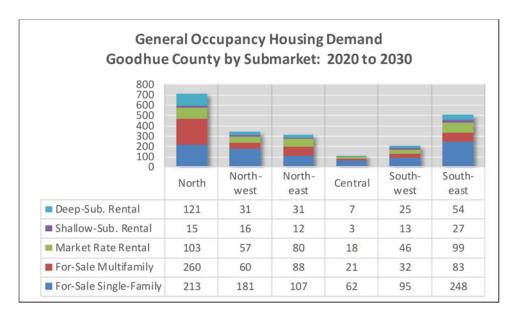




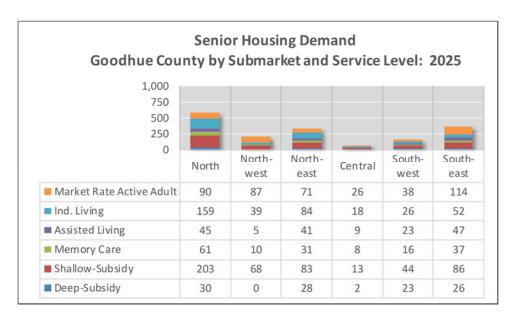
CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET January 2020

North No		Nort	hwest	Northeast		Ce	Central		Southwest		heast
4	73	24	41	1	95		83	1	27	33	31
2:	13	18	81	1	07		62	9	95	24	48
2	60	6	50	8	38		21	3	32	8	33
2	39	10	04	1	23		28	8	84	18	80
10	03	5	57	8	30		18	4	16	9	9
1	.5	1	.6	1	L2		3	1	.3	2	27
13	21	3	31	3	31		7	2	25	5	54
7:	12	34	45	3	18	1	11	2	11	51	11
2020	2025	2020	2025	2020	2025	2020	2025	2020	2025	2020	2025
117	90	79	87	66	71	26	26	39	38	103	114
83	50	52	58	29	32	18	18	23	22	72	80
34	40	27	29	37	39	8	8	16	16	31	34
225	265	37	54	136	156	33	35	64	65	116	136
144	159	31	39	78	84	17	18	26	26	41	52
32	45	1	5	33	41	9	9	23	23	42	47
49	61	5	10	25	31	7	8	15	16	33	37
292	233	68	68	123	111	17	15	73	67	124	112
247	203	68	68	90	83	15	13	48	44	93	86
45	30	0	0	33	28	2	2	25	23	31	26
_	588	184	209	325	338	76	76	176	170	343	362
	2020 117 83 34 225 144 32 49 292 247	213 260 239 103 15 121 712 2020 2025 117 90 83 50 34 40 225 265 144 159 32 45 49 61 292 233 247 203	473 26 213 18 260 6 239 16 103 5 15 1 121 3 712 3 2020 2025 2020 117 90 79 83 50 52 34 40 27 225 265 37 144 159 31 32 45 1 49 61 5 292 233 68 247 203 68	473 241 213 181 260 60 239 104 103 57 15 16 121 31 712 345 2020 2025 2020 2025 117 90 79 87 83 50 52 58 34 40 27 29 225 265 37 54 144 159 31 39 32 45 1 5 49 61 5 10 292 233 68 68 247 203 68 68	473 241 1 213 181 1 260 60 8 239 104 1 103 57 8 15 16 1 121 31 3 712 345 3 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 117 90 79 87 66 83 50 52 58 29 34 40 27 29 37 225 265 37 54 136 144 159 31 39 78 32 45 1 5 33 49 61 5 10 25 292 233 68 68 123 247 203 68 68 90	473 241 195 213 181 107 260 60 88 239 104 123 103 57 80 15 16 12 121 31 31 712 345 318 2020 2025 2020 2025 117 90 79 87 66 71 83 50 52 58 29 32 34 40 27 29 37 39 225 265 37 54 136 156 144 159 31 39 78 84 32 45 1 5 33 41 49 61 5 10 25 31 292 233 68 68 123 111 247 203 68 68 90 83	473 241 195 213 181 107 260 60 88 239 104 123 103 57 80 15 16 12 121 31 31 712 345 318 1 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 117 90 79 87 66 71 26 83 50 52 58 29 32 18 34 40 27 29 37 39 8 225 265 37 54 136 156 33 144 159 31 39 78 84 17 32 45 1 5 33 41 9 49 61 5 10 25 31 7 292 233 68 68 123 111 17 247 203 68 68 90 83	473 241 195 83 213 181 107 62 260 60 88 21 239 104 123 28 103 57 80 18 15 16 12 3 121 31 31 7 712 345 318 111 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 117 90 79 87 66 71 26 26 83 50 52 58 29 32 18 18 34 40 27 29 37 39 8 8 225 265 37 54 136 156 33 35 144 159 31 39 78 84 17 18 32 45 1 5 33 41 9 9 49 61 5 10 25 31 7 8	473 241 195 83 1 213 181 107 62 9 260 60 88 21 3 239 104 123 28 8 103 57 80 18 4 15 16 12 3 1 121 31 31 7 2 712 345 318 111 2 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 117 90 79 87 66 71 26 26 39 83 50 52 58 29 32 18 18 23 34 40 27 29 37 39 8 8 16 225 265 37 54 136 156 33 35 64 144 159 31 39 78 84 17 18 26 32 45	473 241 195 83 127 213 181 107 62 95 260 60 88 21 32 239 104 123 28 84 103 57 80 18 46 15 16 12 3 13 121 31 31 7 25 712 345 318 111 211 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025 2020 2025	473 241 195 83 127 33 213 181 107 62 95 24 260 60 88 21 32 8 239 104 123 28 84 18 103 57 80 18 46 9 15 16 12 3 13 2 121 31 31 7 25 5 712 345 318 111 211 5 2020 2025

In total, we find demand for 2,208 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 1,450 for-sale units and 758 rental units. General occupancy demand is expected to be strongest in the North (712 units) and Southeast (511 units) Submarkets.



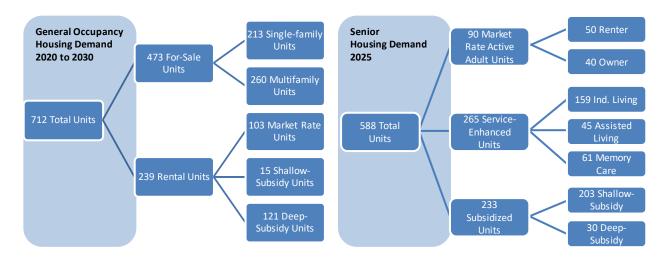
We find excess demand for a total of 1,743 senior housing units in 2025. Of these senior units, roughly 35% would be shallow- or deep-subsidy active adult housing (606 units), while 24% would market rate active adult housing (426 units) and the remaining 41% would be market rate service-enhanced housing (711 units). Senior housing demand is projected to be strongest in the North (588 units), Southeast (362 units) and Northeast (338 units) Submarkets.



A summary of demand by submarket is provided on the following pages.

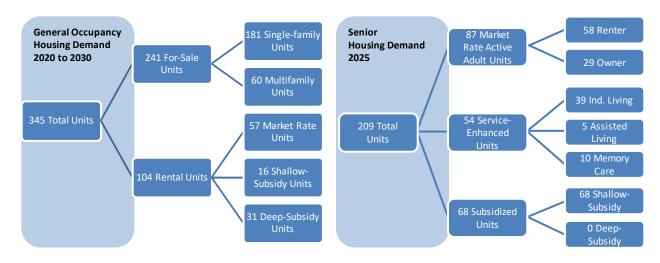
North Submarket

The North Submarket consists of the City of Red Wing along with the Townships of Featherstone, Hay Creek, Vasa, Wacouta and Welch. As depicted below, we find demand for 712 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 473 for-sale units and 238 rental units. We also find demand for 588 senior housing units, including 90 market rate active adult units, 265 service-enhanced units and 233 subsidized units.



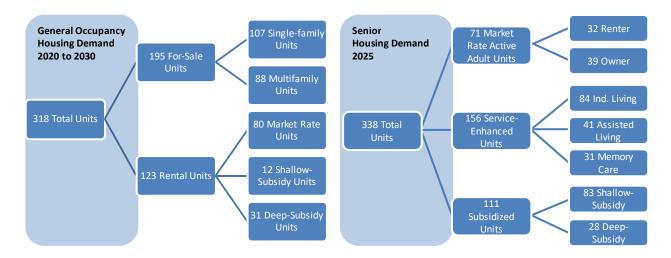
Northwest Submarket

The Northwest Submarket consists of the Cities of Cannon Falls and Dennison (including the portion of Dennison in Rice County) along with the Townships of Cannon Falls, Leon, Stanton, and Warsaw. As depicted below, we find demand for 345 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 241 for-sale units and 104 rental units. We also find demand for 209 senior housing units in 2025, including 87 market rate active adult units, 54 service-enhanced units, and 68 subsidized units.



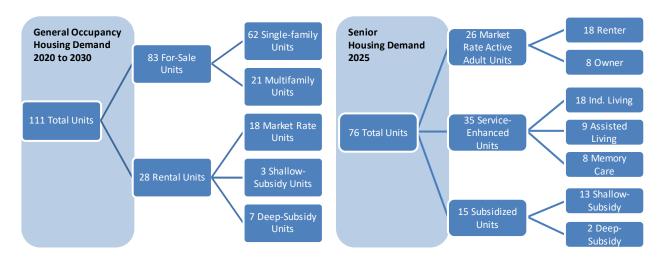
Northeast Submarket

The Northeast Submarket consists of the City of Lake City (including the portion of Lake City in Wabasha County) and Florence Township. As depicted below, we find demand for 318 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 195 for-sale units and 123 rental units. We also find demand for 338 senior housing units in 2025, including 71 market rate active adult units, 156 service-enhanced units, and 111 subsidized units.



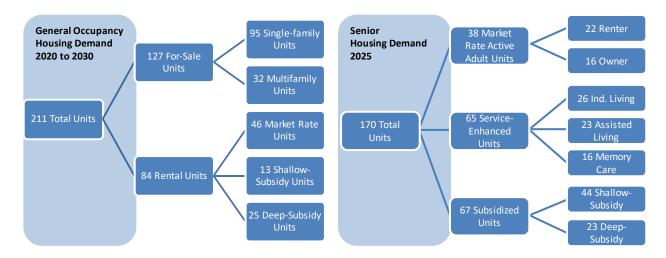
Central Submarket

The Central Submarket consists of the City of Goodhue, the portion of the City of Bellechester in Goodhue County, along with the Townships of Belle Creek, Belvidere, and Goodhue. As depicted below, we find demand for 111 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 83 for-sale units and 28 rental units. We also find demand for 76 senior housing units in 2025, including 26 market rate active adult units, 35 service-enhanced units, and 15 subsidized units.



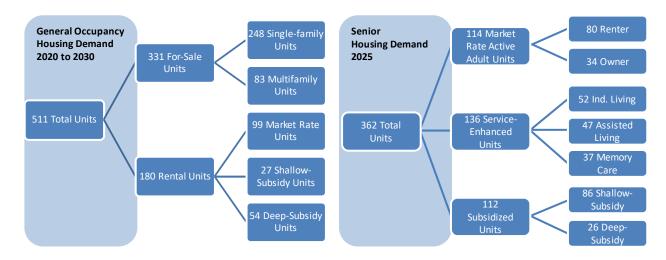
Southwest Submarket

The Southwest Submarket consists of the Cities of Kenyon and Wanamingo along with the Townships of Cherry Grove, Holden, Kenyon, and Wanamingo. As depicted below, we find demand for 211 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 127 forsale units and 84 rental units. We also find demand for 170 senior housing units in 2025, including 38 market rate active adult units, 65 service-enhanced units and 67 subsidized units.



Southeast Submarket

The Southeast Submarket consists of the Cities of Pine Island (including the portion of Pine Island in Olmsted County) and Zumbrota along with the Townships of Minneola, Pine Island, Roscoe, and Zumbrota. As depicted below, we find demand for 511 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 331 for-sale units and 180 rental units. We also find demand for 362 senior housing units in 2025, including 114 market rate active adult units, 136 service-enhanced units, and 112 subsidized units.







Goodhue County Housing Study Findings

Presented to: Goodhue County and Goodhue Co. Stakeholders

Presented by: Mary Bujold | Maxfield Research & Consulting LLC

May 19, 2020

Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Overview

- ➤ 37+ years experience
- Diverse client base
- Multi-Sector Capable residential commercial public + private entities
- Market driven strategies
- Recommending highest & best uses
- Provide actionable plans

Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC is a full-service real estate advisory company providing strategic value to our private and public sector clients' real estate activities.















Project Scope

OBJECTIVE

Provide analysis of Housing Needs across Goodhue County

APPROACH

Identify current & future housing needs for residents in Goodhue County and identify market conditions and demand for various housing products

PROJECT DELIVERABLES

- Short (2025) and long-term housing needs to 2030
- Recommendations to guide future housing development
- Suggested tools/policies to implement initiatives

KEY DATES

• Data collection: 2nd half 2019/1st Quarter 2020

• Draft: March 2020

Presentation: May 19, 2020

Final: TBD



Purpose | Housing Study Objective

The Goodhue County housing study:

- ➤ Identifies existing and projected housing needs for Goodhue County communities and provides recommendations for future housing development.
- ➤ Presents information for community leaders, stakeholders, and decision-makers to guide future housing initiatives in Goodhue County.
- Solicit interest from developers, builders, organizations and agencies and to streamline the housing development process

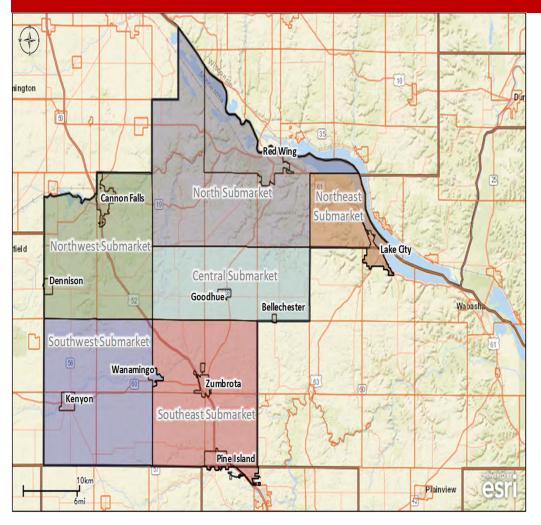


End User Benefits

- Guide policy making decisions
- Assist the Comprehensive Planning process
- Assists banks and lending institutions to streamline the financial component
- Solicit interest from builders/developers and help streamline the process
- Assist in raising funding for housing and community development programs
- Better define the relationship between housing and economic development
- Identify needs to accommodate future growth
- Suggest / recommend housing priorities



Goodhue County Submarkets



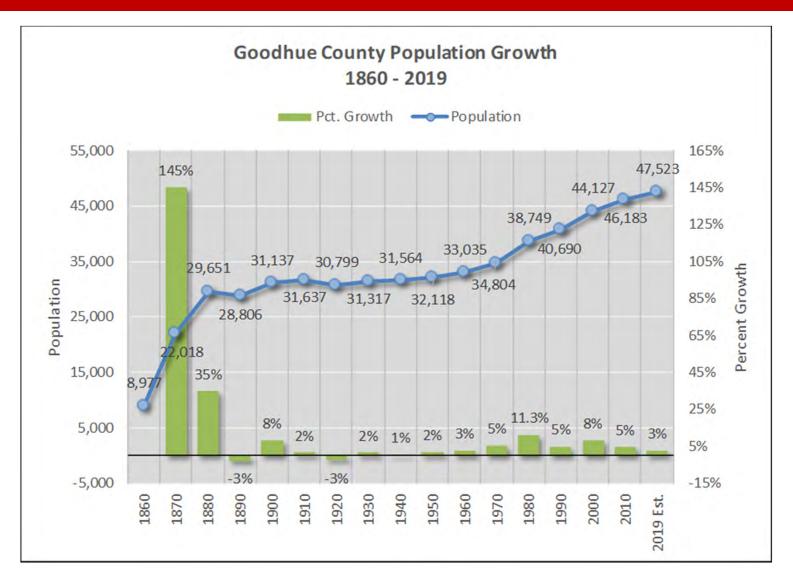
Defined as six submarkets:

- North
- Northwest
- Northeast
- Southeast
- Southwest
- Central

	Goodue County Housing Submarket Definitions	Š
North Submarket	Northwest Submarket	Northeast Submarket
Red Wing city	Cannon Falls city	Lake City city (Goodhue Co.)
Featherstone township	Dennison city (Goodhue Co.)	Lake City city (Wabasha Co.)
Hay Creek township	Dennison city (Rice Co.)	Florence township
Vasa township	Cannon Falls township	
Wacouta township	Leon township	
Welch township	Stanton township	
	Warsawtownship	
Central Submarket	Southwest Submarket	Southeast Submarket
Goodhue city	Kenyon city	Pine Island city (Goodhue Co.)
Bellechester city (Goodhue Co.)	Wanamingo city	Pine Island city (Olmsted Co.)
Belle Creek township	Cherry Grove township	Zumbrota city
Belvidere township	Holden township	Minneola township
Goodhue township	Kenyon township	Pine Island township
	Wanamingo township	Roscoe township
	20110 SUK 1130	Zumbrota township

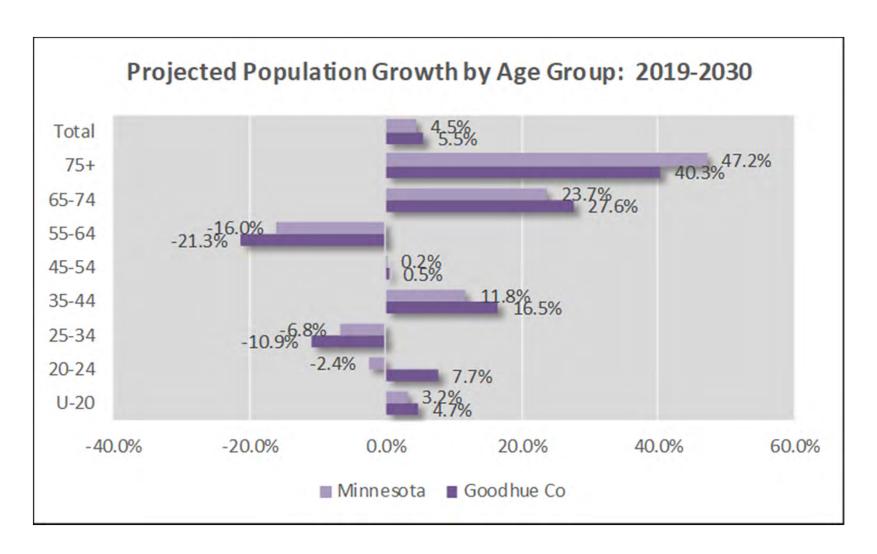


Historic Population Trends & Projections



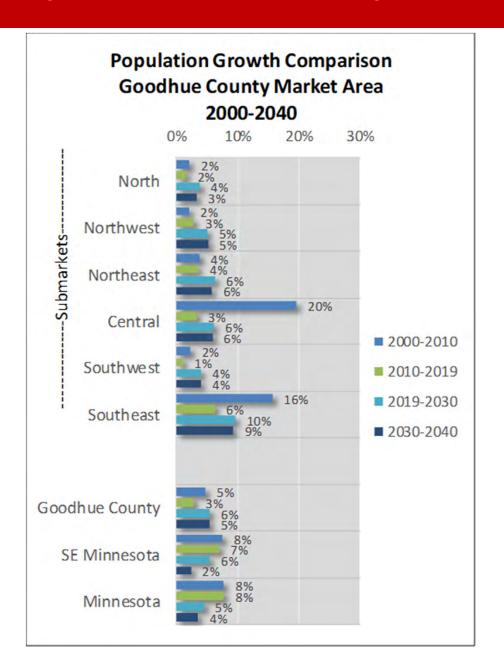


Greatest growth expected for older age groups





Population Growth by Submarket

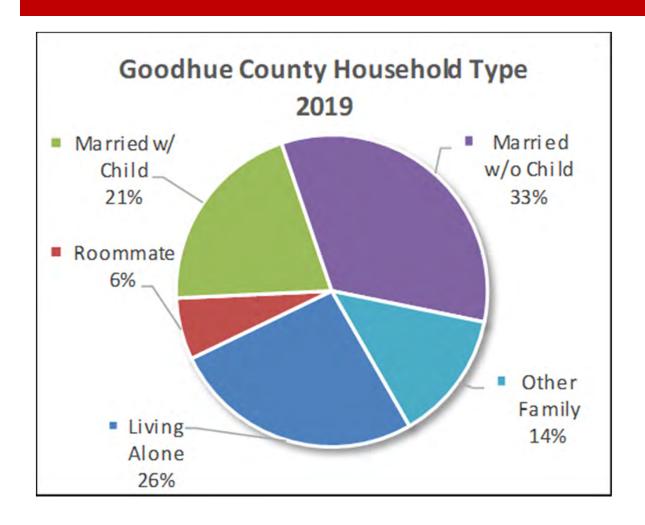


Population growth is important, but not the only factor when considering housing needs

Long-term trends include smaller household sizes, fewer children, aging population



HH growth highest in non-family households



Largest proportion
Of HHs are Married
Couples w/o Children

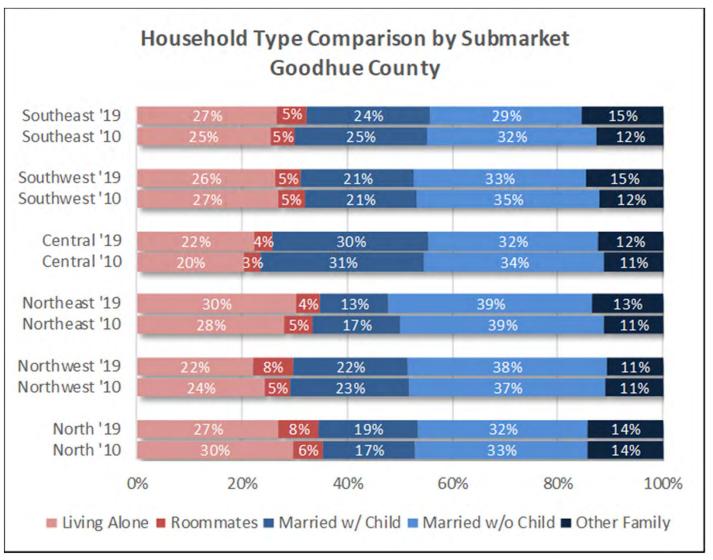
Second largest are People living alone

Suggests needs for Rental housing and Alternate products to SF homes

Variation however Within individual markets

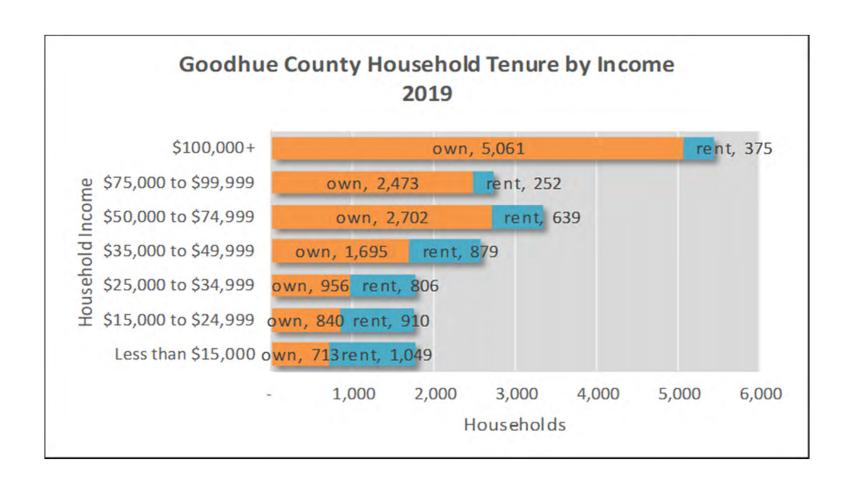


Household type by submarket



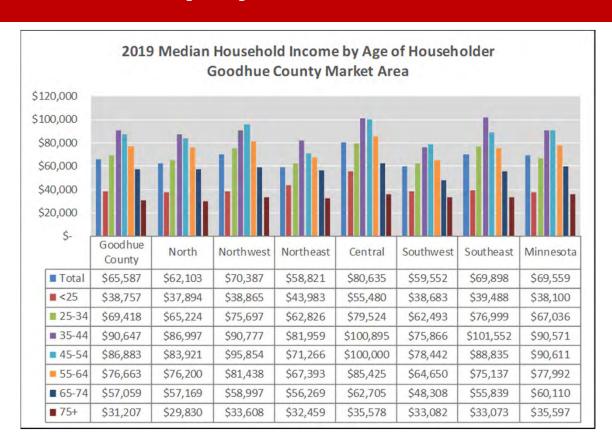


Greater Disparity between Owner and Renter Incomes





Median Income vary by submarket, similar to MN



> 2019 Median income

Non-seniors: \$78,521

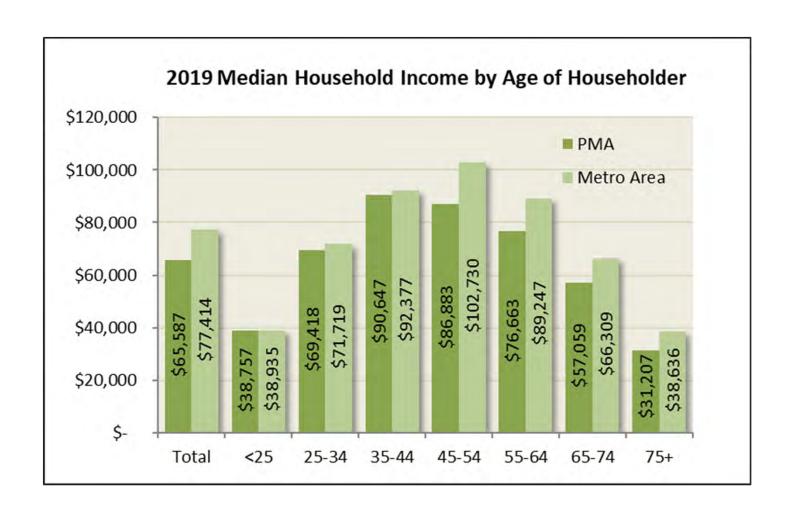
Seniors: \$45,777

Income disparity by tenure (2019)

• \$76,217 (owner) vs. \$29,836 (renter)

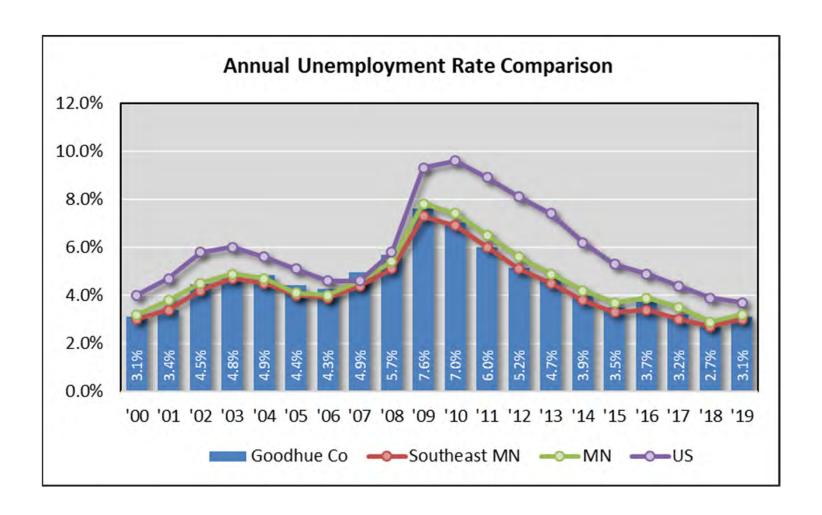


Median Incomes Highest 35 to 54 cohorts





Unemployment rate mirrors MN, but slightly lower

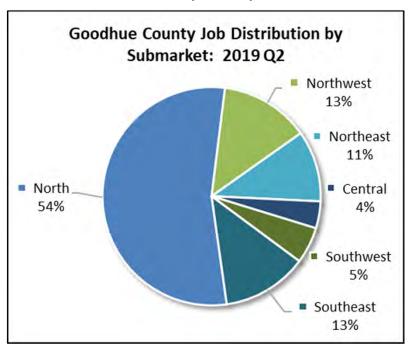




Goodhue County Employment

Employment

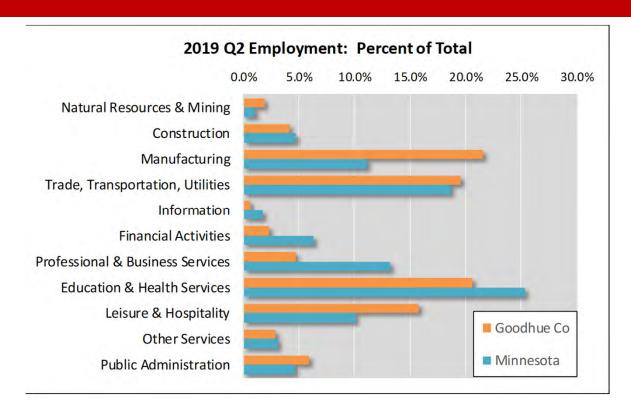
- Estimated 21,820 jobs Q2 2019 (covered employment)
- Key Goodhue Co. Industry Sector Jobs:
 - Manufacturing: 22%
 - Education & Health Services: 21%
 - Trade, Trans., & Utilities: 20%
 - Leisure and Hospitality: 16%



- Major Employers:
 - Largest number concentrated in Red Wing
 - Manufacturing has the largest number of major employers in the Co
 - Health Care has the second largest number of major employers
- Low 3.1% unemployment rate (Year-end 2019)



Avg. Weekly Wage 30% lower than Metro Area



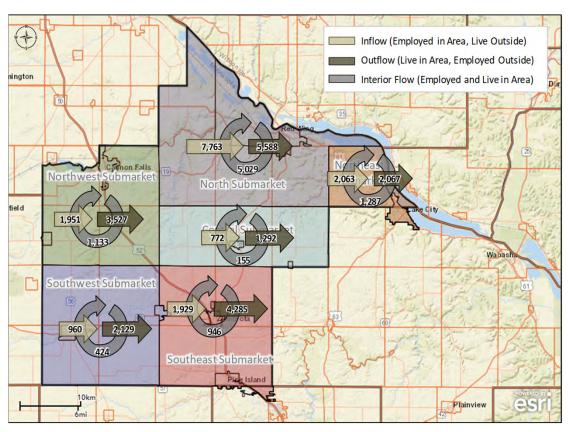
	Average Weekly Wage	Affordable Monthly Rent	Affordable Home Sale Price
Goodhue County	\$938	\$1,219	\$194,000
North Submarket	\$1,023	\$1,330	\$212,000
Northwest Submarket	\$832	\$1,082	\$172,000
Northeast Submarket	\$645	\$839	\$134,000
Central Submarket	\$944	\$1,227	\$196,000
Southwest Submarket	\$832	\$1,082	\$172,000
Southeast Submarket	\$819	\$1,065	\$170,000
Minnesota	\$1,100	\$1,430	\$228,000

- Avg. weekly/annual wage:
 - \$938 | \$48,776 (Goodhue Co.)
 - \$1,224 | \$63,648 (Metro)



Goodhue County is a job exporter

- 58% of Goodhue Co. residents commute outside of the County for work
 - 11% Rochester
 - 4% St. Paul
 - 3% Minneapolis



Employer comments

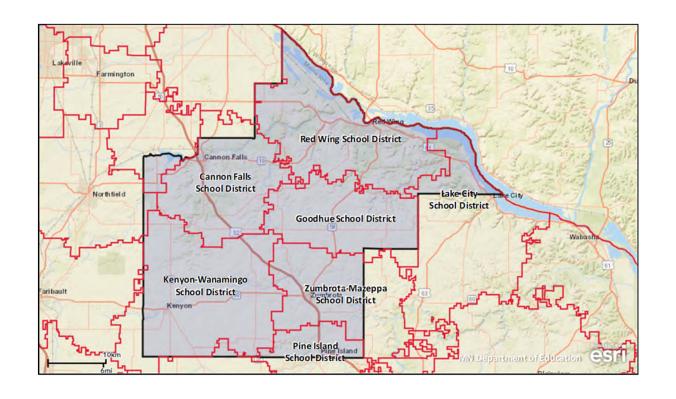
- Lack of affordable housing, particularly rental housing hinders recruitment
- Limited supply of new affordable owned housing for younger workers (Central/NW Submkts)
- SW Submarket has more lots available than than other submarkets
- Strong need for starter homes and affordable apartments to serve younger workers singles and families
- Labor availability was cited as a major impediment to hiring



Two Districts with Increases in K-12 enrollment

Goodhue County Public School District Enrollment Trends						
District Name		Enrollment (all grades)				
	District #	rict # 2019-2020	2009-2010	Change ('10-'20)		
Cannon Falls	252	1,162	1,253	-91	-7.3%	
Goodhue	253	682	698	-16	-2.3%	
Kenyon-Wanamingo	2172	750	852	-102	-12.0%	
Lake City	813	1,207	1,304	-97	-7.4%	
Pine Island	255	1,369	1,230	139	11.3%	
Red Wing	256	2,681	2,840	-159	-5.6%	
Zumbrota-Mazeppa	2805	1,248	1,068	180	16.9%	

Sources: MN Department of Education; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC





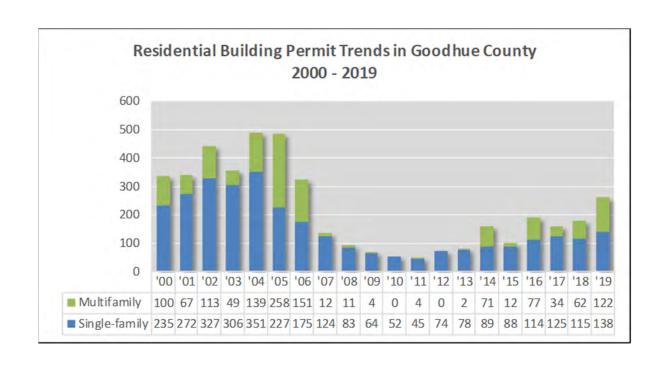
Slower rate of housing starts post vs pre recession

New Construction Activity

- ➤ 4,370 housing units constructed in Goodhue County (2000- Sep 2019)
 - Avg. 222 units/year
 - 2000-09: Avg. 309 units/year
 - 2010-19: Avg. 130 units/year
- Single-family dominates at 70%

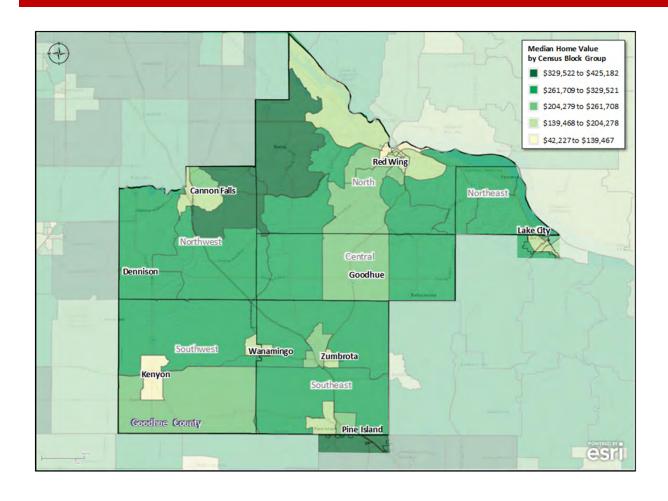
American Community Survey (2017)

- ➤ Newer Housing stock:
 - 70% built prior to 1990
 - 30% built after 1990
- Single Family Detached: 65% of all owner-occupied hsg. structures





Slower rate of housing starts post vs pre recession



- Highest home values clustered in the North submarket, outside of Cannon Falls and near Pine Island
- Pockets of lower home values in smaller cities and in older sections of the larger cities



Affordable pricing, but low supply of rental overall

Overall (surveyed properties only)

- > 1,377 units | 61 properties
- 2.4% vacancy rate

Market Rate

- ▶ 675 units | 33 properties
- > 3.6% vacancy rate
- > Avg. rent:
 - Std: \$458
 - 1BR: \$686
 - 2BR: \$830
 - 3BR: \$1,134
- Est. price per sq. ft. \$0.87

Affordable/Subsidized

- > 702 units | 28 properties
- ➤ 1.3% vacancy rate



Halter Terrace - Zumbrota



River's Ridge Apts – Red Wing



Rents highest in NE/SW Goodhue Co

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 1 RENTAL HOUSING VACANCY & RENT ESTIMATES BY CITY GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2013 - 2017

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Vacancy					
Goodhue County	7.0%	6.2%	4.9%	4.7%	2.6%
Bellechester	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannon Falls	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Dennison	27.3%	26.7%	31.3%	30.8%	0.0%
Goodhue	10.1%	20.7%	18.6%	20.7%	18.8%
Kenyon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lake City	18.2%	13.4%	10.6%	10.0%	10.3%
Pine Island	11.8%	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Red Wing	9.5%	8.7%	6.6%	6.8%	3.7%
Wanamingo	20.7%	17.9%	19.4%	16.0%	6.3%
Zumbrota	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Minnesota	4.9%	4.6%	4.3%	4.0%	4.1%
Rent					
Goodhue County	\$681	\$708	\$705	\$757	\$779
Bellechester	\$744	\$731	\$731	\$750	\$850
Cannon Falls	\$589	\$634	\$673	\$747	\$851
Dennison	\$581	\$594	\$594	142	\$1,094
Goodhue	\$744	\$819	\$881	\$1,043	\$989
Kenyon	\$675	\$772	\$760	\$751	\$765
Lake City	\$854	\$881	\$854	\$817	\$841
Pine Island	\$758	\$789	\$750	\$922	\$925
Red Wing	\$713	\$694	\$704	\$754	\$762
Wanamingo	\$514	\$538	\$495	\$567	\$679
Zumbrota	\$557	\$585	\$574	\$598	\$643
Minnesota	\$819	\$835	\$848	\$873	\$906

Note: Rent equals median gross rent

Sources: American Community Survey 5-year Estimates; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- ➤ Goodhue County 25% of HHS are renters (4,815 HH as of 2019)
- Avg. rent is lowest in Zumbrota (\$643) and in Wanamingo (\$679)
- New affordable rentals have higher rent levels than market rate stock
- Low avg rents make development very difficult



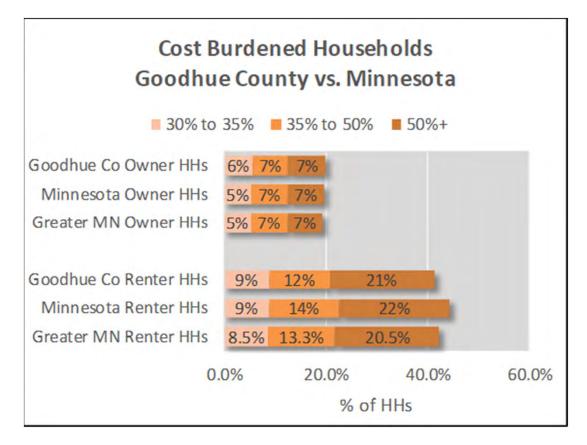
Rental Housing Cost Burden

Cost Burden: more than 30% of gross income allocated to housing Rental:

- ➤ 21% of Goodhue Co. renters are severely cost burdened (50% or greater
- > 7% of owner HHs are severely cost burdened

22% Minnesota

> 7% Minnesota



Most owner households severely cost-burdened are age 65 years or older



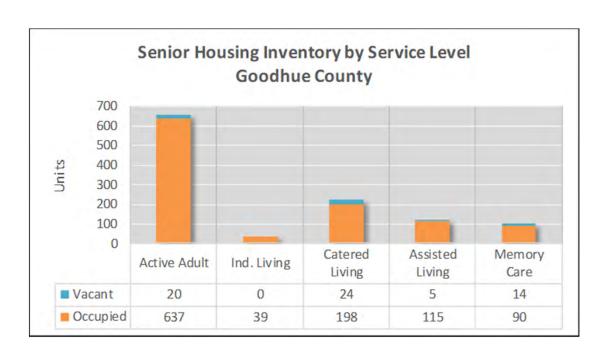
Lower senior vacancy rates

Overall (surveyed properties only)

> 1,142 units |5.1% vacancy rate

Affordable/ Subsidized

➤ 426 units active adult rental w/ income restrictions





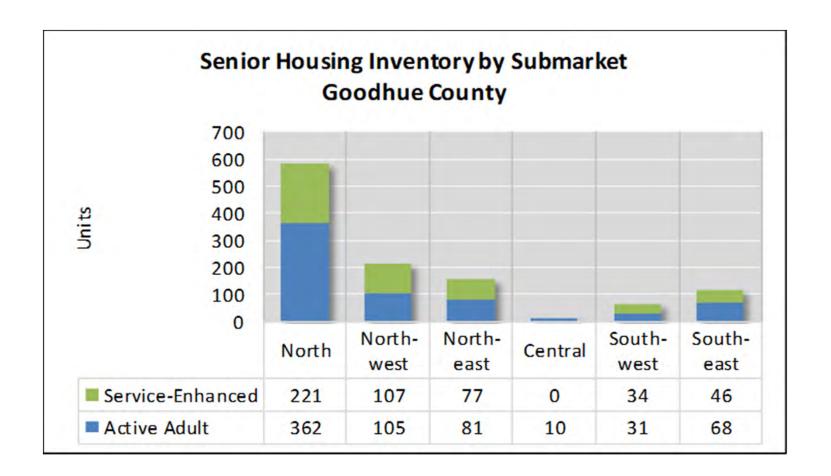
Cannon Rivers - Cannon Falls



Bridges of Zumbrota - Zumbrota

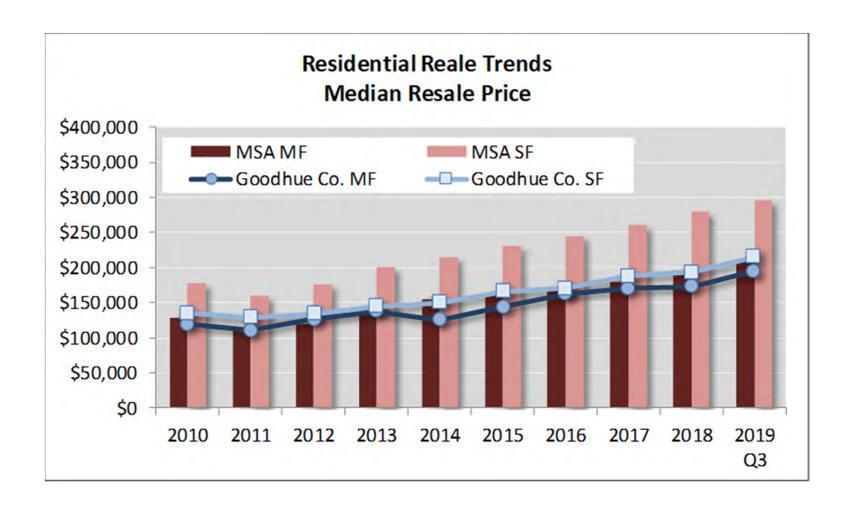


Senior housing inventory by submarket





Goodhue Co median resale prices lower than TC Metro





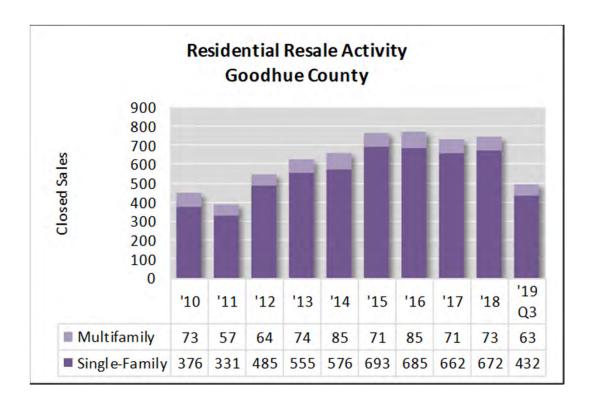
Home prices continue to rise

Overall

- Strong market activity but dropped in 2019
- Current inventories are low
- Post-Recession market activity ramped up quickly

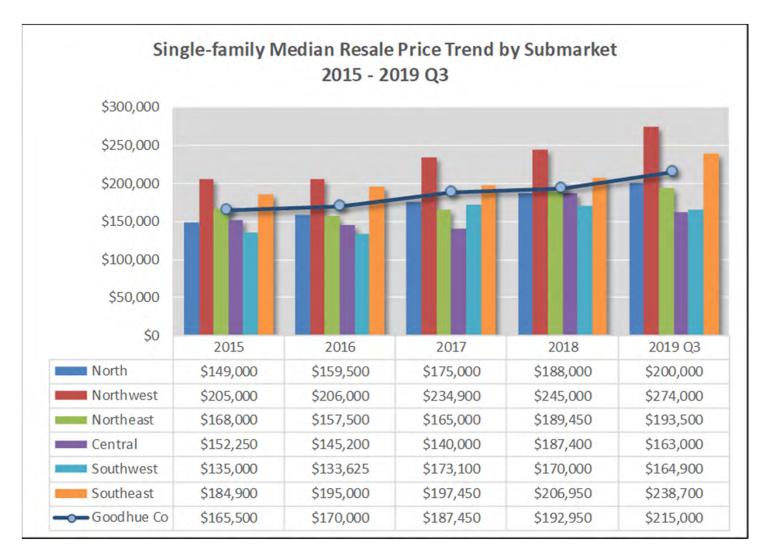
Resales

- Median sales price (2019):
 - New peak: \$215,000 (SF)
 - Multifamily: \$194,500
 - Lowest in 2011: \$135,500
 - Resales: peaked in 2015
 - Single-family dominate (90%)





Home resales pricing by submarket

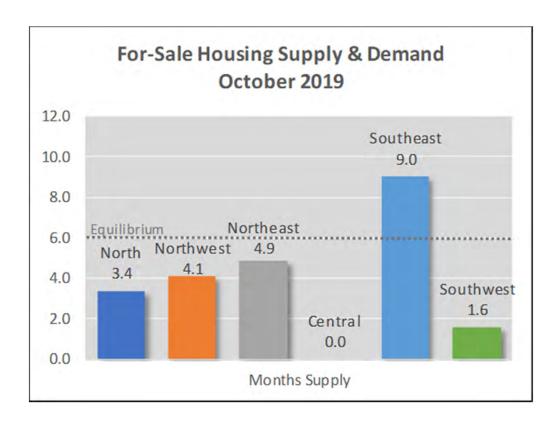




Few homes for sale | Single-family dominated

Active Listings (October 2019)

- 228 active listings | 86% SF
- Median price: \$260k SF | \$240k MF
- 47% new construction

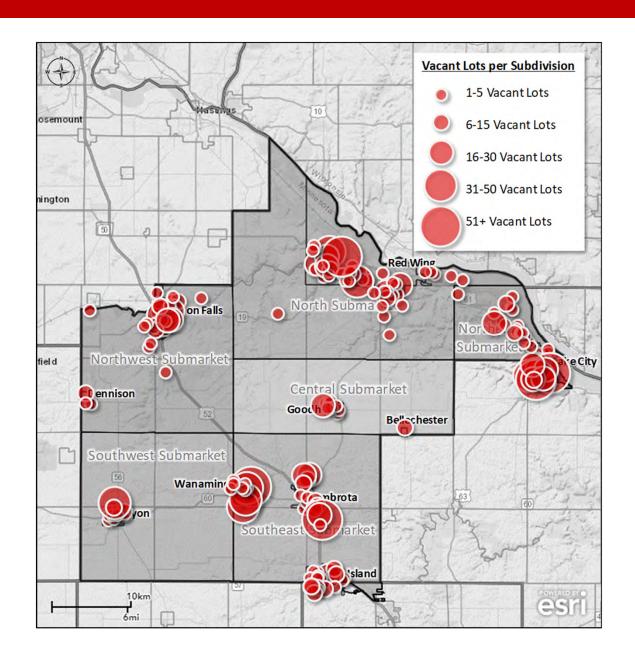


Avg. Price Per Sq. Ft.

- Overall: \$136/PSF
- Resales:
 - \$128/PSF (SF)
 - \$177/PSF (MF)
- New Construction:
 - \$168 (SF)
 - \$175 (MF)



Vacant Lot Supply Clustered in SE and N Submarkets





Highest pricing in Central Submarket



North – \$0.83 psf NW – \$2.48 psf NE - \$2.52 psf Central - \$3.52 psf SW - \$1.49 psf SE - \$2.88 psf



New Construction | Varying Conditions

Lot Inventory/Supply

- Lot inventories vary across the county among the submarkets
- ➤ Avg. lot size 0.58 acres
- Avg. lot price \$40,162 or \$1.57 psf
- Many remaining lots platted pre-recession
- Need for additional platted lots in some submarkets

New Construction Market

- Most new product targets move-up buyers and empty-nesters
- New homes priced from \$198k-\$505K
- Average price:
 - > \$287k | \$168 PSF (SF)
 - > \$289k | \$177 PSF (MF)
- Distressed lots remain
- No production builders

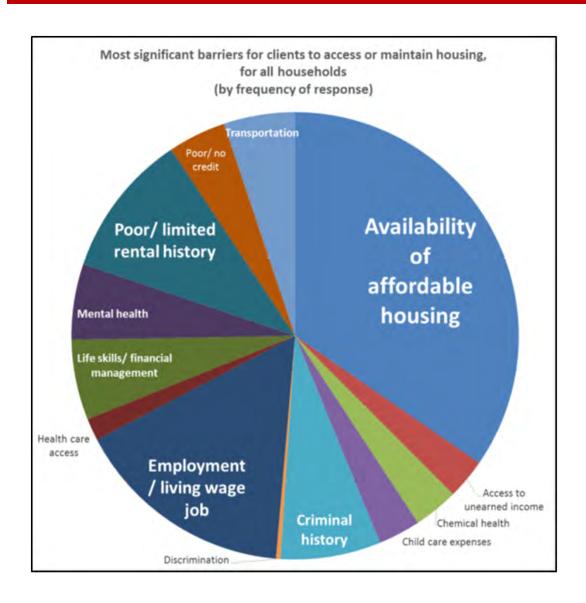








Hard To House



Availability of housing that is affordable to low income and very low Income hhs continues to be the No. 1 barrier to access or maintain a stable housing situation

Also, employment at a living wage also contributes to housing instability which may result in eviction/poor credit history

Maxfield

Research & Consulting

Homeless Population

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 3 NUMBER OF HOMELESS PEOPLE SOUTHEAST MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA 2018

	Total number temporary hous informal housing	sing programs,	Total number of adults* age 18+ in temporary housing programs, informal housing or unsheltered		
Housing Situation	SE Minnesota	Minnesota	SE Minnesota	Minnesota	
Emergency shelter	143	3,741	77	2,543	
Battered women's shelter	83	673	39	322	
Transitional housing	180	2,569	91	1,448	
Rapid Rehousing	2	508	2	204	
Total in shelters	408	7,491	209	4,517	
Unsheltered	181	2,694	140	2,211	
Total	589	10,185	349	6,728	

^{*}Homeless people age 18 and older, excluding children with parents and unaccompanied youth

Sources: Wilder Research, May 2019, "2018 Minnesota Homeless Study"; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Although homeless populations declined in 2016, by 2018, they had again increased, primarily due to a shortage of affordable housing options, high rental demand and rents rising faster than wages

Chronic health conditions and mental illness have also contributed to a rise in the number of homeless



Interview Comments

For-Sale Market

- Entry-level homes in Goodhue Co are in high-demand, particularly those priced at \$150,000 or below
- > Also needs for:
 - Move-Up Housing
 - Active Adult Senior
 - Single-level townhomes targeted to srs
 - Ample supply of residential lots
 - Existing housing stock is aging;
 becoming functionally obsolete
- School districts and natural amenities are a draw, but lack of suitable housing constrains the market

Rental Market

- Lack of rental housing across all price points
- Low rental rates constrain new development; requires public assistance to build
- Lack of rental housing constraining employment growth
- Minimal use of Internet or social media for marketing/advertising
- Smaller locally owned/managed properties



Demand Summary

Demand Overview

- Household growth & tenure
- Turnover
- Income-qualified households
- Demand by product | Preferences

Demand Driver Examples

- Demographics
- Economy & Job Growth
- Consumer Choice | Preferences
- Turnover/Mobility
- Supply (i.e. Existing Hsg. Stock)
- Replacement need (i.e. functionally /physically obsolete)
- Financing

Demand Assumptions/Methodology

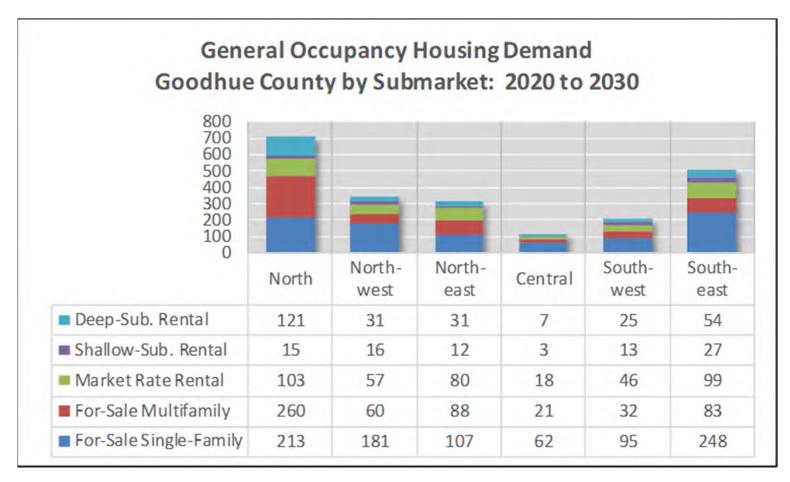
Household growth adjusted for local factors (i.e. building permits, etc.)



Demand for 2,200 Housing Units to 2030

> 1,450 for-sale units

> 760 rental units

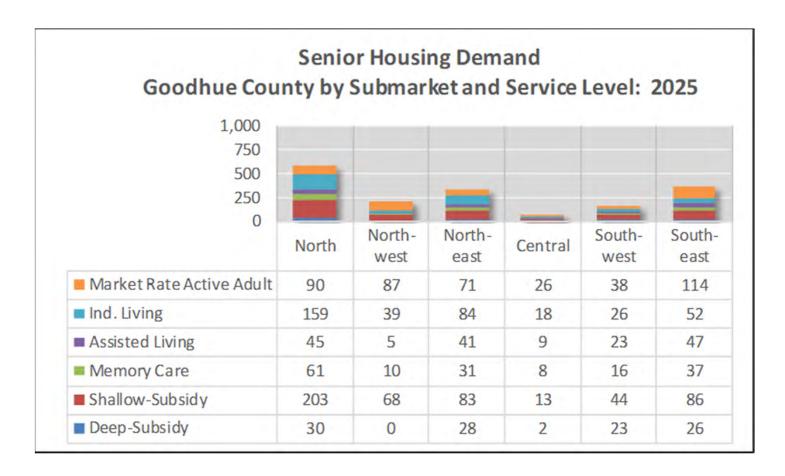


^{**}Accounts for developments in the pipeline



Demand for 1,725 Senior units by 2025

35% affordable (deep/shallow) and 65% market rate





Challenges and Opportunities

- Affordability
 - > Affordable housing identified as a critical need in the Co
- > Job Growth and Unemployment
 - Employment growth constrained by labor shortage and lack of suitable housing options
- Mortgage Rates
 - Mortgage rates very low, but housing prices continue to rise
- Household Growth
 - Household growth strong, but HH sizes are decreasing
- Lot Supply
 - Where are lots plentiful? Where is lot supply constrained?
- Residential Development Costs
 - Continue to remain high for traditional stick-built const.
- ➤ Alternative Construction Methods
 - New technologies for new housing



Single-Family Development Recommendations

- Entry level housing in greatest need, but move-up also in demand
- Consider alternative construction methods to increase affordability
- > Reduce lot sizes
- Need additional funding for rehab/rehabilitation







Multifamily For-Sale Development Recommendations

- > Demand for 540 units
- ➤ New construction priced at upper level of market and targeted to empty-nesters/independent srs
- Affordable townhomes could appeal to younger buyers who cannot afford a SF home
- Potential housing types:
 - Twinhomes/Villas -Available
 - Quads/Row homes
 - Could increase affordability



Twinhome - Zumbrota, MN



Detached Villa - Red Wing



Rental Housing Recommendations

- Demand for 750 units
 - 400 market rate
 - 350 affordable & subsidized
- Need for newer, contemporary rental units at all price points
- Potential to combine market rate with some affordable to support demand objectives
- Consider non-traditional rental products or different construction methods



Stonehouse Square - Cannon Falls



301 Main Street - Pine Island



Senior Housing Recommendations

- ➤ Demand for 1,743 sr. units across all service levels
- Highest demand:
 - Active Adult-MR (426 units)
 - Independent living (378 units)
 - Shallow-subsidy (497 units)



Deer Crest- Red Wing



Lake City Apts – Lake City



2020 Outlook



For-Sale Housing Market Outlook

- Home prices anticipated to continue to rise, despite short-term
 COVID effects...affordability decreasing
- Goodhue Co can capitalize on its greater affordable, but there is a lack of housing overall
- Tax reform: negative on 2nd home buyer and in higher-priced markets (not really significant effect on Goodhue Co submarkets)
- Mortgage rates very low; additional pressure on the for-sale mkt
- Low supply of homes on the market; especially entry-level
- Rising cost for new construction: lots, labor, materials
- Construction lending still tight for builders/developers



Rental Housing Market Outlook

- Record setting new apartment deliveries in Metro Area (2017)
- New development strong in Metro Area/Rochester; lackluster everywhere else
- Tax reform: generally positive for market rate & additional headwinds for affordable housing
- Very low vacancies = pent-up demand
- Barbell demand from Millennials & Baby Boomers
- Preferred asset class from developers & investors
- Significant challenge to deliver new product at price points the market will bear, especially outside of Metro Area

Senior Housing Market Outlook

- Need for more active adult senior housing versus service-enriched,
 but will rent levels support?
- Shift from non-profit developers to for-profit
- Seniors continue to delay selling their homes and will likely continue to do so in the short-term (COVID era)
- 65+ population will double or triple in MN by 2040
- Assisted living vacancies are soft in most communities
- Middle market faces shortfall
- Development costs continue to escalate, competition for land
- Boomers (54 to 72) years away from services



Economic Conditions

- Economic conditions have taken a downturn recently due to COVID
- Stock market however, continues to show some positive signs,
 although this may change
- No inflation currently, but some concern of inflation due to shortages/scarcity
- GDP: likely below 2% range
- Unemployment rate has risen MN 16th lowest in the Nation Still will be lack of labor and especially lack of skilled labor coming out of COVID
- People still buying homes



Key Takeaways...

- Population and HH growth strong in the past decade due to Millennials and coming out of the Recession
- Growth in nearly all age cohorts | 65+ population growing fastest
- High % of family households with or w/o kids in Goodhue County
- Household incomes lower than TC Metro Area | Renters have lower incomes
- 76% of workers commute outside the county | wages 30% lower than Metro
- Lack of rental housing | low vacancy rates | need for more rental, especially affordable rentals
- Senior housing market strongest for active adult & affordable products
- For-sale market prices increasing | lack of supply, especially of entry-level homes
- Single-family dominated housing stock | Limited supply of "maintenance-free" housing, priced at the top of the market
- Need to consider alternative to traditional construction products
- Increased need for rehab dollars to support entry-level hsg



Priorities

- Promote rental housing production (all priced points and incomes)
- Need move-up and affordable single-family homes
- More flexible zoning to allow for multifamily development
- Consider multi-pronged approach to housing assistance
- Senior housing need will escalate over this next decade & beyond
- Promote private-public-partnerships (PPP) to create new housing products
- Promote & expand the "tool kit"



Questions & Comments

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A Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for Goodhue County, Minnesota (DRAFT Copy – For Discussion)

Prepared for:

Goodhue County Economic Development Authority Red Wing, MN

March 2020



7575 Golden Valley Road Suite 385 Golden Valley, MN 55427 612.338.0012 www.maxfieldresearch.com



March 5, 2020

Mr. Ron Ziegler CEO/President Community and Economic Development Associates PO Box 483 Chatfield, MN 55923

Dear Mr. Ziegler:

Attached is the analysis titled, "A Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for Goodhue County, Minnesota." The Needs Analysis examines current housing market conditions and determines the market potential for developing different types of owned and rented housing to 2030 in the County.

The scope of this study includes: an analysis of the demographic and economic characteristics of the communities and submarkets comprising the County; a review of existing housing stock characteristics; an analysis of the for-sale housing market; an evaluation of rental market conditions in the County; a senior housing supply and demand analysis; an evaluation of special needs housing demand; and an assessment of housing affordability in Goodhue County. Recommendations on the number and types of housing products that should be considered in each community are also supplied.

Please contact us if you have questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

MAXFIELD RESEARCH AND CONSULTING, LLC

Joe Hollman Senior Associate Mary C. Bujold President

Attachment

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Purpose and Scope of Study

Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC was engaged by the Goodhue County Economic Development Authority to prepare a Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for the County. The Housing Needs Analysis considers demographic, economic and market trends and provides recommendations on the amount and types of housing that may be developed to meet the needs of current and future households residing in the County. Housing demand is generated by household growth and turnover of existing households in these submarkets. Additional demand for housing will come from households moving into the County from outside the area.

For the purpose of this housing analysis, Goodhue County was divided into six submarkets, each comprised of county subdivisions in the County with the following exceptions: the Northwest Submarket also includes the portion of Dennison in Rice County; the Northeast Submarket includes the portion of Lake City in Wabasha County and the Southeast Submarket includes the portion of Pine Island in Olmsted County.

The scope of this study includes: an analysis of the demographic and economic characteristics of the communities and submarkets in Goodhue County; a review of existing housing stock characteristics; an analysis of the for-sale, rental and senior housing market conditions; an evaluation of conditions for those that have special needs or are "hard to house" and an assessment of housing affordability. Detailed recommendations are provided for the housing types identified as being needed to 2030.

Demographic Analysis

- Between 2000 and 2010, Goodhue County's population increased by 2,056 people (4.7%) while the number of households expanded 10.3% (1,747 households). We estimate that the County population expanded 2.9% (1,340 people) between 2010 and 2019 to 47,523, while the number of households increased 3.3% (623) to 19,711.
- Due to projected job growth in the Region related to the Rochester Destination Medical Center (DMC) expansion initiative, we expect that the rate of population growth in Goodhue County will accelerate over the next 20 years, climbing 11.2% to 52,824 in 2040.
- We anticipate that growth will be strongest in the submarkets located along the major transportation corridors in the County, notably Highway 52, particularly in the communities that are closest to Rochester.
- In 2019, the largest adult cohort by age in Goodhue County is 55 to 64 (15.5% of the population) followed by the 45 to 54 age group (12.3% of the population).
- The most rapid growth is expected to occur among older adults in the Market Area. As the baby boom population ages, the 65 and older age cohorts are expected to experience increases over the next ten years, particularly the 75 and older age group.

- The County is also expected to experience growth in the 35 to 44 age group between 2019 and 2030 as the peak of the "echo boom" moves into this cohort
- In 2019, the median household income is estimated to be \$65,587 in Goodhue County; roughly -6% lower than the \$69,559 income in Minnesota. Median household incomes are highest in the Central (\$80,635) and Northwest (\$70,387) Submarkets and lowest in the Northeast (\$58,821) and Southwest (\$59,552) Submarkets.
- Typically, as income increases, so does the rate of homeownership. This can be seen in Goodhue County, where the homeownership rate increases from 41% of households with incomes below \$15,000 to 93% of households with incomes above \$100,000.
- In Goodhue County, 75% of all households own, giving it a home ownership rate that is modestly higher than Minnesota (71% of households owned). The number of owner households residing in Goodhue County expanded 0.4% between 2010 and 2019, while the number of renter-occupied households expanded 13.3%.
- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, the strongest growth in owner households occurred in the Northwest and Central Submarkets. The Southeast Submarket experienced the strongest renter household growth, followed closely by the Southwest.
- Married couples without children are the most common household type in Goodhue County (33.4% of all households) followed by single-person households (26.2%). The County experienced a 2.7% increase in married couples with children households between 2010 and 2019, while the number of married couples without children held steady and other family households expanded 10.0%. Non-family households increased 4.4%, as the number of roommate households expanded 29.0% while single-person households decreased -0.2%.
- As of 2019, "White Alone" comprised the largest proportion of the County population, at 93%. An estimated 76% of "White Alone" households in Goodhue County own their housing while the remaining 24% rent. The home ownership rate drops to 41% for all other races in the County.

Employment Analysis

- In 2019, Goodhue County had a labor force of 27,294 with 26,445 employed residents, which equates to a 3.1% unemployment rate. By comparison, 2019 unemployment rates were at 3.0% in Southeast Minnesota and 3.3% in Minnesota.
- The County's labor force expanded at an average annual rate of 0.6% from 2000 through 2010. However, has been relatively flat since 2010, increasing from 26,734 in 2010 to 27,294 in 2019 (annual growth rate of 0.2%). Resident employment in the County increased at a 0.2% annual rate from 2000 through 2010 but has since expanded at an average annual rate of 0.7%.

- Goodhue County is an exporter of workers as a higher number of residents leave the County for work than nonresidents commute into the County for work.
- Approximately 10,868 workers come into Goodhue County for employment (inflow) daily, while 14,547 resident workers commute out of the County (outflow). An estimated 10,764 people both live and work in the County (interior flow). Except for the North Submarket (which is dominated by Red Wing), the five other submarkets export more workers than they import.
- With 10,868 workers commuting into the County daily for employment, with over 12% (2,638) coming from over 50 miles, there appears to be an opportunity to provide housing for a portion of these workers. Inflow is strongest in the North and Northeast Submarkets.
- Modest job growth is expected in the Market Area between 2019 and 2024, climbing 1.9% between 2019 and 2024 and 4.4% between 2024 and 2040.
- The pace of job growth is expected to be constrained in the County due to potential labor force shortages and a surge in retirements.
- In Goodhue County, job growth is likely to be focused along the major transportation corridors where there are concentrations of existing businesses, convenient highway access and the potential to develop housing for a growing population.
- Manufacturing is the largest employment sector in the County providing 4,715 jobs (21.6% of total jobs) followed by Education and Health Services with 4,496 jobs (20.6%). The higher proportion of Manufacturing jobs is a
- Average weekly wages in Goodhue County (\$938) are -15% lower than Minnesota (\$1,100) and -4% lower than Southeast Minnesota (\$977).
- A household earning the average weekly wage in the County would be able to afford an
 apartment renting for an estimated \$1,219 per month to not exceed 30% of its monthly income on housing costs, much higher than the median asking rent for renter-occupied housing units in the County (\$684).
- Assuming that a potential home buyer has good credit and makes a 10% down payment, a
 household earning the average weekly wage in the County would be able to afford to purchase a home priced at an estimated \$194,000 or lower to not be cost-burdened (paying
 more than 30% of their income for housing). By comparison, the median sale price for detached single-family homes was \$215,000 through the first three quarters of 2019, while
 new construction homes are being sold at an average price of over \$287,000.

Housing Characteristics

- Over 27% of the County's housing units were built prior to 1940, compared to 17% of all homes in Minnesota. Among the Goodhue County submarkets, Southwest has the highest concentration of homes built prior to 1940 (41%) followed by the Central at 30%.
- Aside from the number of homes built prior to 1940, the 2000s was the most active decade in the County in terms of residential construction activity. Nearly 16% of Goodhue County's housing stock was built from 2000 to 2009.
- Residential construction activity dropped substantially in the County when the "housing bubble" burst in 2006. An average of 396 new housing units was permitted annually in the County from 2000 through 2006. Permitting activity declined to an annual average of 79 units from 2006 through 2012. Housing development has increased in the County since the recession, averaging 167 new units per year between 2013 and 2019, although residential construction activity has not achieved the pre-recession highs of the early 2000s.
- An estimated 70% of all residential units permitted in Goodhue County since 2000 were single-family homes. The remaining 30% were multifamily units. By comparison, 29% of the housing units permitted in Minnesota since 2000 were multifamily units.
- Housing construction has been most active in Red Wing since 2000, followed by Pine Island, Lake City and Zumbrota.
- The estimated median value of owned homes is \$212,977 in Goodhue County, about 12% lower than the median value of \$240,868 in Minnesota but 10% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$194,505). The median asking rent in Goodhue County of \$684 is an estimated 16% lower than the median of \$816 in Minnesota but 9% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$626).

For-Sale Housing Market Analysis

- The median resale price for single-family homes through the first nine months of 2019 in Goodhue County is \$215,000, -27% lower than the Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA median sales price of \$295,051. The multifamily median sale price in the County (\$194,500) is -7% lower than the MSA median of \$209,828.
- Multifamily housing represents a modest share of Goodhue County's for-sale housing market, comprising 12% of all closed resales from 2010 through the third quarter of 2019. The remaining 88% were single-family home resales. By comparison, 24% of all closed resale transactions in the Minneapolis-Saint Paul MSA were multifamily sales.

- Since 2017, Goodhue County has averaged 59.8 home sales per month. Based on the supply of available for-sale housing in the County (as of October 2019), there is a 3.8-month supply of homes available for sale on the market. Equilibrium in the for-sale housing market is generally considered to be a six-month supply of homes on the market. As such, it appears that the inventory of available for-sale housing in the County is undersupplied.
- There are an estimated 107 active subdivisions with 1,336 vacant residential lots in the Cities of Goodhue County including 997 single-family lots (75% of all vacant lots) and 339 multifamily lots (25%). On average, the single-family subdivisions have absorbed lots at a rate of 1.1 lots per year (total annual lot absorption of 87.5), while the multifamily subdivisions have absorbed lots at a rate of 1.2 lots per year (total of 28.1 lots per year).
- The average retail sale price for new construction single-family homes in these subdivisions is \$287,308 (\$168 per square foot), while the average sale price for new construction multifamily units is \$288,680 (\$175 per square foot). New construction multifamily pricing essentially equals detached single-family new construction pricing indicating that builders are bringing detached villas into the market at price points equal to single-family homes.

Rental Housing Market Analysis

- Maxfield Research compiled detailed information for a select group of rental housing properties with five or more units in Goodhue County, including 33 general occupancy market rate apartment properties, 18 shallow-subsidy Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) and Section 515 (United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development) properties targeting family households, and ten deep-subsidy (project-based Section 8 and public housing properties). Rural Development properties also provide rent assistance, making a portion of their units deep-subsidy.
- These properties contain 386 shallow-subsidy units, 316 deep-subsidy units and 675 market rate units.
- The inventory of rental properties in Goodhue County was 2.5% vacant, including a 1.4% vacancy rate among the affordable/subsidized properties and a 3.6% vacancy rate in the market rate properties.
- The equilibrium vacancy rate for rental housing is considered to be 5.0%, which allows for normal turnover and an adequate supply of alternatives for prospective renters. In effect, the supply of general occupancy rental housing in the County is below the level adequate to meet demand.
- The average rental rate across all market rate general occupancy properties is \$787 per month, similar to the base market rate rent in the affordable properties (\$727 per month.
 On a per square-foot basis, market rate rental properties in Goodhue County rent for \$0.87 per square foot, on average.

5

Senior Housing Market Analysis

- Maxfield Research identified 29 senior housing properties in Goodhue County. Combined, these developments contain a total of 1,142 senior housing units. Eighteen of the senior housing facilities are market rate, totaling 716 units and there are 11 affordable/subsidized senior housing projects, totaling 426 units. Of the 1,142 units, 42% provide service-enhanced senior housing for a total of 485 units.
- At the time of the survey, 63 senior housing units were vacant, representing a 5.5% vacancy rate. There were 43 vacant service-enhanced units (8.9% vacancy rate) and the active adult units were 3.0% vacant (20 vacancies).
- Among the service-enhanced properties, we identified 39 independent living with services (congregate) units, 120 assisted living units, 104 memory care units and 222 units considered to be catered living. Catered living offers a flexible living arrangement where residents can live independently and purchase assisted living services as needed without relocating to a different unit. Independent living units were fully-occupied, assisted living units were 4.2% vacant, catered living properties were 10.8% vacant and the memory care units were 13.5% vacant. Much of the catered living vacancy is located in a recently completed project that is still in initial lease-up. Stabilized catered living facilities are 5.4% vacant.
- A 93% occupancy rate is generally considered equilibrium in assisted living and memory
 care senior housing, while 95% occupancy is considered equilibrium in independent living
 and active adult. As such, the current supply of memory care units appears to be slightly
 oversupplied, while the active adult, independent living, assisted living, and stabilized catered living facilities are below equilibrium.

Housing Affordability

- An estimated 20% of all owner households in Goodhue County are considered cost burdened (paying 30% or more of their gross income for housing), while 41% of the existing renter households in the County are considered cost burdened. By comparison, 20% of owner households and 44% of renter households are cost burdened in Minnesota.
- An estimated 81% of owner households could afford to buy a moderately-priced entry-level single-family home (\$150,000) in the County. The proportion of income-qualified households declines as the sale price increases, and 61% of owner households could afford to purchase a move-up single-family home priced at \$250,000. The proportion able to afford an executive home priced at \$375,000 decreases to 39% of existing owner households.
- An estimated 56% of existing renter households can afford to rent a one-bedroom unit in Goodhue County at the average rent of \$686 per month, but the percentage drops to 40% of renters who could afford a one-bedroom apartment in new construction with an estimated rent of \$950 per month.

Housing Demand Analysis

A migration of households out of the Rochester area is expected to stimulate housing demand in Goodhue County over the next several years. Possible factors driving this trend include a housing shortage in Rochester, affordability, school district preferences, and lifestyle preferences. Additionally, housing demand in the County will be impacted by development activity in nearby areas, notably in communities in the southeast portion of the Metro Area (i.e. Dakota County).

Demand is somewhat fluid between submarkets and communities in Goodhue County, and satisfying the anticipated demand will be highly dependent on the availability of suitable housing options in the various communities in the County.

• Based on our calculations, we find demand to support 2,208 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 1,450 for-sale units and 758 rental units.

	General Occupancy Housing Demand (units) by Submarket 2020 - 2030						
Product Type	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast	
For-Sale Single-Family	213	181	107	62	95	248	
Multifamily	260	60	88	21	32	83	
Market Rate Rental	103	57	80	18	46	99	
Shallow-Subsidy Rental	15	16	12	3	13	27	
Deep-Subsidy Rental	121	31	31	7	25	54	
Total:	712	345	318	111	211	511	

• In addition, we find demand for multiple senior housing product types. As of 2025, demand in Goodhue County for senior housing is projected as follows:

	Senior Housing Demand (units) by Submarket 2025					
Product Type	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Active Adult Rental	50	58	32	18	22	80
Active Adult Owner	40	29	39	8	16	34
Independent Living	159	39	84	18	26	52
Assisted Living	45	5	41	9	23	47
Memory Care	61	10	31	8	16	37
Shallow-Subsidy Rental	203	68	83	13	44	86
Deep-Subsidy Rental	30	0	28	2	23	26
Total:	588	209	338	76	170	362

Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the finding of the analysis, the following charts provide a summary of the recommended development concepts by product type for Goodhue County to 2030.

These proposed development concepts are intended to act as a development guide to meet the housing needs of existing and future households in the County. Detailed findings are described in the *Conclusions & Recommendations* section of this report.

• There is a strong need in the County for entry-level housing and "affordably-price" move-up homes. The economic feasibility of development new entry-level housing is challenging, and one way to provide entry-level for-sale housing is to generate household turnover by increasing the supply of move-up and executive housing. Entry-level home demand will primarily be satisfied by existing single-family homes as residents of existing homes move into move-up and executive housing products built in the community.

GENERAL OCCUPANCY FOR-SALE HOUSING PRICING BREAKDOWN GOODHUE COUNTY January 2020								
					Subma	arkets		
	Purchase Price ¹	Pct.	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Detached Sing	gle-Family							
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	20%	43	36	21	12	19	50
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	65%	138	118	70	40	62	161
Executive	\$350,000+	15%	32	27	16	9	14	37
Submarket To	tal:	100%	213	181	107	62	95	248
Multifamily (i.	e. townhomes, twin hor	nes)						
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	40%	104	24	35	8	13	33
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	60%	156	36	53	13	19	50
Submarket To	tal:	100%	260	60	88	21	32	83
¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation. Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC								

- We identified 107 active subdivisions in the nine Goodhue County cities, containing 1,336 vacant lots, including 997 detached single-family lots and 339 multifamily (i.e. townhome, twin home) lots. Based on the for-sale housing demand calculations, it appears that the existing supply of vacant lots is sufficient to satisfy demand in the short-term, but additional lots will be needed by 2030.
- Projected demand exceeds lot supply in Red Wing, Cannon Falls, Dennison, Goodhue, Kenyon, and Pine Island suggesting that additional lots will be needed in these communities by 2030. Existing lot supply exceeds projected housing demand in Lake City, Wanamingo, and Zumbrota.

• The strongest sources of demand for new rental housing will likely be young singles or couples without children in their mid-20s to early-30s who work in Goodhue County, Rochester, or other nearby communities. Mid-age and older households could also account for a portion of demand for new rental housing. A rental townhome development could attract family households as well as empty-nesters, and shallow-subsidy rental housing will draw from a wide variety of population segments. Due to the limited supply of available rental housing units in the County along with our discussions with area employers and real estate professionals, there appears to be an immediate need for new rental housing in the County.

	GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMA	RKET	GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET					
January 2020								
	Monthly	No. of						
	Rent Range ¹	Units	City					
North Submarket								
Market Rate Apartments	\$950/1BR - \$1,200/2BR	50 - 60	Red Wing					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,250/2BR - \$1,550/3BR	24 - 32	Red Wing					
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	24 - 30	Red Wing					
Northwest Submarket								
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	24 - 26	Cannon Falls					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	12 - 14	Cannon Falls					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	4 - 6	Dennison					
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	16 - 20	Cannon Falls					
Northeast Submarket								
Market Rate Apartments	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR	30 - 36	Lake City					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	14 - 18	Lake City					
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	10 - 16	Lake City					
Central Submarket								
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	10 - 12	Goodhue					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	4 - 6	Goodhue					
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	NA - NA						
Southwest Submarket								
Market Rate Apartments	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR	10 - 14	Kenyon and Wanamingo					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	8 - 10	Kenyon <u>and</u> Wanamingo					
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	10 - 16	Kenyon <u>or</u> Wanamingo					
Southeast Submarket								
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	24 - 30	Pine Island <u>and</u> Zumbrota					
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	10 - 12	Pine Island <u>and</u> Zumbrota					
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	18 - 20	Pine Island <u>or</u> Zumbrota					
¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can	be adjusted to account for infla	ition.						
² Affordablity subject to income guidelines per US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)								
Note - Recommended development concepts represent a a hypothetical potential project and do not reflect total calculated demand.								
Source: Maxfield Research & Consu	ulting IIC							

- While we find senior housing demand in all six submarkets, overall senior demand is expected to be strongest in the North, Southeast, and Northeast Submarkets. Due to the need for services (public infrastructure, medical, religious, retail, etc.) we expect that the cities will capture all of the excess demand potential in the County, so we do not anticipate any senior housing development in the townships.
- The development of additional senior housing serves a two-fold purpose in meeting the housing needs in the County: 1) older adult and senior residents are able to relocate to new age-restricted housing, and 2) existing homes and rental units that were occupied by seniors become available to other new households.

SENIOR RENTAL HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET & CITY					
Ja	anuary 2020				
	Active Adu	ılt Rental²	Service-l	Enhanced	
	Market Rate	Shallow- Subsidy	Catered Living ³	Memory Care ⁴	
Monthly Rent Range ¹		Moderate Income	\$1,650 - \$4,500	\$4,500 - \$5,500	
	Project Size				
	Market	Shallow-	Catered	Memory	
City	Rate	Subsidy	Living ³	Care ⁴	
Red Wing	24-30	30-40	40-50	18-24	
Cannon Falls	24-30	20-24	20-30	8-10	
Lake City	20-24	30-40	40-50	16-20	
Goodhue	10-12	10-12	16-20	6-8	
Kenyon <u>or</u> Wanamingo	14-16	16-18	20-30	10-12	
Pine Island <u>or</u> Zumbrota	24-30	20-24	40-50	16-20	
F	nge ¹ City Red Wing Cannon Falls Lake City Goodhue Kenyon <u>or</u> Wanamingo	Market Rate \$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR Market Rate Market Rate 24-30 2	Active Adult Rental Shallow-Subsidy \$1,000/1BR - Moderate \$1,300/2BR Income Project S Market Shallow-Subsidy Shallow-Subsidy Shallow-Subsidy Subsidy Stannon Falls 24-30 30-40 24-30 20-24 30-40	Active Adult Rental Service- Market Rate	

¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation.

Note - Recommended development concepts represent a a hypothetical potential project and do not reflect total calculated demand.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

²Alternative development concept is to combine active adult affordable and market rate active adult into mixed-income senior community

³ Catered living is a hybrid concept of independent and assisted living service levels.

⁴Memory care housing could be a component of an assisted-living or service-intensive building.

Purpose and Scope of Study

Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC was engaged by the Goodhue County Economic Development Authority to prepare a Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis for the County. The Housing Needs Analysis examines demographic, economic and market trends and provides recommendations on the amount and types of housing that may be developed to meet the needs of current and future households residing in the County.

The scope of this study includes: an analysis of the demographic and economic characteristics of the communities and submarkets in Goodhue County; a review of existing housing stock characteristics; an analysis of the for-sale housing market; an evaluation of rental market conditions; a senior housing supply and demand analysis and an assessment of housing affordability in the County.

Detailed recommendations are provided for the housing types identified as being needed in Goodhue County communities to 2030. An assessment of challenges and opportunities associated with housing development in the County is also provided.

Introduction

Demographic characteristics and trends are important factors when evaluating housing needs in any given market. This section of the report begins by delineating various submarkets for housing products in Goodhue County and examines the demographic and economic characteristics of the Market Area. A review of these characteristics provides insight into the demand for various types and styles of owned and rented housing in the County.

Goodhue County Submarket Definitions

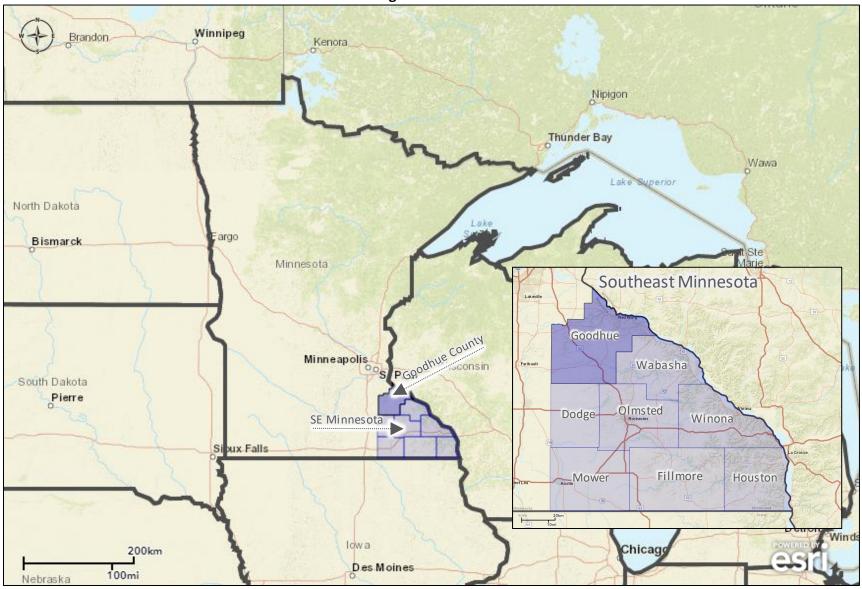
Based on conversations with local officials and a review of geographic and man-made boundaries, commuting patterns, and community orientation, Goodhue County was divided into six submarkets for the purpose of the housing needs analysis. Each submarket is comprised of county subdivisions (cities and townships) as summarized below.

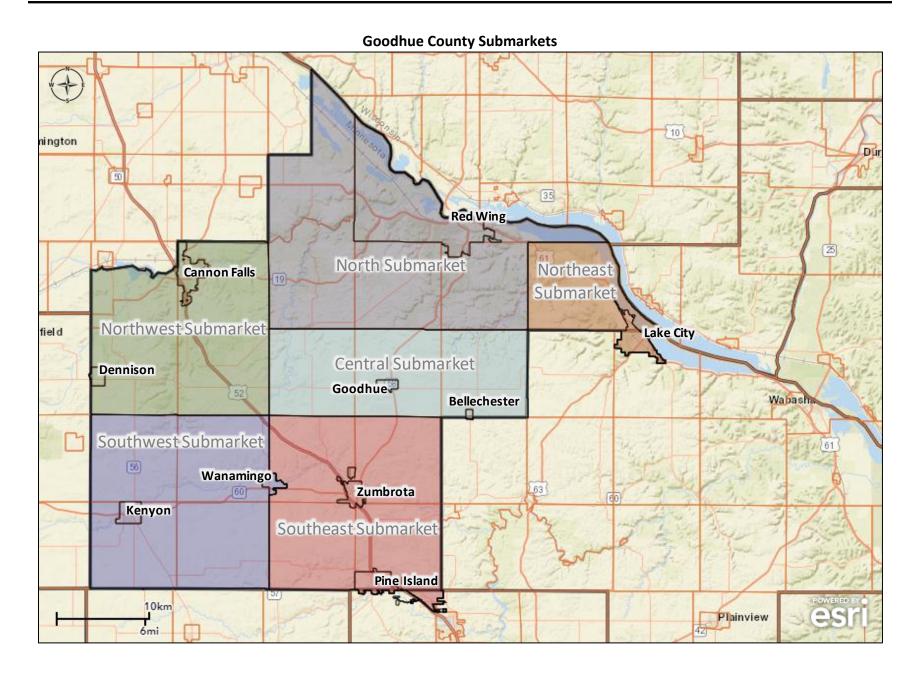
Goodue County Housing Submarket Definitions					
North Submarket	Northwest Submarket	Northeast Submarket			
Red Wing city	Cannon Falls city	Lake City city (Goodhue Co.)			
Featherstone township	Dennison city (Goodhue Co.)	Lake City city (Wabasha Co.)			
Hay Creek township	Dennison city (Rice Co.)	Florence township			
Vasa township	Cannon Falls township				
Wacouta township	Leon township				
Welch township	Stanton township				
	Warsaw township				
Central Submarket	Southwest Submarket	Southeast Submarket			
Goodhue city	Kenyon city	Pine Island city (Goodhue Co.)			
Bellechester city (Goodhue Co.)	Wanamingo city	Pine Island city (Olmsted Co.)			
Belle Creek township	Cherry Grove township	Zumbrota city			
Belvidere township	Holden township	Minneola township			
Goodhue township	Kenyon township	Pine Island township			
	Wanamingo township	Roscoe township			
		Zumbrota township			

Housing demand in the County will be generated by household growth and turnover of existing households in these submarkets. Additional demand for housing will come from households moving into the County from outside the area.

Comparisons are made to Minnesota and the eight-county Southeast Minnesota Region as defined in the "Southeast Minnesota Regional Economic Study" prepared for the Southeast Minnesota League of Municipalities (SEMLM) and Community and Economic Development Associates (CEDA) in 2018. The maps on the following pages illustrate the location of Goodhue County in the region as well as the submarket boundaries.

Regional Location

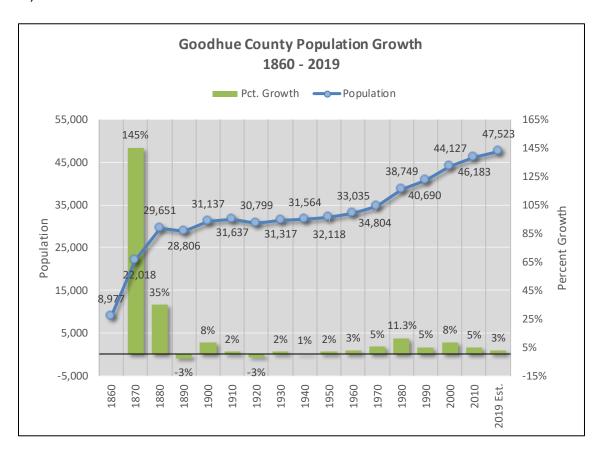




Population and Household Growth Trends

The following graph depicts changes to the population in Goodhue County from 1860 to 2019. Data from 1860 to 2010 is sourced from the United States Census Bureau Decennial Census. The estimate for 2019 is provided by Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC based on estimates provided by ESRI (a nationally recognized demographics firm).

- Goodhue County was established in 1853 and its population quickly rose from 8,977 in 1860 to 22,018 in 1870.
- The County population held fairly steady from 1900 (population of 31,137) to 1950 (population of 32,188), with most decades experiencing modest population growth averaging 0.6% growth per decade.
- The rate of population growth began accelerating in the 1950s, climbing from 32,188 in 1950 to 46,183 in 2010, averaging 5.6% growth per decade.
- We estimate that the Goodhue County population increased 2.9% from 46,183 in 2010 to 47,523 in 2019.



Demographic Analysis Tables 1 and 2 on the following pages present population (Table 1) and household (Table 2) growth trends in the Market Area from 2000 to 2040. The 2000 and 2010 figures are from the U.S. Census while estimates for 2019 and forecasts for 2024 are based on information provided by ESRI (a nationally recognized demographics firm).

Minnesota's population projections for 2030 and 2040 are sourced from the Minnesota State Demographic Center. Goodhue County and Southeast Minnesota projections for 2040 are based on baseline population forecasts from the October 2018 report titled "Southeast Minnesota Regional Economic Study" prepared for the Southeast Minnesota League of Municipalities (SEMLM) and Community and Economic Development Associates (CEDA). Maxfield Research applied the projected annual rate of growth for the eight-county Southeast Minnesota Region (Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Wabasha, and Winona) to the 2024 forecast to arrive at the 2030 and 2040 projections for Southeast Minnesota.

Goodhue County population projections for 2030 and 2040 are based on the projected proportion of the Region's population in the County from the regional economic study. We then projected population growth for the submarkets and cities based on a review of residential building permit trends and recent changes to the proportion of the County's growth that has occurred in each geography. Household projections are based on household size trends.

- Population and household growth in the various Goodhue County communities will be determined, in large part, by increased or decreased hiring by employers in the County and surrounding area (i.e. Rochester and the southeast Twin Cities Metro Area). Additionally, growth in the County is anticipated to be directly correlated to the availability of suitable housing options.
- As of 2010, Goodhue County contained 46,183 people and 18,730 households. Between 2000 and 2010, the population increased by 2,056 people (4.7%) while the number of households expanded 10.3% (1,747 households).
- The rate of household growth was high relative to population growth suggesting a trend toward shrinking household sizes in the County, as the average household size decreased from 2.60 in 2000 to 2.47 in 2010.
- The trend toward declining household sizes indicates an aging household base and reflects a
 general shift in demographic factors that favor smaller households, such as a declining proportion of married couple households with children.
- Based on population and household estimates provided by ESRI, we estimate that the County population expanded 2.9% between 2010 and 2019 to 47,523, while the number of households increased 3.3% to 19,711.

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 1 POPULATION GROWTH TRENDS AND PROJECTIONS GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2000 - 2040

								Change								
	Cen	isus	Estimate		Forecast		2000-2	2010	2010-2	019	2019-2	024	2024-2	:030		
	2000	2010	2019	2024	2030	2040	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		
Goodhue County*	44,127	46,183	47,523	48,326	50,140	52,824	2,056	4.7%	1,340	2.9%	803	1.7%	1,814	3.8%		
North	19,742	20,173	20,491	20,741	21,269	21,968	431	2.2%	318	1.6%	250	1.2%	528	2.5%		
Red Wing	16,116	16,459	16,655	16,840	17,249	17,794	343	2.1%	196	1.2%	185	1.1%	409	2.4%		
Remainder	3,626	3,714	3,836	3,901	4,020	4,174	88	2.4%	122	3.3%	65	1.7%	119	3.0%		
Northwest^	7,824	7,987	8,215	8,340	8,633	9,080	163	2.1%	228	2.9%	125	1.5%	293	3.5%		
Cannon Falls	3,795	4,083	4,216	4,302	4,459	4,704	288	7.6%	133	3.3%	86	2.0%	157	3.6%		
Dennison^	168	212	215	217	224	236	44	26.2%	3	1.4%	2	0.9%	7	3.4%		
Remainder	3,861	3,692	3,784	3,821	3,949	4,141	-169	-4.4%	92	2.5%	37	1.0%	128	3.4%		
Northeast^	6,400	6,644	6,880	7,020	7,312	7,733	244	3.8%	236	3.6%	140	2.0%	292	4.2%		
Lake City^	4,950	5,063	5,215	5,284	5,491	5,800	113	2.3%	152	3.0%	69	1.3%	207	3.9%		
Remainder	1,450	1,581	1,665	1,736	1,821	1,933	131	9.0%	84	5.3%	71	4.3%	85	4.9%		
Central	2,336	2,797	2,890	2,944	3,069	3,251	461	19.7%	93	3.3%	54	1.9%	125	4.3%		
Goodhue	778	1,176	1,222	1,248	1,308	1,392	398	51.2%	46	3.9%	26	2.1%	60	4.8%		
Remainder	1,558	1,621	1,668	1,696	1,762	1,860	63	4.0%	47	2.9%	28	1.7%	66	3.9%		
Southwest	4,496	4,601	4,650	4,699	4,838	5,038	105	2.3%	49	1.1%	49	1.1%	139	3.0%		
Kenyon	1,661	1,815	1,872	1,904	1,969	2,066	154	9.3%	57	3.1%	32	1.7%	65	3.4%		
Wanamingo	1,007	1,086	1,167	1,207	1,272	1,350	79	7.8%	81	7.5%	40	3.4%	65	5.4%		
Remainder	1,828	1,700	1,611	1,588	1,596	1,622	-128	-7.0%	-23	-1.4%	-23	-1.4%	8	0.5%		
Southeast^	7,786	9,013	9,579	9,878	10,509	11,482	1,227	15.8%	566	6.3%	299	3.1%	631	6.4%		
Pine Island^	2,337	3,263	3,529	3,663	3,941	4,363	926	39.6%	266	8.2%	134	3.8%	278	7.6%		
Zumbrota	2,789	3,252	3,342	3,405	3,605	3,904	463	16.6%	90	2.8%	63	1.9%	200	5.9%		
Remainder	2,660	2,498	2,708	2,810	2,964	3,215	-162	-6.1%	210	8.4%	102	3.8%	154	5.5%		
Southeast Minnesota	337,173	362,711	388,141	403,284	409,305	419,240	25,538	7.6%	25,430	7.0%	15,143	3.9%	6,021	1.5%		
Minnesota	4,919,492	5,303,925	5,715,341	5,956,951	5,974,304	6,189,207	384,433	7.8%	411,416	7.8%	241,610	4.2%	17,353	0.3%		

^{*}Goodhue County total excludes portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island located outside the County

Sources: US Census Bureau; MN State Demographic Center; ESRI; SEMLM; CEDA; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

[^]Dennison (Northwest), Lake City (Northeast), and Pine Island (Southeast) include portions of the Cities located outside Goodhue County

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 2 HOUSEHOLD GROWTH TRENDS AND PROJECTIONS GOODHUE COUNTY 2000 - 2040

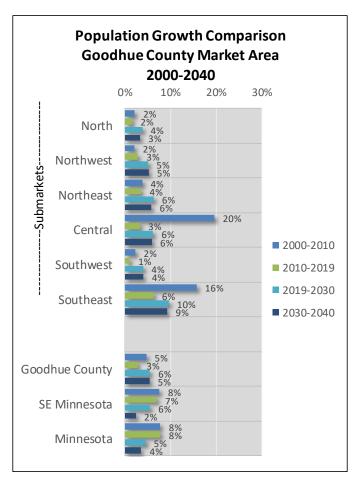
			Change											
	Cen	sus	Estimate		Forecast		2000-2	2010	2010-2	019	2019-2	2024	2024-2	030
	2000	2010	2019	2024	2030	2040	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Goodhue County*	16,983	18,730	19,353	19,711	20,467	21,828	1,747	10.3%	623	3.3%	358	1.8%	756	3.8%
North	7,807	8,403	8,566	8,675	8,898	9,309	596	7.6%	163	1.9%	109	1.3%	223	2.6%
Red Wing	6,554	7,016	7,126	7,210	7,388	7,737	462	7.0%	110	1.6%	84	1.2%	178	2.5%
Remainder	1,253	1,387	1,440	1,465	1,510	1,572	134	10.7%	53	3.8%	25	1.7%	45	3.1%
Northwest^	2,935	3,172	3,281	3,342	3,465	3,691	237	8.1%	109	3.4%	61	1.9%	123	3.7%
Cannon Falls	1,587	1,696	1,777	1,820	1,890	2,019	109	6.9%	81	4.8%	43	2.4%	70	3.8%
Dennison^	67	77	78	79	82	87	10	14.9%	1	1.3%	1	1.3%	3	3.6%
Remainder	1,281	1,399	1,426	1,443	1,493	1,585	118	9.2%	27	1.9%	17	1.2%	50	3.5%
Northeast^	2,659	2,885	2,999	3,063	3,192	3,422	226	8.5%	114	4.0%	64	2.1%	129	4.2%
Lake City^	2,110	2,239	2,319	2,353	2,447	2,612	129	6.1%	80	3.6%	34	1.5%	94	4.0%
Remainder	549	646	680	710	745	809	97	17.7%	34	5.3%	30	4.4%	35	4.9%
Central	849	996	1,034	1,056	1,102	1,182	147	17.3%	38	3.8%	22	2.1%	46	4.4%
Goodhue	339	415	433	443	464	501	76	22.4%	18	4.3%	10	2.3%	21	4.9%
Remainder	510	581	601	613	638	682	71	13.9%	20	3.4%	12	2.0%	25	4.0%
Southwest	1,712	1,845	1,879	1,907	1,967	2,073	133	7.8%	34	1.8%	28	1.5%	60	3.2%
Kenyon	682	755	783	799	828	879	73	10.7%	28	3.7%	16	2.0%	29	3.6%
Wanamingo	412	461	498	516	544	585	49	11.9%	37	8.0%	18	3.6%	28	5.5%
Remainder	618	629	598	592	595	610	11	1.8%	-6	-1.0%	-6	-1.0%	3	0.6%
Southeast^	3,059	3,582	3,808	3,925	4,175	4,630	523	17.1%	226	6.3%	117	3.1%	250	6.4%
Pine Island^	1,033	1,296	1,395	1,445	1,553	1,745	263	25.5%	99	7.6%	50	3.6%	108	7.5%
Zumbrota	1,177	1,346	1,389	1,416	1,499	1,647	169	14.4%	43	3.2%	27	1.9%	83	5.9%
Remainder	849	940	1,024	1,064	1,122	1,237	91	10.7%	84	8.9%	40	3.9%	58	5.5%
Southeast Minnesota	129,674	143,868	153,780	159,641	161,958	167,696	14,194	10.9%	9,912	6.9%	5,861	3.8%	2,317	1.5%
Minnesota	1,647,974	1,895,133	2,239,335	2,330,022	2,334,938	2,446,327	247,159	15.0%	344,202	18.2%	90,687	4.0%	4,916	0.2%

^{*}Goodhue County total excludes portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island located outside the County

[^]Dennison (Northwest), Lake City (Northeast), and Pine Island (Southeast) include portions of the Cities located outside Goodhue County

Sources: US Census Bureau; MN State Demographic Center; ESRI; SEMLM; CEDA; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- From 2010 to 2019, estimated population growth was strongest in the
 Southeast Submarket, adding 566
 people (6.3%), as Pine Island's population increased 8.2% (266 people) and
 Zumbrota added 90 people (2.8%).
- All submarkets experienced growth between 2010 and 2019, although communities in the Southwest Submarket experienced more modest growth (1.1% growth in population).
- Due, in large part, to projected job growth in the Region related to the Rochester Destination Medical Center (DMC) expansion, we expect that the rate of growth in Goodhue County will accelerate over the next several years, climbing 11.2% to 52,824 between 2019 and 2040, adding 2,617 people from 2019 to 2030 (5.5%) and 2,684 people from 2030 to 2040 (5.4%).

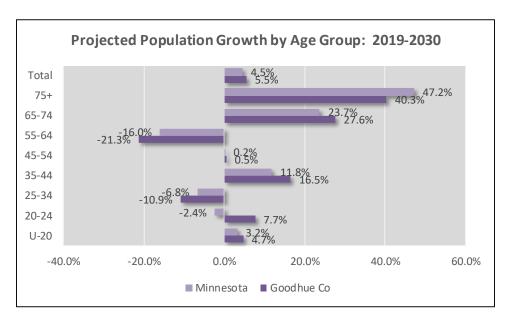


- We anticipate that growth will be strongest in the submarkets located along the major transportation corridors in the County, notably Highway 52, particularly in the communities that are closest to Rochester. Communities that are slightly more isolated in the western portion of the County (i.e. Kenyon and Dennison) are expected to experience slower growth.
- Led by growth in Pine Island, the Southeast Submarket is projected to experience the fastest growth between 2019 and 2040, adding 930 people (9.7%) from 2019 to 2030 and 973 people (9.3%) between 2030 and 2040.
- Much of the expected growth in Southeast Minnesota (5.5% population growth between 2019 and 2030 and 2.4% growth from 2030 to 2040) will be concentrated in Rochester and nearby communities in Olmsted County, although the rate of growth in Goodhue County is forecast to exceed the pace of growth elsewhere in the Region.
- Due to its location between Rochester and the Twin Cities Metro Area, we anticipate that Goodhue County has the potential to capture population and household growth generated by the DMC expansion and from households commuting to the southeastern Twin Cities Metro Area for employment.

Age Distribution

The age distribution of a community's population helps in assessing the type of housing needed. For example, younger and older people are more attracted to higher-density housing located near urban services and entertainment while middle-aged people (particularly those with children) traditionally prefer lower-density single-family homes. Demographic Analysis Table 3 presents the age distribution of the Market Area population from 2000 to 2030. Information from 2000 and 2010 is sourced from the U.S. Census. The 2019 estimates and projections for 2024 were provided by ESRI, while the projections for 2030 were derived by Maxfield Research based on age distribution trend data provided by ESRI and the Minnesota State Demographic Center.

- In 2019, the largest adult cohort by age in Goodhue County is 55 to 64, totaling an estimated 7,370 people (15.5% of the population), followed by the 45 to 54 age group with an estimated 5,859 people (12.3%). By comparison, the 25 to 34 cohort is the largest age group in Minnesota representing 13.6% of the population, followed closely by the 55 to 64 cohort.
- The most rapid growth is expected to occur among older adults in the Market Area. Aging of baby boomers led to an increase of 1,184 people (19%) in the 55 to 64 population in the County between 2010 and 2019. As this group ages, the 65 and older age cohorts are expected to experience increases in the next several years, particularly the 75 and older age group which is projected to grow 40% in the County between 2019 and 2030 while the 65 to 74 age group expands 28%.



Goodhue County is also expected to experience growth in the 35 to 44 age group, expanding nearly 17% between 2019 and 2030, as the peak of the "echo boom" moves into this cohort.

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 3 AGE DISTRIBUTION GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2000 - 2030

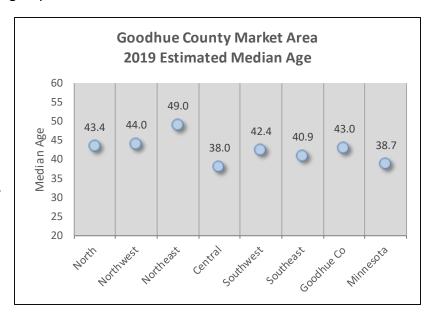
l													
								Char					
	Cens	us	Estimate	Projec	ction	2010-	2019	2019-2024		2024-2030			
Age	2000	2010	2019	2024	2030	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		
Goodhue Count	ty N	∕ledian Age:	43.0	43.2									
Under-20	12,938	11,936	11,331	11,655	11,865	-605	-5.1	324	2.9	210	1.8		
20 to 24	2,047	2,231	2,318	2,143	2,496	87	3.9	-175	-7.5	353	16.5		
25 to 34	4,918	5,288	5,611	5,433	4,998	323	6.1	-178	-3.2	-435	-8.0		
35 to 44	7,372	5,463	5,556	6,059	6,473	93	1.7	503	9.1	414	6.8		
45 to 54	6,296	7,485	5,859	5,464	5,887	-1,626	-21.7	-395	-6.7	423	7.7		
55 to 64	3,952	6,186	7,370	6,758	5,797	1,184	19.1	-612	-8.3	-961	-14.2		
65 to 74	3,136	3,723	5,301	6,102	6,763	1,578	42.4	801	15.1	661	10.8		
75+	3,468	3,871	4,177	4,712	5,861	306	7.9	535	12.8	1,149	24.4		
Total	44,127	46,183	47,523	48,326	50,140	1,340	2.9	803	1.7	1,814	3.8		
North Subma	rket N	/ledian Age:	43.4	43.7									
Under-20	5,550	5,011	4,795	4,928	4,951	-539	-9.7	133	2.8	23	0.5		
20 to 24	993	1,061	984	929	1,072	68	6.8	-55	-5.6	143	15.3		
25 to 34	2,240	2,322	2,469	2,284	2,045	82	3.7	-184	-7.5	-239	-10.5		
35 to 44	3,196	2,359	2,374	2,561	2,662	-837	-26.2	188	7.9	101	3.9		
45 to 54	2,941	3,166	2,468	2,341	2,488	225	7.7	-126	-5.1	146	6.3		
55 to 64	1,772	2,800	3,129	2,848	2,491	1,028	58.0	-281	-9.0	-357	-12.5		
65 to 74	1,455	1,659	2,337	2,697	2,905	204	14.0	361	15.4	208	7.7		
75+	1,595	1,795	1,936	2,152	2,655	200	12.5	216	11.1	503	23.4		
Subtotal	19,742	20,173	20,491	20,741	21,269	431	2.2	250	1.2	528	2.5		
Northwest Su	ıbmarket N	/ledian Age:	44.0	43.8									
Under-20	2,376	2,051	1,889	1,884	1,890	-325	-13.7	-5	-0.3	7	0.3		
20 to 24	350	368	418	380	415	18	5.1	-37	-8.9	35	9.1		
25 to 34	870	843	959	988	934	-27	-3.1	29	3.1	-53	-5.4		
OF 1- 44													
35 to 44	1,395	967	932	1,037	1,162	-428	-30.7	105	11.3	125	12.1		
45 to 54	1,395 1,107	1,474	1,052	930	1,006	367	33.2	-122	-11.6	76	8.2		
45 to 54 55 to 64	1,395 1,107 738	1,474 1,068	1,052 1,402	930 1,284	1,006 1,011	367 330	33.2 44.7	-122 -118	-11.6 -8.4	76 -273	8.2 -21.3		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74	1,395 1,107 738 507	1,474 1,068 635	1,052 1,402 906	930 1,284 1,062	1,006 1,011 1,248	367 330 128	33.2 44.7 25.2	-122 -118 156	-11.6 -8.4 17.3	76 -273 186	8.2 -21.3 17.6		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+	1,395 1,107 738 507 481	1,474 1,068 635 581	1,052 1,402 906 658	930 1,284 1,062 775	1,006 1,011 1,248 966	367 330 128 100	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8	-122 -118 156 117	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7	76 -273 186 191	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215	930 1,284 1,062	1,006 1,011 1,248	367 330 128	33.2 44.7 25.2	-122 -118 156	-11.6 -8.4 17.3	76 -273 186	8.2 -21.3 17.6		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Vledian Age:	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633	367 330 128 100 163	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1	-122 -118 156 117 125	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5	76 -273 186 191 293	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633	367 330 128 100 163	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3	-122 -118 156 117 125	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5	76 -273 186 191 293	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 49.6 1,484 303	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7	-122 -118 156 117 125 31	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24 25 to 34	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260 710	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297 631	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295 685	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 1,484 303 672	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333 646	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2 54	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7 8.5	-122 -118 156 117 125 31 8 -13	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7 -1.9	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31 -26	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9 10.1 -3.9		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260 710 936	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297 631 756	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295 685 673	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 1,484 303 672 718	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333 646 801	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2 54 -83	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7 8.5 -11.0	-122 -118 156 117 125 31 8 -13 45	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7 -1.9 6.7	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31 -26 83	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9 10.1 -3.9 11.5		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260 710 936 939	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297 631 756 958	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295 685 673 878	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 1,484 303 672 718 811	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333 646 801 787	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2 54 -83 -80	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7 8.5 -11.0 -8.3	-122 -118 156 117 125 31 8 -13 45 -68	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7 -1.9 6.7 -7.7	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31 -26 83 -23	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9 10.1 -3.9 11.5 -2.9		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54 55 to 64	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260 710 936 939 712	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297 631 756 958 1,060	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295 685 673 878 1,093	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 1,484 303 672 718 811 1,028	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333 646 801 787 971	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2 54 -83 -80 33	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7 8.5 -11.0 -8.3 3.1	-122 -118 156 117 125 31 8 -13 45 -68 -66	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7 -1.9 6.7 -7.7 -6.0	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31 -26 83 -23 -57	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9 10.1 -3.9 11.5 -2.9 -5.5		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260 710 936 939 712 582	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297 631 756 958 1,060 751	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295 685 673 878 1,093 995	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 1,484 303 672 718 811 1,028 1,071	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333 646 801 787 971 1,115	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2 54 -83 -80 33 244	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7 8.5 -11.0 -8.3 3.1 32.5	-122 -118 156 117 125 31 8 -13 45 -68 -66 75	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7 -1.9 6.7 -7.7 -6.0 7.6	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31 -26 83 -23 -57 44	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9 10.1 -3.9 11.5 -2.9 -5.5 4.1		
45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75+ Subtotal Northeast Sub Under-20 20 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54 55 to 64	1,395 1,107 738 507 481 7,824 bmarket N 1,594 260 710 936 939 712	1,474 1,068 635 581 7,987 Median Age: 1,472 297 631 756 958 1,060	1,052 1,402 906 658 8,215 49.0 1,452 295 685 673 878 1,093	930 1,284 1,062 775 8,340 1,484 303 672 718 811 1,028	1,006 1,011 1,248 966 8,633 1,512 333 646 801 787 971	367 330 128 100 163 -20 -2 54 -83 -80 33	33.2 44.7 25.2 20.8 2.1 -1.3 -0.7 8.5 -11.0 -8.3 3.1	-122 -118 156 117 125 31 8 -13 45 -68 -66	-11.6 -8.4 17.3 17.7 1.5 2.2 2.7 -1.9 6.7 -7.7 -6.0	76 -273 186 191 293 28 31 -26 83 -23 -57	8.2 -21.3 17.6 24.6 3.5 1.9 10.1 -3.9 11.5 -2.9 -5.5		

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DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 3 continued AGE DISTRIBUTION GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2000 - 2030

Age Central Submarke Under-20 20 to 24	Cens 2000	2010	Estimate	Proje	ction	2010-2	019	Chan 2019-2		2024-2	.020
Central Submarke	2000			Proje	ction	2010-2	019	2019-2	024	2024-2	020
Central Submarke		2010									2030
Under-20		2010	2019	2024	2030	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct
	et N	/ledian Age:	38.0	38							
20 to 24	793	920	802	854	901	-118	-12.8	52	6.5	47	5.5
1	130	133	151	124	162	18	13.3	-26	-17.5	38	30.5
25 to 34	292	391	371	377	324	-20	-5.1	6	1.6	-52	-13.9
35 to 44	382	361	388	406	448	27	7.5	18	4.6	42	10.4
45 to 54	288	409	336	336	379	-73	-17.8	0	-0.1	43	12.7
55 to 64	173	284	416	353	286	132	46.5	-63	-15.2	-67	-18.9
65 to 74	160	151	270	317	338	119	79.0	46	17.2	21	6.6
75+	118	148	156	177	231	8	5.2	22	14.0	54	30.4
Subtotal	2,336	2,797	2,890	2,944	3,069	93	3.3	54	1.9	125	4.2
Southwest Subm	arket N	/ledian Age:	42.4	41.7							
Under-20	1,336	1,193	1,108	1,141	1,174	-143	-10.7	33	3.0	33	2.9
20 to 24	193	231	235	217	243	38	19.7	-19	-7.9	26	12.1
25 to 34	525	498	586	583	530	-27	-5.1	-3	-0.6	-53	-9.1
35 to 44	742	598	528	598	682	-144	-19.4	71	13.4	84	14.0
45 to 54	560	698	631	545	539	138	24.6	-86	-13.7	-5	-0.9
55 to 64	401	546	636	634	594	145	36.2	-1	-0.2	-40	-6.3
65 to 74	329	391	478	508	552	62	18.8	30	6.2	44	8.7
75+	410	446	449	474	524	36	8.8	25	5.6	50	10.6
Subtotal	4,496	4,601	4,650	4,699	4,838	105	2.3	49	1.1	139	3.0
Southeast Subma	rket N	/ledian Age:	40.9	41.4							
Under-20	2,407	2,519	2,440	2,576	2,685	112	4.7	136	5.6	109	4.2
20 to 24	327	398	461	433	551	71	21.7	-28	-6.0	118	27.2
25 to 34	827	1,195	1,124	1,087	1,048	368	44.5	-37	-3.3	-39	-3.6
35 to 44	1,376	1,059	1,232	1,349	1,390	-317	-23.0	117	9.5	41	3.0
45 to 54	1,084	1,457	1,145	1,120	1,313	373	34.4	-25	-2.2	193	17.2
55 to 64	628	1,108	1,450	1,324	1,105	480	76.4	-126	-8.7	-219	-16.5
65 to 74	502	617	979	1,144	1,325	115	22.9	165	16.8	181	15.9
75+	635	660	747	845	1,093	25	3.9	98	13.2	248	29.3
Subtotal	7,786	9,013	9,579	9,878	10,509	1,227	15.8	299	3.1	631	6.4
Minnesota	N	/ledian Age:	38.7	39.4							
	1,434,845	1,431,211	1,431,561	1,480,616	1,477,985	350	0.0	49,055	3.4	-2,631	-0.2
20 to 24	322,483	355,651	371,515	365,047	362,447	15,864	4.5	-6,468	-1.7	-2,600	-0.7
25 to 34	673,138	715,586	775,837	788,106	723,261	60,251	8.4	12,269	1.6	-64,845	-8.2
35 to 44	824,182	681,094	722,223	784,782	807,364	41,129	6.0	62,559	8.7	22,582	2.9
45 to 54	665,696	807,898	711,535	691,747	713,132	-96,363	-11.9	-19,788	-2.8	21,385	3.1
55 to 64	404,869	629,364	773,595	744,222	649,566	144,231	22.9	-29,373	-3.8	-94,656	-12.7
65 to 74	295,825	354,427	540,542	633,980	668,711	186,115	52.5	93,438	17.3	34,731	5.5
	298,441	328,694	388,533	468,451	571,837	59,839	18.2	79,918	20.6	103,386	22.1
75+		E 202 025	E 71E 261	E 056 054	E 074 304	444 446		244 640			
	4,919,479	5,303,925	5,715,341	5,956,951	5,974,304	411,416	7.8	241,610	4.2	17,353	0.3

- The County is expected to experience a decline in the middle age cohorts between 2019 and 2030, as the 54 to 64 age group is projected to contract -21% and the 45 to 54 age group holds steady.
- The loss projected for the middle age cohorts is a result of the comparatively small number of people who will move into this age group between 2019 and 2030, a phenomenon known as the "baby bust." The "baby bust" is often referred to the generation of children born between 1965 and 1980, an era when the United States birthrate dropped sharply.
- Contraction is forecast for the younger adult age groups in the County between 2019 and 2024, as the 20 to 24 cohort is projected to decline -7.5% and the 25 to 34 age group is expected to decrease -3.2%. The 20 to 24 age group is projected to expand 17% from 2024 to 2030, while the 25 to 34 age group contracts -8%.
- As depicted in the adjacent chart, with a median age of 43.0, Goodhue County's population is notably older than Minnesota's population (38.7).
- Among the County submarkets, Northeast has the oldest population with a median age of 49.0, while the Central Submarket has the youngest population (median age of 38.0).

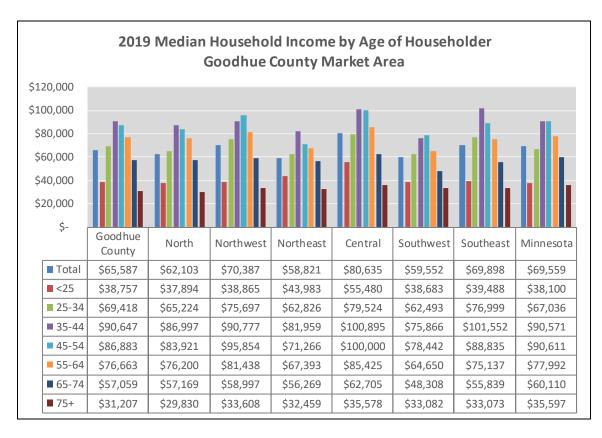


- Based on age distribution projections for the County, it appears there will be growing demand for housing catering to the senior population as well as move-up ownership housing.
 Demand for other housing products will likely be generated by turnover as opposed to household growth.
- Typical housing products sought by households in various age groups include:
 - Rental housing and entry-level ownership housing targeting the young adult (25 to 34) age group;
 - Maintenance-free, single-level housing (ownership or rental) targeting the empty nester population (55 to 74 age group);
 - Move-up ownership housing for family households (age 35 to 54); and,
 - Age-restricted active adult or service-enhanced (i.e. assisted living) housing for seniors.

Household Income

Household income data helps ascertain the demand for different types of owned and rented housing based on the size of the market at specific cost levels. In general, housing costs of up to 30% of income are considered affordable by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Demographic Analysis Tables 4 through 10 present data on household income by age of householder for Goodhue County as well as for the six separate submarkets in 2019 and 2024. The information is estimated by ESRI.

- In 2019, the median household income is estimated to be \$65,587 in Goodhue County; roughly -6% lower than \$69,559 in in Minnesota.
- By 2024, the median household income is projected to climb 17.2% to \$76,836 in Goodhue County, compared to 13.4% growth in Minnesota. The average annual increase of 3.4% in the County will greatly exceed the historical annual inflation rate of 1.7% over the past ten years.
- As households age through the lifecycle, their household incomes tend to peak in their mid-40s to mid-50s. This trend is evident in the County as the age 35 to 44 and 45 to 54 cohorts have the highest estimated income at \$90,647 and \$86,883, respectively, in Goodhue County and \$90,571 and \$90,611, respectively, in Minnesota.



- HUD defines affordable housing cost as less than 30% of a household's adjusted gross income. Generally, housing that is income-restricted to households earning at or below 80% of Area Median Income (AMI) is considered affordable. Individual properties however, may have income restrictions set anywhere from 30% to 80% of AMI.
- Rental housing often targets younger renter households. The median household income in Goodhue County is \$38,757 for the under-25 age group and \$69,418 for the 25 to 34 age group. Households earning the median income for these age groups could afford monthly housing costs estimated at \$969 and \$1,735, respectively. Households in the 35 to 44 age group that may delay buying a home could afford a \$2,266 monthly rent, based on the median household income of \$90,647.
- Based on the median asking rent of \$684 for renter-occupied housing units in the County, a
 household would need to have an annual income of \$27,360 or greater to not exceed 30%
 of its monthly income on rental housing costs. In 2019, an estimated 15,700 households in
 the County (81% of the total) are estimated to have incomes of at least \$27,360.
- New rental housing will likely have to be priced higher than the existing stock of rental housing. If a new apartment unit was priced at \$900 per month, a household would need to have an annual income of roughly \$36,000 or greater to not exceed 30% of its monthly income on rental housing costs. In 2019, an estimated 14,256 County households (74% of the total) are estimated to have incomes of at least \$36,000.
- The median sale price for a home in Goodhue County was \$215,000 through the first nine months of 2019. Assuming that a potential home buyer has good credit and makes a 10% down payment, a household would need to have a minimum annual income of roughly \$53,851 to be income-qualified for a home purchased at the median price in the County. In 2019, an estimated 59% of County households (11,488) have incomes of \$53,851 or higher.
- The data indicates that the existing housing stock, particularly rental housing, in Goodhue County is relatively affordable proportionate to household incomes in the County.
- There appears to be growing demand for housing from age 65 and older and age 35 to 44
 households. Housing demand could be generated by existing households seeking alternatives to their current housing situation (i.e. young family households looking to move to a larger home, renters seeking to purchase a home, empty-nesters that want to downsize).
- A migration of households out of the Twin Cities Metro Area or the Rochester area could also stimulate housing demand in Goodhue County. Several factors could drive this trend, including a housing shortage in Rochester and the Twin Cities, affordability, school district and/or lifestyle preferences. Although, the tight supply of available housing in the County will restrain the potential in-migration of households, particularly from those looking for affordable housing options.

Goodhue County

- Goodhue County is expected to experience household contraction in most age groups between 2019 and 2024, although the senior cohorts are expected to expand. The 65 to 74 age group is projected to increase over 14%, adding 459 households, while the 75 and older age group increases 12% (321 households).
- The 35 to 44 age group is also projected to experience household growth in the County, climbing 9%, adding 249 households.

				ALYSIS TABL				
		HOUSEHOLD		AGE OF HOUS	SEHOLDER			
			GOODHUE					
			2019 &		4			
					of Householde			
-	Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75
			20	19				
Less than \$15,000	1,703	110	180	156	185	324	317	43
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,555	81	129	103	128	266	306	54
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,675	72	192	147	165	251	291	55
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,442	130	366	284	299	395	454	51
\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,270	93	507	448	528	778	605	31
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,597	37	365	445	534	703	404	10
\$100,000 to \$199,999	5,217	85	733	1,169	1,168	1,190	640	23
\$200,000 or more	894	5	109	139	193	249	168	3:
Total	19,353	613	2,581	2,891	3,200	4,156	3,185	2,72
Median Income	\$65,587	\$38,757	\$69,418	\$90,647	\$86,883	\$76,663	\$57,059	\$31,20
			20	24				
Less than \$15,000	1,516	107	151	139	145	241	310	42
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,374	70	102	88	95	196	292	53
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,441	53	146	121	114	175	272	56
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,217	117	316	251	225	301	444	56
\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,063	94	451	424	411	637	665	38
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,554	38	340	452	477	628	476	14
\$100,000 to \$199,999	6,554	120	896	1,513	1,300	1,359	965	40
\$200,000 or more	992	6	111	152	205	252	220	4
Total	19,711	605	2,513	3,140	2,972	3,789	3,644	3,04
Median Income	\$76,836	\$42,960	\$80,340	\$101,957	\$100,570	\$86,791	\$67,094	\$35,179
			Change 20	10 2024				
Less than \$15,000	-187	-3	-29) 19 - 2024 -17	-40	-83	-7	-:
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-181	-11	-27	-15	-33	-70	-14	-1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-234	-19	-46	-26	-51	-76	-19	_
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-225	-13	-50	-33	-74	-94	-10	4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	-207	1	-56	-24	-117	-141	60	7
\$75,000 to \$99,999	-43	1	-25	7	-57	-75	72	3
\$100,000 to \$199,999	1,337	35	163	344	132	169	325	16
\$200,000 or more	98	1	2	13	12	3	52	1.
Total	358	-8	-68	249	-228	-367	459	32
Median Income	\$11,249	\$4,203	\$10,922	\$11,310	\$13,687	\$10,128	\$10,035	\$3,972
Median Income Sources: ESRI; US Census		. ,		. ,	\$13,687	\$10,128	\$10,035	\$3,9

North Submarket

- The North Submarket is projected to experience household growth in the 65 to 74 (15.4%), 75 and older (9.5%), and 35 to 44 (7.8%) age groups, while contraction is expected among all other age groups between 2019 and 2024.
- The median household income is projected to increase 16.9% over the next five years in the Submarket from \$62,103 in 2019 to \$72,583 in 2024, with growth occurring among the upper-income brackets. Contraction is expected among all income brackets below \$100,000.

				IALYSIS TABLE				
		HOUSEHOLD	NORTH SUE		EHOLDEK			
			2019 &					
			2013 Q		of Householde	r		
_	Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75
			20	19				
Less than \$15,000	771	52	75	68	73	137	133	233
\$15,000 to \$24,999	734	44	62	47	60	117	148	250
\$25,000 to \$34,999	839	39	100	74	80	118	132	29
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,097	64	176	137	142	178	189	21:
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,456	44	233	191	229	326	272	16:
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,119	18	145	182	214	302	198	60
\$100,000 to \$199,999	2,221	42	320	482	486	521	277	92
\$200,000 or more	328	1	40	54	68	93	60	12
Total	8,566	304	1,151	1,235	1,352	1,792	1,409	1,32
Median Income	\$62,103	\$37,894	\$65,224	\$86,997	\$83,921	\$76,200	\$57,169	\$29,83
			20	24				
Less than \$15,000	676	50	58	59	60	101	132	21
\$15,000 to \$24,999	643	38	47	40	45	85	144	24
\$25,000 to \$34,999	727	31	75	62	58	80	128	29:
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,007	58	146	125	113	140	190	23.
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,377	45	203	181	183	264	306	19
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,106	18	126	185	197	267	231	8:
\$100,000 to \$199,999	2,772	62	368	621	551	590	415	164
\$200,000 or more	366	1	39	58	74	97	80	1
Total	8,675	303	1,062	1,331	1,281	1,624	1,626	1,440
Median Income	\$72,583	\$42,031	\$75,301	\$100,631	\$97,461	\$86,375	\$65,825	\$33,613
			Change 20	19 - 2024				
Less than \$15,000	-95	-2	-17	-9	-13	-36	-1	-17
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-91	-6	-15	-7	-15	-32	-4	-12
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-112	-8	-25	-12	-22	-38	-4	-:
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-90	-6	-30	-12	-29	-38	1	2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	-79	1	-30	-10	-46	-62	34	3.
\$75,000 to \$99,999	-13	-0	-19	3	-17	-35	33	2:
\$100,000 to \$199,999	551	20	48	139	65	69	138	7:
\$200,000 or more	38	-0	-1	4	6	4	20	į.
Total	109	-1	-89	96	-71	-168	217	12!
Median Income	\$10,480	\$4,137	\$10,077	\$13,634	\$13,540	\$10,175	\$8,656	\$3,783

Northwest Submarket

- The Northwest Submarket is projected to experience 1.9% household growth between 2019 and 2024, with the greatest growth occurring in the 75 and older (16.2%) and 65 to 74 (15.9%) age groups. The 35 to 44 (9.7% growth) and 25 to 34 (4.6% growth) are also projected to expand, while contraction is expected among all other age groups.
- The median household income is projected to increase 13.6% over the next five years, with all of the growth occurring among the upper-income brackets.

		HOUSEHOLD						
				Age	of Householde	r		
	Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75
			20	19				
Less than \$15,000	271	14	32	27	32	56	52	5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	245	14	17	16	16	41	49	9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	221	11	23	26	24	34	37	6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	439	19	63	56	53	67	83	9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	535	14	70	68	83	156	104	3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	400	4	54	65	80	123	63	1
\$100,000 to \$199,999	1,002	15	133	193	223	264	126	4
\$200,000 or more	168	0	22	25	44	47	23	
Total	3,281	91	415	477	556	789	538	41
Median Income	\$70,387	\$38,865	\$75,697	\$90,777	\$95,854	\$81,438	\$58,997	\$33,60
L	25.6	42		24	2.4	42	F.4	-
Less than \$15,000	256	13	33	25	24	42	54	6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	228	11	15	15	13	31	51	9
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	196 401	7 16	20 59	21 48	15 38	23 52	34 81	7 10
	401	16	63	67	61	126	114	4
\$50,000 to \$74,999		4	50		66		72	1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	379	*		67		105		
\$100,000 to \$199,999	1,207	18	168	253	225	282	188	7
\$200,000 or more	180	0	25	27	43	48	29	40
Total	3,342	83	434	523	485	710	624	48
Median Income	\$79,962	\$43,559	\$86,633	\$102,751	\$104,598	\$92,675	\$68,311	\$35,98
			Change 20	19 - 2024				
Less than \$15,000	-15	-1	1	-2	-8	-14	2	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-17	-3	-2	-1	-3	-10	2	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-26	-4	-3	-5	-9	-11	-3	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-38	-3	-4	-8	-15	-15	-2	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	-40	0	-7	-1	-22	-30	10	1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	-21	0	-4	2	-14	-18	9	
\$100,000 to \$199,999	205	3	35	59	1	18	61	2
\$200,000 or more	12	0	3	2	-1	1	6	
Total	61	-8	19	46	-71	-79	86	6
Median Income	\$9,575	\$4,694	\$10,936	\$11,974	\$8,744	\$11,237	\$9,314	\$2,37

Northeast Submarket

- Among the six submarkets, median household incomes are lowest in the Northeast Submarket at \$58,821, and income growth is expected to be slowest, climbing 11.3% over the next five years to \$65,481.
- The Northeast Submarket is projected to experience household growth in the 75 and older (15.0%), under-25 (7.5%), 35 to 44 (7.3%), and 65 to 74 (6.9%) age groups between 2019 and 2024.

		HOUSEHOLD		_				
			2019 &		of Hausahalda			
	Takal	-25	25.24		of Householde		CE 74	7.5
-	Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75
			20:	19				
Less than \$15,000	219	10	20	14	23	49	41	6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	208	8	14	15	18	31	43	7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	347	12	22	17	31	42	73	15
\$35,000 to \$49,999	427	14	54	38	51	74	102	9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	657	20	88	79	132	140	133	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	328	3	38	54	69	87	60	1
\$100,000 to \$199,999	650	10	78	123	130	144	114	5
\$200,000 or more	164	2	16	23	29	42	43	
Total	2,999	79	330	363	483	609	609	52
Median Income	\$58,821	\$43,983	\$62,826	\$81,959	\$71,266	\$67,393	\$56,269	\$32,45
·			202					
Less than \$15,000	178	12	15	12	13	31	34	6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	179	8	11	13	13	22	34	7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	312	10	17	15	23	31	60	15
\$35,000 to \$49,999	394	13	48	34	41	58	93	10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	666	23	88	79	119	130	146	8
\$75,000 to \$99,999	340	3	37	56	65	85	71	2
\$100,000 to \$199,999	817	14	94	155	141	170	163	8
\$200,000 or more	177	2	15	26	26	41	51	1
Total	3,063	85	324	389	440	567	651	60
Median Income	\$65,481	\$49,223	\$68,406	\$92,357	\$78,412	\$77 <i>,</i> 685	\$65,741	\$35,72
			Change 20	19 - 2024				
Less than \$15,000	-41	2	-5	-2	-10	-18	-7	-
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-29	-0	-3	-2	-5	-9	-9	-
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-34	-2	-5	-2	-8	-11	-13	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-33	-1	-6	-4	-10	-16	-9	1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	9	3	-0	-0	-13	-10	13	1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	13	-0	-1	2	-4	-2	11	_
\$100,000 to \$199,999	167	4	16	32	11	26	49	3
\$200,000 or more	13	-0	-1	3	-3	-1	8	
Total	64	6	-5	26	-43	-42	42	7
Median Income	\$6,660	\$5,240	\$5,580	\$10,398	\$7,146	\$10,292	\$9,472	\$3,26

Central Submarket

- At \$80,635, the median household income is highest in the Central Submarket, roughly 23% higher than the Goodhue County median.
- Household growth is projected between 2019 and 2024 in most age groups in the Submarket, including 65 to 74 (16.6%), age 75 and older (14.6%), 35 to 44 (4.9%), 45 to 54 (2.4%), and 25 to 34 (2.1%). The under-25 and 55 to 64 age groups are projected to contract.

			INCOME BY CENTRAL SU					
			2019 &					
	Total	<25	25-34	Age 35-44	of Householde 45-54	er 55-64	65 -74	75+
	iotai	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	/5+
			20	19				
Less than \$15,000	40	1	5	2	4	10	12	6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	58	4	7	5	5	11	11	15
\$25,000 to \$34,999	83	1	8	7	7	12	16	32
\$35,000 to \$49,999	106	5	16	13	12	16	20	25
\$50,000 to \$74,999	183	5	34	28	31	41	29	16
\$75,000 to \$99,999	171	4	31	39	32	42	20	4
\$100,000 to \$199,999	328	5	48	92	73	69	32	10
\$200,000 or more	66	0	6	7	18	21	13	1
Total	1,034	25	154	193	181	221	152	108
Median Income	\$80,635	\$55,480	\$79,524	\$100,895	\$100,000	\$85,425	\$62,705	\$35,578
			20	24				
Less than \$15,000	34	1	3	2 4 3	4	6	11	6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	52	3	7	4	4	6	10	18
\$25,000 to \$34,999	66	1	6	4	5	6	13	31
\$35,000 to \$49,999	97	5	15	11	11	9	18	28
\$50,000 to \$74,999	164	5	28	25	25	31	32	18
. , . ,		4						
\$75,000 to \$99,999	162 410	5	30 62	36 112	30 88	33 74	25 50	4
\$100,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more	70	0	6	7	18	20	18	18
Total	1,056	24	157	202	185	185	177	124
	<u> </u>							
Median Income	\$91,739	\$57,598	\$89,312	\$105,193	\$108,295	\$100,863	\$78,497	\$37,662
			Change 20	019 - 2024				
Less than \$15,000	-6	0	-2	1	0	-4	-1	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-6	-1	0	-1	-1	-5	-1	3
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-16	0	-2	-3	-2	-6	-3	-1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-9	0	-1	-2	-1	-7	-2	3
\$50,000 to \$74,999	-19	0	-6	-3	-6	-10	3	2
\$75,000 to \$99,999	-9	0	-1	-3	-2	-9	5	0
\$100,000 to \$199,999	82	0	14	20	16	6	18	8
\$200,000 or more	5	0	0	0	0	-1	5	0
Total	22	-1	3	10	4	-35	25	16
Median Income	\$11,104	\$2,118	\$9,788	\$4,298	\$8,295	\$15,438	\$15,792	\$2,084
Sources: ESRI; US Census	s Bureau; Max	field Research	n & Consulti	ng, LLC				

Southwest Submarket

- The median household income is projected to increase a modest 11.7% over the next five years in the Southwest Submarket, with growth occurring among the upper-income (\$100,000 and higher) as well as the middle-income (\$75,000 to \$99,999) brackets.
- Modest household growth is projected among most age groups in the Submarket, with the strongest growth occurring in the 35 to 44 cohort (13.5%) while the 45 to 54 age group contracts -12.4%.

		HOUSEHOLD		_				
				Age o	of Householde	r		
	Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75
			20:	19				
Less than \$15,000	191	16	25	17	22	34	42	3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	146	4	14	9	14	25	22	5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	205	9	25	21	23	30	35	6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	221	11	32	24	28	29	40	5
\$50,000 to \$74,999	385	9	68	65	79	81	54	3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	272	8	43	50	64	63	30	1
\$100,000 to \$199,999	404	7	62	81	109	70	41	3
\$200,000 or more	55	1	5	9	15	16	7	
Total	1,879	64	273	274	352	348	272	29
Median Income	\$59,552	\$38,683	\$62,493	\$75,866	\$78,442	\$64,650	\$48,308	\$33,08
			202	24				
Less than \$15,000	176	18	21	18	18	29	38	3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	131	4	12	10	10	20	19	5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	177	6	22	18	17	24	32	5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	202	9	28	22	23	25	40	5
\$50,000 to \$74,999	369	8	64	67	62	76	58	3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	275	9	46	55	54	64	32	1
\$100,000 to \$199,999	514	9	83	111	110	92	58	5
\$200,000 to \$155,555	63	2	4	11	15	18	9	J
Total	1,907	64	280	311	308	347	285	31
Median Income	\$66,542	\$41,318	\$71,448	\$82,732	\$84,398	\$75,133	\$54,525	\$35,63
iviculari income	700,342	341,310	₹71, 44 0	702,732	704,330	773,133	734,323	733,03
			Change 20					
Less than \$15,000	-15	2	-4	1	-4	-6	-5	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-14	0	-2	1	-4	-5	-3	-
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-28	-3	-3	-3	-6	-7	-4	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-20	-2	-5	-2	-5	-5	-1	-
\$50,000 to \$74,999	-17	-1	-4	2	-16	-5	4	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2	1	3	5	-10	1	1	
\$100,000 to \$199,999	110	2	21	30	1	22	17	1
\$200,000 or more	8	1	-1	2	0	2	2	
Total	28	0	6	37	-44	-1	12	1
Median Income	\$6,990	\$2,635	\$8,955	\$6,866	\$5,956	\$10,483	\$6,217	\$2,55

Southeast Submarket

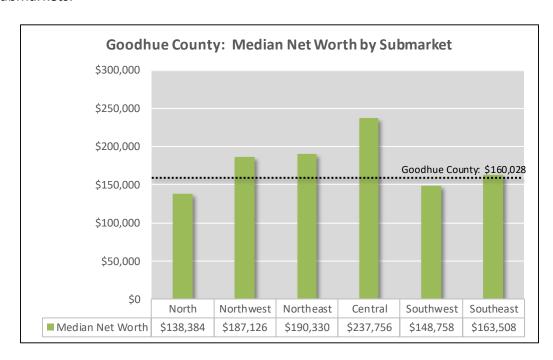
- Among the six submarkets, the pace of household growth is projected to be fastest in the Southeast Submarket between 2019 and 2024, climbing 3.1%. Growth is projected for the 65 to 74 (15.7%), 75 and older (14.3%), 35 to 44 (9.5%), and under-25 (1.5%) age groups.
- The median household income is expected to increase 18.3% over the next five years (the strongest growth among the six submarkets), from \$69,898 in 2019 to \$82,662 in 2024, with all of the growth occurring among the upper-income brackets.

				ALYSIS TABLE				
		9	OUTHEAST S	UBMARKET				
			2019 &	2024				
				Age	of Householde	r		
	Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75
			20	19				
Less than \$15,000	346	24	39	39	45	67	62	7
\$15,000 to \$24,999	315	14	27	24	31	61	60	9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	264	10	31	22	28	47	52	7-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	463	30	64	48	53	82	87	9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	615	21	98	86	88	149	117	50
\$75,000 to \$99,999	508	3	84	90	112	131	70	18
\$100,000 to \$199,999	1,086	16	161	302	233	226	109	40
\$200,000 or more	212	2	32	40	41	51	39	
Total	3,808	120	536	651	631	814	596	462
Median Income	\$69,898	\$39,488	\$76,999	\$101,552	\$88,835	\$75,137	\$55,839	\$33,073
			20	24				
Less than \$15,000	302	22	32	32	38	48	58	73
\$15,000 to \$24,999	273	12	21	20	23	47	54	97
\$25,000 to \$34,999	220	8	22	16	19	35	48	73
\$35,000 to \$49,999	417	27	58	41	39	60	84	109
\$50,000 to \$74,999	571	21	84	79	71	119	128	7(
\$75,000 to \$99,999	499	3	79	88	103	115	86	26
\$100,000 to \$199,999	1,397	27	198	392	271	261	179	69
\$200,000 or more	245	2	33	45	49	51	54	12
Total	3,925	122	527	712	612	735	689	528
Median Income	\$82,662	\$44,267	\$88,087	\$106,702	\$102,038	\$86,065	\$68,141	\$37,093
			Change 20)19 - 2024				
Less than \$15,000	-44	-2	-7	-7	-7	-19	-4	3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-42	-2	-6	-4	-8	-14	-6	-:
\$25,000 to \$34,999	-43	-2	-9	-6	-9	-12	-4	-:
\$35,000 to \$49,999	-46	-3	-6	-7	-14	-22	-3	10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	-44	-0	-14	-7	-17	-30	11	14
\$75,000 to \$99,999	-9	-0	-5	-2	-9	-16	16	
\$100,000 to \$199,999	311	11	38	90	38	35	70	2
\$200,000 or more	33	-0	1	5	8	-0	15	
Total	117	2	-9	62	-18	-78	94	60
Median Income	\$12,764	\$4,779	\$11,088	\$5,150	\$13,203	\$10,928	\$12,302	\$4,020

Net Worth

Demographic Analysis Table 11 shows the estimated net worth by age of household in Goodhue County and the respective submarkets compared to Minnesota in 2019. Household net worth data was estimated by ESRI based on the Federal Reserve Board "Survey of Consumer Finances".

- In 2019, the median net worth for households in Goodhue County is estimated to be \$160,028 compared to \$173,414 in Minnesota.
- In the County, median net worth was highest for households in the age 65 to 74 cohort at \$294,447, followed by the 55 to 64 age group at \$270,449.
- The net worth distribution of households in Goodhue County shows concentrations of net worth at the low and high ends of the spectrum. The largest concentration (24%) of households has an estimated net worth of \$500,000 or more, while 19% of households have a net worth of less than \$15,000.
- By comparison 27% of households in Minnesota have a net worth of \$500,000 or more, while 19% have an estimated net worth of less than \$15,000.
- The following graph depicts the median net worth of households in Goodhue County by submarket. As shown, the median net worth is highest for households in the Central, Northeast, and Northwest submarkets and lowest in the North, Southwest, and Southeast Submarkets.



DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 11 ESTIMATED NET WORTH BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2019

					Age	of Househo	lder		
	Total	% of Total	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 -74	75+
			GOOL	DHUE COUN	TY				
Less than \$15,000	3,594	18.6%	357	867	632	525	541	363	309
\$15,000 to \$34,999	1,292	6.7%	112	273	242	211	191	158	105
\$35,000 to \$49,999	703	3.6%	36	147	129	95	137	94	65
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,123	5.8%	23	283	216	115	127	138	221
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,083	5.6%	26	218	239	194	147	107	152
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,549	8.0%	31	249	278	261	346	210	174
\$150,000 to \$249,999	2,343	12.1%	22	249	386	465	504	388	329
\$250,000 to \$499,999	3,034	15.7%	4	207	524	606	644	502	547
\$500,000 or more	4,632	23.9%	2	88	245	728	1,519	1,225	825
Total	19,353	100%	613	2,581	2,891	3,200	4,156	3,185	2,727
Median Net Worth	\$160,028		\$12,878	\$50,223	\$98,393	\$183,255	-	\$294,447	\$252,126
			NODE	LL CLIDA 4 A DI	/FT				
Less than \$15,000	1,764	20.6%		H SUBMARK	295	228	242	164	100
		20.6%	201 52	445	119	99	242 93	164	189
\$15,000 to \$34,999	627	7.3%		134					62 38
\$35,000 to \$49,999	339	4.0%	16 7	73	61	45 57	61	45 56	117
\$50,000 to \$74,999	519	6.1%		121	100		61		
\$75,000 to \$99,999	472	5.5%	10	83	106	89	66	50	68
\$100,000 to \$149,999	685	8.0%	12	89	113	125	160	104	82
\$150,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	1,015	11.8%	7	96	146	202 240	230	175 223	159
	1,256	14.7%		80	207		264		241
\$500,000 or more	1,884	22.0%	0	29	90	264	615	523	363
Total	8,566	100%	306 \$11,418	1,150	1,237 \$83,893	1,349	1,792	1,408	1,319
Median Net Worth	\$138,384		\$11,410	\$34,032	303,033	\$160,744	\$239,694	\$279,935	\$206,293
			NORTHW	VEST SUBMA	ARKET				
Less than \$15,000	554	16.9%	49	127	99	89	93	61	36
\$15,000 to \$34,999	196	6.0%	17	35	39	33	31	27	14
\$35,000 to \$49,999	102	3.1%	6	22	18	13	23		8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	183	5.6%	3					12	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	174		3	52	33	16	21	12 25	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1/7	5.3%	4	52 32	33 40	29			33 30
\$150,000 to \$249,999	250						21	25	33 30
7130,000 10 7243,333		5.3%	4 6 5	32	40	29	21 23	25 16	33 30 25 46
\$250,000 to \$499,999	250	5.3% 7.6%	4 6	32 39	40 52	29 41	21 23 55	25 16 32	33 30 25 46
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	250 383 538 891	5.3% 7.6% 11.7%	4 6 5 1	32 39 42 45 17	40 52 63	29 41 81 101 152	21 23 55 88 127 321	25 16 32 58 94 219	33 30 25 46 87 137
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total	250 383 538 891 3,281	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4%	4 6 5 1 0 91	32 39 42 45 17 411	40 52 63 83 45 472	29 41 81 101 152 555	21 23 55 88 127 321 782	25 16 32 58 94 219	33 30 25 46 87 137 416
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	250 383 538 891	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2%	4 6 5 1	32 39 42 45 17	40 52 63 83 45	29 41 81 101 152	21 23 55 88 127 321 782	25 16 32 58 94 219	33 30 25 46 87 137
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total	250 383 538 891 3,281	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929	32 39 42 45 17 411	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045	29 41 81 101 152 555	21 23 55 88 127 321 782	25 16 32 58 94 219	33 30 25 46 87 137 416
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total	250 383 538 891 3,281	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045	29 41 81 101 152 555	21 23 55 88 127 321 782	25 16 32 58 94 219	33 30 25 46 87 137 416
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126 425 171 106	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7% 3.5%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39 19	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35 19	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30 20	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126 425 171 106 166	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7% 3.5% 5.5%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39 19 6	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35 19 40	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30 20 27	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311 39 19 13 21	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532 33 13 9
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126 425 171 106 166 167	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7% 3.5% 5.5% 5.6%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39 19 6 5	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35 19 40 41	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30 20 27 31	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917 65 32 16 18 31	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311 39 19 13 21	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532 33 13 9 34 24
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126 425 171 106 166 167 235 458	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7% 3.5% 5.5% 5.6% 7.8% 15.3%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39 19 6 5 3	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35 19 40 41 34 30	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30 20 27 31 44	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917 65 32 16 18 31 41	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311 39 19 13 21 16 32 103	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532 33 13 9 34 24 32 80
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$75,000 to \$74,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126 425 171 106 166 167 235	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7% 3.5% 5.5% 5.6% 7.8%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39 19 6 5 3	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35 19 40 41 34	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30 20 27 31 44 63	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917 65 32 16 18 31 41	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532 33 13 9 34 24 32 80 129
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Total Median Net Worth Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$249,999	250 383 538 891 3,281 \$187,126 425 171 106 166 167 235 458 520	5.3% 7.6% 11.7% 16.4% 27.2% 100% 14.2% 5.7% 3.5% 5.5% 5.6% 7.8% 15.3% 17.3%	4 6 5 1 0 91 \$13,929 NORTHE 39 19 6 5 3 3 2	32 39 42 45 17 411 \$58,387 AST SUBMA 104 35 19 40 41 34 30 16	40 52 63 83 45 472 \$105,045 RKET 65 30 20 27 31 44 63 53	29 41 81 101 152 555 \$210,917 65 32 16 18 31 41 92 96	21 23 55 88 127 321 782 \$331,765	25 16 32 58 94 219 544 \$328,311 39 19 13 21 16 32 103 119	33 30 25 46 87 137 416 \$277,532

Data Note: Net Worth is total household wealth minus debt, secured and unsecured. Net worth includes home equity, equity in pension plans, net equity in vehicles, IRAs and Keogh accounts, business equity, interest-earning assets and mutual fund shares, stocks, etc. Examples of secured debt include home mortgages and vehicle loans; examples of unsecured debt include credit card debt, certain bank loans, and other outstanding bills. Forecasts of net worth are based on the Survey of Consumer Finances, Federal Reserve Board. Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding.

Sources: ESRI; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

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DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 11 continued ESTIMATED NET WORTH BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2019

					٨٥٥	of Househo	ldou		
	Total	% of Total	<25	25-34	35-44	of Househo	55-64	65 -74	75+
			CENTR	AL SUBMAR	KET				
Less than \$15,000	97	9.4%	11	31	18	13	14	9	1
\$15,000 to \$34,999	51	4.9%	5	18	11	6	5	5	1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	31	3.0%	2	9	8	5	3	3	1
	55	5.3%	3	17	16	6	5	5	3
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	57			17		11	6	4	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999		5.5%	1	23	17 19	14		8	6
	87	8.4%			-		16		
\$150,000 to \$249,999	153	14.8%	1	20	35	31	23	24	19
\$250,000 to \$499,999	199	19.2%	0	16	50	40	38	23	32
\$500,000 or more	300	29.0%	0	5	18	57	111	72	37
Total	1,034	100%	24	156	192	183	221	153	101
Median Net Worth	\$237,756		\$17,249	\$78,538	\$163,567	\$269,768	\$504,007	\$429,671	\$353,765
			SOUTHW	EST SUBMA	ARKET				
Less than \$15,000	351	18.7%	27	90	63	57	51	43	20
\$15,000 to \$34,999	136	7.2%	13	34	24	26	15	18	6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	82	4.4%	4	15	15	15	14	13	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	117	6.2%	4	27	21	15	12	16	22
\$75,000 to \$99,999	120	6.4%	5	34	19	23	14	10	15
\$100,000 to \$149,999	163	8.7%	4	34	29	26	35	14	21
\$150,000 to \$249,999	251	13.4%	1	25	49	58	39	40	39
\$250,000 to \$499,999	308	16.4%	1	16	39	74	70	43	65
\$500,000 or more	380	20.2%	1	4	15	67	105	77	111
Total	1,879	100%	60	279	274	361	355	274	305
Median Net Worth	\$148,758		\$17,625	\$50,340	\$92,355	\$173,348	\$241,156	\$197,592	\$310,124
			SOUTHE	AST SUBMA	RKET				
Less than \$15,000	697	18.3%	58	146	145	119	108	73	48
\$15,000 to \$34,999	243	6.4%	23	49	42	39	37	33	20
\$35,000 to \$49,999	133	3.5%	9	27	25	15	28	19	10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	216	5.7%	5	57	41	22	26	28	37
\$75,000 to \$99,999	220	5.8%	5	50	50	34	30	22	29
\$100,000 to \$149,999	309	8.1%	7	62	54	46	66	42	32
\$150,000 to \$249,999	451	11.8%	7	67	86	77	98	66	50
\$250,000 to \$499,999	619	16.3%	1	49	141	124	122	90	92
\$500,000 or more	915	24.0%	1	29	73	153	295	221	143
Total	3,808	100%	116	536	657	629	810	594	461
Median Net Worth	\$163,508		\$15,000	\$68,900	\$120,098	\$191,912	\$265,055	\$274,490	\$256,837
			M	INNESOTA					
Less than \$15,000	432,927	19.3%	61,895	127,801	78,038	56,111	53,049	31,039	24,994
\$15,000 to \$34,999	146,027	6.5%	12,643	38,606	30,410	24,018	17,229	14,031	9,090
\$35,000 to \$49,999	74,445	3.3%	4,303	17,246	16,301	11,083	12,713	7,908	4,891
\$50,000 to \$74,999	111,427	5.0%	3,219	33,249	22,746	13,222	12,240	12,136	14,615
\$75,000 to \$99,999	112,839	5.0%	4,178	30,759	23,588	19,210	13,511	10,755	10,838
\$100,000 to \$149,999	163,639	7.3%	2,935	35,521	34,141	24,887	29,726	20,024	16,405
\$150,000 to \$249,999	253,954	11.3%	2,077	32,105	51,318	53,767	47,595	37,939	29,153
\$250,000 to \$499,999	335,147	15.0%	551	26,889	63,007	70,086	71,934	54,944	47,736
\$500,000 or more	608,921	27.2%	722	14,058	60,337	118,125	183,269	135,119	97,291
Total	2,239,335	100%	92,523	356,234	379,886	390,509	441,266	323,895	255,013
Median Net Worth	\$173,414		\$11,211	\$44,424	\$123,985	\$232,008	\$339,061	\$346,080	\$312,627

Data Note: Net Worth is total household wealth minus debt, secured and unsecured. Net worth includes home equity, equity in pension plans, net equity in vehicles, IRAs and Keogh accounts, business equity, interest-earning assets and mutual fund shares, stocks, etc. Examples of secured debt include home mortgages and vehicle loans; examples of unsecured debt include credit card debt, certain bank loans, and other outstanding bills. Forecasts of net worth are based on the Survey of Consumer Finances, Federal Reserve Board. Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding.

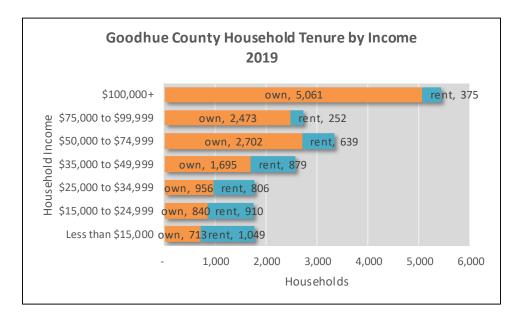
Sources: ESRI; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Household Tenure by Income

Demographic Analysis Table 12 shows estimated household tenure by income in 2019. Data is based on information from the 2013-2017 American Community Survey, the most recent data available, and adjusted by Maxfield Research to reflect current year estimates.

As stated earlier, the HUD determines affordable housing as not exceeding 30% of the household's income. The higher the income, the lower the percentage a household typically allocates to housing. Many lower income households, as well as many young and senior households, spend more than 30% of their income on housing, while middle-aged households in their prime earning years typically allocate 20% to 25% of their income to housing.

• Typically, as income increases, so does the rate of homeownership. This can be seen in Goodhue County, where the homeownership rate increases from 41% of households with incomes below \$15,000 to 93% of households with incomes above \$100,000.



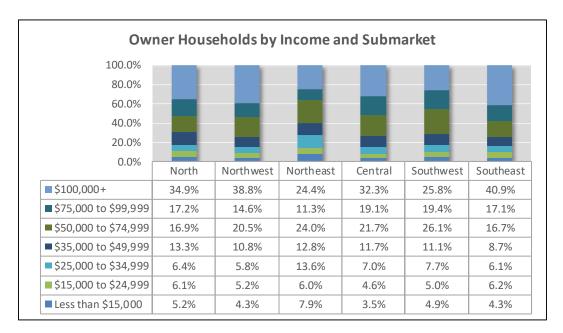
- A portion of renter households that are referred to as lifestyle renters (those who are financially able to own but choose to rent) often have household incomes of \$50,000 or higher and rent newer apartments, although lifestyle renters could also have lower incomes and be living in older apartments.
- An estimated 26% of renter households in the County have incomes of \$50,000 or more compared to 35% of households in Minnesota. This data suggests that the proportion of lifestyle renters residing in Goodhue County is somewhat low relative to the State, likely due, in part, to a limited supply of modern rental housing units in the County.
- An estimated 1,049 renter households have incomes less than \$15,000, which represents roughly 21% of all renter households in the County compared to 20% in Minnesota.

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 12 TENURE BY HOUSEHOLD INCOME GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2019

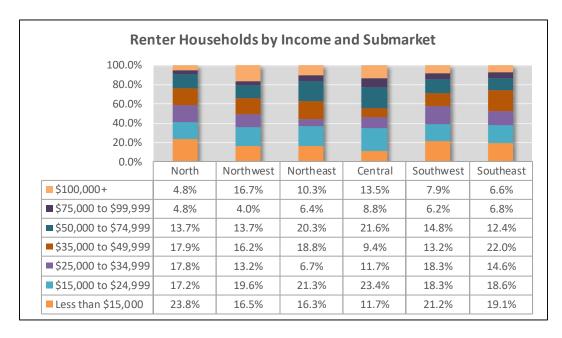
	Goodhue 0						Goodhi	ue Coun	ity Subma	rkets						
	Goodhu	e Co.	Nor	th	North	west	North	east	Cent	ral	South	west	South	east	Minnesc	ota
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Owner Households																
Less than \$15,000	713	40.5	312	33.5	113	51.2	187	64.4	31	61.5	71	43.2	122	39.6	68,087	34.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999	840	48.0	363	44.8	136	51.4	143	51.4	40	51.2	72	47.1	177	49.5	87,724	47.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	956	54.3	381	45.2	153	63.8	322	88.3	61	76.2	111	57.9	172	54.7	105,240	56.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,695	65.8	791	62.9	285	72.8	303	71.8	101	86.9	159	73.2	246	53.4	176,074	63.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,702	80.9	1,011	73.9	537	85.7	568	81.5	189	84.2	376	85.2	473	79.6	303,784	73.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,473	90.7	1,024	89.2	384	93.5	266	86.7	167	92.1	279	91.1	486	88.1	257,286	82.1
\$100,000+	5,061	93.1	2,084	94.3	1,018	90.3	576	89.8	281	92.7	372	91.4	1,159	94.8	605,531	91.2
Subtotal:	14,441	74.6	5,966	69.6	2,626	80.0	2,364	78.8	870	84.2	1,439	76.6	2,834	74.4	1,603,726	71.6
Renter Households																
Less than \$15,000	1,049	59.5	619	66.5	108	48.8	103	35.6	19	38.5	93	56.8	186	60.4	127,648	65.2
\$15,000 to \$24,999	910	52.0	446	55.2	129	48.6	135	48.6	38	48.8	81	52.9	181	50.5	98,918	53.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	806	45.7	463	54.8	87	36.2	43	11.7	19	23.8	81	42.1	143	45.3	82,817	44.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	879	34.2	466	37.1	106	27.2	119	28.2	15	13.1	58	26.8	214	46.6	101,815	36.6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	639	19.1	357	26.1	90	14.3	129	18.5	35	15.8	65	14.8	121	20.4	109,902	26.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	252	9.3	124	10.8	27	6.5	41	13.3	14	7.9	27	8.9	66	11.9	56,035	17.9
\$100,000+	375	6.9	125	5.7	109	9.7	66	10.2	22	7.3	35	8.6	64	5.2	58,473	8.8
Subtotal:	4,912	25.4	2,600	30.4	655	20.0	635	21.2	164	15.8	440	23.4	974	25.6	635,609	28.4
Total Households	19,353	100	8,566	100	3,281	100	2,999	100	1,034	100	1,879	100	3,808	100	2,239,335	100

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; American Community Survey; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- The following graphs depict the proportion of owner and renter households by income range for each submarket in Goodhue County.
- The Southeast Submarket has the highest proportion of owner households with incomes of \$100,000 or more (40.9% of all owner households), while the Northeast Submarket has the lowest proportion (24.4%).



 Most submarkets have relatively high proportions of renter households with incomes below \$15,000, ranging from 12% of all renter households in the Central Submarket to 24% of all renter households in the North. The Central Submarket has the highest proportion of lifestyle renters, at 44%, followed by the Northeast at 37%.

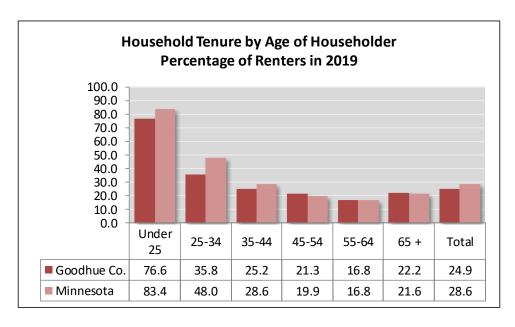


Household Tenure by Age

Demographic Analysis Table 13 shows household tenure by age of householder for the Goodhue County Market Area in 2010 and 2019. Data for 2010 is obtained from the Decennial Census, while the 2019 information is sourced from the 2013-2017 American Community Survey and adjusted by Maxfield Research to reflect current year data. The table shows the number and percent of renter- and owner-occupied housing units in the County. All data excludes unoccupied units and group quarters such as dormitories and nursing homes.

Household tenure information is important in understanding households' preferences to rent or own their housing. In addition to preferences, factors that contribute to these proportions include mortgage interest rates, household age, and lifestyle considerations, among others.

- In Goodhue County, 25% of all households rent in 2019, giving it a rental rate that was lower than Minnesota (29% of households rent).
- Within the prime ownership years (35 to 64), 79% of households in Goodhue County own in 2019, equal to the 79% home ownership rate in Minnesota.
- Typically, the youngest and oldest households rent their housing in greater proportions than middle-age households. This pattern is apparent among the younger households as 44% of the population under the age of 35 rents in Goodhue County compared to 55% of Minnesota householders under the age of 35.



• Roughly 77% of households under age 25 rent in Goodhue County in 2019, slightly lower than Minnesota (83%). An estimated 36% of County households age 25 to 34 rent in 2019.

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 13 TENURE BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2010 & 2019

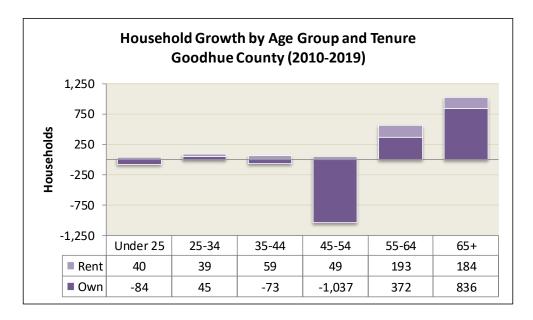
										Goodh	ue Coun	ty Subma	rkets				
			Goodhue	County			North Su	bmarket		No	rthwest	Submarke	et	No	ortheast S	ubmarke	t
		201	.0	201	.9	201	.0	201	L 9	201	.0	201	19	201	LO	201	.9
Age		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Under 25	Own	228	34.7	144	23.4	86	25.1	49	16.1	38	40.9	43	47.0	34	37.8	39	48.8
	Rent	429	65.3	469	76.6	256	74.9	255	83.9	55	59.1	48	53.0	56	62.2	40	51.2
	Total	65 <u>7</u>	100.0	613	100.0	342	100.0	304	100.0	93	100.0	91	100.0	90	100.0	79	100.0
25-34	Own	1,613	64.6	1,658	64.2	618	56.0	789	68.5	261	69.0	249	60.1	203	65.9	146	44.2
	Rent	884	35.4	923	35.8	486	44.0	362	31.5	117	166	39.9	105	34.1	184	55.8	
	Total	2,497	100.0	2,581	100.0	1,104	100.0	1,151	100.0	378	415	100.0	308	100.0	330	100.0	
35-44	Own	2,236	77.0	2,163	74.8	897	71.8	826	66.9	408	80.3	404	84.7	309	75.2	267	73.6
	Rent	669	23.0	728	25.2										24.8	96	26.4
	Total	2,905	100.0	2,891	100.0	1,250	100.0	1,235	100.0	508	100.0	477	100.0	411	100.0	363	100.0
45-54	Own	3,557	84.9	2,520	78.7	1,438	81.2	1,085	80.3	712	88.4	456	82.1	445	83.5	377	78.0
	Rent	631	15.1	680	21.3	332	18.8	267	19.7	93	11.6	100	17.9	88	16.5	106	22.0
	Total	4,188	100.0	3,200	100.0	1,770	100.0	1,352	100.0	805	100.0	556	100.0	533	100.0	483	100.0
55-64	Own	3,084	85.9	3,456	83.2	1,368	83.1	1,330	74.2	542	87.7	732	92.8	516	86.0	526	86.4
	Rent	507	14.1	700	16.8	279	16.9	462	25.8	76	12.3	57	7.2	84	14.0	83	13.6
	Total	3,591	100.0	4,156	100.0	1,647	100.0	1,792	100.0	618	100.0	789	100.0	600	100.0	609	100.0
65 +	Own	3,761	76.9	4,597	77.8	1,646	71.9	2,010	73.6	619	80.4	772	81.0	781	82.8	982	86.5
	Rent	1,131	23.1	1,315	22.2	644	28.1	722	26.4	151	19.6	181	19.0	162	17.2	153	13.5
	Total	4,892	100.0	5,912	100.0	2,290	100.0	2,732	100.0	770	100.0	953	100.0	943	100.0	1,135	100.0
TOTAL	Own	14,479	77.3	14,538	75.1	6,053	72.0	6,090	71.1	2,580	81.3	2,657	81.0	2,288	79.3	2,337	77.9
	Rent	4,251	22.7	4,815	24.9	2,350	28.0	2,476	28.9	592	18.7	624	19.0	597	20.7	662	22.1
	Total	18,730	100.0	19,353	100.0	8,403	100.0	8,566	100.0	3,172	100.0	3,281	100.0	2,885	100.0	2,999	100.0
Sources: l	J.S. Cens	sus Bureau	u; ESRI; N	/laxfield R	esearch	& Consulti	ng, LLC			-							

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DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 13 continued TENURE BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2010 & 2019

						Goodh											
		С	entral Su	bmarket		Sou	uthwest_	Submark	et	So	utheast <u>s</u>	Submarke	et		Minn	esota	
		201	10	201	L9	20:	10	20:	19	20:	LO	20:	L9	2010)	2019	
Age		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Under 25	Own	19	55.9	18	70.0	34	52.3	11	17.1	52	44.8	27	22.5	19,639	19.8	15,370	16.6
	Rent	15	44.1	8	30.0	31	47.7	53	82.9	64	55.2	93	77.5	79,588	80.2	77,153	83.4
	Total	34	100.0	25	100.0	65	100.0	64	100.0	116	100.0	120	100.0	99,227	100.0	92,523	100.0
25-34	Own	126	73.3	109	71.1	170	72.0	153	56.0	432	73.1	362	67.5	192,401	56.1	185,405	52.0
	Rent	46	26.7	45	28.9	66	28.0	120	44.0	159	26.9	174	32.5	150,477	43.9	170,830	48.0
	Total	172	100.0	154	100.0	236	100.0	273	100.0	591	100.0	536	100.0	342,878	100.0	356,235	100.0
35-44	Own	168	84.8	159	82.5	250	80.4	203	74.3	473	81.1	495	76.0	276,241	75.0	271,129	71.4
	Rent	30	15.2	34	17.5	61	19.6	71	25.7	110	18.9	156	24.0	91,851	25.0	108,759	28.6
	Total	198	100.0	193	100.0	311	100.0	274	100.0	583	100.0	651	100.0	368,092	100.0	379,888	100.0
45-54	Own	210	87.1	166	91.8	351	87.8	268	76.1	718	86.5	446	70.7	374,959	81.7	312,758	80.1
	Rent	31	12.9	15	8.2	49	12.3	84	23.9	112	13.5	185	29.3	83,878	18.3	77,753	19.9
	Total	241	100.0	181	100.0	400	100.0	352	100.0	830	100.0	631	100.0	458,837	100.0	390,511	100.0
55-64	Own	140	87.5	203	91.8	283	91.3	328	94.3	557	86.5	702	86.2	317,264	84.7	367,022	83.2
	Rent	20	12.5	18	8.2	27	8.7	20	5.7	87	13.5	112	13.8	57,304	15.3	74,246	16.8
	Total	160	100.0	221	100.0	310	100.0	348	100.0	644	100.0	814	100.0	374,568	100.0	441,268	100.0
65 +	Own	169	88.5	226	87.0	431	82.4	458	80.7	633	77.4	814	77.1	343,355	77.4	453,678	78.4
	Rent	22	11.5	34	13.0	92	17.6	110	19.3	185	22.6	242	22.9	100,270	22.6	125,232	21.6
	Total	191	100.0	260	100.0	523	100.0	568	100.0	818	100.0	1,056	100.0	443,625	100.0	578,910	100.0
TOTAL	Own	832	83.5	882	85.3	1,519	82.3	1,422	75.7	2,865	80.0	2,846	74.7	1,523,859	73.0	1,605,362	71.7
	Rent	164	16.5	152	14.7	326	17.7	457	24.3	717	20.0	962	25.3	563,368	27.0	633,973	28.3
	Total	996	100.0	1,034	100.0	1,845	100.0	1,879	100.0	3,582	100.0	3,808	100.0	2,087,227	100.0	2,239,335	100.0
Sources: I	J.S. Cens	us Burea	u; ESRI; N	Maxfield I	Research	n & Consu	Iting, LLC										

- The total number of renter households residing in Goodhue County grew by 564 households between 2010 and 2019, an increase of 13.3%, while the number of owner-occupied households expanded by 59 (0.4%).
- As depicted in the following chart, the largest overall increases occurred in the 65 and older age group in Goodhue County between 2010 and 2019, as 184 renter households were added (16% increase) while 836 owner households were added (22%). The 55 to 64 age group added 372 owner households (12% growth) while 193 renter households were added (38%).



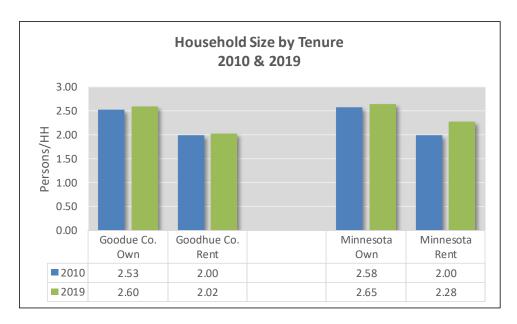
- Renter household growth occurred in all age groups in Goodhue County. Owner household growth occurred in the oldest cohorts, as the 55 to 64 age group experienced 12% growth in owner households and the 65 and older age group expanded 22%. The 25 to 34 age group also experienced modest growth in owner households, expanding 3%.
- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, the strongest owner household growth occurred in the Northwest Submarket with an increase of 77 households (3.0% growth) and the Central Submarket, adding 50 households (6.0% growth).
- The Southeast Submarket experienced the strongest renter household growth, adding 245 households for a 34.2% gain, followed by the North Submarket which added 126 households (5.4% increase) and the Southwest, adding 131 households (40.2% growth).

Tenure by Household Size

Demographic Analysis Table 14 shows household tenure by size of household in the Market Area during 2010 and 2019 from the U.S. Census and American Community Survey, with adjustments made by Maxfield Research to reflect current year data. The tables show the number and percent of renter- and owner-occupied housing units. All data excludes unoccupied units and group quarters such as nursing homes.

Household size for renters tends to be smaller than for owners. This is a result of the typical market segments for rental housing, including households that are younger and less likely to be married with children, as well as older adults and seniors who choose to downsize from their single-family homes.

- In 2010, the average renter household in Goodhue County contained two people, while the average owner household included 2.53 people. By 2019, average owner household sizes increased to 2.60 people while average renter household sizes increased to 2.02.
- As depicted in the following chart, average household sizes in Goodhue County are smaller than in Minnesota, as the average size of owner households is 2.65 compared to 2.28 for renter households in Minnesota.



- The number of one- and three-person households in Goodhue County contracted while the largest growth occurred in the number of two-person households.
- In 2019, 26% of households in Goodhue County are single-person households while 38% are comprised of two people. An estimated 13% are three-person households, another 13% of the households consist of four people and 6% have five people. Six- and seven-person households represent 2% and 1%, respectively of all households in the County.

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 14 TENURE BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2010 & 2019

										Goodh	ue Coun	ty Submar	kets				
			Goodhue	County			Noi	th			North	west			North	east	
	İ	201	.0	201	.9	201	.0	201	9	201	0	201	.9	201	.0	201	L 9
HH Size	Ī	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
1-Person	Own	2,959	58.2	2,715	53.6	1,284	51.5	1,063	46.0	480	62.0	400	55.3	532	65.5	658	72.4
	Rent	2,121	41.8	2,354	46.4	1,207	48.5	1,248	54.0	294	38.0	324	44.7	280	34.5	251	27.6
	Total	5,080	100	5,069	100	2,491	100	2,310	100	774	100	724	100	812	100	909	100
2-Person	Own	6,001	85.8	6,086	82.5	2,564	82.1	2,534	77.3	1,073	88.2	1,287	91.2	1,084	86.6	1,151	84.5
	Rent	997	14.2	1,287	17.5	559	17.9	744	22.7	143	11.8	124	8.8	168	13.4	210	15.5
	Total	6,998	100	7,372	100	3,123	100	3,278	100	1,216	100	1,411	100	1,252	100	1,361	100
3-Person	Own	2,198	80.7	2,005	77.0	924	77.1	847	80.7	398	84.1	316	69.4	293	82.3	262	87.7
	Rent	526	19.3	599	23.0	275	22.9	202	19.3	75	15.9	140	30.6	63	17.7	37	12.3
	Total	2,724	100	2,604	100	1,199	100	1,049	100	473	100	456	100	356	100	299	100
4-Person	Own	2,024	84.9	2,193	85.4	797	81.7	910	80.6	383	88.5	408	98.3	235	83.0	182	69.3
	Rent	360	15.1	375	14.6	178	18.3	220	19.4	50	11.5	7	1.7	48	17.0	80	30.7
	Total	2,384	100	2,568	100	975	100	1,130	100	433	100	415	100	283	100	262	100
5-Person	Own	892	85.4	966	87.5	340	80.8	413	82.7	153	87.9	139	82.9	94	79.7	78	58.1
	Rent	153	14.6	138	12.5	81	19.2	86	17.3	21	12.1	29	17.1	24	20.3	57	41.9
	Total	1,045	100	1,104	100	421	100	499	100	174	100	167	100	118	100	135	100
6-Person	Own	287	84.9	346	78.6	91	79.1	131	72.9	73	96.1	64	67.7	39	83.0	33	100.0
	Rent	51	15.1	94	21.4	24	20.9	49	27.1	3	3.9	31	32.3	8	17.0	0	0.0
	Total	338	100	440	100	115	100	180	100	76	100	95	100	47	100	33	100
7-Person	Own	118	73.3	130	0.0	53	67.1	68	57.3	20	76.9	10	83.3	11	64.7	0	0.0
	Rent	43	26.7	65	0.0	26	32.9	51	42.7	6	23.1	2	16.7	6	35.3	0	0.0
	Total	161	100	195	0	79	100	119	100	26	100	12	100	17	100	0	
TOTAL	Own	14,479	77.3	14,441	74.6	6,053	72.0	5,966	69.6	2,580	81.3	2,626	80.0	2,288	79.3	2,364	78.8
	Rent	4,251	22.7	4,912	25.4	2,350	28.0	2,600	30.4	592	18.7	655	20.0	597	20.7	635	21.2
	Total	18,730	100	19,353	100	8,403	100	8,566	100	3,172	100	3,281	100	2,885	100	2,999	100
Avg. HH Size	Own	2.53		2.60		2.48		2.62		2.59		2.56		2.32		2.14	
J	Rent	2.00		2.02		1.95		2.04		1.98		2.07		2.02		2.18	

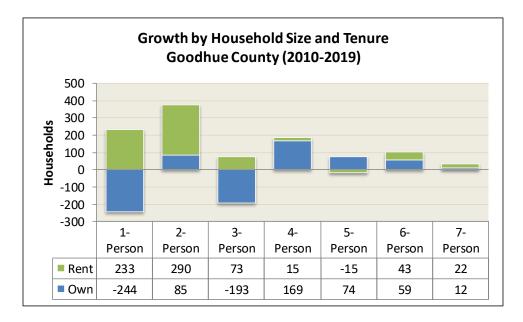
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; ESRI; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

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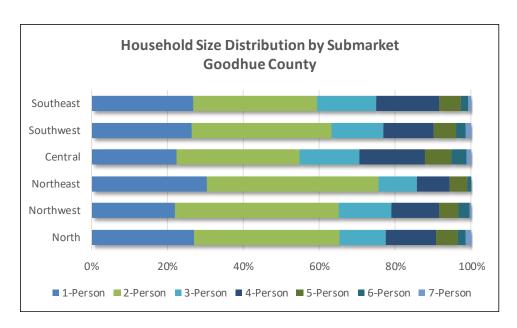
DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 14 continued TENURE BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2010 & 2019

	2	Cer	ntral													
	2					South	west			South	east			Minn	esota	
		010	201	19	201	.0	201	19	201	LO	201	L 9	2010		2019	
HH Size	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
1-Person Ow	/n 14	72.4	173	75.1	342	69.1	315	63.7	556	61.2	536	52.7	329,955	56.5	352,560	55.6
Rer		_	57	24.9	153	30.9	180	36.3	353	38.8	482	47.3	254,053	43.5	281,173	44.4
Tota	al 20	100	231	100	495	100	494	100	909	100	1,017	100	584,008	100	633,733	100
2-Person Ow			287	85.7	604	89.3	580	83.5	1,125	87.0	1,006	80.6	581,481	80.3	630,217	79.0
Rer			48	14.3	72	10.7	115	16.5	168	13.0	242	19.4	142,905	19.7	167,543	21.0
Tota	al 32	100	335	100	676	100	694	100	1,293	100	1,247	100	724,386	100	797,761	100
3-Person Ow	/n 12	81.9	133	81.8	226	85.0	186	72.7	459	83.5	462	77.9	236,596	76.9	238,263	75.0
Rer			30	18.2	40	15.0	70	27.3	91	16.5	131	22.1	71,198	23.1	79,236	25.0
Tota	al 14	100	163	100	266	100	256	100	550	100	593	100	307,794	100	317,499	100
4-Person Ow	/n 15	86.4	154	86.6	193	82.8	194	77.5	456	87.7	542	86.0	224,564	81.8	229,923	79.9
Rer	nt 2	13.6	24	13.4	40	17.2	56	22.5	64	12.3	88	14.0	50,057	18.2	57,940	20.1
Tota	al 17	100	178	100	233	100	251	100	520	100	630	100	274,621	100	287,862	100
5-Person Ow	/n 7:	. 85.5	71	98.7	111	89.5	101	92.0	197	89.1	200	91.9	98,018	79.7	100,070	78.0
Rer			1	1.3	13	10.5	9	8.0	24	10.9	18	8.1	24,984	20.3	28,296	22.0
Tota	al 8	100	72	100	124	100	110	100	221	100	217	100	123,002	100	128,366	100
6-Person Ow	/n 3:	91.7	38	90.9	32	84.2	38	81.3	52	77.6	69	95.9	33,229	75.1	33,519	72.3
Rer		_	4	9.1	6	15.8	9	18.8	15	22.4	3	4.1	11,029	24.9	12,823	27.7
Tota	al 3	100	42	100	38	100	47	100	67	100	72	100	44,258	100	46,343	100
7-Person Ow	/n 1	68.4	13	0.0	11	84.6	25	92.9	20	90.9	21	65.6	20,016	68.6	19,173	69.0
Rer	-		0	0.0	2	15.4	2	7.1	2	9.1	11	34.4	9,142	31.4	8,598	31.0
Tota	al 1	100	13	0	13	100	27	100	22	100	31	100	29,158	100	27,771	100
TOTAL Ow	/n 83	83.5	870	84.2	1,519	82.3	1,439	76.6	2,865	80.0	2,834	74.4	1,523,859	73.0	1,603,726	71.6
Rer	nt 16	16.5	164	15.8	326	17.7	440	23.4	717	20.0	974	25.6	563,368	27.0	635,609	28.4
Tota	al 99	100	1,034	100	1,845	100	1,879	100	3,582	100	3,808	100	2,087,227	100	2,239,335	100
Avg. HH Size Ow	/n 2.8		2.81		2.52		2.58		2.60		2.70		2.58		2.55	
Rer			2.23		2.12		2.17		2.01		1.94		2.15		2.15	
Sources: U.S. Cen	nsus Bure	au; ESRI; N	/laxfield Re	esearch 8	k Consulti	ng, LLC										

Between 2010 and 2019, the largest increase occurred in the number of two-person households in the County, climbing 5.3% with the addition of 374 households. Four-person households increased 7.7% (184 households). These gains were partially offset by a -4.4% decline in the number of three-person households (-120 households).



- Smaller households comprise the greatest proportion of renter households in the County in 2019 as 48% of the renter households are single-person households and 26% are two-person households. A similar pattern exists in Minnesota, as the proportion of one-person households is 44% and two-person households comprise 26% of renter households.
- As depicted in the following chart, two-person households were the most common household size across each submarket, followed by one-person households.



Household Type

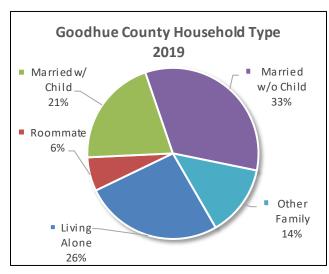
Demographic Analysis Table 15 shows household type trends in Goodhue County and its submarkets compared to Minnesota in 2010 and 2019. Data for 2010 is obtained from the Decennial Census, while the 2019 information is based on 2013-2017 American Community Survey data and adjusted by Maxfield Research to reflect current year estimates.

Shifting household types can stimulate demand for a variety of housing products. Married couple families typically generate demand for single-family detached ownership housing, while married couples without children often desire multifamily housing for convenience reasons. Married couple families without children are generally made up of younger couples that have not had children (and may not have children) and older couples with adult children that have moved out of the home. Other family households, defined as a male or female householder with no spouse present (typically single-parent households), often require affordable housing. Changes in non-family households (households living alone and households composed of unrelated roommates) will drive demand for rental housing.

- In 2019, family households comprise 67% of all households in Goodhue County compared to 65% in Minnesota. Family households experienced modest growth between 2010 and 2019 in the County, increasing 2.8% (355 households), while the presence of family households increased 7.2% in the State.
- Goodhue County experienced a 2.7% increase in the number of married couples with children after adding 106 households between 2010 and 2019, while the number of married couples without children held relatively steady, adding 14 households (0.2%). Other family households expanded 10.0% (236 households).
- Between 2010 and 2019, non-family households increased 4.4% (268 households) in the County, compared to 7.5% growth in Minnesota. The number of single-person households decreased -0.2% (-11 households) in the County between 2010 and 2019, while the number

of roommate households expanded 29.0% (279 households).

- Married couples without children are the most common household type in Goodhue County in 2019 (33.4%), followed by single-person households (26.2%).
- Married couples without children are also the most common household type in Minnesota (30.4%) in 2019, followed closely by single-person households (28.3%).

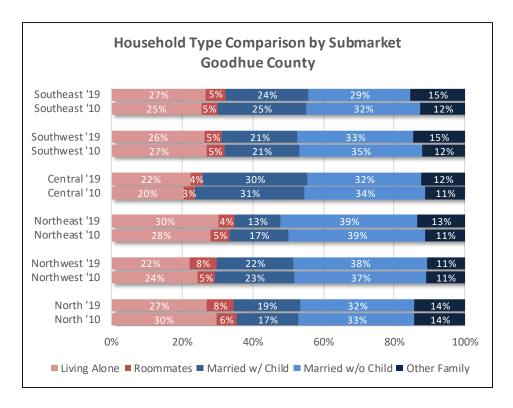


DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 15 HOUSEHOLD TYPE GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2010 & 2019

							God	dhue Cou	nty Subma	rkets							
	Goodl	nue Co.	No	orth	Nort	hwest	Nor	theast	Cei	ntral	Sout	hwest	Sout	heast	Minn	esota	
	2010	2019	2010	2019	2010	2019	2010	2019	2010	2019	2010	2019	2010	2019	2010	2019	
Total Households	18,730	19,353	8,403	8,566	3,172	3,281	2,885	2,999	996	1,034	1,845	1,879	3,582	3,808	2,087,227	2,239,335	
Non-Family Households	6,041	6,309	2,981	2,970	925	977	965	1,041	235	267	588	587	1,078	1,227	738,212	793,544	
Living Alone	5,080	5,069	2,491	2,310	774	724	812	909	203	231	495	494	909	1,017	584,008	633,733	
Other (Roommates)	961	1,240	490	660	151	253	153	132	32	36	93	93	169	209	154,204	159,811	
Family Households	12,689	13,044	5,422	5,596	2,247	2,304	1,920	1,958	761	767	1,257	1,292	2,504	2,581	1,349,015	1,445,791	
Married w/ Children	3,864	3,970	1,468	1,604	721	712	480	397	310	306	394	403	894	900	443,212	461,798	
Married w/o Children	6,456	6,470	2,765	2,778	1,181	1,240	1,121	1,157	340	333	642	613	1,163	1,095	617,297	681,166	
Other Family	2,369	2,605	1,189	1,214	345	352	319	404	111	127	221	276	447	586	288,506	302,827	
Change (2010-2019)																	
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	
Total Households	623	3.3%	163	1.9%	109	3.4%	114	4.0%	38	3.8%	34	1.8%	226	6.3%	152,108	7.3%	
Non-Family Households	268	4.4%	-11	-0.4%	52	5.6%	76	7.9%	32	13.7%	-1	-0.1%	149	13.8%	55,332	7.5%	
Living Alone	-11	-0.2%	-181	-7.3%	-50	-6.5%	97	12.0%	28	13.7%	-1	-0.1%	108	11.9%	49,725	8.5%	
Other (Roommates)	279	29.0%	170	34.7%	102	67.7%	-21	-13.7%	4	13.7%	0	0.2%	40	23.9%	5,607	3.6%	
Family Households	355	2.8%	174	3.2%	57	2.5%	38	2.0%	6	0.8%	35	2.7%	77	3.1%	96,776	7.2%	
Married w/ Children	106	2.7%	136	9.2%	-9	-1.3%	-83	-17.3%	-4	-1.2%	9	2.3%	6	0.7%	18,586	4.2%	
Married w/o Children	14	0.2%	13	0.5%	59	5.0%	36	3.2%	-7	-2.0%	-29	-4.6%	-68	-5.8%	63,869	10.3%	
Other Family	236	10.0%	25	2.1%	7	2.1%	85	26.7%	16	14.7%	55	24.8%	139	31.1%	14,321	5.0%	

Sources: U.S. Census; ESRI; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

 The following chart depicts changes in household type distribution in 2019 compared to 2010 by submarket in Goodhue County. As shown, all submarkets experienced increases in the proportion of family households between 2010 and 2019, with the fastest growth occurring in the North (3.2% growth), Southeast (3.1% growth), and Southwest (2.7% growth) Submarkets.



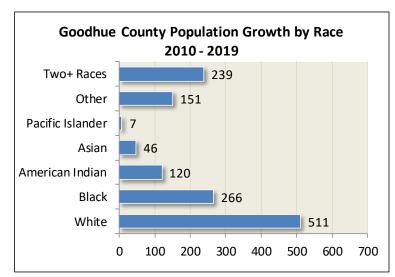
- The proportion of non-family households expanded in all but the North and Southwest Submarkets, with the Southeast (13.8%), Central (13.7%), and Northeast (7.9%) Submarkets experiencing the greatest growth.
- Married couple without children households are the most common household type in all six submarkets, particularly the Northeast (39% of all households) and Northwest (38%). Growth in the number of married couple without children households occurred in the Northwest (2.9%), Northeast (3.9%), and Central (2.4%) Submarkets. Contraction occurred in the North (-1.2%), Southwest (-1.7%), and Southeast (-4.2%) Submarkets.
- Married couples with children are the second most common household type in the Central Submarket (30%), while single-person households are the second most common in the Northeast (30%), North (27%), Southeast (27%), Southwest (26%), and Northwest (22%) Submarkets.
- The proportion of married couple with children households has the greatest variation among the six Goodhue County submarkets, ranging from a low of 13% of all households in the Northeast Submarket to 30% of all households in the Central Submarket.

Race and Ethnicity

Demographic Analysis Table 16 on the following pages displays the breakdown of the Market Area population by race and ethnicity. This data is useful in that it illustrates shifts in the demographic characteristics of the Market Area population from 2010 to 2019. Data for 2010 is obtained from the Decennial Census, while the 2019 estimate is sourced from ESRI.

Federal standards mandate that race and ethnicity are separate and distinct identities and Census results are based on self-identification. A person may be categorized as one of two ethnic categories; "Hispanic or Latino" origin or "Not Hispanic or Latino." In addition, a person can self-identify as having one or more racial identity, including; "White," "Black or African American," "American Indian or Alaska Native," "Asian," and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander." Respondents could also identify as being "Some Other Race."

- As of 2019, White people comprised the largest proportion of the Goodhue County population, at an estimated 93.0% compared to 82.2% in Minnesota. In the County, people identified as Two or More Races or Black Alone were the second and third most populous groups with 958 people (2.0%) and 711 people (1.5%), respectively.
- Based on 2013-2017 American Community Survey estimates, approximately 76% of White households in Goodhue County own while the remaining 24% rent. The home ownership rate drops to 41% for all other races in the County (59% rent).
- Based on ESRI's estimates, all races experienced population growth between 2010 and 2019 in Goodhue County, notably the Black population which added 266 people (60%) and Two or More Races, adding 239 people (33%).
- A similar trend occurred across Minnesota, as population growth occurred among all races.



• The number of people self-identifying as being of Hispanic or Latino origin expanded in the County between 2010 and 2019, adding 371 people (28% growth).

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 16 POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY RACE & ETHNICITY GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA

		201	n	201	Q	Change ('10 - '19)
		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
	Population by Race	46,183	100.0%	47,523	100.0%	1,340	2.9%
	White Alone	43,684	94.6%	44,195	93.0%	511	1.2%
	Black Alone	445	1.0%	711	1.5%	266	59.8%
Int)	American Indian Alone	533	1.2%	653	1.4%	120	22.5%
Col	Asian Alone	274	0.6%	320	0.7%	46	16.8%
ne (Pacific Islander Alone	17	0.0%	24	0.1%	7	41.2%
두	Some Other Race Alone	511	1.1%	662	1.4%	151	29.5%
Goodhue County	Two or More Races	719	1.6%	958	2.0%	239	33.2%
U	Population by Ethnicity	46,183	100.0%	47,523	100.0%	1,340	2.9%
	Hispanic or Latino	1,342	2.9%	1,713	3.6%	371	27.6%
	Not Hispanic or Latino	44,841	97.1%	45,810	96.4%	969	2.2%
	Population by Race	20,173	100.0%	20,491	100.0%	318	1.6%
	White Alone	18,607	92.2%	18,422	89.9%	-185	-1.0%
et	Black Alone	315	1.6%	495	2.4%	180	57.1%
arke	American Indian Alone	448	2.2%	519	2.5%	71	15.8%
North Submarket	Asian Alone	146	0.7%	169	0.8%	23	15.7%
Suk	Pacific Islander Alone	10	0.0%	13	0.1%	3	30.0%
th	Some Other Race Alone	222	1.1%	321	1.6%	99	44.6%
100	Two or More Races	425	2.1%	552	2.7%	127	29.9%
	Population by Ethnicity	20,173	100.0%	20,491	100.0%	318	1.6%
	Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino	647	3.2%	879	4.3%	232 86	35.9%
	NOT HISPAINC OF LATING	19,526	96.8%	19,612	95.7%	00	0.4%
	·		100.00/		100.00/		2.00/
	Population by Race	7,987	100.0%	8,215	100.0%	228	2.9%
et	Population by Race White Alone	7,987 7,718	96.6%	8,215 7,852	95.6%	134	1.7%
arket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone	7,987 7,718 36	96.6% 0.5%	8,215 7,852 59	95.6% 0.7%	134 23	1.7% 63.9%
bmarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33	96.6% 0.5% 0.4%	8,215 7,852 59 43	95.6% 0.7% 0.5%	134 23 10	1.7% 63.9% 30.3%
Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6%	134 23 10 6	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6%
est Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0%	134 23 10 6 1	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0%
hwest Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8%	134 23 10 6	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9%
orthwest Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0%	134 23 10 6 1	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0%
Northwest Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7%
Northwest Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7%
Northwest Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 2.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 2.0% 98.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 2.0% 98.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6% 100.0%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 2.3%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0% 100.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526 52	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6% 100.0% 94.9% 0.8%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 2.3% 79.3%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29 16	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0% 96.1% 0.4% 0.2% 0.7% 0.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526 52 27 65 0	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6% 100.0% 0.8% 0.4% 0.9% 0.0%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 79.3% 68.7% 35.4%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29 16 48 0 70	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0% 100.0% 0.4% 0.2% 0.7% 0.0% 1.1%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526 52 27 65 0 62	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6% 100.0% 94.9% 0.8% 0.4% 0.9% 0.0% 0.9%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23 11 17 0 -8	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 79.3% 68.7% 35.4%11.4%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29 16 48 0 70 99	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0% 100.0% 96.1% 0.4% 0.2% 0.7% 0.0% 1.1% 1.5%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,526 52 27 65 0 62 148	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 97.6% 100.0% 94.9% 0.8% 0.4% 0.9% 0.0% 0.9% 2.2%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23 11 17 0 -8 49	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 2.3% 79.3% 68.7% 35.4%11.4% 49.5%
Northeast Submarket Northwest Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29 16 48 0 70 99 6,644	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 2.0% 98.0% 100.0% 0.4% 0.2% 0.7% 0.0% 1.1% 1.5% 100.0%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526 52 27 65 0 62 148 6,880	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6% 100.0% 0.8% 0.4% 0.9% 0.0% 0.9% 2.2% 100.0%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23 11 17 0 -8 49	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 79.3% 68.7% 35.4%11.4% 49.5% 3.6%
	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29 16 48 0 70 99 6,644 186	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0% 96.1% 0.4% 0.2% 0.7% 0.0% 1.1% 1.5% 100.0% 2.8%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526 52 27 65 0 62 148 6,880 173	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 2.4% 97.6% 100.0% 0.4% 0.9% 0.0% 0.9% 2.2% 100.0% 2.5%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23 11 17 0 -8 49 236 -13	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 79.3% 68.7% 35.4%11.4% 49.5% 3.6% -7.0%
Northeast Submarket	Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Population by Race White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone Asian Alone Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races Population by Ethnicity	7,987 7,718 36 33 41 1 52 106 7,987 156 7,831 6,644 6,382 29 16 48 0 70 99 6,644 186 6,458	96.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.5% 0.0% 0.7% 1.3% 100.0% 98.0% 100.0% 96.1% 0.4% 0.2% 0.7% 0.0% 1.1% 1.5% 100.0% 2.8% 97.2%	8,215 7,852 59 43 47 2 66 146 8,215 199 8,016 6,880 6,526 52 27 65 0 62 148 6,880 173 6,707	95.6% 0.7% 0.5% 0.6% 0.0% 0.8% 1.8% 100.0% 97.6% 100.0% 94.9% 0.8% 0.4% 0.9% 0.0% 0.9% 2.2% 100.0% 2.5% 97.5%	134 23 10 6 1 14 40 228 43 185 236 144 23 11 17 0 -8 49	1.7% 63.9% 30.3% 14.6% 100.0% 26.9% 37.7% 2.9% 27.6% 2.4% 3.6% 79.3% 68.7% 35.4%11.4% 49.5% 3.6%

----- continued -----

DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS TABLE 16 continued POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY RACE & ETHNICITY GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA

		201	.0	201	.9	Change ('10 - '19)
		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
	Population by Race	2,797	100.0%	2,890	100.0%	93	3.3%
	White Alone	2,632	94.1%	2,679	92.7%	47	1.8%
et	Black Alone	4	0.1%	8	0.3%	4	100.0%
ark	American Indian Alone	13	0.5%	31	1.1%	18	138.5%
mq	Asian Alone	5	0.2%	8	0.3%	3	60.0%
Su	Pacific Islander Alone	4	0.1%	6	0.2%	2	50.0%
tra	Some Other Race Alone	118	4.2%	121	4.2%	3	2.5%
Central Submarket	Two or More Races	21	0.8%	37	1.3%	16	76.2%
	Population by Ethnicity Hispanic or Latino	2,797	100.0% 7.4%	2,890 217	100.0% 7.5%	93	3.3% 5.3%
	Not Hispanic or Latino	206 2,591	7.4% 92.6%	2,673	7.5% 92.5%	11 82	3.3%
	·						
	Population by Race	4,601	100.0%	4,650	100.0%	49	1.1%
et	White Alone Black Alone	4,452 21	96.8% 0.5%	4,455 34	95.8% 0.7%	3 13	0.1% 62.0%
ark	American Indian Alone	4	0.5%	54	0.7%	1 1	25.1%
шq	Asian Alone	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	0	0.0%
Su	Pacific Islander Alone	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.070
est	Some Other Race Alone	87	1.9%	113	2.4%	26	29.9%
λ	Two or More Races	24	0.5%	30	0.6%	6	25.1%
Southwest Submarket	Population by Ethnicity	4,601	100.0%	4,650	100.0%	49	1.1%
S	Hispanic or Latino	186	4.0%	238	5.1%	52	28.0%
	Not Hispanic or Latino	4,415	96.0%	4,412	94.9%	-3	-0.1%
	Population by Race	9,013	100.0%	9,579	100.0%	566	6.3%
ı,	White Alone	8,705	96.6%	9,137	95.4%	432	5.0%
rke	Black Alone	58	0.6%	103	1.1%	45	77.5%
ma	American Indian Alone	30	0.3%	45	0.5%	15	50.0%
qn	Asian Alone	65	0.7%	78	0.8%	13	20.0%
st S	Pacific Islander Alone	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	4	99.9%
hea	Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races	28	0.3%	40	0.4%	12	42.8%
Southeast Submarket	Population by Ethnicity	9,013	1.4% 100.0%	168 9,579	1.8% 100.0%	45 566	36.5% 6.3%
Š	Hispanic or Latino	136	1.5%	175	1.8%	39	28.6%
	Not Hispanic or Latino	8,877	98.5%	9,404	98.2%	527	5.9%
	Population by Race	5,303,925	100.0%	5,715,341	100.0%	411,416	7.8%
	White Alone	4,524,062	85.3%	4,657,461	81.5%	133,399	2.9%
	Black Alone	274,412	5.2%	388,669	6.8%	114,257	41.6%
	American Indian Alone	60,916	1.1%	69,043	1.2%	8,127	13.3%
Minnesota	Asian Alone	214,234	4.0%	299,826	5.2%	85,592	40.0%
nes	Pacific Islander Alone	2,156	0.0%	3,227	0.1%	1,071	49.7%
۸in	Some Other Race Alone	103,000	1.9%	130,019	2.3%	27,019	26.2%
	Two or More Races	125,145	2.4%	167,096	2.9%	41,951	33.5%
	Population by Ethnicity	5,303,925	100.0%	5,715,341	100.0%	411,416	7.8%
	Hispanic or Latino	250,258	4.7%	321,362	5.6%	71,104	28.4%
	Not Hispanic or Latino	5,053,667	95.3%	5,393,979	94.4%	340,312	6.7%
Soi	ırces: US Census Bureau; ESR	I; Maxfield Re	esearch & (Consulting, LL	C		

School District Enrollment

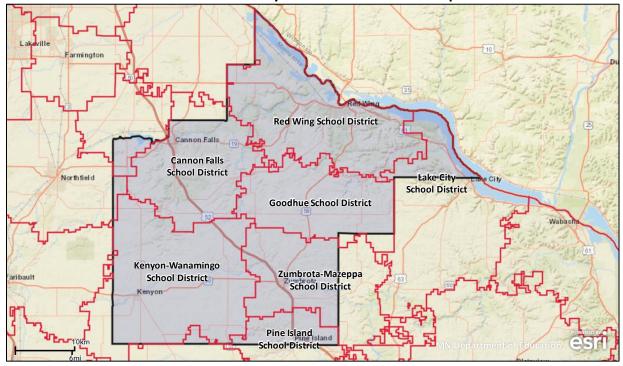
The following data summarizes enrollment in the various public school districts located in Goodhue County. Data is sourced from the Minnesota Department of Education.

- As shown in the following figure, Red Wing is the largest school district in the County in the 2019-2020 school year with 2,681 students, followed by Pine Island (1,369), Zumbrota-Mazeppa (1,248), and Lake City (1,207).
- Between the 2009-2010 and 2019-2020 school years, student enrollment expanded 17% in Zumbrota-Mazeppa and 11% in Pine Island. All other school districts in Goodhue County experienced contraction between 2010 and 2020.

Goodhu	e County Pub	lic School Distri	ct Enrollment T	rends							
		Enrollment (all grades)									
District Name District # 2019-2020 2009-2010 Change ('10-'20)											
Cannon Falls	252	1,162	1,253	-91	-7.3%						
Goodhue	253	682	698	-16	-2.3%						
Kenyon-Wanamingo	2172	750	852	-102	-12.0%						
Lake City	813	1,207	1,304	-97	-7.4%						
Pine Island	255	1,369	1,230	139	11.3%						
Red Wing	256	2,681	2,840	-159	-5.6%						
Zumbrota-Mazeppa	2805	1,248	1,068	180	16.9%						

Sources: MN Department of Education; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Goodhue County Public School District Map



Introduction

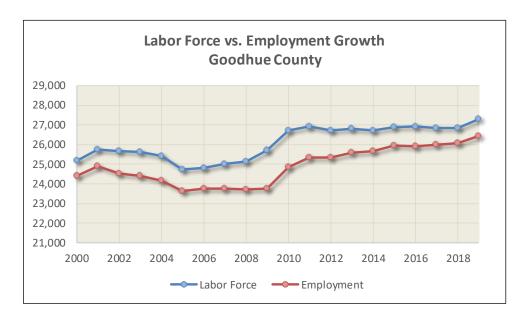
Employment characteristics are important components in assessing housing needs in any given market area. These trends are important to consider since employment growth generally fuels household growth. Typically, households prefer to live near work for convenience, which is a primary factor in choosing a housing location. Many households commute greater distances to work provided their housing is affordable enough to offset the additional transportation costs. Often, in less densely-populated areas, people will choose to live further from their place of work because they prefer a rural lifestyle (i.e. they want to live on a wooded lot or be on a body of water) or suitable housing may not be available in their employer's community.

Resident Employment

Employment Trends Table 1 shows information on the resident labor force and employment in Goodhue County compared to Southeast Minnesota Economic Development Region 10 and Minnesota. The data is sourced from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development and reveals the workforce and number of employed people living in the area. It is important to note that not all of these individuals necessarily work in the area.

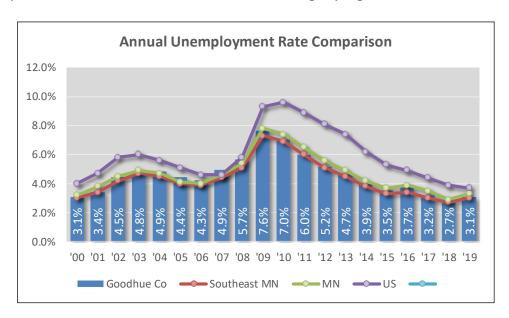
	EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 1									
	LABOR FORCE AND RESIDENT EMPLOYMENT TRENDS GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA									
			GOOD			AREA				
				2000 thro	ough 2019					
		dhue County		Southe	ast Minnesot	ta*		linnesota		
	Labor	Employed	UE	Labor	Employed	UE	Labor	Employed	UE	
Year	Force	Residents	Rate	Force	Residents	Rate	Force	Residents	Rate	
2019	27,294	26,445	3.1%	288,108	279,431	3.0%	3,113,673	3,011,146	3.3%	
2018	26,823	26,086	2.7%	283,416	275,864	2.7%	3,070,223	2,980,884	2.9%	
2017	26,852	25,997	3.2%	282,049	273,488	3.0%	3,057,014	2,952,960	3.4%	
2016	26,922	25,922	3.7%	281,883	272,251	3.4%	3,033,406	2,916,353	3.9%	
2015	26,874	25,933	3.5%	278,869	269,557	3.3%	2,997,748	2,887,132	3.7%	
2014	26,726	25,673	3.9%	276,399	265,774	3.8%	2,972,800	2,848,787	4.2%	
2013	26,821	25,565	4.7%	277,839	265,343	4.5%	2,958,595	2,811,761	5.0%	
2012	26,709	25,333	5.2%	277,984	263,876	5.1%	2,946,355	2,781,140	5.6%	
2011	26,931	25,318	6.0%	276,515	260,038	6.0%	2,946,278	2,755,263	6.5%	
2010	26,734	24,853	7.0%	276,681	257,676	6.9%	2,938,795	2,721,194	7.4%	
2009	25,723	23,763	7.6%	273,813	253,779	7.3%	2,941,976	2,713,426	7.8%	
2008	25,137	23,710	5.7%	269,365	255,673	5.1%	2,925,088	2,766,342	5.4%	
2007	25,003	23,768	4.9%	268,158	256,469	4.4%	2,906,389	2,773,704	4.6%	
2006	24,806	23,750	4.3%	266,081	255,825	3.9%	2,887,831	2,772,114	4.0%	
2005	24,721	23,627	4.4%	265,176	254,672	4.0%	2,879,759	2,762,732	4.1%	
2004	25,410	24,177	4.9%	266,647	254,599	4.5%	2,880,427	2,745,614	4.7%	
2003	25,618	24,392	4.8%	266,510	254,036	4.7%	2,874,663	2,734,287	4.9%	
2002	25,665	24,519	4.5%	266,774	255,588	4.2%	2,859,601	2,731,080	4.5%	
2001	25,755	24,883	3.4%	264,499	255,374	3.4%	2,845,202	2,737,960	3.8%	
2000	25,165	24,385	3.1%	260,735	252,839	3.0%	2,812,947	2,724,117	3.2%	
*11-coi	*11-county Southeast Minnesota Economic Development Region 10									
Sources	: Minneso	ta DEED; Max	field Re	search & Co	onsulting, LLC	:				

- In 2019, Goodhue County had a labor force of 27,294 with 26,445 employed residents, which equates to a 3.1% unemployment rate. By comparison, 2019 unemployment rates were at 3.0% in Southeast Minnesota and 3.3% in Minnesota.
- Goodhue County's labor force expanded 8.5% between 2000 and 2019 (2,129), while resident employment increased 8.4% (2,060). By comparison, Southeast Minnesota experienced a 10.5% increase in resident employment against labor force growth of 10.5% between 2000 and 2019.
- The County's labor force expanded at an average annual rate of 0.6% from 2000 through 2010. However, has been relatively flat since 2010, increasing from 26,734 in 2010 to 27,294 in 2019 (annual growth rate of 0.2%).
- Resident employment in the County increased at a 0.2% annual rate from 2000 through 2010 but has since expanded at an average annual rate of 0.7%.



- Since 2010, the labor force in Southeast Minnesota expanded 0.5% annually, while resident employment increased at a 0.9% average annual rate. Due to the increased hiring, the Region's unemployment rate dropped to 6.9% in 2010 to 3.0% in 2019.
- Minnesota's labor force has increased steadily since 2010, peaking at 3.11 million in 2019. Resident employment in the State also peaked in 2019, climbing to 3.01 million.
- Because resident employment growth has outpaced labor force growth, unemployment rates have been steadily declining in the Market Area since 2010.

 The following chart illustrates how unemployment in the Market Area has mirrored national trends but has remained well below the national rate throughout much of the past decade.
 The Goodhue County unemployment rate has consistently tracked slightly lower than unemployment trends in the State of Minnesota but slightly higher than Southeast Minnesota.



Commuting Patterns

Proximity to employment is often a primary consideration when choosing where to live, particularly for younger and lower income households since transportation costs often account for a greater proportion of their budgets.

For this analysis, we reviewed commuting patterns for each submarket in Goodhue County. Employment Trends Table 2 on the following pages provides a summary of the inflow and outflow characteristics of the workers in each submarket. Outflow reflects the number of workers living in the area but employed outside the submarket, while inflow measures the number of workers that are employed in the submarket but live outside the area. Interior flow reflects the number of workers that live and work in that submarket.

- Overall, Goodhue County is an exporter of workers as a higher number of residents leave
 the County for work than nonresidents commute into the County for work. Approximately
 10,868 workers come into Goodhue County for employment (inflow) daily, while 14,547 resident workers commute out of the County (outflow). An estimated 10,764 people both live
 and work in the County (interior flow).
- Of the workers leaving the County, over 11% (2,802) commute to Rochester for employment. Other key commute destinations outside the County include Saint Paul at 4% (951) and Minneapolis at 3% (821).

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 2 COMMUTING INFLOW/OUTFLOW CHARACTERISTICS GOODHUE COUNTY SUBMARKETS 2017

	Out	flow	Inf	ow	Interio	or Flow
North Submarket	5,588	100.0%	7,763	100.0%	5,029	100.0%
By Age						
Workers Aged 29 or younger	1,385	24.8%	1,593	20.5%	1,063	21.19
Workers Aged 30 to 54	2,810	50.3%	4,011	51.7%	2,510	49.99
Workers Aged 55 or older	1,393	24.9%	2,159	27.8%	1,456	29.09
By Monthly Wage						
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month or less	1,334	23.9%	1,362	17.5%	1,364	27.19
Workers Earning \$1,251 to \$3,333 per month	1,589	28.4%	2,562	33.0%	1,690	33.69
Workers Earning More than \$3,333 per month	2,665	47.7%	3,839	49.5%	1,975	39.39
By Industry						
"Goods Producing"	1,242	22.2%	1,699	21.9%	1,004	20.09
"Trade, Transportation, and Utilities"	1,112	19.9%	1,871	24.1%	767	15.39
"All Other Services"*	3,234	57.9%	4,193	54.0%	3,258	64.89
Northwest Submarket	3,527	100.0%	1,951	100.0%	1,133	100.09
By Age	- ,-		,		,	
Workers Aged 29 or younger	779	22.1%	462	23.7%	248	21.99
Workers Aged 30 to 54	1,863	52.8%	1,047	53.7%	508	44.89
Workers Aged 55 or older	885	25.1%	442	22.7%	377	33.39
By Monthly Wage						
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month or less	647	18.3%	409	21.0%	401	35.49
Workers Earning \$1,251 to \$3,333 per month	842	23.9%	588	30.1%	350	30.99
Workers Earning More than \$3,333 per month	2,038	57.8%	954	48.9%	382	33.79
By Industry	,					
"Goods Producing"	849	24.1%	736	37.7%	347	30.69
"Trade, Transportation, and Utilities"	701	19.9%	353	18.1%	182	16.19
"All Other Services"*	1,977	56.1%	862	44.2%	604	53.39
Northeast Submarket	2,067	100.0%	2,063	100.0%	1,287	100.09
By Age	2,007	100.070	2,003	100.070	1,207	100.0
Workers Aged 29 or younger	453	21.9%	490	23.8%	303	23.59
Workers Aged 30 to 54	1,054	51.0%	963	46.7%	630	49.0
Workers Aged 55 or older	560	27.1%	610	29.6%	354	27.59
By Monthly Wage		27.170	010	25.070	334	27.5
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month or less	443	21.4%	552	26.8%	415	32.2
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month Workers Earning \$1,251 to \$3,333 per month	623	30.1%	593	28.7%	413	32.5
Workers Earning More than \$3,333 per month	1,001	48.4%	918	44.5%	454	35.3
By Industry	1,001	70.470	910	74.370	454	33.3
"Goods Producing"	497	24.0%	765	37.1%	388	30.1
"Trade, Transportation, and Utilities"	390	18.9%	425	20.6%	226	17.69
"All Other Services"*	1,180	57.1%	873	42.3%	673	52.39
All Other Services	1,100	37.170	1 0/3	42.370	0/3	52.5

^{*}includes the following sectors: Information, Financial Activities, Professional & Business Services, Education & Health Services, Leisure & Hospitality, Other Services, and Public Administration

Sources: US Census Bureau Local Employment Dynamics; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

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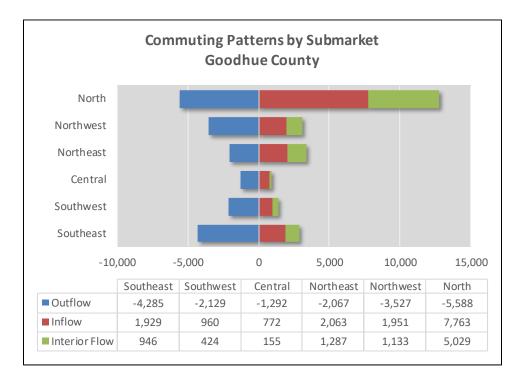
EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 2 continued COMMUTING INFLOW/OUTFLOW CHARACTERISTICS GOODHUE COUNTY SUBMARKETS 2017

	Out	flow		Infl	ow	Interi	or Flow
Central Submarket	1,292	100.0%		772	100.0%	155	100.0%
By Age			Т				
Workers Aged 29 or younger	292	22.6%		173	22.4%	38	24.5%
Workers Aged 30 to 54	654	50.6%		448	58.0%	89	57.4%
Workers Aged 55 or older	346	26.8%		151	19.6%	28	18.1%
By Monthly Wage							
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month or less	256	19.8%		146	18.9%	33	21.3%
Workers Earning \$1,251 to \$3,333 per month	347	26.9%		234	30.3%	55	35.5%
Workers Earning More than \$3,333 per month	689	53.3%		392	50.8%	67	43.2%
By Industry							
"Goods Producing"	306	23.7%		353	45.7%	66	42.6%
"Trade, Transportation, and Utilities"	235	18.2%		247	32.0%	50	32.3%
"All Other Services"*	751	58.1%		172	22.3%	39	25.2%
Southwest Submarket	2,129	100.0%		960	100.0%	424	100.0%
By Age	_,	200.075					2001070
Workers Aged 29 or younger	485	22.8%		225	23.4%	89	21.0%
Workers Aged 30 to 54	1,127	52.9%		516	53.8%	160	37.7%
Workers Aged 55 or older	517	24.3%		219	22.8%	175	41.3%
By Monthly Wage	""	2			22.075		
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month or less	489	23.0%		146	15.2%	168	39.6%
Workers Earning \$1,251 to \$3,333 per month	625	29.4%		323	33.6%	143	33.7%
Workers Earning More than \$3,333 per month	1,015	47.7%		491	51.1%	113	26.7%
By Industry		.,,,,			32.27		201770
"Goods Producing"	488	22.9%		452	47.1%	95	22.4%
"Trade, Transportation, and Utilities"	463	21.7%		206	21.5%	112	26.4%
"All Other Services"*	1,178	55.3%		302	31.5%	217	51.2%
Southeast Submarket	4,285	100.0%	\dashv	1,929	100.0%	946	100.0%
	4,205	100.0%		1,929	100.0%	940	100.0%
By Age Workers Aged 29 or younger	906	21.1%		531	27.5%	289	30.5%
Workers Aged 29 or younger Workers Aged 30 to 54	2,330						41.1%
Workers Aged 50 to 54 Workers Aged 55 or older	I	54.4%		943 455	48.9%	389 268	
_	1,049	24.5%		455	23.6%	208	28.3%
By Monthly Wage	700	10.20/		F04	20.20/	202	40 50/
Workers Earning \$1,250 per month or less	780	18.2%		584 548	30.3%	383	40.5%
Workers Farning \$1,251 to \$3,333 per month	1,157	27.0%		548 707	28.4%	271	28.6%
Workers Earning More than \$3,333 per month	2,348	54.8%		797	41.3%	292	30.9%
By Industry	015	10.00/		FF0	20 50/	120	1470/
"Goods Producing"	815	19.0%		550 554	28.5%	139	14.7%
"Trade, Transportation, and Utilities"	794	18.5%		554	28.7%	265	28.0%
"All Other Services"*	2,676	62.5%	L	825	42.8%	542	57.3%

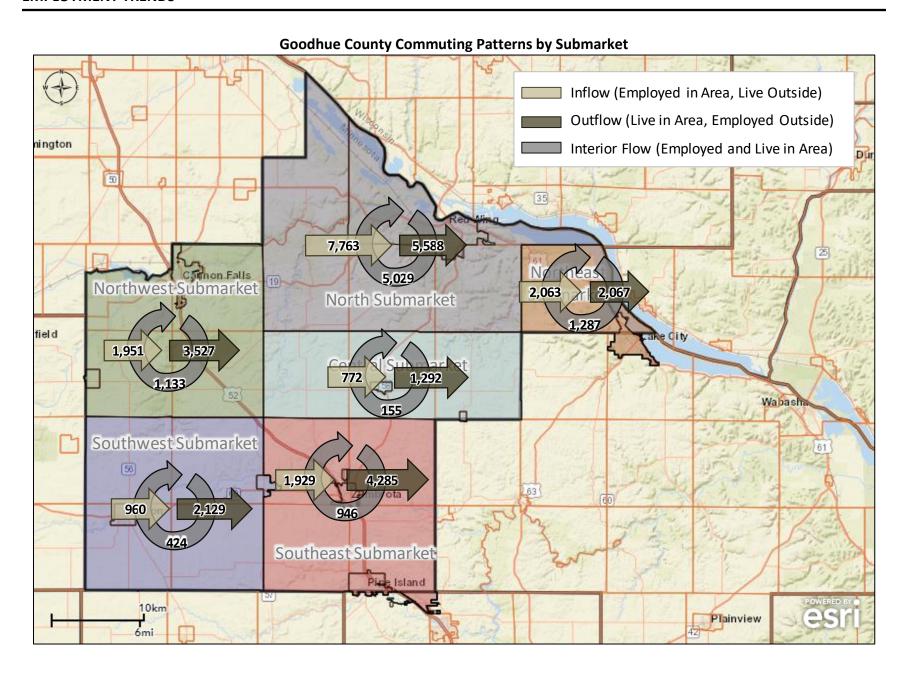
^{*}includes the following sectors: Information, Financial Activities, Professional & Business Services, Education & Health Services, Leisure & Hospitality, Other Services, and Public Administration

Sources: US Census Bureau Local Employment Dynamics; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

As depicted in the following graph, with the exception of the North submarket, the remaining submarkets all export more workers (outflow) than they import (inflow).



- The North and Southeast Submarkets export the largest number of workers with outflow of 5,588 and 4,285 workers, respectively.
- With inflow of 7,763 and 2,063 workers, respectively, the North and Northeast Submarkets import the largest number of workers in the County.
- Roughly 50% of the jobs in Goodhue County are filled by workers commuting into the area.
 The highest proportion of workers coming into the County are aged 30 to 54 and earn more
 than \$3,333 per month (\$40,000 per year). The "All Other Services" sector brings in most of
 the employees (49%).
- With 10,868 workers commuting into Goodhue County for employment daily, many coming from over 50 miles, there appears to be an opportunity to provide housing options for a portion of these workers. The following summarizes inflow by submarket.
 - North: 61% of jobs in the submarket filled by inflow (7,763 workers)
 - Northwest: 63% of jobs filled by inflow (1,951 workers)
 - Northeast: 62% of jobs filled by inflow (2,063 workers)
 - Central: 83% of jobs filled by inflow (772 workers)
 - Southwest: 69% of jobs filled by inflow (960 workers)
 - Southeast: 67% of jobs filled by inflow (1,929 workers)



Employment Trends Table 3 on the following pages highlights the commuting patterns, including distance and destination, of workers in each submarket based on data from the U.S. Census Bureau Local Employment Dynamics data for 2017, the most recent data available. Home Destination summarizes where workers live who are employed in the submarket, while Work Destination represents where workers are employed who live in the submarket.

The following figure highlights key findings:

	Key Home Destinations	Key Work Destinations
North Submarket	Red Wing (34.9%)	Red Wing (46.7%)
	Hastings (3.2%)	St. Paul (4.6%)
	Lake City (2.4%)	Rochester (4.3%)
	*1,678 workers (13%)	
	commute from >50 miles	
Northwest Submarket	Cannon Falls (22.6%)	Cannon Falls (19.8%)
	Red Wing (4.9%)	St. Paul (5.3%)
	Hastings (3.6%)	Red Wing (4.8%)
	*327 workers (11%)	
	commute from >50 miles	
Northeast Submarket	Lake City (33.3%)	Lake City (37.4%)
	Red Wing (4.5%)	Red Wing (15.7%)
	Wabasha (3.0%)	Rochester (12.4%)
	*428 workers (13%)	
	commute from >50 miles	
Central Submarket	Red Wing (9.2%)	Red Wing (24.8%)
	Lake City (9.0%)	Rochester (7.7%)
	Goodhue (5.6%)	Goodhue (5.1%)
	*61 workers (7%)	
	commute from >50 miles	
Southwest Submarket	Kenyon (14.4%)	Rochester (12.3%)
	Zumbrota (9.0%)	Kenyon (10.8%)
	Rochester (5.1%)	Zumbrota (7.9%)
	*110 workers (8%)	
	commute from >50 miles	
Southeast Submarket	Zumbrota (13.5%)	Rochester (36.2%)
	Rochester (10.3%)	Zumbrota (10.8%)
	Pine Island (9.9%)	Pine Island (6.0%)
	*317 workers (11%)	
	commute from >50 miles	

- Workers commuting into the area, particularly those commuting from more than 50 miles away, represent a potential target market for housing in that submarket.
- Red Wing and Rochester represent key commute destinations for workers residing in the County, with more workers residing in the southern submarkets commuting to Rochester while more residents in the northern submarkets work in Red Wing.

North Submarket

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 3 COMMUTING PATTERNS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2017

HOME DESTINATION (where workers live who are employed in the selection area) **Northwest Submarket**

Northeast Submarket

Place of Residence	<u>Count</u>	<u>Share</u>	Place of Residence	<u>Count</u>	<u>Share</u>	Place of Residence	<u>Count</u>	<u>Share</u>
Red Wing city, MN	4,465	34.9%	Cannon Falls city,	696	22.6%	Lake City city, MN	1,117	33.3%
Hastings city, MN	407	3.2%	Red Wing city, MN	150	4.9%	Red Wing city, MN	152	4.5%
Lake City city, MN	304	2.4%	Hastings city, MN	110	3.6%	Wabasha city, MN	101	3.0%
Rochester city, MN	244	1.9%	Northfield city, MN	69	2.2%	Rochester city, MN	85	2.5%
St. Paul city, MN	210	1.6%	Zumbrota city, MN	51	1.7%	Elgin city, MN	67	2.0%
Ellsworth village,	189	1.5%	St. Paul city, MN	47	1.5%	Plainview city, MN	47	1.4%
Cottage Grove city,	126	1.0%	Farmington city, MN	44	1.4%	Zumbrota city, MN	44	1.3%
Cannon Falls city,	118	0.9%	Kenyon city, MN	42	1.4%	Mazeppa city, MN	35	1.0%
Minneapolis city,	107	0.8%	Lakeville city, MN	39	1.3%	Frontenac CDP, MN	30	0.9%
Zumbrota city, MN	102	0.8%	Rochester city, MN	33	1.1%	Kellogg city, MN	17	0.5%
All Other Locations	6,520	51.0%	All Other Locations	1,803	58.5%	All Other Locations	1,655	49.4%
Distance Traveled			Distance Traveled			Distance Traveled		
Total Jobs	12,792	100.0%	Total Jobs	3,084	100.0%	Total Jobs	3,350	100.0%
< 10 miles	5,597	43.8%	< 10 miles	1,349	43.7%	< 10 miles	1,432	42.7%
10 to 24 miles	3,228	25.2%	10 to 24 miles	927	30.1%	10 to 24 miles	1,159	34.6%
25 to 50 miles	2,289	17.9%	25 to 50 miles	481	15.6%	25 to 50 miles	331	9.9%
> 50 miles	1,678	13.1%	>50 miles	327	10.6%	> 50 miles	428	12.8%
Central Sub	market		Southwest Su	hmarke	+	Southeast Su	hmarket	+
Place of Residence	Count	<u>Share</u>	Place of Residence	Count	<u>Share</u>	Place of Residence	Count	Share
Red Wing city, MN	85	9.2%	Kenyon city, MN	199	14.4%	Zumbrota city, MN	387	13.5%
Lake City city, MN	83 52	9.0%	Zumbrota city, MN	124	9.0%	Rochester city, MN	296	10.3%
Goodhue city, MN	5,			7.1		Pine Island city, MN		9.9%
		5.6%	Rochester city, MN	71	5.1%	1	284	
Zumbrota city, MN	35	3.8%	Wanamingo city,	44	3.2%	Wanamingo city,	143	5.0%
Rochester city, MN	35 20	3.8% 2.2%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN	44 42	3.2% 3.0%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN	143 55	5.0% 1.9%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city,	35 20 13	3.8% 2.2% 1.4%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN	44 42 35	3.2% 3.0% 2.5%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN	143 55 53	5.0% 1.9% 1.8%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN	35 20 13 11	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN	44 42 35 27	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN	143 55 53 41	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN	35 20 13 11 11	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN	44 42 35 27 25	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN	143 55 53 41 37	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village,	35 20 13 11 11	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city,	44 42 35 27 25 14	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN	143 55 53 41 37 23	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village, Bellechester city,	35 20 13 11 11 9	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0% 0.9%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city, Lakeville city, MN	44 42 35 27 25 14	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0% 0.9%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN Lake City city, MN	143 55 53 41 37 23	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village,	35 20 13 11 11	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city,	44 42 35 27 25 14	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN	143 55 53 41 37 23	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village, Bellechester city,	35 20 13 11 11 9	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0% 0.9%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city, Lakeville city, MN	44 42 35 27 25 14	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0% 0.9%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN Lake City city, MN	143 55 53 41 37 23	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village, Bellechester city, All Other Locations	35 20 13 11 11 9	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0% 0.9%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city, Lakeville city, MN All Other Locations	44 42 35 27 25 14	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0% 0.9%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN Lake City city, MN All Other Locations	143 55 53 41 37 23	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village, Bellechester city, All Other Locations	35 20 13 11 11 9 8 600	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0% 0.9% 64.7%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city, Lakeville city, MN All Other Locations Distance Traveled	44 42 35 27 25 14 13 790	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0% 0.9% 57.1%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN Lake City city, MN All Other Locations Distance Traveled	143 55 53 41 37 23 23 1,533	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8% 53.3%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village, Bellechester city, All Other Locations Distance Traveled Total Jobs	35 20 13 11 11 9 8 600	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.2% 1.0% 0.9% 64.7%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city, Lakeville city, MN All Other Locations Distance Traveled Total Jobs	44 42 35 27 25 14 13 790	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0% 0.9% 57.1%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN Lake City city, MN All Other Locations Distance Traveled Total Jobs	143 55 53 41 37 23 23 1,533	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8% 53.3%
Rochester city, MN Wanamingo city, Frontenac CDP, MN Pine Island city, MN Ellsworth village, Bellechester city, All Other Locations Distance Traveled Total Jobs < 10 miles	35 20 13 11 11 9 8 600	3.8% 2.2% 1.4% 1.2% 1.0% 0.9% 64.7%	Wanamingo city, Pine Island city, MN Faribault city, MN Northfield city, MN Owatonna city, MN Cannon Falls city, Lakeville city, MN All Other Locations Distance Traveled Total Jobs < 10 miles	44 42 35 27 25 14 13 790 1,384 580	3.2% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.8% 1.0% 0.9% 57.1%	Wanamingo city, Kenyon city, MN Red Wing city, MN Byron city, MN Oronoco city, MN Kasson city, MN Lake City city, MN All Other Locations Distance Traveled Total Jobs < 10 miles	143 55 53 41 37 23 23 1,533 2,875 1,300	5.0% 1.9% 1.8% 1.4% 1.3% 0.8% 53.3% 100.0% 45.2%

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EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 3 continued COMMUTING PATTERNS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2017

WORK DESTINATION	(where workers are em	ploved who live i	n the selection area)

North Sub	market		Northwest Su	ıbmarke	t	Northeast Su	bmarket	t	
Place of	<u>Count</u>	<u>Share</u>	Place of	<u>Count</u>	<u>Share</u>	Place of	<u>Count</u>	<u>Share</u>	
Red Wing city, MN	4,954	46.7%	Cannon Falls city,	922	19.8%	Lake City city, MN	1,255	37.4%	
St. Paul city, MN	486	4.6%	St. Paul city, MN	246	5.3%	Red Wing city, MN	526	15.7%	
Rochester city, MN	453	4.3%	Red Wing city, MN	225	4.8%	Rochester city, MN	415	12.4%	
Minneapolis city,	340	3.2%	Minneapolis city,	220	4.7%	Wabasha city, MN	96	2.9%	
Lake City city, MN	308	2.9%	Northfield city, MN	211	4.5%	Minneapolis city,	62	1.8%	
Eagan city, MN	201	1.9%	Rochester city, MN	210	4.5%	St. Paul city, MN	51	1.5%	
Hastings city, MN	187	1.8%	Eagan city, MN	148	3.2%	Goodhue city, MN	39	1.2%	
Cannon Falls city,	177	1.7%	Burnsville city, MN	116	2.5%	Winona city, MN	39	1.2%	
Bloomington city,	138	1.3%	Rosemount city, MN	99	2.1%	Bloomington city,	23	0.7%	
Goodhue city, MN	126	1.2%	Bloomington city,	97	2.1%	Eagan city, MN	21	0.6%	
All Other Locations	3,247	30.6%	All Other Locations	2,166	46.5%	All Other Locations	827	24.7%	
Distance Traveled			Distance Traveled			Distance Traveled			
Total Jobs	10,617	100.0%	Total Jobs	4,660	100.0%	Total Jobs	3,354	100.0%	
< 10 miles	5,178	48.8%	< 10 miles	1,250	26.8%	< 10 miles	1,380	41.1%	
10 to 24 miles	1,355	12.8%	10 to 24 miles	1,199	25.7%	10 to 24 miles	804	24.0%	
25 to 50 miles	3,015	28.4%	25 to 50 miles	1,874	40.2%	25 to 50 miles	691	20.6%	
> 50 miles	1,069	10.1%	> 50 miles	337	7.2%	> 50 miles	479	14.3%	
Central Sub	market		Southwest Su	ıbmarke	t	Southeast Submarket			
Place of	Count	<u>Share</u>	Place of	Count	<u>Share</u>	Place of	Count	<u>Share</u>	
Red Wing city, MN	359	24.8%	Rochester city, MN	315	12.3%	Rochester city, MN	1,896	36.2%	
Rochester city, MN	112	7.7%	Kenyon city, MN	276	10.8%	Zumbrota city, MN	564	10.8%	
Goodhue city, MN	74	5.1%	Zumbrota city, MN	201	7.9%	Pine Island city, MN	314	6.0%	
Lake City city, MN	73	5.0%	Faribault city, MN	170	6.7%	Wanamingo city,	185	3.5%	
Cannon Falls city,	59	4.1%	Northfield city, MN	141	5.5%	Red Wing city, MN	166	3.2%	
St. Paul city, MN	44	3.0%	Wanamingo city,	74	2.9%	Minneapolis city,	129	2.5%	
Minneapolis city,	41	2.8%	Owatonna city, MN	66	2.6%	St. Paul city, MN	92	1.8%	
Hastings city, MN	39	2.7%	Red Wing city, MN	66	2.6%	Lake City city, MN	81	1.5%	
Rosemount city, MN	25	1.7%	Minneapolis city,	62	2.4%	Cannon Falls city,	71	1.4%	
Zumbrota city, MN	25	1.7%	Cannon Falls city,	60	2.4%	Bloomington city,	68	1.3%	
All Other Locations	596	41.2%	All Other Locations	1,122	43.9%	All Other Locations	1,665	31.8%	
Distance Traveled			Distance Traveled			Distance Traveled			
Total Jobs	1,447	100.0%	Total Jobs	2,553	100.0%	Total Jobs	5,231	100.0%	
< 10 miles	, 277	19.1%	< 10 miles	563	22.1%	< 10 miles	1,236	23.6%	
10 to 24 miles	552	38.1%	10 to 24 miles	905	35.4%	10 to 24 miles	2,518	48.1%	
25 to 50 miles	396	27.4%	25 to 50 miles	726	28.4%	25 to 50 miles	580	11.1%	
> 50 miles	222	15.3%	> 50 miles	359	14.1%	> 50 miles	897	17.1%	

Employment Growth Trends

Employment Trends Table 4 on the following page shows job growth trends and projections from 2000 to 2040 based on information from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED). Data for 2000, 2005, and 2010 represents the annual average employment for that year, while 2019 information is based on second quarter data, which is sourced from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW).

All establishments covered under the Unemployment Insurance Program, including federal government establishments, are required to report wage and employment statistics quarterly to the DEED. The Unemployment Insurance Program covers roughly 97% of Minnesota employment. Workers and jobs excluded from these statistics include the self-employed, family farm workers, and those who work only on a commission basis.

Southeast Minnesota projections are based on baseline employment forecasts from the October 2018 report titled "Southeast Minnesota Regional Economic Study" prepared for the Southeast Minnesota League of Municipalities (SEMLM) and Community and Economic Development Associates (CEDA). Maxfield Research applied the projected annual rate of growth for the eight-county Southeast Minnesota Region (Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Wabasha, and Winona) to the 2019 employment estimate to arrive at the Southeast Minnesota projections for 2024, 2030, and 2040. Statewide employment projections for 2024 and 2030 are based on 2016-2026 industry projections published for Minnesota. Maxfield Research based the 2040 employment projections for Minnesota on historical changes to the employment to population ratio in the State.

Employment projections for Goodhue County are based on changes in the proportion of the Region's jobs located in the County from 2000 to 2019. We then projected employment growth for the submarkets and cities based on recent changes to the proportion of the County's jobs that are in each geography as well as a review of population growth projections.

- In 2000, there were 21,723 jobs in Goodhue County and 169,306 jobs in Southeast Minnesota. Due, in part, to the economic recession, County employment contracted -3.2% (-705 jobs) by 2010. By comparison, employment in Southeast Minnesota expanded 0.6% while employment in the State of Minnesota contracted -1.7%.
- Employment in the County increased 3.8% (800 jobs) between 2010 and the second quarter of 2019, while Southeast Minnesota experienced 10.4% job growth.
- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, Southeast experienced the greatest growth, adding 643 jobs (27%) between 2010 and 2019. Northeast added 379 jobs (18% growth), Central added 346 jobs (58% growth), Northwest added 274 jobs (10% growth), and Southwest added 109 jobs (9% growth). Contraction occurred in the North Submarket, which lost -335 jobs (-2.5%) between 2010 and the second quarter of 2019.

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 4 EMPLOYMENT GROWTH TRENDS AND PROJECTIONS GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2000 - 2040

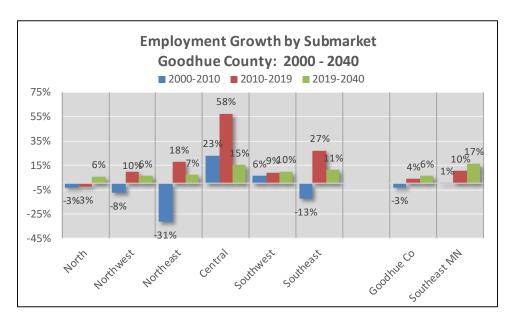
										Chan	ge			
	Anr	nual	2nd Qtr.		Forecast		2000-	2010	2010-	2019	2019-	2024	2024-	2030
	2000	2010	2019	2024	2030	2040	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Goodhue County*	21,723	21,018	21,818	22,239	22,829	23,219	-705	-3.2%	800	3.8%	421	1.9%	590	2.7%
North	13,652	13,233	12,898	13,010	13,378	13,629	-419	-3.1%	-335	-2.5%	112	0.9%	368	2.8%
Red Wing	10,649	13,049	12,685	12,815	13,191	13,466	2,400	22.5%	-364	-2.8%	130	1.0%	376	2.9%
Remainder	3,003	184	213	195	187	164	-2,819	-93.9%	29	15.8%	-18	-8.4%	-8	-4.0%
Northwest	3,122	2,877	3,151	3,202	3,287	3,344	-245	-7.8%	274	9.5%	51	1.6%	85	2.7%
Cannon Falls	2,570	2,219	2,389	2,440	2,505	2,551	-351	-13.7%	170	7.7%	51	2.1%	65	2.7%
Dennison^	30	57	91	94	99	100	27	90.0%	34	59.6%	3	3.8%	4	4.4%
Remainder	522	601	671	668	684	692	79	15.1%	70	11.6%	-3	-0.5%	16	2.4%
Northeast	3,107	2,131	2,510	2,580	2,648	2,693	-976	-31.4%	379	17.8%	70	2.8%	68	2.7%
Lake City^	2,989	2,063	2,439	2,520	2,595	2,640	-926	-31.0%	376	18.2%	81	3.3%	76	3.0%
Remainder	118	68	71	60	53	54	-50	-42.4%	3	4.4%	-11	-15.4%	-7	-11.8%
Central	489	601	947	979	1,039	1,091	112	22.9%	346	57.6%	32	3.3%	60	6.2%
Goodhue	358	303	365	387	415	437	-55	-15.4%	62	20.5%	22	5.9%	29	7.5%
Remainder	131	298	582	592	623	655	167	127.5%	284	95.3%	10	1.7%	31	5.3%
Southwest	1,108	1,179	1,288	1,334	1,393	1,416	71	6.4%	109	9.2%	46	3.6%	58	4.4%
Kenyon	728	511	443	487	501	510	-217	-29.8%	-68	-13.3%	44	9.9%	14	2.9%
Wanamingo	283	438	612	650	682	701	155	54.8%	174	39.7%	38	6.2%	33	5.0%
Remainder	97	230	233	197	209	205	133	137.1%	3	1.3%	-36	-15.2%	11	5.8%
Southeast	2,708	2,363	3,006	3,113	3,242	3,344	-345	-12.7%	643	27.2%	107	3.6%	128	4.1%
Pine Island^	1,041	946	1,157	1,214	1,329	1,438	-95	-9.1%	211	22.3%	57	4.9%	115	9.5%
Zumbrota	1,580	1,299	1,590	1,650	1,751	1,839	-281	-17.8%	291	22.4%	60	3.8%	100	6.1%
Remainder	87	118	259	249	162	67	31	35.6%	141	119.5%	-10	-3.8%	-87	-34.9%
Southeast MN	169,306	170,337	188,074	195,080	203,833	219,302	1,031	0.6%	17,737	10.4%	7,006	3.7%	8,753	4.5%
Minnesota	2,608,844	2,563,391	2,918,102	3,005,208	3,113,174	3,225,158	-45,453	-1.7%	354,711	13.8%	87,106	3.0%	107,966	3.6%

^{*}Goodhue County total excludes portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island located outside County

^Includes portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island located outside Goodhue County

Sources: MN Department of Employment and Economic Development; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- As of the second quarter of 2019, employment concentrations are largest in Red Wing (12,685 jobs), Lake City (2,439 jobs), Cannon Falls (2,389 jobs), and Zumbrota (1,590 jobs).
- Modest job growth is expected in the Market Area between 2019 and 2024, as Southeast Minnesota is projected to experience a 3.7% gain, adding 7,006 jobs.
- The proportion of Southeast Minnesota's jobs located in Goodhue County declined from 12.83% in 2000 to 12.34% in 2010 and 11.60% in 2019. We expect this trend to continue, declining to 11.4% by 2024. Based on this projection, we anticipate that employment in Goodhue County will expand 1.9%, adding 421 jobs between 2019 and 2024.
- Southeast Minnesota employment is projected to expand another 12.4% between 2024 and 2040, including 4.4% growth in Goodhue County (980 jobs).
- The pace of job growth is expected to be restrained as the County will experience potential labor force shortages and a surge in retirements.
- Within Goodhue County, job growth will likely be focused along the major transportation corridors where there are concentrations of existing businesses, convenient highway access, and a growing population.



• Led by growth in Red Wing, the North Submarket is projected to experience the largest job growth between 2019 and 2040, expanding by 731 jobs (5.7%), followed by the Southeast Submarket, adding 338 jobs (11.2% growth).

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

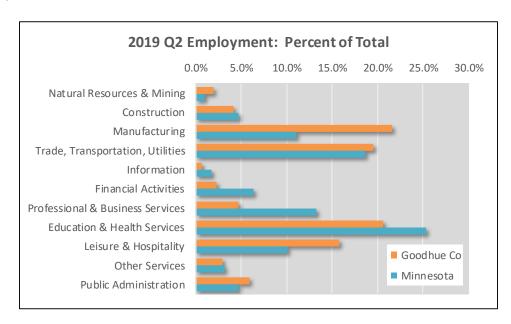
- The potential addition, or loss, of a major employer(s) would likely have a notable impact on these job growth projections in the County, particularly to the submarket projections.
- We anticipate that the addition of any new large employer would have a positive economic impact in the County. In addition to the jobs created by a new employer, there would also be temporary construction jobs as well as longer-term indirect and induced values created.
- Indirect values would include benefits to other companies needed to support the new business (i.e. the new business would require supplies, utilities, services, etc. from other business establishments). Induced benefits are the result of the additional household spending generated by the increased labor force needed to fill the new jobs.
- Additionally, we expect that the addition of a new large employer would stimulate household growth and housing demand in the County.
- Many of the new jobs however, would likely be taken by current workers that would not need to relocate (i.e. unemployed residents, nonresidents commuting into the area, current outflow commuters, existing residents entering the workforce).
- Household growth would only be generated when someone takes a job and relocates to the area.
- We would anticipate that a new employer creating 100 jobs would generate growth of approximately 20 to 25 households in the County. Our rationale is outlined below.
 - Based on commuting pattern data, it appears that the probability of living and working in Goodhue County is 46%.
 - The increase in workers residing in Goodhue County would be 46 new resident workers (100 new jobs times 46%). The remaining jobs would be filled by workers commuting into the County.
 - The estimated labor force per household ratio in Goodhue County is 1.9 (per American Community Survey data).
 - Applying this ratio to the potential new resident workers (46 divided by 1.9 workers per household) results in 24 new households in the County.
- A portion of these households would likely satisfy their housing needs by filling existing vacancies (for-sale or rental housing units). Depending on the wage structure of the new jobs, a smaller proportion would desire or be able to afford new construction housing units.

Industry Employment and Wage Data

Employment Trends Table 5 on the following pages displays information on the employment and wage situation in Goodhue County and its submarkets compared to Minnesota. The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data is sourced from DEED and represents second quarter data for 2018 compared to 2019, the most recent data available.

All establishments covered under the Unemployment Insurance (UI) Program are required to report wage and employment statistics to DEED quarterly. Certain industries in the table may not display any information which means that there is either no reported economic activity for that industry or the data has been suppressed to protect the confidentiality of cooperating employers. This generally occurs when there are too few employers or one employer comprises too much of the employment in that geography.

- Goodhue County experienced modest job growth between the second quarters of 2018 and 2019, expanding 1.6% (337 jobs). Education and Health Services and Manufacturing experienced notable gains, adding 237 jobs (5.6%) and 262 jobs (5.9%), respectively. These gains were partially offset by contraction in Trade, Transportation, and Utilities which declined by -136 jobs (-3.1%) and Professional and Business Services which lost -96 jobs (-8.6%).
- Manufacturing is the largest employment sector in the County providing 4,715 jobs (21.6% of total jobs) followed by Education and Health Services with 4,496 jobs (20.6%). Education and Health Services is the largest employment sector in Minnesota (25.4% of total employment).



 The number of business establishments in Goodhue County expanded 2.1% over the year, adding 28 businesses, with the largest growth occurring in the Education and Health Services industry sector.

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 5 QUARTERLY CENSUS OF EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

		2018 Q2			2019 Q2			Change 20	018 - 2019)
	Establish-	Employ-	Weekly	Establish-	Employ-	Weekly	Employ		Wa	
Industry	ments	ment	Wage	ments	ment	Wage	#	%	#	%
			GOODHU	E COUNTY						
Total, All Industries	1,342	21,481	\$900	1,370	21,818	\$938	337	1.6%	\$38	4.2
Natural Resources & Mining	50	420	\$643	51	418	\$649	-2	-0.5%	\$6	0.9
Construction	153		\$1,100	161		\$1,136	27	3.1%	\$36	3.
Manufacturing	97	4,453	\$994	99	-	\$1,169	262	5.9%	\$175	17.
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	341		\$1,039	340		\$1,093	-136	-3.1%	\$54	5.
nformation	14	139	\$744	15	136	\$776	-3	-2.2%	\$32	4.
Financial Activities	102		\$1,043	102		\$1,055	-17	-3.3%	\$12	1.
Professional & Business Services	134	•	\$1,088	137	1,021	\$985	-96	-8.6%	(\$103)	-9
Education & Health Services	165	4,259	\$911	175	4,496	\$864	237	5.6%	(\$47)	-5
Leisure & Hospitality	133	3,338	\$533	140	3,443	\$533	105	3.1%	\$0	0
Other Services	119	676	\$460	117	630	\$491	-46	-6.8%	\$31	6
Public Administration	34	1,282	\$993	33	1,288	\$1,038	6	0.5%	\$45	4
Takal All Ladvakii sa	C02	12.742		UBMARKET	12.000	ć1 022	155	1.20/	ćcc	
Total, All Industries	602	12,743	\$968	614	12,898	\$1,023	155	1.2%	\$55	5
Natural Resources & Mining	4	 26	\$984	4		\$1,274	0	0.0%	 \$290	29
Construction	32		\$984				1	7.6%		
Manufacturing Trade, Transportation, Utilities	147	-	\$1,031	33 153	· ·	\$1,307 \$1,265	198 -117	-4.9%	\$276 \$91	26 7
Information	6	102	\$846	7	103	\$868	1	1.0%	\$22	2
Financial Activities	49		\$1,087	50		\$1,096	-8	-3.3%	\$22	0
Professional & Business Services	66		\$1,087	65		\$1,036		-16.5%	(\$138)	-11
Education & Health Services	83		\$1,000	87	2,435	\$897	187	8.3%	(\$103)	-10
Leisure & Hospitality	63	2,248	\$632	66	2,506	\$628	57	2.3%	(\$103)	-10
Other Services	48	389	\$367	46	350	\$399		-10.0%	\$32	8
Public Administration	13		\$1,128	12		\$1,179	3	0.3%	\$51	4
				T SUBMARK	·	7 = 7 = 1			7	
Total, All Industries	251	3,030	\$842	254	3,151	\$832	121	4.0%	(\$10)	-1
Natural Resources & Mining	3	20	\$628							
Construction	5	5	\$425							
Manufacturing	27	935	\$876	27	991	\$925	56	6.0%	\$49	5
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	58	601	\$949	46	437	\$825	-164	-27.3%	(\$124)	-13
Information										
Financial Activities	17	96	\$1,064	16	86	\$1,108	-10	-10.4%	\$44	4
Professional & Business Services	18	107	\$1,130	15	102	\$1,089	-5	-4.7%	(\$41)	-3
Education & Health Services	23	522	\$887	25	554	\$855	32	6.1%	(\$32)	-3
Leisure & Hospitality	12	154	\$262	14	181	\$262	27	17.5%	\$0	0
Other Services										
Public Administration	4	101	\$482	4	101	\$521	0	0.0%	\$39	8
		N	ORTHEAST	SUBMARKI	ET					
Total, All Industries	161	2,585	\$630	164	2,510	\$645	-75	-2.9%	\$15	2
Natural Resources & Mining	4	38	\$596	4	27	\$673	l .	-28.9%	\$77	12
Construction	9	34	\$636	10	29	\$692	l .	-14.7%	\$56	8
Manufacturing	8	668	\$732	9	690	\$742	22	3.3%	\$10	1
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	38	415	\$549	39	400	\$560	-15	-3.6%	\$10	1
Information	3		\$2,204	3	15	\$1,814	0	0.0%	(\$390)	-17
Financial Activities	10		\$1,061	10	47	\$1,044	1	2.2%	(\$17)	-1
Professional & Business Services	11	52	\$776	9	44	\$528		-15.4%	(\$248)	-32
Education & Health Services	22	579	\$818	23	567	\$835	-12	-2.1%	\$17	2
Leisure & Hospitality	32	517	\$282	32	465	\$301	l .	-10.1%	\$19	6
Other Services	13	58	\$340	13	61	\$353	3	5.2%	\$13	3
Public Administration	3	144	\$690	3	143	\$722		-0.7%	\$32	4

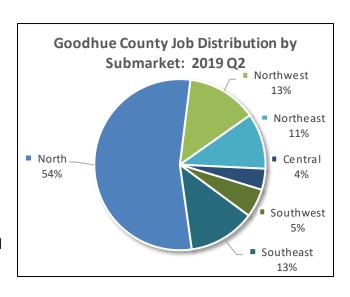
EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 5 continued QUARTERLY CENSUS OF EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA

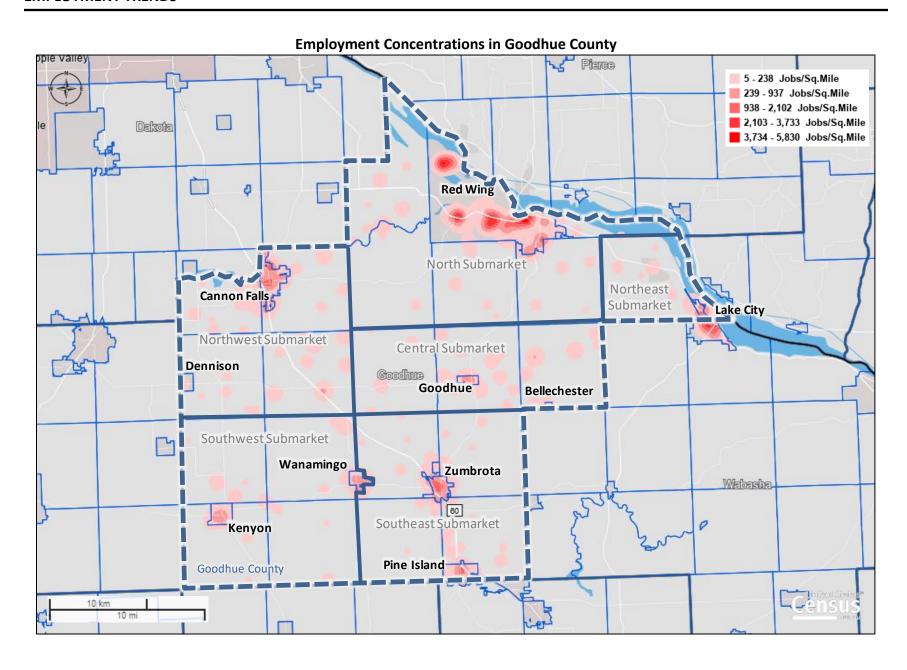
		GOOD	HUE COU	NTY MARKET	T AREA					
		2018 Q2			2019 Q2		(Change 20	018 - 2019)
	Establish-	Employ-	Weekly	Establish-	Employ-	Weekly	Employ		Was	
Industry	ments	ment	Wage	ments	ment	Wage	#	%	#	%
	<u> </u>			SUBMARKET						
Tatal All tadostains	0.7			1		Ć044	20	4.20/	ćr	0.50/
Total, All Industries	87	909	\$939	85	947	\$944	38	4.2%	\$5 \$6	0.5%
Natural Resources & Mining	13	86	\$606	13	89	\$612	3	3.5%	\$6	1.0%
Construction	7		\$1,147	7	59	\$1,168	9	18.0%	\$21	1.8%
Manufacturing									4654	
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	11	71	\$465	15	316	\$1,116	245	345.1%	\$651	139.9%
Information										
Financial Activities						 6424				
Professional & Business Services				4	13	\$434				
Education & Health Services										
Leisure & Hospitality			 ¢640			 6707		0.00/		40.50/
Other Services	3	13	\$640	4	13	\$707	0	0.0%	\$67	10.5%
Public Administration	6	37	\$681	6	35	\$678	-2	-5.4%	(\$3)	-0.4%
				T SUBMARKI						
Total, All Industries	125	1,299	\$808	125	1,288	\$832	-11	-0.8%	\$24	2.9%
Natural Resources & Mining										
Construction				8	122	\$1,476				
Manufacturing	4	130	\$987							
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	24	278	\$770	19	264	\$801	-14	-5.0%	\$31	4.1%
Information										
Financial Activities	4	22	\$970	4	19	\$1,097		-13.6%	\$127	13.1%
Professional & Business Services	10	56	\$539	5	27	\$439		-51.8%	(\$100)	-18.6%
Education & Health Services	13	190	\$873	14	189	\$895	-1	-0.5%	\$23	2.6%
Leisure & Hospitality	3	46	\$292	5	25	\$156		-45.7%	(\$136)	-46.6%
Other Services	9	24	\$393	4	16	\$287		-33.3%	(\$106)	-26.9%
Public Administration	7	53	\$447	7	55	\$545	2	3.8%	\$98	21.8%
		SC	DUTHEAST	SUBMARKE	T					
Total, All Industries	243	2,917	\$786	253	3,006	\$819	89	3.1%	\$33	4.2%
Natural Resources & Mining										
Construction	11	156	\$1,251	12	198	\$1,227	42	26.9%	(\$24)	-1.9%
Manufacturing	17	525	\$1,059	18	534	\$1,057	9	1.7%	(\$2)	-0.2%
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	61	678	\$775	61	672	\$896	-6	-0.9%	\$122	15.7%
Information										
Financial Activities	13	88	\$1,123	7	58	\$1,288	-30	-34.1%	\$165	14.7%
Professional & Business Services				8	18	\$699				
Education & Health Services	21	616	\$739	24	649	\$761	33	5.4%	\$22	3.0%
Leisure & Hospitality	21	265	\$196	22	276	\$214	11	4.2%	\$18	8.9%
Other Services	29	142	\$527	28	132	\$565	-10	-7.0%	\$38	7.2%
Public Administration	3	79	\$568	3	83	\$555	4	5.1%	(\$13)	-2.3%
			MINN	IESOTA						
Total, All Industries	173,853	2,893,868		1	2,918,102	\$1,100	24,234	0.8%	\$28	2.6%
Natural Resources & Mining	3,070	28,147	\$922	3,117	28,748	\$927	601	2.1%	\$5	0.5%
Construction	16,599	129,956		17,301	137,734		7,778	6.0%	\$47	3.8%
Manufacturing	8,467	321,082		8,355	323,915	\$1,261	2,833	0.9%	\$13	1.0%
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	37,901	551,004	\$924	39,037	544,985	\$949	-6,019	-1.1%	\$25	2.7%
Information	3,990	52,989	\$1,405	4,320	50,516	\$1,505	-2,473	-4.7%	\$100	7.1%
Financial Activities	15,797	179,034	\$1,606	16158	183,945	\$1,621	4,911	2.7%	\$15	0.9%
Professional & Business Services	31,703	379,392		33787	386,018		6,626	1.7%	\$56	3.6%
Education & Health Services	20,808	735,802	\$995	22924	739,882	\$1,013	4,080	0.6%	\$18	1.8%
Leisure & Hospitality	15,307	290,862	\$425	15832	294,108	\$440	3,246	1.1%	\$15	3.5%
Other Services	16,830	90,585	\$641	17,686	91,897	\$671	1,312	1.4%	\$30	4.7%
Public Administration	3,381	135,012	\$1,087	3340	136,350	\$1,109	1,338	1.0%	\$22	2.0%
Sources: Minnesota Department of	Emplovmen	t and Econo	mic Deve	lopment: M	axfield Rese	earch & Co	nsulting.	LLC		

- Average weekly wages in Goodhue County (\$938) are -15% lower than Minnesota (\$1,100) and -4% lower than Southeast Minnesota (\$977). Highest average wages in Goodhue County are found in the Manufacturing (\$1,169), Construction (\$1,136), and Trade, Transportation and Utilities (\$1,093) sectors.
- A household earning the average weekly wage in the County (\$938) would be able to afford an apartment renting for \$1,219 per month to not exceed 30% of its monthly income on housing costs, much higher than the median asking rent for renter-occupied housing units in the County (\$684).
- Assuming that a potential home buyer has good credit and makes a 10% down payment, a
 household earning the average weekly wage in Goodhue County would be able to afford to
 purchase a home priced at \$194,000 or lower to not be cost-burdened (paying more than
 30% of their income for housing).

	Average Weekly Wage	Affordable Monthly Rent	Affordable Home Sale Price
Goodhue County	\$938	\$1,219	\$194,000
North Submarket	\$1,023	\$1,330	\$212,000
Northwest Submarket	\$832	\$1,082	\$172,000
Northeast Submarket	\$645	\$839	\$134,000
Central Submarket	\$944	\$1,227	\$196,000
Southwest Submarket	\$832	\$1,082	\$172,000
Southeast Submarket	\$819	\$1,065	\$170,000
Minnesota	\$1,100	\$1,430	\$228,000

- The preceding figure highlights average wages by submarket in Goodhue County along with the maximum affordable rents and maximum affordable home sale prices (based on 30% of income) for each submarket.
- As depicted in the map on the following page and in the adjacent graph, the North Submarket contains the highest concentration of jobs in Goodhue County, followed by the Northwest and Southeast.
- The Central Submarket has the lowest employment concentration.
- Cities with the highest job totals include Red Wing (12,685), Lake City (2,439), and Cannon Falls (2,389).

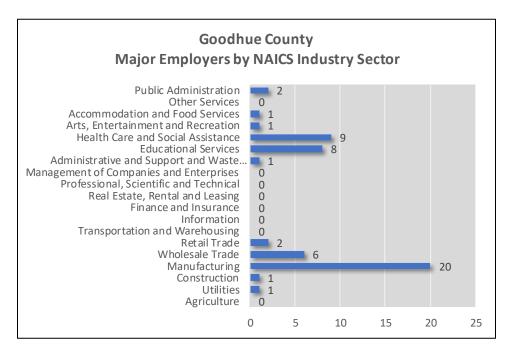




Major Employers

Employment Trends Table 6 on the following pages provides a summary of the major employers with 50 or more employees in Goodhue County (including the portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island located outside the County) by Submarket and City. The data was provided by several sources, including the City of Red Wing, the City of Wanamingo, Annual Financial Information and Operating Data Continuing Disclosure Reports from the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board and ReferenceUSA.

- A total of 52 major employers (50 employees or more) were identified in Goodhue County.
- The North and Northwest Submarkets have the highest concentrations of major employers, with 14 and 13, respectively. There are nine major employers in the Southeast Submarket and seven each in the Northeast and Southwest. We identified two employers with 50 or more employees in the Central Submarket.
- The highest concentrations of major employers are found in the larger cities in Goodhue County, notably Red Wing with 14, Cannon Falls (12), Lake City (7), and Pine Island (5).
- Many of the major industry sectors are represented among these major employers, with the largest concentrations in Manufacturing (39%), Health Care and Social Assistance (17%), Educational Services (15%), and Wholesale Trade (12%).



 Goodhue County's largest employers (500 or more employees) are concentrated in Red Wing (Treasure Island, Red Wing Shoe Co, Xcel Energy, Mayo Red Wing Health Center, BIC) and Lake City (Hearth and Home Technologies and Federal-Mogul).

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 6 MAJOR EMPLOYERS GOODHUE COUNTY 2019

	La discourse	C'I	E I
Company	Industry	City	Employees
North Submarket		- 1	
Treasure Island	Casinos	Red Wing	1,550
Red Wing Shoe Co	Footwear Manufacturing	Red Wing	920
Xcel Energy	Nuclear Electric Power Generation	Red Wing	800
Mayo Red Wing Health Center	General Medical and Surgical Hospitals	Red Wing	750
BIC	Sign Manufacturing	Red Wing	525
Capital Safety	Textile Product Mills	Red Wing	475
ISD 256	Elementary and Secondary Schools	Red Wing	425
Goodhue Public Health	Home Health Care Services	Red Wing	354
St. Crispin Living Community	Nursing Care Facilities	Red Wing	189
MN Correctional Facility	Correctional Institutions	Red Wing	188
Express Services	Employment Placement Agencies	Red Wing	160
SB Foot Tanning Co	Leather and Hide Tanning and Finishing	Red Wing	157
St. James Hotel	Hotels and Motels	Red Wing	142
Riedell Shoes Inc	Sporting and Athletic Goods Manufacturing	Red Wing	89
Northwest Submarket			
Cannon Equipment	Display Fixtures/Merchandising Solutions	Cannon Falls	275
ISD 252	Public elementary and secondary educations	Cannon Falls	211
Henkel Company	Manufacturing	Cannon Falls	203
Mayo Clinic Health Systems	Hospital and health care clinic	Cannon Falls	185
Gemini, Inc.	Signs and advertising displays manufacturing	Cannon Falls	175
Angels Care Center	Nursing home	Cannon Falls	115
Amesbury Group, Inc.	Plastic products manufacturing	Cannon Falls	110
Lorentz Meats	Meat processing and packaging	Cannon Falls	100
Family Fare Supermarket	Retail groceries	Cannon Falls	70
City of Cannon Falls	Government	Cannon Falls	68
Midwest-CBK	Giftware design & wholesale distribution	Cannon Falls	50
Gemstar Manufacturing, Inc.	Luggage & plastic products manufacturing	Cannon Falls	50
Syngenta	Farm Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	Dennison	80
Northeast Submarket			
Hearth and Home Technologies	Fireplace Manufacturers	Lake City	550
Federal-Mogul Corp	Other motor vehicle parts manufacturing	Lake City	500
Mayo Clinic Health System	Hospitals	Lake City	300
ISD 813	Public elementary and secondary education	Lake City	170
Valley Craft	Material Handling Equipment	Lake City	70
J&B Pallets	Wood Container & Pallet Manufacturing	Lake City	50
Pepin Heights Orchard	Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Merchant Wholesalers	Lake City	50
	continued		

	EMPLOYMENT TRENDS TABLE 6 continued MAJOR EMPLOYERS GOODHUE COUNTY 2019		
Central Submarket			
ISD 253 Ag Partners CoOp Inc	Elementary & secondary schools Fertilizer Manufacturing	Goodhue Goodhue	75 50
Southwest Submarket			
Foldcraft Co ISD 2172 Kenyon Sunset Home Vertical Limit Holdings LLC Maple Island, Inc. ISD 2172 Ag Partners (Cenex)	Restaurant Equipment & Supplies Elementry & Secondary Schools Nursing Care Facilities Radio Tower Repair/Maintenance Dairy Products/Packaging Public Education (Elementary School) Agricultural Services	Kenyon Kenyon Kenyon Wanamingo Wanamingo Wanamingo Wanamingo	180 115 85 208 143 102 54
Southeast Submarket			
ISD 255 Pine Haven Care Center Land O'Lakes, Inc. Farm Country Co-op DS Manufacturing Dairy Farmers of America Zumbrota Health Services ISD 2805 Hub Food Center	Public education Nursing care facilities Specialty foods Farm products Coating/engraving Dairy Products Wholesaler Nursing Care Facilities Elementary & Secondary Schools Grocers - Retail	Pine Island Pine Island Pine Island Pine Island Pine Island Zumbrota Zumbrota Zumbrota Zumbrota Zumbrota	203 100 88 70 50 180 100 60

Sources: City of Red Wing; City of Wanamingo; Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board; ReferenceUSA; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Employer Survey

Maxfield Research surveyed representatives from a select group of the largest employers in Goodhue County and the surrounding area. Employers were asked their opinion regarding housing-related issues in the area, specifically whether the supply of suitable housing meets the needs of their workforce.

The following points summarize our findings.

- Quality workforce housing, including a mix of apartments, townhomes, and smaller single-family homes is needed in the Red Wing area.
- Employees need to feel that there able to obtain quality housing at a reasonable price or they will continue to reside in other communities and commute to work.
- In the Northwest Submarket, it can be difficult to attract workers and there is a lack of affordable housing for employees, particularly entry-level housing. Many new hires want to rent for a period before purchasing a home, but there is a lack of available rental housing.
- Several employers in the Northwest Submarket have plans to expand, but there is a labor shortage and wages are rising to compete for available labor. Housing is needed in the area to support labor force growth, particularly affordable rental housing.
- It was suggested that property taxes in Cannon Falls are too high, and many builders and home-buyers end up purchasing or building new homes outside the City.
- In the Lake City area, it was suggested that there is not enough affordable rental product available for new/younger hires and lower-wage earners. New professional hires often have a difficult time finding entry-level homes to purchase.
- Much of the housing that's being built in the Lake City area seems to cater to the retirement community. There seems to be a limited supply of quality housing available to purchase or rent, and housing is more affordable in other nearby communities.
- There seems to be a limited supply of existing quality housing in the Central Submarket (both rental housing and for-sale housing) and many employees end up needing to build due to the limited supply.
- The price for new construction homes is too high for many workers, particularly younger
 professionals with college debt. It was stated that there is a need for financing mechanisms
 to help buyers pay for new construction homes. Many workers have incomes high enough
 to pay the mortgage for a new construction home, but cash for a down payment is an issue
 especially for younger buyers.

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

- It was suggested that there is a large supply of residential lots and new housing developments available in the Southwest Submarket.
- There appears to be a shortage of mid-level rentals in the area targeting younger staff
 members, and these employees often end up renting older units or commuting from Rochester or other places where there are more suitable options that fit their life stage.
- Many families are drawn to the communities in the Southwest Submarket because housing is more affordable than other nearby communities.
- Many new hires in the Southeast Submarket look for places to rent, but rental rates seem to be high relative to the features and amenities offered at some of the older rental units but they are affordable enough for young moderate-wage earners.
- Established employees can typically find a home to purchase, but many have a spouse that works in Rochester and many of the cities in the area serve as a bedroom community of Rochester. Staff that have trouble finding suitable housing, will often end up buying or renting in a community outside the County.
- There appears to be a strong need for starter homes and modestly-priced move-up housing.
 It was suggested that modestly-priced move-up housing would fall in the \$180,000 to \$280,000 range.
- Most new construction homes in the area will sell for more than \$300,000 which is out of range for many young families. The Zumbrota-Mazeppa School District has a construction class that builds and sells a home each year and it is difficult from them to build any kind of new home for under \$260,000. The last few homes that they constructed were sold to older couples without children, and they're currently building a slab-on-grade home to target older buyers.
- Many employers suggested that there is a strong need for "affordable" homes for families and that providing more senior housing could stimulate turnover of the more affordable housing stock.
- It can be challenging for workers to find housing in the employer's community, but the
 availability of housing has not necessarily had a negative impact on the ability of employers
 to hire. Staff typically finds housing in another community or relocates to another community to upgrade their housing and then commutes. Labor availability is the major impediment to hiring and affordable housing (owned/rented) is needed to support labor force
 growth in the County.

Introduction

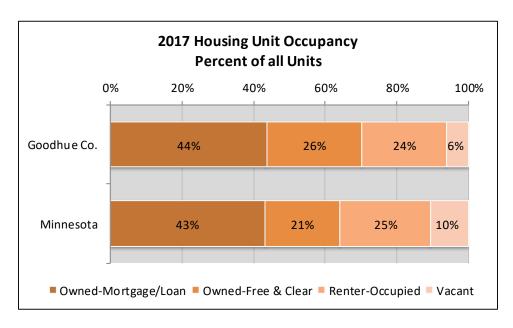
The variety and condition of housing in a community provides the basis for an attractive living environment. We examined the housing stock in Goodhue County (including the portions of Dennison, Lake City and Pine Island located outside the County) and its submarkets in comparison to Minnesota by reviewing data on the total number of housing units by occupancy status, housing type, age of the housing supply, and residential construction trends. Housing unit is defined as a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Householder refers to the person in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented.

Housing Unit Occupancy

Housing unit occupancy is a key variable used to assess neighborhood stability. Housing Characteristics Table 1 on the following pages shows the total number of housing units, as well as the occupancy status in 2010 and 2017. This data is sourced from the U.S. Census (2010) and the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (2017), the most recent data available.

The Census' definition of a vacant housing unit includes: units that were listed for sale or for rent at the time of the Census survey; units that have been rented or sold but were not yet occupied; seasonal housing (vacation or second homes); and, "other" vacant housing. Other vacant housing units include housing for migratory workers, housing units held for occupancy of a caretaker, and units in the foreclosure process.

As of 2017, Goodhue County contained an estimated 22,932 housing units, approximately 94.0% of which are occupied (21,548 units) and 6.0% are vacant (1,320 units). By comparison, Minnesota had an estimated occupancy rate 89.5% (10.5% vacancy rate) in 2017.



- Approximately 70% of the County's housing units were owner-occupied in 2017, 24% were renter-occupied, and the remaining 6% were vacant. By comparison, 64% of the housing units in Minnesota were owner-occupied, 25% were renter-occupied, and 11% were vacant.
- Of the owner-occupied housing units in Goodhue County, approximately 62% were owned with a mortgage or loan (44% of all housing units) and 38% were owned free and clear (26% of all housing units). In Minnesota, 67% of the owner-occupied units were owned with a mortgage or loan and 33% were owned free and clear.
- Goodhue County occupancy rates increased from 91.6% in 2010, with renter-occupancy increasing while the percentage of owner-occupied units experienced a small decrease. In Minnesota, occupancy increased from 88.9% in 2010, with an increase occurring in the percentage of renter-occupied units (owner-occupancy declined slightly).

		HOUSIN	G CHARA	CTERISTIC	S TABLE	1					
	HOUSING UNIT OCCUPANCY										
_	GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA										
					Good	hue Coun	ty Subma	arkets			
		Goodh	ue Co.	No	rth	North	west	North	neast		
١_		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		
	Total Housing Units	22,932	100%	8,912	100%	3,369	100%	3,556	100%		
	Occupied Units	21,548	94.0%	8,424	94.5%	3,214	95.4%	3,021	85.0%		
	Owner-Occupied	16,094	70.2%	5,867	65.8%	2,572	76.3%	2,381	67.0%		
	mortgage or loan	10,036	43.8%	3,847	43.2%	1,680	49.9%	1,260	35.4%		
	free and clear	6,058	26.4%	2,020	22.7%	892	26.5%	1,121	31.5%		
	Renter-Occupied	5,454	23.8%	2,557	28.7%	642	19.1%	640	18.0%		
	Vacant Units	1,384	6.0%	488	5.5%	155	4.6%	535	15.0%		
	For Rent	200	0.9%	95	1.1%	6	0.2%	67	1.9%		
	For Sale Only	263	1.1%	88	1.0%	48	1.4%	48	1.3%		
	Seasonal/Recreational	533	2.3%	75	0.8%	20	0.6%	410	11.5%		
	Rented/Sold, Not Occupied	112	0.5%	85	1.0%	22	0.7%	0	0.0%		
	Other	276	1.2%	145	1.6%	59	1.8%	10	0.3%		
	Total Housing Units	22,798	100%	9,030	100%	3,400	100%	3,478	100%		
	Occupied Units	20,883	91.6%	8,403	93.1%	3,172	93.3%	2,885	82.9%		
	Owner-Occupied	16,137	70.8%	6,053	67.0%	2,580	75.9%	2,288	65.8%		
	mortgage or loan	10,909	47.9%	4,073	45.1%	1,848	54.4%	1,419	40.8%		
	free and clear	5,228	22.9%	1,980	21.9%	732	21.5%	869	25.0%		
	Renter-Occupied	4,746	20.8%	2,350	26.0%	592	17.4%	597	17.2%		
	Vacant Units	1,915	8.4%	627	6.9%	228	6.7%	593	17.1%		
	For Rent	493	2.2%	192	2.1%	105	3.1%	52	1.5%		
	For Sale Only	443	1.9%	138	1.5%	43	1.3%	109	3.1%		
	Seasonal/Recreational	515	2.3%	117	1.3%	27	0.8%	345	9.9%		
	Rented/Sold, Not Occupied	87	0.4%	41	0.5%	7	0.2%	15	0.4%		
	Other	377	1.7%	139	1.5%	46	1.4%	72	2.1%		

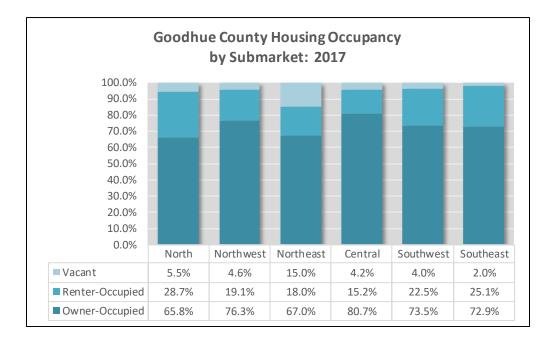
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HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 1 continued
HOUSING UNIT OCCUPANCY
COODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA

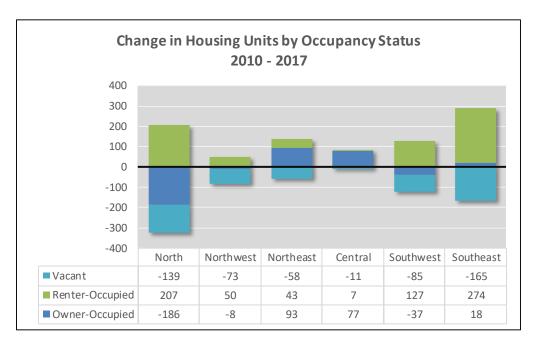
		Good	hue Coun	ty Subma	rkets		
	Cen	tral	South	west	South	neast	Minnesota
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	Pct.
Total Housing Units	1,127	100%	2,015	100%	3,953	100%	100%
Occupied Units	1,080	95.8%	1,935	96.0%	3,874	98.0%	89.5%
Owner-Occupied	909	80.7%	1,482	73.5%	2,883	72.9%	64.1%
mortgage or Ioan	566	50.2%	890	44.2%	1,793	45.4%	43.0%
free and clear	343	30.4%	592	29.4%	1,090	27.6%	21.1%
Renter-Occupied	171	15.2%	453	22.5%	991	25.1%	25.4%
Vacant Units	47	4.2%	80	4.0%	79	2.0%	10.5%
For Rent	22	2.0%	10	0.5%	0	0.0%	1.1%
For Sale Only	0	0.0%	8	0.4%	71	1.8%	0.8%
Seasonal/Recreational	5	0.4%	18	0.9%	5	0.1%	5.6%
Rented/Sold, Not Occupied	0	0.0%	5	0.2%	0	0.0%	0.7%
Other	20	1.8%	39	1.9%	3	0.1%	2.3%
Total Housing Units	1,054	100%	2,010	100%	3,826	100%	100%
Occupied Units	996	94.5%	1,845	91.8%	3,582	93.6%	88.9%
Owner-Occupied	832	78.9%	1,519	75.6%	2,865	74.9%	64.9%
mortgage or Ioan	555	52.7%	986	49.1%	2,028	53.0%	47.3%
free and clear	277	26.3%	533	26.5%	837	21.9%	17.7%
Renter-Occupied	164	15.6%	326	16.2%	717	18.7%	24.0%
Vacant Units	58	5.5%	165	8.2%	244	6.4%	11.1%
For Rent	11	1.0%	62	3.1%	71	1.9%	2.0%
For Sale Only	15	1.4%	44	2.2%	94	2.5%	1.3%
Seasonal/Recreational	8	0.8%	9	0.4%	9	0.2%	5.6%
Rented/Sold, Not Occupied	6	0.6%	8	0.4%	10	0.3%	0.4%
Other	18	1.7%	42	2.1%	60	1.6%	1.8%
Sources: US Census; 2013-2017	American	Commur	nity Surve	/; Maxfie	ld Resear	ch & Cor	nsulting, LLC

- With 6.0% of housing units vacant, Goodhue County's vacancy rate was low in 2017 relative to Minnesota which had a 10.5% housing vacancy rate.
- Among the 1,384 vacant housing units in Goodhue County, nearly 39% (533) are classified
 as seasonal/recreational compared to 54% of vacant units in Minnesota. Another 20% of
 the vacant units in the County (276) were classified as "other" compared to 22% of the vacant units in Minnesota. "Other" vacant housing units include housing for migratory workers, housing units held for occupancy of a caretaker, and units in the foreclosure process.
- Goodhue County's housing inventory expanded by an estimated 134 housing units (0.6%) between 2010 and 2017, with a 3.2% increase (665 units) in occupied housing units against a -27.7% decline (-531 units) in vacant housing units.

As illustrated in the following graph, the Central Submarket had the highest home owner-ship rate in 2017, at 80.7%, while the North Submarket had the highest proportion of renter-occupied housing units (28.7%). The Northeast Submarket had the highest vacancy rate, at 15.0% of all housing units, although a majority of the vacant housing units in the Northeast Submarket are classified as seasonal/recreational properties.



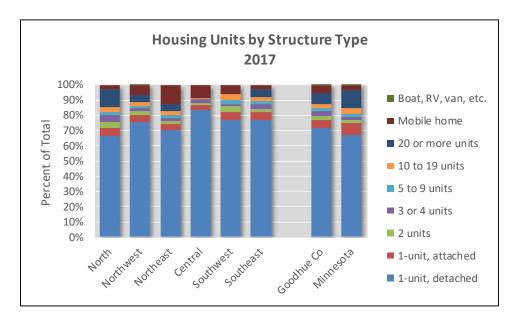
 The Southeast Submarket experienced the greatest growth in housing units between 2010 and 2017, adding 127 units with the largest growth occurring in renter-occupied units.
 Renter-occupied growth occurred in all six submarkets, while the Northeast and Central Submarkets experienced the greatest growth in owner-occupied housing.



Housing Stock by Structure Type

The data in Housing Characteristics Table 2 is sourced from the American Community Survey ("ACS") which is an ongoing statistical survey administered by the U.S. Census Bureau. The current ACS highlights data collected between 2013 and 2017, the most recent data available. The following points summarize key findings.

- Single-family (one-unit) detached units are the most common housing structure type in Goodhue County, comprising 72% of all housing units, significantly higher than 67% of all housing units in Minnesota.
- The concentration of single-unit detached housing structures is highest in the Central (84%),
 Southeast (77%) and Southwest Submarkets (77%).



- Structures with 20 or more units contain the second highest number of housing units in the County, representing an estimated 6.9% of all housing units (1,578 units), while structures with 20 or more units contain 12.0% of all housing units in Minnesota. The North Submarket has, by far, the highest concentration of units in structures with 20 or more units in Goodhue County at 11.8% (1,049 units).
- Mobile homes represent 5.5% of the housing inventory in the County (1,266 units), with the largest concentration located in the Northeast Submarket with 437 units (12.3% of all housing units). By comparison, 3.4% of all housing units in Minnesota are mobile homes.
- An estimated 5.1% of housing units are attached single-family structures (1,80 units) in the County compared to 7.4% in Minnesota.

- Of the owner-occupied housing units in Goodhue County, roughly 87% are single-unit, detached structures (14,071 units), while 6% are in mobile homes (928) and 5% are in attached single-unit structures (757).
- Nearly 30% of the renter-occupied housing units in the County (1,620 units) are in single-unit, detached structures. Another 24% are in structures with 20 or more units and 11% are in structures with three or four units (593 units).

н	HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 2 HOUSING UNITS BY STRUCTURE TYPE AND TENURE										
	GO	DDHUE CO	DUNTY MA	RKET ARE	Α						
				Good	lhue Coun	ty Subma	rkets				
	Goodh	ue Co.	No	rth	North	west	North	neast			
	No. Pct.		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.			
Total Housing Units	22,932	100%	8,912	100%	3,369	100%	3,556	100%			
1-unit, detached	16,464	71.8%	5,896	66.2%	2,546	75.6%	2,497	70.2%			
1-unit, attached	1,180	5.1%	510	5.7%	158	4.7%	144	4.0%			
2 units	638	2.8%	342	3.8%	77	2.3%	60	1.7%			
3 or 4 units	727	3.2%	398	4.5%	81	2.4%	70	2.0%			
5 to 9 units	457	2.0%	179	2.0%	34	1.0%	92	2.6%			
10 to 19 units	620	2.7%	275	3.1%	95	2.8%	82	2.3%			
20 or more units	1,578	6.9%	1,049	11.8%	151	4.5%	174	4.9%			
Mobile home	1,266	5.5%	263	3.0%	225	6.7%	437	12.3%			
Boat, RV, van, etc.	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.1%	0	0.0%			
Total Occupied Housing Units	21,548	100%	8,424	100%	3,214	100%	3,021	100%			
Owner-Occupied	16,094	74.7%	5,867	69.6%	2,572	80.0%	2,381	78.8%			
1-unit, detached	14,071	65.3%	5,051	60.0%	2,251	70.0%	1,978	65.5%			
1-unit, attached	757	3.5%	419	5.0%	78	2.4%	82	2.7%			
2 units	82	0.4%	39	0.5%	3	0.1%	0	0.0%			
3 or 4 units	49	0.2%	17	0.2%	32	1.0%	0	0.0%			
5 to 9 units	7	0.0%	7	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
10 to 19 units	75	0.3%	46	0.5%	29	0.9%	0	0.0%			
20 or more units	123	0.6%	70	0.8%	0	0.0%	53	1.8%			
Mobile home	928	4.3%	218	2.6%	177	5.5%	268	8.9%			
Boat, RV, van, etc.	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.1%	0	0.0%			
Renter-Occupied	5,454	25.3%	2,557	30.4%	642	20.0%	640	21.2%			
1-unit, detached	1,620	7.5%	640	7.6%	151	4.7%	261	8.6%			
1-unit, attached	410	1.9%	83	1.0%	80	2.5%	62	2.1%			
2 units	512	2.4%	267	3.2%	74	2.3%	57	1.9%			
3 or 4 units	593	2.8%	306	3.6%	49	1.5%	70	2.3%			
5 to 9 units	406	1.9%	172	2.0%	34	1.1%	58	1.9%			
10 to 19 units	451	2.1%	179	2.1%	55	1.7%	49	1.6%			
20 or more units	1,319	6.1%	894	10.6%	151	4.7%	70	2.3%			
Mobile home	143	0.7%	16	0.2%	48	1.5%	13	0.4%			
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			

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HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 2 continued
HOUSING UNITS BY STRUCTURE TYPE AND TENURE
GOODHLIF COLINTY MARKET AREA

		Good					
	Cen	tral	South	west	South	neast	Minnesota
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	Pct.
Total Housing Units	1,127	100%	2,015	100%	3,953	100%	100%
1-unit, detached	942	83.6%	1,549	76.9%	3,034	76.8%	67.3%
1-unit, attached	38	3.4%	106	5.3%	224	5.7%	7.4%
2 units	10	0.9%	78	3.9%	71	1.8%	2.2%
3 or 4 units	34	3.0%	27	1.3%	117	3.0%	2.1%
5 to 9 units	0	0.0%	58	2.9%	94	2.4%	2.2%
10 to 19 units	7	0.6%	75	3.7%	86	2.2%	3.4%
20 or more units	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	204	5.2%	12.0%
Mobile home	96	8.5%	122	6.1%	123	3.1%	3.4%
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%
Total Occupied Housing Units	1,080	100%	1,935	100%	3,874	100%	100%
Owner-Occupied	909	84.2%	1,482	76.6%	2,883	74.4%	71.6%
1-unit, detached	826	76.5%	1,300	67.2%	2,665	68.8%	61.2%
1-unit, attached	18	1.7%	72	3.7%	88	2.3%	5.4%
2 units	3	0.3%	21	1.1%	16	0.4%	0.5%
3 or 4 units	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.3%
5 to 9 units	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.3%
10 to 19 units	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.2%
20 or more units	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1.4%
Mobile home	62	5.7%	89	4.6%	114	2.9%	2.3%
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%
Renter-Occupied	171	15.8%	453	23.4%	991	25.6%	28.4%
1-unit, detached	92	8.5%	183	9.5%	293	7.6%	5.8%
1-unit, attached	15	1.4%	34	1.8%	136	3.5%	2.4%
2 units	5	0.5%	57	2.9%	52	1.3%	1.7%
3 or 4 units	24	2.2%	27	1.4%	117	3.0%	1.8%
5 to 9 units	0	0.0%	48	2.5%	94	2.4%	1.9%
10 to 19 units	7	0.6%	75	3.9%	86	2.2%	3.3%
20 or more units	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	204	5.3%	11.0%
Mobile home	28	2.6%	29	1.5%	9	0.2%	0.4%
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%

• An estimated 9.8% of all detached single-unit structures are renter-occupied in Goodhue County (1,620 units) compared to 7.7% in Minnesota.

Sources: 2013-2017 American Community Survey; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

• The Southwest Submarket has the highest concentration of renter-occupied single-family homes, at 11.8% of all detached single-unit structures (183 units), followed by the North Submarket at 10.9% (640 units).

Age of Housing Stock

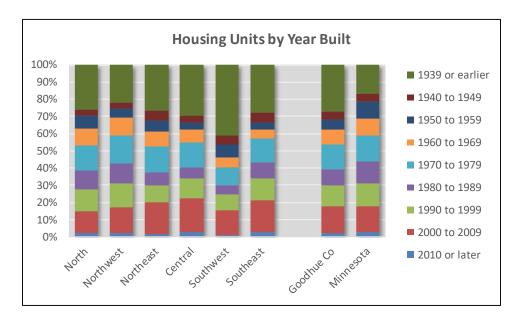
Similar to the structure type data presented in the previous table, housing age data presented in Housing Characteristics Table 3 is also sourced from the 2013-2017 American Community Survey. The table includes the number of housing units built prior to 1940 and during each subsequent decade. The Census Bureau began collecting year-built data in 1940.

Over 27% of the County's housing units (6,246 units) were built prior to 1940, compared to
17% of all homes in Minnesota. While many homes built before 1940 may be in good condition, housing units this age are at risk of becoming substandard or functionally obsolete and
maintenance costs are generally higher. Older housing is common in areas where declining
populations and slower economic activity limit demand for new housing production.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 3												
			UNITS BY				LT					
		GOO	DHUE COU				ty Suhmai	rkets				
	Goodh	ue Co.		orth		North	•	Nort				
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.			
Total	22,932	100%	8,912	100%		3,369	100%	3,556	100%			
2014 or later	96	0.4%	54	0.6%		13	0.4%	2	0.1%			
2010 to 2013	334	1.5%	112	1.3%		47	1.4%	41	1.2%			
2000 to 2009	3,590	15.7%	1,153	12.9%		512	15.2%	678	19.1%			
1990 to 1999	2,798	12.2%	1,149	12.9%		475	14.1%	343	9.6%			
1980 to 1989	2,181	9.5%	997	11.2%		387	11.5%	272	7.6%			
1970 to 1979	3,269	14.3%	1,248	14.0%		545	16.2%	541	15.2%			
1960 to 1969	1,991	8.7%	925	10.4%		362	10.7%	306	8.6%			
1950 to 1959	1,432	6.2%	649	7.3%		180	5.3%	228	6.4%			
1940 to 1949	995	4.3%	328	3.7%		100	3.0%	191	5.4%			
1939 or earlier	6,246	27.2%	2,297	25.8%		748	22.2%	954	26.8%			
		Goo	dhue Coun	nty Submai	rke	ts						
	Cer	itral	South	hwest		Sout	heast	Minn	esota			
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		No.	Pct.	Pc	t.			
Total	1,127	100%	2,015	100%		3,953	100%	10	0%			
2014 or later	7	0.6%	0	0.0%		20	0.5%	0.	8%			
2010 to 2013	25	2.2%	22	1.1%		87	2.2%	2.	0%			
2000 to 2009	223	19.8%	293	14.5%		731	18.5%	14.	6%			
1990 to 1999	128	11.4%	188	9.3%		515	13.0%	13.	6%			
1980 to 1989	72	6.4%	98	4.9%		355	9.0%	12.	9%			
1970 to 1979	162	14.4%	217	10.8%		556	14.1%	15.	1%			
1960 to 1969	88	7.8%	109	5.4%		201	5.1%	9.	7%			
1950 to 1959	47	4.2%	159	7.9%		169	4.3%	10.	1%			
1940 to 1949	43	3.8%	103	5.1%		230	5.8%	4.	6%			
1939 or earlier	332	29.5%	826	41.0%		1,089	27.5%	16.	6%			

Sources: 2013-2017 American Community Survey; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, Southwest has the highest concentration of homes built prior to 1940 (41% of the housing stock), followed by Central at 30%.
- Aside from the number of homes built prior to 1940, the 2000s was the most active decade
 in the County in terms of residential building activity. Nearly 16% of Goodhue County's
 housing stock was built from 2000 to 2009 (3,590 units). By comparison, 15% of Minnesota's housing stock was delivered during the 2000s.
- The Central Submarket was the most active during the 2000s, as 20% of the Submarket's
 housing supply was built during the decade (223 units). Over 19% of the housing units in
 the Northeast Submarket (678 units) were built in the 2000s.



- Housing unit production has dropped off sharply since the 2000s. An estimated 334 units
 were built from 2010 to 2013 in the County (1.5% of all units) and 96 units were constructed
 between 2014 and 2017 (0.4%).
- The North has been the most active submarket since 2010, adding 168 units (1.9% of the total), followed by the Southeast with 107 units (2.7%). Housing unit production has been slowest in the Southwest Submarket with the delivery of 22 units since 2010 (1.1%).
- An estimated 3,269 units in Goodhue County were built in the 1970s (14.3%) and 2,798 units were built in the 1990s (12.2%).
- The distribution of newer housing units (i.e. built in 1990 or more recently) in Goodhue County is very similar to Minnesota. An estimated 30% of the County's housing supply has been built since 1990 compared to 31% in Minnesota.

The following photographs represent a sample of the housing stock in Goodhue County.



Example of pre-1940's housing in Goodhue County



1960's era single-family neighborhood



Condominium project



2000s-era single-family subdivision



Former armory converted into apartment building in Zumbrota



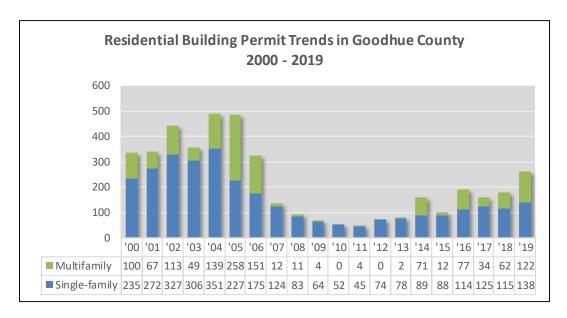
Twin home development

Residential Construction Trends

Housing Characteristics Table 4 on the following pages displays the number of units permitted for single-family homes and multifamily structures from 2000 through September 2019 in Goodhue County. Data includes the portions of Dennison, Lake City and Pine Island outside the County.

Single-family includes permits for detached single-family homes while multifamily includes forsale attached single-family units (i.e. townhomes, twin homes), condominiums, and rental units. Building permit data was provided by the Cities of Lake City, Pine Island, Red Wing, Zumbrota and Goodhue County.

• From 2000 through September 2019, 4,370 new housing units were permitted in Goodhue County, for an average of 221 new units per year.



- An average of 396 new housing units were permitted annually in the County from 2000 through 2006.
- Residential construction activity dropped off in the County when the "housing bubble" burst in 2006, and home building activity declined to an average of 79 new units per year from 2007 through 2012.
- Housing development has increased in the County since the recession, averaging 167 new units per year between 2013 and 2019, although residential construction activity has not yet reached the pre-recession highs of the early 2000s.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 4 RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMIT TRENDS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET AND CITY 2000 - 2019

		Red Wing	g
Year	SF	MF	Total
200	0 30	20	50
200	1 43	22	65
200	2 36	20	56
200	3 43	18	61
200	4 47	75	122
200	5 32	175	207
200	6 29	121	150
200	7 17	10	27
200	8 8	9	17
2009	9 8	0	8
201	0 11	0	11
201	1 8	4	12
201	2 8	0	8
201	3 8	0	8
201	4 17	0	17
201	5 17	3	20
201	6 10	64	74
201	7 13	13	26
201	8 10	14	24
2019 yt	d 10	114	124
Annual Average	20.5	34.5	55.0

		NORTHWEST SUBMARKET											
	С	annon Fa	alls		Denniso	n	F	Remaind	er	Sub	market 1	Гotal	
Year	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	
2000	6	0	6	0	0	0	31	0	31	37	0	37	
2001	8	0	8	2	0	2	29	0	29	39	0	39	
2002	22	4	26	2	0	2	27	0	27	51	4	55	
2003	0	0	0	3	0	3	33	0	33	36	0	36	
2004	0	0	0	1	0	1	36	0	36	37	0	37	
2005	0	0	0	2	0	2	27	0	27	29	0	29	
2006	1	0	1	2	0	2	5	0	5	8	0	8	
2007	0	0	0	1	0	1	11	0	11	12	0	12	
2008	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	8	8	0	8	
2009	1	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	8	9	0	9	
2010	3	0	3	1	0	1	7	0	7	11	0	11	
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	
2012	6	0	6	0	0	0	8	0	8	14	0	14	
2013	5	2	7	0	0	0	8	0	8	13	2	15	
2014	9	0	9	0	0	0	6	0	6	15	0	15	
2015	3	1	4	0	0	0	10	0	10	13	1	14	
2016	7	0	7	0	0	0	12	0	12	19	0	19	
2017	14	3	17	0	0	0	9	0	9	23	3	26	
2018	9	0	9	2	0	2	10	0	10	21	0	21	
2019 ytd	12	0	12	1	0	1	11	0	11	24	0	24	
Annual Average	5.4	0.5	5.9	0.9	0.0	0.9	15.1	0.0	15.1	21.3	0.5	21.8	
					cont	inued							

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 4 continued RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMIT TRENDS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET AND CITY 2000 - 2019

					NORTHEAST SUBM	ARKET				
			Lake City	,		Remaind	ler	Sı	ıb	ıbmarket
Year		SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF		MF
	2000	26	14	40	8	0	8	34		14
	2001	15	8	23	15	0	15	30		8
	2002	36	58	94	21	0	21	57		58
	2003	22	20	42	29	0	29	51		20
	2004	29	38	67	37	0	37	66		38
	2005	13	61	74	29	0	29	42		61
	2006	19	15	34	10	0	10	29		15
	2007	9	2	11	9	0	9	18		2
	2008	7	0	7	7	0	7	14		0
	2009	5	0	5	7	0	7	12		0
	2010	6	0	6	4	0	4	10		0
	2011	2	0	2	2	0	2	4		0
	2012	3	0	3	6	0	6	9		0
	2013	6	0	6	4	0	4	10		0
	2014	4	69	73	3	0	3	7		69
	2015	8	4	12	6	0	6	14		4
	2016	10	6	16	7	0	7	17		6
	2017	12	10	22	1	0	1	13		10
	2018	10	4	14	2	0	2	12		4
20	19 ytd	11	2	13	7	0	7	18		2
Innual Av	erage	12.7	15.6	29.0	10.8	3 0.0	10.8	23.6		15.7

					CENTRAL SUBMA	RKET				
			Goodhu	•		Remain	der	Sub	marl	ket
Year		SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	М	F
	2000	4	0	4	9	0	9	13	0	
	2001	12	2	14	15	0	15	27	2	
	2002	25	8	33	21	0	21	46	8	
	2003	18	0	18	8	0	8	26	0	
	2004	9	4	13	34	0	34	43	4	
	2005	11	2	13	11	0	11	22	2	
	2006	8	6	14	6	0	6	14	6	
	2007	6	0	6	6	0	6	12	0	
	2008	3	0	3	5	0	5	8	0	
	2009	3	0	3	5	0	5	8	0	
	2010	3	0	3	7	0	7	10	0	
	2011	1	0	1	3	0	3	4	0	
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2013	1	0	1	6	0	6	7	0	
	2014	1	0	1	4	0	4	5	0	
	2015	1	0	1	4	0	4	5	0	
	2016	3	0	3	6	0	6	9	0	
	2017	2	0	2	9	0	9	11	0	
	2018	5	0	5	8	0	8	13	0	
	019 ytd	5	0	5	2	0	2	7	0	
Annual A	verage	6.1	1.1	7.2	8.6	0.0	8.6	14.7	1.1	

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 4 continued RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMIT TRENDS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET AND CITY 2000 - 2019

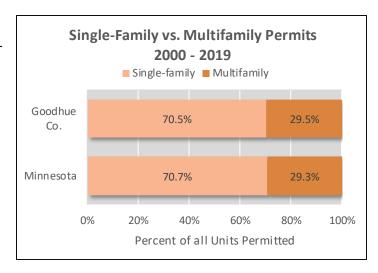
		Kenyon		V	Vanamin	go	F	Remainde	er	Sub	market 1	Гotal
Year	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total
2000	0	0	0	2	4	6	8	0	8	10	4	14
2001	8	5	13	0	8	8	4	0	4	12	13	25
2002	6	3	9	4	0	4	8	0	8	18	3	21
2003	10	0	10	0	0	0	13	0	13	23	0	23
2004	18	2	20	0	0	0	9	0	9	27	2	29
2005	8	10	18	0	0	0	5	0	5	13	10	23
2006	8	4	12	0	0	0	4	0	4	12	4	16
2007	6	0	6	0	0	0	3	0	3	9	0	9
2008	4	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	2	6	0	6
2009	2	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	4	0	4
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
2011	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	2
2012	3	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	1	5	0	5
2013	3	0	3	1	0	1	2	0	2	6	0	6
2014	5	0	5	3	0	3	3	0	3	11	0	11
2015	2	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	4	0	4
2016	3	2	5	5	0	5	0	0	0	8	2	10
2017	7	0	7	6	0	6	1	0	1	14	0	14
2018	5	1	6	11	0	11	1	0	1	17	1	18
2019 ytd	6	0	6	9	0	9	0	0	0	15	0	15
Annual Average	5.3	1.4	6.6	2.2	0.6	2.8	3.5	0.0	3.5	11.0	2.0	13.0

		SOUTHEAST SUBMARKET											
	I	Pine Islan	ıd		Zumbrot	a	F	Remaind	er	Submarket Total			
Year	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	SF	MF	Total	
2000	36	58	94	39	4	43	18	0	18	93	62	155	
2001	52	22	74	28	0	28	15	0	15	95	22	117	
2002	42	14	56	21	6	27	20	0	20	83	20	103	
2003	49	9	58	23	2	25	20	0	20	92	11	103	
2004	34	18	52	36	2	38	29	0	29	99	20	119	
2005	24	4	28	32	6	38	16	0	16	72	10	82	
2006	27	1	28	26	4	30	14	0	14	67	5	72	
2007	26	0	26	12	0	12	5	0	5	43	0	43	
2008	10	0	10	8	2	10	8	0	8	26	2	28	
2009	6	0	6	9	4	13	1	0	1	16	4	20	
2010	3	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	2	5	0	5	
2011	6	0	6	11	0	11	0	0	0	17	0	17	
2012	7	0	7	17	0	17	6	0	6	30	0	30	
2013	7	0	7	11	0	11	7	0	7	25	0	25	
2014	9	0	9	10	2	12	7	0	7	26	2	28	
2015	12	0	12	9	4	13	9	0	9	30	4	34	
2016	16	3	19	19	2	21	7	0	7	42	5	47	
2017	17	0	17	16	8	24	10	0	10	43	8	51	
2018	15	38	53	13	4	17	5	1	6	33	43	76	
2019 ytd	15	0	15	26	6	32	10	0	10	51	6	57	
Annual Average	20.9	8.5	29.4	18.5	2.8	21.4	10.6	0.1	10.6	50.0	11.3	61.4	

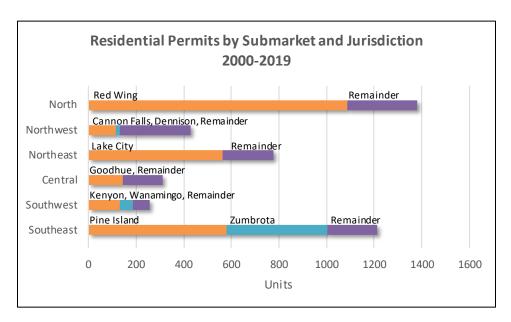
Notes: SF = Single Family; MF = Multifamily; 2019 data through September

Sources: Goodhue County; Cities of Pine Island, Red Wing, and Zumbrota; HUD SOCDS; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- As illustrated in the adjacent graph, 70.5% of all residential units permitted in Goodhue County since 2000 have been single-family. The remaining 29.5% were multifamily units.
- These proportions are very similar to Minnesota, where 70.7% of the housing units permitted since 2000 were single-family and 29.3% were multifamily units.

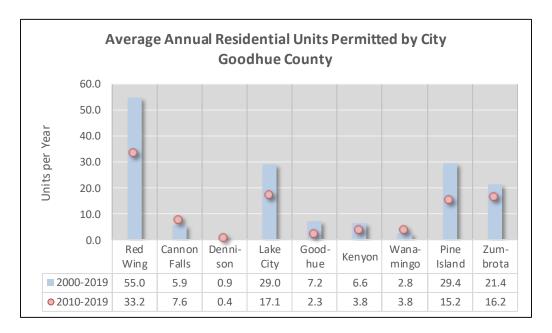


- The proportion of new multifamily units compared to detached single-family units has been climbing in recent years. From 2000 through 2012, roughly 28% of all permitted units in the County were multifamily, increasing to 34% of all permitted units since 2012. Similarly, 24% of all permitted units in Minnesota were multifamily between 2000 and 2012, compared to 43% of all new units since 2012.
- Housing construction has been most active in the North Submarket since 2000 with a total
 of 1,381 units permitted (1,087 in Red Wing), followed by the Southeast Submarket with
 1,212 units (580 in Pine Island and 422 in Zumbrota).



 A total of 778 units was permitted in the Northeast Submarket (564 in Lake City), while there were 431 new units permitted in the Northwest (116 in Cannon Falls and 17 in Dennison). A total of 312 units were permitted in the Central Submarket (143 in Goodhue) since 2000.

- Red Wing is the development leader for multifamily units in the County, permitting an average of 34.5 units per year since 2000, followed by Lake City (15.6 units per year), and Pine Island (8.5 units per year). Pine Island is the single-family development leader, permitting an average of 20.9 new units per year since 2000, followed by Red Wing (20.5), and Zumbrota (18.5).
- The following graph illustrates the average annual number of housing units permitted for the cities in Goodhue County over the past 20 years (2000 through September 2019) compared to the recent ten-year average (2010 through September 2019).



- Over the past 20 years, permitting activity ranged from an average of 55.0 units per year in Red Wing to 0.9 units per year in Dennison.
- The pace of new residential construction activity has slowed over the past ten years in the County, ranging from 33.2 units per year in Red Wing to 0.4 units per year in Dennison from 2010 through September 2019.
- Except for Cannon Falls and Wanamingo, which experienced slight increases in new construction activity, all other cities have experienced notable decreases in the pace of new residential construction.
- Seventy-one percent of all new housing units were permitted in the various cities of Goodhue County between 2000 and 2019, while 29% were in the townships (1,239 total units), including 30% of the units from 2000 through 2010 and 25% since 2010. Among the townships, Florence Township (Northeast Submarket) had the highest new residential construction activity since 2010, with 38 permitted units, followed by Stanton Township (Northwest Submarket) with 27 and Vasa Township (North Submarket) with 25 permitted units.

Pending Residential Developments

Maxfield Research contacted City staff of the communities located in Goodhue County to identify any new residential developments that are proposed, planned or under construction that may satisfy a portion of future demand for housing in the County. The following points summarize pending housing developments in the County as of October 2019.

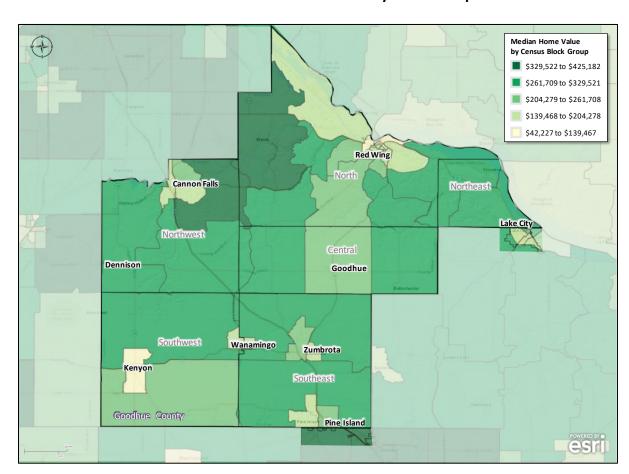
- Keller-Baartman Properties has a multi-phase residential development pending in the City of Red Wing, totaling 250 new housing units.
 - Phase I consists of Park Place Apartments, a 108-unit general occupancy apartment development, which is under construction at 540 Tyler Road with 40% of the units (43 units) affordable at 60% AMI and the remaining units (65 units) market rate.
 - The second phase will consist of 78 senior housing units, 40% of which (31 units) will be affordable at 60% AMI.
 - Additionally, there are 64 general occupancy rental townhomes planned, 40% of which (26 units) will be affordable at 60% AMI.
- The City of Lake City has approved a preliminary plat for Ponderosa Estates, a residential subdivision which will provide lots for four single-family homes off of Hillwood Drive, south of County Road 5.
- The Lake City Economic Development Authority is working with Three Rivers Community Action on a possible Low-Income Housing Tax Credit rental development on the "Cemstone" Site which is situated west of Highway 63 and south of North 10th Street. At the time, this report was prepared, plans were conceptual and details such as development timing, number of units and target market (i.e. family households, elderly households) were not known.
- The Wanamingo Economic Development Authority (EDA) is considering a housing development on vacant land owned by the EDA along Mill Street, east of West Avenue. As proposed, the development would consist of five 600 to 700 square-foot slab on grade homes, which would be priced for-sale starting at approximately \$100,000. Plans were conceptual at the time this report was prepared, and the Site will need to be acquired by the developer and final plans approved prior to any development activity.
- The City of Wanamingo is also considering a proposal to rehabilitate an existing commercial building at 112 Main Street, a project that could potentially include renovating the second story into six apartment units. Plans are preliminary and the Site will need to be acquired by the developer and financing will need to be arranged prior to the start of construction.
- The Prairie Island Indian Community purchased roughly 1,200 acres of land in late 2018 at the former Elk Run bioscience park site in the Olmsted County portion of Pine Island for tribal housing. Plans are not final, but there are 150 members on a wait list for housing.

Owner-Occupied Housing Units by Value

Housing Characteristics Table 5 and the following map present data on housing values summarized in ranges and median value. Home value reflects the owner's estimate of how much the property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. The information is estimated by ESRI.

- The estimated 2019 median owner-occupied home value is \$212,977 in Goodhue County, roughly -12% lower than the median of \$240,868 in Minnesota but 10% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$194,505).
- As illustrated on the following map, median home values are highest in the Census Block Group east of Cannon Falls with a median home value of \$358,333. The Census Block Groups encompassing the portion of Pine Island in Olmsted County have estimated median home values of \$352,907 and \$351,629.
- The lowest estimated median home value can be found in the North Submarket in the Block Group encompassing the Downtown area of Red Wing (\$80,702).

Estimated Median Home Value by Block Group



HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 5 OWNER-OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS BY VALUE GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2019

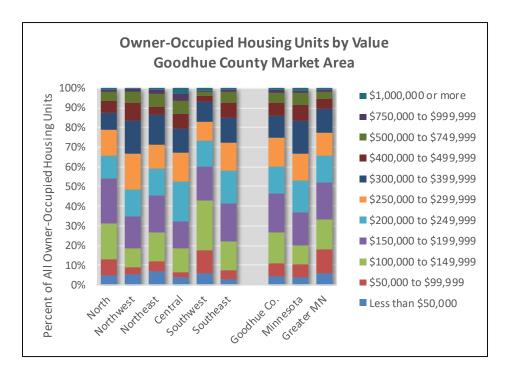
					unty Subn	narkets			
	Goodhu	ıe Co.	Nor	North			west	North	east
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Total	14,236	100%	5,806	100%		2,539	100%	2,345	100%
Less than \$50,000	640	4%	284	5%		133	5%	167	7%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	889	6%	460	8%		91	4%	118	5%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,272	16%	1,066	18%		248	10%	336	14%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	2,800	20%	1,321	23%		413	16%	444	19%
\$200,000 to \$249,999	1,992	14%	686	12%		348	14%	327	14%
\$250,000 to \$299,999	2,039	14%	765	13%		455	18%	277	12%
\$300,000 to \$399,999	1,637	11%	511	9%		427	17%	357	15%
\$400,000 to \$499,999	942	7%	346	6%		233	9%	97	4%
\$500,000 to \$749,999	688	5%	246	4%		145	6%	149	6%
\$750,000 to \$999,999	213	1%	74	1%		39	2%	57	2%
\$1,000,000 or more	124	1%	47	1%		7	0%	16	1%
Median Value*	\$212,	977	\$191,	370	\$254		011	\$216	,437

	Goodhue County Submarkets							State of	Greater
	Central		Southwest		Southeast			MN	MN*
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.		No.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Total	856	58%	1,474	81%		2,938	106%	100%	100%
Less than \$50,000	32	4%	83	6%		90	3%	4%	6%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	24	3%	176	12%		128	4%	7%	12%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	102	12%	375	25%		424	14%	10%	15%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	119	14%	254	17%		575	20%	17%	19%
\$200,000 to \$249,999	172	20%	193	13%		486	17%	16%	14%
\$250,000 to \$299,999	126	1%	144	2%		425	17%	14%	11%
\$300,000 to \$399,999	103	1%	149	3%		364	14%	17%	12%
\$400,000 to \$499,999	65	0%	45	1%		235	9%	8%	5%
\$500,000 to \$749,999	60	0%	28	0%		156	6%	6%	4%
\$750,000 to \$999,999	29	0%	10	0%		30	1%	1%	1%
\$1,000,000 or more	24	3%	17	1%		25	1%	1%	1%
Median Value*	\$243,895		\$170,276		\$225,926			\$240,868	\$194,504

*Greater MN excludes seven Metro Area Counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington Sources: ESRI; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- The largest proportion of owner-occupied housing units in Goodhue County is estimated to be valued in the \$150,000 to \$199,999 range with 20% of all owner-occupied units in the County, followed by homes valued in the \$100,000 to \$149,999 and \$250,000 to \$299,999 ranges (16% and 14%, respectively).
- By comparison, owner-occupied housing units valued in the \$300,000 to \$399,999 range comprise the highest proportion of homes in Minnesota (17%), while homes valued in the \$150,000 to \$199,999 make up the largest proportion in Greater Minnesota (19%).

The Northwest Submarket has the highest distribution of higher-valued homes (units valued at \$300,000 or higher), at 34% of all owner-occupied housing units, followed by the Central and Northeast Submarkets (33% and 29%, respectively). An estimated 21% of all owner-occupied housing units in Goodhue County are valued at \$300,000 or higher, compared to 33% in Minnesota.



- The Southwest Submarket has the largest proportion of homes valued below \$100,000, at 18% of all owner-occupied housing units, followed by the North and Northeast Submarkets at 13% and 12%, respectively. An estimated 11% of all owner-occupied units in Goodhue County are valued below \$100,000, comparable to Minnesota (also 11%).
- Homes valued in the \$150,000 to \$199,999 range represent the highest proportion of homes in North (23%), Northeast (19%), and Southeast (20%) Submarkets.
- The largest distribution of homes in the Northwest Submarket are valued in the \$250,000 to \$299,999 range, while the highest proportion of homes in the Central Submarket are valued in the \$200,000 to \$249,999 range (20%).
- Owner-occupied housing units with estimated values in the \$100,000 to \$149,999 range represent the highest percentage of homes in the Southwest Submarket, at 25%.

Renter-Occupied Units by Asking Rent

Housing Characteristics Table 6 presents information on the monthly housing costs for renters referred to as contract rent (also known as asking rent). Asking rent is the monthly rent agreed to regardless of any utilities, furnishings, fees, or services that may be included. Data is sourced from the 2013-2017 American Community Survey.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS TABLE 6
RENTER-OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS BY CONTRACT RENT
GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA

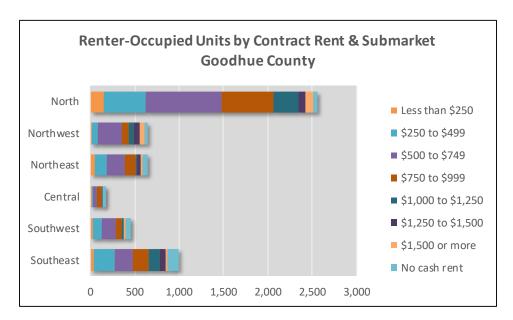
				Goo	dhue Coun	ty Submar	kets	
	Goodh	ue Co.	Noi	rth	North	west	Northeast	
	No. Pct.		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Total:	5,454	100%	2,557	100%	642	100%	640	100%
Median Asking Rent*	\$684		\$695		\$758		\$632	
Less than \$250	286	5.2%	150	5.9%	17	2.6%	47	7.3%
\$250 to \$499	1,041	19.1%	476	18.6%	64	10.0%	141	22.0%
\$500 to \$749	1,741	31.9%	856	33.5%	277	43.1%	199	31.1%
\$750 to \$999	1,083	19.9%	580	22.7%	76	11.8%	129	20.2%
\$1,000 to \$1,250	504	9.2%	282	11.0%	59	9.2%	3	0.5%
\$1,250 to \$1,500	255	4.7%	80	3.1%	58	9.0%	50	7.8%
\$1,500 or more	214	3.9%	92	3.6%	58	9.0%	22	3.4%
No cash rent	330	6.1%	41	1.6%	33	5.1%	49	7.7%

	Goodhue County Submarkets										
	Cent	tral	South	west	South	east	MN	MN^			
	No. Pct.		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.			
Total:	171	100%	453	100%	991	100%	100%	100%			
Median Asking Rent*	\$700		\$651		\$657		\$816	\$626			
Less than \$250	13	7.6%	24	5.3%	35	3.5%	6.1%	8.0%			
\$250 to \$499	13	7.6%	107	23.6%	240	24.2%	12.1%	21.8%			
\$500 to \$749	48	28.1%	156	34.4%	205	20.7%	22.4%	32.2%			
\$750 to \$999	54	31.6%	66	14.6%	178	18.0%	24.6%	17.3%			
\$1,000 to \$1,250	9	5.3%	27	6.0%	124	12.5%	13.8%	6.5%			
\$1,250 to \$1,500	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	67	6.8%	8.2%	3.3%			
\$1,500 or more	5	2.9%	17	3.8%	20	2.0%	8.5%	3.7%			
No cash rent	29	17.0%	56	12.4%	122	12.3%	4.3%	7.2%			

^{*}Median contract rent for submarkets weighted by number of renter-occupied units in each county subdivision within their respective submarket; Greater MN weighted by number of units in each county ^Excludes seven Metro Area Counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington Sources: 2013-2017 American Community Survey; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

• The median asking rent in Goodhue County was \$684 during the 2013-2017 ACS, approximately -16% lower than the median of \$816 in Minnesota but 9% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$626).

- Based on a 30% allocation of income to housing, a household in Goodhue County would need an income of about \$27,360 to afford the median monthly asking rent of \$684.
- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, the Northwest has the highest median asking rent at \$758 per month, followed by the Central (\$700) and North (\$695). Monthly rents are most affordable in the Northeast Submarket (\$632), followed by the Southwest (\$651), and Southeast (\$657).
- Approximately 94% of renters in the County are paying cash rent, with the highest proportion of units renting for between \$500 and \$749 per month (32%).
- Housing units without payment of rent ("no cash rent") comprise roughly 6.1% of Goodhue
 County renter households compared to 4.3% in Minnesota. Typically, these units may be
 owned by a relative or friend who lives elsewhere whom allow occupancy without charge.
 Other sources may include caretakers or ministers occupying a residence without charge.
- The Southeast Submarket has the highest number of renter-occupied units without a asking rent with 122 (12% of all renter-occupied units). The Southwest has 56 units with no cash rent, representing 12% of all renter-occupied units in the Submarket.



- Units with asking rents in the \$500 to \$749 range represent the highest proportion of renter-occupied housing in the North (33.5%), Northwest (43.1%), Northeast (31.1%), and Southwest (34.4%) Submarkets.
- Renter-occupied housing units with asking rents in the \$250 to \$499 range represent the highest percentage of homes in the Southeast (24.2% of all renter-occupied units) Submarket, while units with rents in the \$750 to \$999 range represent the highest proportion of renter-occupied units in the Central Submarket (31.6%).

Introduction

Maxfield Research analyzed the for-sale housing market in Goodhue County by collecting data on home sales and home listings, the supply of residential lots in the submarkets and conducting interviews with area real estate professionals. Demand calculations for general occupancy for-sale housing in each of the six submarkets between 2019 and 2030 are provided.

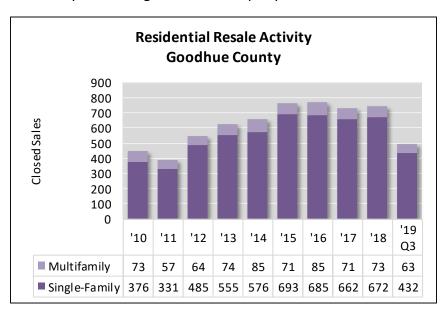
This information on sales and active listings was obtained from the Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors and the Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors and includes all transactions sold through a Realtor. Private sales (not sold on the Multiple Listing Service by a Realtor) are not included.

Home Sales

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 1 on the following page presents home resale (excludes new construction sales) data from 2010 through the third quarter of 2019 (January through September) for Goodhue County compared to the adjacent 16-County Minneapolis-Saint Paul Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Data for Goodhue County includes the portions of Dennison, Lake City and Pine Island that are outside the County.

The table displays the median sale price, number of closed transactions and marketing time (average days on market) for all detached single-family residential resales (excludes new construction) and attached single-family (referred to as multifamily in this section of the report) residential resales which includes townhomes, twin homes and condominiums.

- From 2010 through the third quarter of 2019, there were 6,183 residential resales in Goodhue County. Since 2010, the County has averaged 632 resales per year.
- Residential resale activity in the County climbed steadily after dropping -14% between 2010 and 2011, peaking at 770 sales in 2016.
- Sales activity growth flattened in recent years, as 733 transactions were closed in 2017 and 745 transactions closed in 2018.

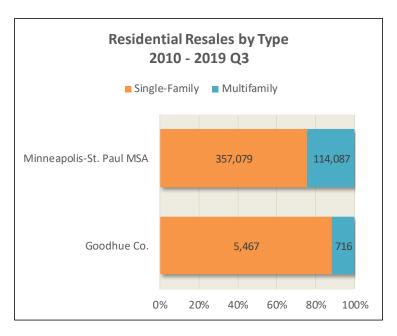


FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 1
RESIDENTIAL RESALES ACTIVITY
GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA
2010 - 2019 Q3

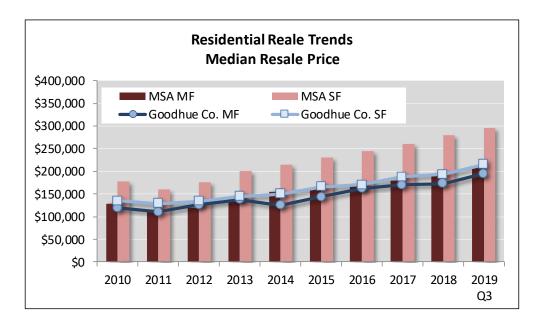
		S	ingle-Fam	ily				Multifamil	ly	
	Median	%	Closed	%	Avg. Days	Median	%	Closed	%	Avg. Days
	Sale Price	Change	Sales	Change	on Market	Sale Price	Change	Sales	Change	on Market
Goodhue	l County	ļ	1		ļ. Į		Į.			
2019 Q3	\$215,000	11.4%	432		74	\$194,500	12.8%	63		48
2018	\$192,950	2.9%	672	1.5%	70	\$172,500	1.5%	73	2.8%	74
2017	\$187,450	10.3%	662	-3.4%	84	\$169,900	4.9%	71	-16.5%	97
2016	\$170,000	2.7%	685	-1.2%	104	\$162,000	12.6%	85	19.7%	91
2015	\$165,500	10.3%	693	20.3%	110	\$143,900	15.1%	71	-16.5%	131
2014	\$150,000	3.4%	576	3.8%	135	\$125,000	-9.4%	85	14.9%	136
2013	\$145,000	8.2%	555	14.4%	140	\$138,000	9.5%	74	15.6%	174
2012	\$134,000	3.9%	485	46.5%	160	\$126,000	14.5%	64	12.3%	268
2011	\$129,000	-4.4%	331	-12.0%	193	\$110,000	-7.4%	57	-21.9%	203
2010	\$135,000		376		195	\$118,750		73		185
Minneapo	l dis-St. Paul N	MSA								
2019 Q3	\$295,051	5.4%	29,980		48	\$209,828	7.6%	10,385		37
2018	\$279,900	7.7%	39,148	-5.1%	49	\$195,000	8.3%	13,770	-2.8%	36
2017	\$260,000	6.2%	41,270	-2.0%	57	\$180,000	5.9%	14,172	3.6%	44
2016	\$244,900	6.5%	42,091	4.7%	69	\$169,900	5.5%	13,678	9.1%	55
2015	\$229,900	6.9%	40,212	15.9%	81	\$161,000	4.2%	12,533	12.8%	65
2014	\$215,000	7.0%	34,701	-8.4%	84	\$154,500	8.8%	11,111	-0.7%	72
2013	\$201,000	14.7%	37,870	7.9%	85	\$142,000	18.3%	11,191	9.6%	80
2012	\$175,300	9.6%	35,106	18.3%	115	\$120,000	9.1%	10,213	11.9%	126
2011	\$160,000	-10.1%	29,683	9.9%	143	\$109,975	-14.3%	9,124	15.3%	162
2010	\$178,000		27,018		129	\$128,300		7,910		150

Sources: Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors; Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- As depicted in the adjacent graph, owned multifamily housing represents a modest share of Goodhue County's for-sale housing market, comprising 12% of all closed resales from 2010 through third quarter of 2019. The remaining 88% were detached single-family homes.
- By comparison, roughly 24% of all closed resale transactions in the Minneapolis-Saint Paul MSA were owned multifamily sales during the same period.



• The median resale price for single-family homes through the first nine months of 2019 in Goodhue County is \$215,000, -27% lower than the Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA median sales price of \$295,051. The multifamily median sale price in the County (\$194,500) is -7% lower than the MSA median of \$209,828.



- Median resale prices for detached single-family homes have experienced steady growth in Goodhue County since dropping to \$129,000 in 2011. The median price has climbed to \$192,950 in 2018 and \$215,000 through the third quarter of 2019.
- Multifamily pricing has also experienced solid growth in the County since declining to a low
 of \$110,000 in 2011. With a median resale price of \$194,500 through the third quarter of
 2019, owned multifamily pricing has increased nearly 77% since 2011.

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 2 on the following pages presents home sale data from 2010 through the first quarter of 2019 (January through March) for each of the six submarkets in the County. This data includes the portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island outside the County.

The table displays the median sale price, number of closed transactions and marketing time (average days on market) for all detached single-family residential resales and owned multifamily residential resales in each submarket.

• The North Submarket lead all Goodhue County submarkets in sales volume from 2010 through the third quarter of 2019 with 2,498 sales (40.4% of all sales in the County), followed by the Southeast Submarket with 1,090 closed sales (17.6%) and the Northwest Submarket with 985 sales (15.9%). There were 937 sale transactions in the Northeast Submarket (15.2%) and 514 sales in the Southwest Submarket (8.3%). Transaction volume was lowest in the Central Submarket with 159 sales (2.6%).

• The North Submarket was the owned multifamily sales leader in the County from 2010 through third quarter 2019 with 307 closed sales (43% of all owned multifamily sales in the County), followed by Northeast with 181 (25%) and Northwest with 95 (13%). There were 93 owned multifamily sales in the Southeast (13%) and 33 in the Southwest (5%). The Central submarket had few owned multifamily sales, only seven, during the period.

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 2
RESIDENTIAL RESALES ACTIVITY BY SUBMARKET
GOODHUE COUNTY
2010 - 2019 O3

		Si	ingle-Fam	ily		Multifamily				
	Median	%	Closed	%	Avg. Days	Median	%	Closed	%	Avg. Days
	Sale Price	Change	Sales	Change	on Market	Sale Price	Change	Sales	Change	on Market
North Su	hmarket	ļ							ļ	
2019 Q3	\$200,000	6.4%	177		71	\$150,000	8.3%	29	1	35
2019 Q3	\$200,000	7.4%	257	0.4%	71 74	\$130,000	6.6%	29	16.7%	28
2018	\$175,000	9.7%	256	-6.6%	81	\$138,500	-20.5%	28	-45.5%	53
2017	\$173,000	7.0%	274	5.4%	94	\$163,500	25.3%	44	22.2%	68
2010	\$139,300	-1.5%	260	23.8%	112	\$103,500	39.6%	36	-10.0%	125
2013	\$151,250	11.8%	210	-11.8%	144	\$93,500	-26.9%	40	21.2%	135
2013	\$135,250	5.7%	238	27.3%	157	\$127,900	44.5%	33	32.0%	185
2013	\$133,230	-1.5%	187	18.4%	163	\$88,500	-31.4%	25	13.6%	255
2012	\$130,000	1.0%	158	-9.2%	171	\$129,000	2.9%	22	-15.4%	206
2010	\$138,750		174		166	\$125,375	2.570	26		214
	,		1 -/ -			7123,373				
Northwe	st Submarke	et				ı		ı	1	
2019 Q3	\$274,000	11.8%	59		69	\$172,600	-17.2%	7		23
2018	\$245,000	4.3%	100	-2.9%	80	\$208,500	31.4%	10	25.0%	80
2017	\$234,900	14.0%	103	-7.2%	113	\$158,650	17.6%	8	-20.0%	82
2016	\$206,000	0.5%	111	0.9%	104	\$134,950	12.0%	10	150.0%	109
2015	\$205,000	8.0%	110	29.4%	115	\$120,450	-5.0%	4	-60.0%	48
2014	\$189,900	5.8%	85	-18.3%	156	\$126,750	4.1%	10	0.0%	115
2013	\$179,450	23.8%	104	23.8%	162	\$121,700	26.4%	10	0.0%	115
2012	\$145,000	14.9%	84	31.3%	207	\$96,250	-10.5%	10	-33.3%	372
2011	\$126,250	-20.6%	64	-8.6%	236	\$107,500	22.9%	15	36.4%	154
2010	\$159,000		70		241	\$87,500		11		252
Northeas	i st Submarke	t	1							
2019 Q3	\$193,500	2.1%	67		110	\$259,900	6.5%	15		80
2018	\$189,450	14.8%	100	0.0%	85	\$244,000	8.4%	23	-14.8%	139
2017	\$165,000	4.8%	100	-4.8%	117	\$225,000	-5.7%	27	35.0%	151
2016	\$157,500	-6.3%	105	31.3%	141	\$238,500	26.6%	20	25.0%	154
2015	\$168,000	12.0%	80	-4.8%	133	\$188,450	5.3%	16	-11.1%	221
2014	\$150,000	6.3%	84	10.5%	142	\$179,000	-12.7%	18	20.0%	115
2013	\$141,050	-6.3%	76	-5.0%	127	\$205,000	21.3%	15	-21.1%	177
2012	\$150,500	25.4%	80	158.1%	162	\$169,000	11.4%	19	90.0%	337
2011	\$120,000	-16.1%	31	-6.1%	245	\$151,700	6.5%	10	-44.4%	306
2010	\$143,000		33		256	\$142,500		18		91
							•	•		

----- continued -----

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 2 continued RESIDENTIAL RESALES ACTIVITY BY SUBMARKET GOODHUE COUNTY 2010 - 2019 Q3

Multifamily Single-Family Closed Closed Median Avg. Days Median % Avg. Days Sale Price | Change Sales on Market Sale Price | Change Sales on Market Change Change **Central Submarket** \$209,000 2019 Q3 \$163,000 -13.0% 8 38 23.9% 2018 \$187,400 33.9% 28 115.4% 67 \$168,750 2 195 2017 \$140,000 -40.9% 0 -3.6% 13 39 2016 \$145,200 -4.6% 22 -8.3% 76 \$182,500 1 80 20.0% 0 2015 \$152,250 2.5% 24 128 \$148,500 6.1% 20 81.8% 104 0 2014 \$140,000 0 2013 -17.1% 11 57.1% 165 2012 \$168,900 25.1% 7 -36.4% 143 \$147,500 2 29 0 2011 \$135,000 47.9% 11 37.5% 154 --2010 8 212 \$160,000 1 321 \$91,250 **Southwest Submarket** 2019 Q3 \$164,900 -3.0% 43 70 \$181,000 -22.0% 2 44 \$170,000 \$232,000 2018 -1.8% 67 19.6% 62 24.1% -66.7% 26 1 2017 \$173,100 29.5% 56 16.7% 85 \$187,000 21.5% 3 0.0% 25 2016 \$133,625 -1.0% 48 -29.4% 116 \$153,900 2.6% 3 0.0% 77 2015 \$135,000 27.0% 68 13.3% 141 \$150,000 11.1% 3 -57.1% 190 100.0% 7 40.0% 2014 \$106,331 14.0% 60 166 \$135,000 18.4% 104 5 2013 \$93,250 2.9% 30 -34.8% 94 \$114,000 -16.8% 150.0% 156 2012 \$137,000 48.9% 2 -60.0% \$90,600 20.8% 46 58.6% 156 53 2011 \$75,000 -18.9% 29 -14.7% 177 \$92,000 12.4% 5 150.0% 255 2 34 \$81,850 2010 \$92,500 173 354 **Southeast Submarket** 2019 Q3 \$238,700 15.3% 78 59 \$195,000 26.6% 9 60 2018 \$206,950 4.8% 120 -10.4% 44 \$154,000 6.2% 9 0.0% 21 2017 \$197,450 1.3% 134 7.2% 48 \$145,000 25.0% 9 89 28.6% 7 2016 \$195,000 5.5% 125 -17.2% 92 \$116,000 7.2% -41.7% 39 151 73 12 20.0% 2015 \$184,900 23.3% 29.1% \$108,200 2.3% 34 2014 \$150,000 -3.2% 117 21.9% 86 \$105,750 14.0% 10 -9.1% 218 2013 \$154,950 17.8% 96 18.5% 93 \$92,790 2.3% 11 83.3% 200

Sources: Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors; Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

104

169

170

4.4%

0.5%

\$90,700

\$86,900

\$86,500

6

5

15

20.0%

-66.7%

82

79

79

-13.0%

4.3%

81

38

57

113.2%

-33.3%

2012

2011

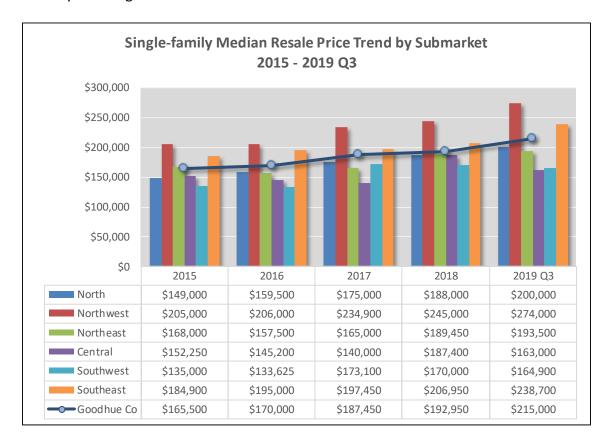
2010

\$131,500

\$151,200

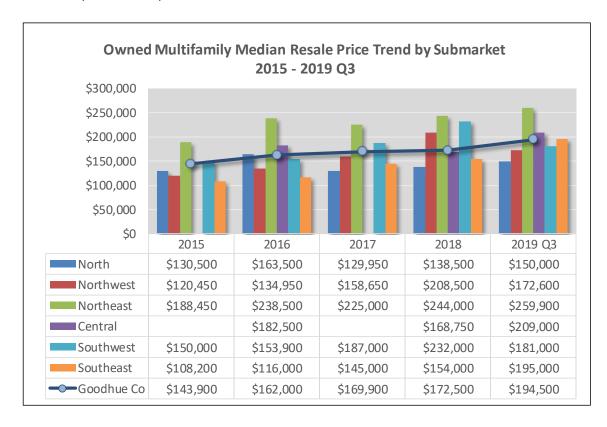
\$145,000

 As depicted in the following graph, median resale prices for single-family homes have consistently been highest in the Northwest and Southeast Submarkets.



- In 2019, the Northwest Submarket has the highest median resale price in the County at \$274,000 (27% higher than the countywide median), while the Southeast Submarket has a median resale price of \$238,700 (11% higher than the countywide median).
- The 2019 median resale prices for single-family homes in the North Submarket is -7% lower than the countywide median at \$200,000 while the median sale price in the Northeast Submarket is -10% lower at \$193,500. The median resale price for homes in the Central and Southwest Submarkets are -24% and -23% below the countywide median, at \$163,000 and \$164,900, respectively.
- Median resale prices have trended upwards in all six submarkets over the past several years. During the five-year period (2015 through 3Q 2019), median resale prices for singlefamily homes increased 30% in Goodhue County.
- The median resale price increased by 34% in the North and Northwest submarkets, while the Southeast increased 29% and the Southwest increased 22%. The Northeast and Central Submarkets had increases of 15% and 7%, respectively.

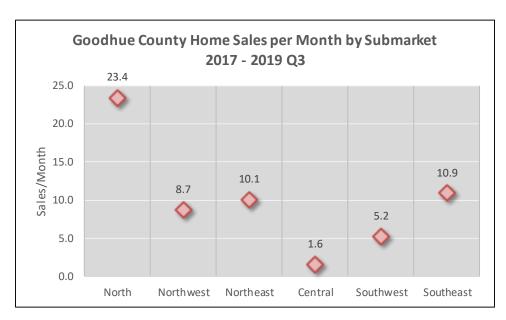
- Median resale prices for owned multifamily units have also trended upwards in all six submarkets over the past several years. From 2015 through third quarter 2019, median resale prices for owned multifamily units increased 35% in Goodhue County, including increases of 80% in the Southeast, 43% in the Northwest, 38% in the Northeast, 21% in the Southwest and 15% in the North.
- Median resale prices for owned multifamily homes have consistently been highest in the Northeast, Southwest, and Central Submarkets.



- In 2019, the Northeast Submarket has the highest median resale price in the County at \$259,900 (34% higher than the countywide median), while the Central Submarket has a median resale price of \$209,000 (8% higher than the countywide median). The Southeast Submarket median price of \$195,000 is comparable to the countywide median.
- The 2019 owned multifamily median resale prices in the Southwest Submarket is -7% lower than the countywide median at \$181,000 while the median sale price in the Northwest is 11% lower at \$172,600. The median resale price for homes in the North Submarket is -23% below the countywide median, at \$150,000.

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 3 on the following page presents the price distribution for residential resales in Goodhue County by submarket from 2017 through September 2019.

- As depicted, detached single-family homes priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 have been the most commonly purchased product in Goodhue County since 2017, representing 29% of all single-family sales. Single-family homes priced from \$150,000 to \$199,999 represented 28% of the sales, while 19% of the single-family homes were priced between \$100,000 and \$149,999.
- Single-family homes priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 were the most commonly purchased product in the Northwest (40%) and Southeast (39%) Submarkets, while homes purchased in the \$150,000 to \$199,999 range were most common in the North (31%), Northeast (28%), and Central (49%) Submarkets. Single-family homes purchased in the \$100,000 to \$149,9999 range were the most common product in the Southwest Submarket (30%).
- Of the multifamily units sold in Goodhue County since 2017, 34% were priced in the \$200,000 to \$299,999 range, while 28% were priced between \$150,000 and \$199,999 and 26% were priced from \$100,000 to \$149,999.
- Based on the 1,973 closed home sales since 2017, Goodhue County had an average of 59.8
 residential resales per month, including 53.5 single-family sales per month and 6.3 owned
 multifamily sales per month.



• Since 2017, sales volume was most active in the North (23.4 sales per month), Southeast (10.9), Northeast (10.1), and Northwest (8.7) Submarkets. Sales volume was notably lower in the Central (1.6) and Southwest (5.2) Submarkets.

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 3 RESIDENTAL RESALES ACTIVITY - PRICE DISTRIBUTION GOODHUE COUNTY 2017 - 2019 Q3

----- Goodhue County Submarkets -----

	Gooding County Submarkets							-						
	No	rth	North	west	Nort	heast	Cer	ntral	Sout	hwest	Sc	utheast	Goodhu	e County
	Closed	% of	Closed	% of	Closed	% of	Closed	% of	Closed	% of	Close	d % of	Closed	% of
	Sales	Total	Sales	Total	Sales	Total	Sales	Total	Sales	Total	Sale	Total	Sales	Total
Single-family														
Less than \$50,000	4	0.6%	2	0.8%	4	1.5%	0	0.0%	4	2.4%		3 0.9%	17	1.0%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	44	6.4%	2	0.8%	15	5.6%	2	4.1%	17	10.2%	1	2 3.6%	92	5.2%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	135	19.6%	17	6.5%	63	23.6%	10	20.4%	49	29.5%	5	5 16.6%	329	18.6%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	215	31.2%	54	20.6%	75	28.1%	24	49.0%	42	25.3%	7	9 23.8%	489	27.7%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	170	24.6%	105	40.1%	61	22.8%	9	18.4%	37	22.3%	12	8 38.6%	510	28.9%
\$300,000 to \$399,999	73	10.6%	50	19.1%	32	12.0%	1	2.0%	15	9.0%	4	0 12.0%	211	11.9%
\$400,000 to \$499,999	31	4.5%	25	9.5%	14	5.2%	2	4.1%	2	1.2%	1	3 3.9%	87	4.9%
\$500,000 or more	18	2.6%	7	2.7%	3	1.1%	1	2.0%	0	0.0%		2 0.6%	31	1.8%
Total	690	100%	262	100%	267	100%	49	100%	166	100%	33	2 100%	1,766	100%
Multifamily														
Less than \$50,000	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	11	13.6%	3	12.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	14	6.8%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	38	46.9%	6	24.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		9 33.3%	53	25.6%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	16	19.8%	7	28.0%	16	24.6%	2	66.7%	4	66.7%	1	2 44.4%	57	27.5%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	14	17.3%	9	36.0%	39	60.0%	1	33.3%	2	33.3%		6 22.2%	71	34.3%
\$300,000 to \$399,999	2	2.5%	0	0.0%	8	12.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	10	4.8%
\$400,000 to \$499,999	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.5%
\$500,000 or more	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.5%
Total	81	100%	25	100%	65	100%	3	100%	6	100%	2	7 100%	207	100%

^{*}Includes resales from 2017 through the third quarter of 2019

Sources: Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors; Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Active Listings

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 4 presents a summary of detached single-family and owned multifamily homes listed for sale in Goodhue County, including the portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island outside the County. Owned multifamily includes condominiums, townhouses and twin homes.

 There were 228 homes listed for sale in Goodhue County as of October 2019. Over 86% of the for-sale listings (197 homes) were detached single-family homes and the remaining 14% (31 homes) were owned multifamily units.

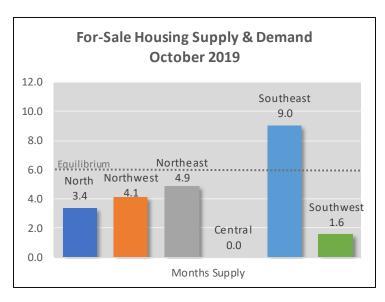
EOD CALE MADVET ANALYSIS TABLE A

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 4 HOMES LISTED FOR SALE GOODHUE COUNTY October 2019										
	Listings	% of Total	Median Year Built	Median Size	Median Price	Price per Sq. Ft.				
Single-family Detached										
Less than \$50,000	0	0.0%								
\$50,000 to \$99,999	9	3.9%	1919	853	\$89,900	\$105				
\$100,000 to \$149,999	18	7.9%	1923	1,154	\$137,450	\$119				
\$150,000 to \$199,999	28	12.3%	1911	1,753	\$184,700	\$105				
\$200,000 to \$299,999	65	28.5%	1978	1,944	\$244,900	\$126				
\$300,000 to \$399,999	46	20.2%	2001	2,393	\$350,500	\$146				
\$400,000 to \$499,999	13	5.7%	1989	3,484	\$429,900	\$123				
\$500,000 or more	18	7.9%	2001	4,115	\$689,750	\$168				
Subtotal	197	86.4%	1973	2,027	\$259,900	\$128				
Multifamily										
Less than \$50,000	0	0.0%								
\$50,000 to \$99,999	0	0.0%								
\$100,000 to \$149,999	5	2.2%	1984	1,005	\$130,000	\$129				
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5	2.2%	2004	1,296	\$169,900	\$131				
\$200,000 to \$299,999	12	5.3%	2018	1,278	\$242,450	\$190				
\$300,000 to \$399,999	7	3.1%	2018	2,365	\$346,838	\$147				
\$400,000 to \$499,999	0	0.0%								
\$500,000 or more	2	0.9%	2001	2,889	\$623,500	\$216				
Subtotal	31	13.6%	2005	1,353	\$239,900	\$177				
Market Total	228	100%	1983	1,904	\$259,700	\$136				

Sources: Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors; Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

• The median asking price for single-family homes in the County was \$259,900, which was 21% higher than the median price of closed resales through the first nine months of 2019 (\$215,000). The median asking price for owned multifamily units is \$239,900, roughly 23% higher than the median price of closed owned multifamily resales in 2019 (\$194,500).

- The median size of homes listed for sale was 1,904 square feet which equates to a median price per square foot of about \$136, based on a total median list price of \$259,700.
- With a median size of 2,027 square feet, the median price per square foot for single-family homes was \$128. Owned multifamily units are substantially smaller, at 1,353 square feet, but priced higher on a per square foot basis with a median price of \$177.
- Nearly 29% of the homes for sale in Goodhue County were built prior to 1940, with 13% of
 the homes being built before 1900. Another 20% of the homes were built in the year 2010
 or more recently and 17% were constructed during the 2000s. Roughly 9% were built in the
 1990s and 7% were built in the 1970s. An estimated 6% were built in the 1980s well as the
 1960s, with 4% of the listed homes being built in the 1940s as well as the 1950s.
- Since 2017, the County has averaged 59.8 home sales per month. Based on the supply of available for-sale housing in the County (as of October 2019), there is a 3.8-month supply of homes available for sale on the market.
- Equilibrium in the for-sale housing market is generally considered to be a six-month supply
 of homes on the market. As such, it appears that the current inventory of available for-sale
 housing in Goodhue County is slightly undersupplied. By comparison, there is a 2.3-month
 supply of homes available across the Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA (2.5-month supply of singlefamily homes and 1.8-month supply of owned multifamily units).
- With 79 active listings, the North Submarket contains 35% of the homes for sale in the County, including 65 single-family home listings and 14 owned multifamily listings.
- There are 49 homes listed for sale in the Northeast Submarket (22% of the total) and 47 in the Southeast (21%). Another 36 homes are listed for sale in the Northwest Submarket (16%) and 17 listings in the Southwest (8%). There were no homes listed for sale in the Central Submarket.
- The adjacent graph illustrates the months supply of homes listed for sale by submarket. As shown, all but the Southeast Submarket have a below-equilibrium supply of homes for sale.



Vacant Residential Lots

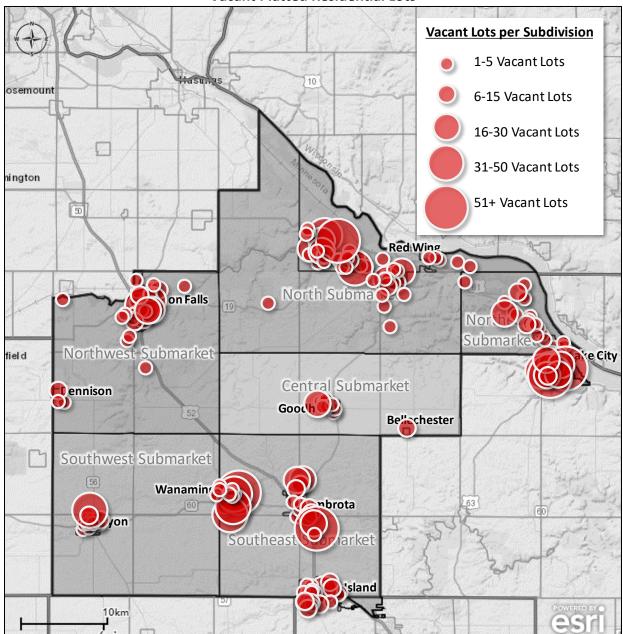
For-Sale Market Analysis Table 5 summarizes the supply of vacant residential parcels in Goodhue County by submarket and jurisdiction. Data was provided by the City of Red Wing, the City of Wanamingo, the Goodhue County Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Office and the Goodhue County Assessor's Office. Information for the portion of Pine Island in Olmsted County was obtained from the GIS Division of the Rochester-Olmsted Planning Department and data for the portion of Lake City in Wabasha County was obtained from the Wabasha County Assessor's Department.

- There are currently 1,855 vacant residential lots in the area. Most of these lots are not currently being marketed for sale and may or may not be available for future development.
- As shown, the largest number of vacant lots is in the Northeast Submarket with 483 lots, including 389 in Lake City, followed by the North Submarket with 401 (340 in Red Wing), and the Southeast Submarket with 389 (230 in Zumbrota and 146 in Pine Island).

		FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 5									
VACANT RESIDENTIAL PARCELS GOODHUE COUNTY											
		mber 2019									
Determine 2015											
Goodhue County Total: 1,855											
North Submarket 401 Central Submarket 52											
Red Wing	340	Goodhue	41								
Remaining Jurisdictions	61	Remaining Jurisdictions	11								
Northwest Submarket 237 Southwest Submarket 293											
Cannon Falls	182	Kenyon	84								
Dennison^	14	Wanamingo	201								
Remaining Jurisdictions	41	Remaining Jurisdictions	8								
Northeast Submarket	483	Southeast Submarket	389								
Lake City^	389	Pine Island^	146								
Remaining Jurisdictions	94	Zumbrota	230								
		Remaining Jurisdictions	13								
*Goodhue County total inclu	ıdes porti	ons of Pine Island and Lake City loo	cated								
outside County		,									
Sources: Goodhue County G	IS Office;	Goodhue County Assessor; City of F	Red								
Wing; City of Lake City; City	of Wanan	ningo; Rochester-Olmsted Planning									
Department; Wabasha Coun	ity Assess	or; Maxfield Research & Consulting	g, LLC								

• The Central Submarket has the fewest vacant residential lots with 52 (41 in Goodhue), while the Northwest has 237 vacant lots (182 in Cannon Falls and 14 in Dennison) and there are 293 vacant lots in the Southwest Submarket (201 in Wanamingo and 84 in Kenyon).

• The following map depicts the concentrations of vacant platted residential lots in the County by subdivision.



Vacant Platted Residential Lots

Residential Lot Supply

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 6 on the following pages identifies the supply of vacant residential lots in active subdivisions in each of the Cities located in Goodhue County. Single-family includes subdivisions platted for detached single-family homes while multifamily includes lots platted for attached single-family units (i.e. townhomes, twin homes).

Subdivisions are considered "active" if they currently have lots listed for sale, if there has been recent new construction activity in the subdivision, or if they have been platted since the year 2000. This data does not account for the quality and marketability of specific lots in these subdivisions. We exclude vacant lots in older subdivisions because we do not consider them as actively marketing.

This information was obtained from several sources including the City of Red Wing, the City of Lake City, the City of Wanamingo, and Assessors data from Goodhue County, Olmsted County, and Wabasha County. Information in the table includes subdivision name, the year the subdivision was recorded, total number of lots, number of lots developed, the number of vacant lots, and the annual lot absorption. Annual lot absorption is determined by dividing the number of lots that have been developed by the number of years since the subdivision plat was recorded.

- There are 107 active subdivisions included in the table, totaling 3,340 residential lots. Approximately 81% of the lots are single-family (2,711) and the remaining 19% (629) are multifamily (i.e. townhome, twin home) lots.
- Roughly 60% of the lots have been developed (2,004), including 1,714 single family lots (85% of the developed lots) and 290 multifamily lots (15%).
- There are also 1,336 lots that remain vacant, including 997 single-family lots (75% of all vacant lots) and 339 multifamily lots (25%).
- On average, the single-family subdivisions have absorbed lots at a rate of 1.1 lots per year (total annual lot absorption of 87.5), while the multifamily subdivisions have absorbed lots at a rate of 1.2 lots per year (total of 28.1 lots per year).
- As identified in the "Residential Lots for Sale" section of this report presented next, there
 are 198 lots listed for-sale in the County, as of October 2019. As such, it appears that many
 of these vacant lots are not being actively marketed through real estate agents, although
 owners and builders may be marketing lots separately.
- Average annual lot absorption (average lot absorption per subdivision) is fastest in Kenyon at 1.8 lots per year, followed by Pine Island at 1.7 lots per year, Goodhue at 1.3 lots per year, and Red Wing at 1.1 lots per year.

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 6 RESIDENTIAL LOT SUPPLY BY SUBDIVISION AND CITY **GOODHUE COUNTY** December 2019 Total Developed Vacant Annual Lot Year Absorption City Submarket/Subdivision Name Lots Recorded Lots Lots **Goodhue County Total*** 997 87.5 Single-family Subtotal: **Multifamily Subtotal:** 339 28.1 North Submarket Single-family Subtotal: 165 29.6 **Multifamily Subtotal:** 174 16.9 **Anderson's Spring Creek** Red Wing 4 2006 1 3 0.1 **Birchwood Village Addition** Red Wing 100 1952 98 2 1.5 **Bryan Cannon View Addition** Red Wing 31 1974 10 21 0.2 **Cannondale Court** 4 0.9 Red Wing 18 2004 14 **Charlson Crest 2nd Addition** Red Wing 32 1997 31 1 1.4 **Charlson Crest 3rd Addition** 27 Red Wing 31 2000 4 1.4 **Charlson Crest 5th Addition** Red Wing 65 2005 48 17 3.4 **Charlson Crest 7th Addition** 12 2014 3 9 0.6 Red Wing **Danforth Place** 10 2 0.7 Red Wing 12 2004 **Gadient Estates** 59 3 1.8 Red Wing 62 1986 **Gadient Heights 2nd** 13 1989 2 0.4 Red Wing 11 **Gadient Heights 3rd** 1 Red Wing 15 2008 14 1.3 **Grand View Terrace Addition** 54 2 0.9 Red Wing 52 1960 Hi Park Heights Red Wing 78 1978 77 1 1.9 Hi Park Heights 2nd Red Wing 27 1987 24 3 8.0 20 Hi Park Heights 4th Red Wing 64 1992 44 1.6 7 Hi Park Hills Addition Red Wing 34 1990 27 0.9 26 **Highlands of Red Wing** Red Wing 44 2006 18 1.4 **Homeland Addition** Red Wing 71 1926 70 1 8.0 **Kull Addition** 5 2014 2 3 0.4 Red Wing L.B. Danielson Addition Red Wing 9 1969 7 2 0.1 Mill Road Subdivision Red Wing 5 4 0.2 1993 1 2 Pine Ridge Addition Red Wing 48 1979 46 1.2 Pine Ridge 2nd Addition Red Wing 36 1997 30 6 1.4 9 0.7 **Siewerts Briarwood** Red Wing 22 2001 13 32 **Sunny Meadow 3rd Addition** Red Wing 1995 31 1 1.3 Tyler Hills 2 Red Wing 12 1999 11 1 0.6 Tyler Hills 3 Red Wing 4 2003 3 1 0.2 **Wedrickas Family Estate** 2015 0 1 0.0 Red Wing 1 **Westwood Hills** Red Wing 6 2002 4 2 0.2 Westwood Hills 2nd Red Wing 27 2003 22 5 1.4 Westwood Hills 3rd 2 0.2 Red Wing 5 2005 3 Cannon River Bluffs 2nd Add - MF Red Wing 78 2006 41 37 3.2 3 17 Cannon River Bluffs 3rd Add - MF Red Wing 20 2007 0.3 Cannon River Bluffs 7th Add - MF Red Wing 6 2017 3 3 1.5 Hi Park Hills Townhouses 5 - MF 17 4 0.6 Red Wing 1997 13 Hi Park Hills Townhouses 8 - MF Red Wing 5 2006 0 5 0.0 Pine Ridge 2nd Add - MF 20 4 0.9 Red Wing 24 1997 Ridgeview Highlands - MF Red Wing 19 2017 15 4 7.5 Ridgeview Highlands 2nd - MF 0 31 0.0 Red Wing 31 2018 Siewerts Briarwood 3rd Addition - MF Red Wing 14 2016 9 5 3.0 Villas of River Ridge - MF Red Wing 64 2016 0 64 0.0 ----- continued -----

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 6 continued RESIDENTIAL LOT SUPPLY BY SUBDIVISION AND CITY GOODHUE COUNTY

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Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Total Lots	Year Recorded	Developed Lots	Vacant Lots	Annual Lot Absorption
Northwest Submarket			Single-fa	mily Subtotal:	69	6.8
			Multifa	mily Subtotal:	5	0.9
Cannon Bluffs	Cannon Falls	14	2002	13	1	0.8
Cannon Bluffs 2nd Addition	Cannon Falls	27	2004	16	11	1.1
Hardwood Estates	Cannon Falls	6	2014	1	5	0.2
Sandstone Ridge	Cannon Falls	43	2003	22	21	1.4
South Pines	Cannon Falls	30	2002	28	2	1.6
West Wood II	Cannon Falls	4	2004	3	1	0.2
Woodridge Bluffs	Cannon Falls	34	2003	16	18	1.0
Estrem First Addition	Dennison	5	2006	4	1	0.3
Estrem Hill 2nd Addition	Dennison	14	2001	5	9	0.3
West Wood II - MF	Cannon Falls	18	2004	13	5	0.9
Northeast Submarket			Single-fa	mily Subtotal:	374	6.9
			Multifa	mily Subtotal:	22	1.5
The Jewel 1st Addition	Lake City	46	2001	22	24	1.2
The Jewel 2nd Addition	Lake City	51	2002	12	39	0.7
The Jewel 3rd Addition	Lake City	83	2002	10	73	0.6
Champion Circle at The Jewel	Lake City	33	2003	7	26	0.4
Golf Cottages at The Jewel	Lake City	40	2003	16	24	1.0
Grand Bluffs at The Jewel	Lake City	28	2004	5	23	0.3
Lakes at The Jewel	Lake City	33	2004	9	24	0.6
Oakhurst at The Jewel	Lake City	57	2004	5	52	0.3
Three Tees at The Jewel	Lake City	10	2004	0	10	0.0
Woodland Walk at The Jewel	Lake City	57	2005	13	44	0.9
Eaglewood 5th	Lake City	22	1905	18	4	0.2
Harvest Way 2nd	Lake City	11	2004	1	10	0.1
Eagle Vista Estates	Lake City	22	2019	1	21	0.5
Crimson Courts at The Jewel - MF	Lake City	28	2003	18	10	1.1
Scottish Village at The Jewel - MF	Lake City	18	2002	6	12	0.4
Central Submarket			_	mily Subtotal:	25 	3.9
	0 "	4.0		•		
Holm Subdivision	Goodhue	19	2000	18	1	0.9
Swanson Heights 1st Addition	Goodhue	39	2004	37	2	2.5
Swanson Heights 2nd Addition	Goodhue	23	2017	1	22	0.5

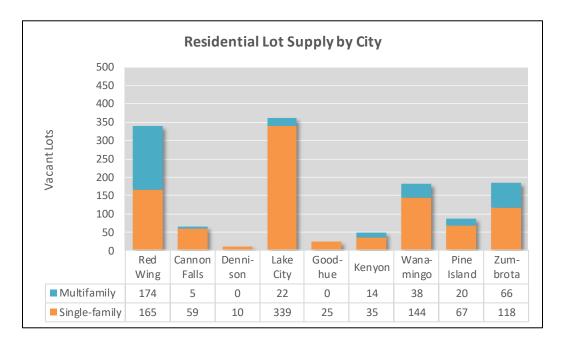
FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 6 continued RESIDENTIAL LOT SUPPLY BY SUBDIVISION AND CITY GOODHUE COUNTY December 2019

Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Total Lots	Year Recorded	Developed Lots	Vacant Lots	Annual Lot Absorption
Southwest Submarket			Single-far	mily Subtotal:	179	9.3
			Multifa	mily Subtotal:	52	1.8
Countryside Meadow	Kenyon	34	2005	31	3	2.2
Whitetail Ridge 2nd Addition	Kenyon	67	2002	35	32	2.1
Emerald Valley	Wanamingo	105	2004	54	51	3.6
Emerald Valley 2nd Addition	Wanamingo	6	2005	4	2	0.3
Emerald Valley 4th Addition	Wanamingo	40	2006	1	39	0.1
Mingo View Addition	Wanamingo	18	1978	16	2	0.4
Prairie Ridge	Wanamingo	24	2005	6	18	0.4
Prairie Ridge 4th Addition	Wanamingo	24	2019	0	24	0.0
Wanamingo SE Addition 2	Wanamingo	12	2005	4	8	0.3
Whitetail Townhomes - MF	Kenyon	30	2003	16	14	1.0
Prairie Ridge - MF	Wanamingo	23	2005	0	23	0.0
Prairie Ridge 4th Addition - MF	Wanamingo	10	2019	0	10	0.0
Willard & Carole Weeklund Sub - MF	Wanamingo	21	2000	16	5	0.8
Southeast Submarket			Single-far	mily Subtotal:	185	30.9
			Multifa	mily Subtotal:	86	7.0
Greens View North	Pine Island	48	2000	46	2	2.4
Hasslers 1st Addition	Pine Island	45	2003	39	6	2.4
Kispert Farms	Pine Island	30	2000	23	7	1.2
Pine Crest	Pine Island	119	2002	100	19	5.9
Rolling Woods	Pine Island	24	2002	16	8	0.9
Trophy Lake Estates Two	Pine Island	22	2003	9	13	0.6
Champagne Hill	Pine Island	20	2004	8	12	0.5
Highlands of Zumbrota	Zumbrota	28	2003	17	11	1.1
Highlands of Zumbrota 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	36	2004	31	5	2.1
Highlands of Zumbrota 3rd Addition	Zumbrota	43	2005	35	8	2.5
Highlands of Zumbrota 4th Addition	Zumbrota	40	2013	16	24	2.7
Highlands of Zumbrota 5th Addition	Zumbrota	12	2013	4	8	0.7
Trelstad 1st Addition	Zumbrota	60	2001	47	13	2.6
Trelstad 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	16	2003	10	6	0.6
Zumbro Woodlands	Zumbrota	29	2003	23	6	1.4
Zumbro Woodlands 1st Replat	Zumbrota	33	2009	13	20	1.3
Zumbro Woodlands 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	46	2004	29	17	1.9
Greens View East - MF	Pine Island	12	2000	10	2	0.5
Kispert Farms 3rd Addition - MF	Pine Island	22	2001	21	1	1.2
Kispert Farms 4th Addition - MF	Pine Island	58	2003	43	15	2.7
Westwod Estates - MF	Pine Island	17	2000	15	2	0.8
Highlands of Zumbrota 2nd Addition - MF	Zumbrota	30	2004	14	16	0.9
Zumbro Woodlands - MF	Zumbrota	12	2003	8	4	0.5
Zumbro Woodlands 2nd Addition - MF	Zumbrota	52	2004	6	46	0.4

^{*}Goodhue County Total includes the portions of Lake City and Pine Island located outside the County MF = Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twinhomes, condominiums)

Sources: Goodhue County Assessor; Olmsted County Assessor; Wabasha County Assessor; City of Red Wing; City of Lake City; City of Wanamingo; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

 As depicted in the following graph, Lake City has the largest supply of residential lots with 361 lots available, including 339 single-family lots and 22 multifamily lots. The majority (91%) of the vacant lots in Lake City are in "The Jewel" development, which was approved and platted in the early-2000s. We identified 12 active subdivisions in "The Jewel," totaling 484 lots, 123 of which have been developed and 361 remain vacant.



- There are 339 vacant lots in Red Wing, including 174 multifamily lots and 165 single-family lots. Red Wing is the only City in the County with more vacant multifamily lots than single-family lots. These parcels are scattered among 42 different subdivisions, and the majority are not being actively marketed through real estate agents, although builders may be marketing some lots separately. It is likely that many of the lots are owned by an adjacent property owner and may or may not be available for future development, and many of the lots may not be buildable due to a variety of factors such topography or zoning restrictions.
- The Southeast Submarket has 271 vacant lots, including 184 lots in Zumbrota (118 single-family and 66 multifamily) and 87 lots in Pine Island (67 single-family and 20 multifamily.
- There are 231 lots vacant in the Southwest Submarket, primarily in Wanamingo (144 single-family and 38 multifamily); there are also 49 lots vacant in Kenyon (35 single-family and 14 multifamily).
- There are 74 lots vacant in the Northwest Submarket, with 64 in Cannon Falls (59 single-family and five multifamily) and ten undeveloped single-family lots in Dennison.
- There are also 25 vacant single-family lots in Goodhue, 22 of which are in the Swanson Heights 2nd Addition Subdivision, which was platted in 2017.

Residential Lots for Sale

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 7 on the following pages summarizes platted residential lots listed for sale by a Realtor in Goodhue County as of October 2019. Data is sourced from the Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors and the Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors.

- As of October 2019, there were 198 platted residential lots listed for sale in Goodhue County, including the portions of Lake City and Pine Island outside the County.
- As depicted in the adjacent graph, the Northeast Submarket had the highest number of residential lots listed for sale with 64 (32% of the total), followed by the North Submarket with 39 (20%) and the Northwest Submarket with 36 (18%).
- The supply of lots listed for sale was lowest in the Southeast Submarket with 12 (6%) lots, followed by the Central Submarket with 18 (9%) and the Southwest Submarket with 29 (15%).



- The Jewel in Lake City has, by far, the most lots listed for sale, with 62 lots available among the various additions within the development, followed by Emerald Valley in Wanamingo with 26 lots listed for sale.
- Lot prices vary depending on location, features, and community amenities. Average list prices for platted residential lots range from as low as \$0.31 per square foot for a 9-acre parcel in Poplar Ridge in Red Wing to a high of \$9.65 per square foot for 2,487 square-foot townhome lots in the Cannon River Bluffs project in Red Wing.
- The average size of lots currently listed for sale in Goodhue County is 25,602 square feet (0.6-acre), with an average list price of \$1.57 per square foot based on the average price of \$40,162.
- Lot prices are highest in the North Submarket with an average price of \$59,826, followed by the Southeast (\$44,500) and Northwest (\$43,771) Submarkets. Average lot prices are most affordable in the Southwest Submarket (\$15,900), followed by the Northeast (\$35,916) and Central (\$41,639) Submarkets. Per square foot, average lot prices are highest in the Central Submarket (\$3.52) and lowest in the North Submarket (\$0.83).

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 7 RESIDENTIAL LOTS FOR SALE BY SUBDIVISION AND SUBMARKET GOODHUE COUNTY October 2019

Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Lots for Sale	Min Size Max Size (Sq. Ft.)	Avg. Size (Sq. Ft.)	Min Price Max Price	e Avg. Price	Avg. Price/Sq.
Goodhue County Total		198	2,200 - 493,099	25,602	\$4,900 - \$179,90	0 \$40,162	\$1.57
North Submarket Total		39	2,200 - 493,099	72,182	\$11,900 - \$179,90	0 \$59,826	\$0.83
Boxrud's Addition	Red Wing	1	8,712 - 8,712	8,712	\$11,900 - \$11,900	\$11,900	\$1.37
Cannon River Bluffs 2nd Addition	Red Wing	1	5,097 - 5,097	5,097	\$19,500 - \$19,500	\$19,500	\$3.83
Cannon River Bluffs 3rd Addition	Red Wing	1	5,140 - 5,140	5,140	\$32,500 - \$32,500	\$32,500	\$6.32
Cannondale Court	Red Wing	1	37,462 - 37,462	37,462	\$57,900 - \$57,900	\$57,900	\$1.55
Charlson Crest 3rd Addition	Red Wing	1	13,939 - 13,939	13,939	\$58,000 - \$58,000	\$58,000	\$4.16
Charlson Crest 5th Addition	Red Wing	1	13,504 - 13,504	13,504	\$45,000 - \$45,000	\$45,000	\$3.33
Gadient Estates	Red Wing	1	8,276 - 8,276	8,276	\$42,000 - \$42,000	\$42,000	\$5.07
Gadient Heights 3rd Subdivision	Red Wing	1	17,076 - 17,076	17,076	\$75,000 - \$75,000	\$75,000	\$4.39
Hi Park Heights	Red Wing	6	12,197 - 76,143	33,018	\$45,000 - \$99,000	\$62,483	\$1.89
Highlands of Red Wing	Red Wing	3	8,930 - 18,034	13,257	\$28,900 - \$28,900	\$28,900	\$2.18
Kull Addition	Red Wing	1	27,443 - 27,443	27,443	\$70,000 - \$70,000	\$70,000	\$2.55
Pine Ridge 2nd Addition	Red Wing	2	14,375 - 14,810	14,593	\$40,000 - \$42,000	\$41,000	\$2.81
Poplar Ridge	Red Wing	4	98,010 - 493,099	249,381	\$73,000 - \$169,00	0 \$104,125	\$0.42
Sunny Meadow 3rd Addition	Red Wing	1	9,725 - 9,725	9,725	\$45,000 - \$45,000	\$45,000	\$4.63
Sweneys Addition	Red Wing	1	5,663 - 5,663	5,663	\$39,900 - \$39,900	\$39,900	\$7.05
Wedrickas Family Estate	Red Wing	1	58,370 - 58,370	58,370	\$87,500 - \$87,500	\$87,500	\$1.50
Westwood Hills	Red Wing	1	392,911 - 392,911	392,911	\$120,000 - \$120,00	0 \$120,000	\$0.31
Westwood Hills 2	Red Wing	2	118,483 - 402,930	260,707	\$105,000 - \$107,00	0 \$106,000	\$0.41
Westwood Hills III	Red Wing	2	182,952 - 209,959	196,456	\$65,000 - \$179,90	0 \$122,450	\$0.62
Cannon River Bluffs 2nd Add - MF	Red Wing	1	5,095 - 5,095	5,095	\$26,000 - \$26,000	\$26,000	\$5.10
Cannon River Bluffs 3rd Add - MF	Red Wing	3	4,480 - 4,800	4,693	\$26,000 - \$26,000		\$5.54
Cannon River Bluffs 7th Add - MF	Red Wing	2	2,200 - 2,774	2,487	\$23,999 - \$23,999	\$23,999	\$9.65
Pine Ridge 2nd Add - MF	Red Wing	1	8,712 - 8,712	8,712	\$60,000 - \$60,000	\$60,000	\$6.89
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FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 7 continued RESIDENTIAL LOTS FOR SALE BY SUBDIVISION AND SUBMARKET GOODHUE COUNTY October 2019

Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Lots for Sale	Min Size Max Size (Sq. Ft.)	Avg. Size (Sq. Ft.)	Min Price Max Price	Avg. Price	Avg. Price/ Sq.
Northwest Submarket Total		36	9,148 - 59,677	17,618	\$28,000 - \$62,000	\$43,771	\$2.48
Cannon Bluffs 2nd Addition	Cannon Falls	8	13,939 - 20,038	17,805	\$32,000 - \$62,000	\$43,313	\$2.43
Ellsworth & Tanners Addition	Cannon Falls	1	25,265 - 25,265	25,265	\$60,000 - \$60,000	\$60,000	\$2.37
Hardwood Estates	Cannon Falls	4	10,454 - 18,295	13,177	\$39,000 - \$43,000	\$40,750	\$3.09
Sandstone Ridge	Cannon Falls	4	10,019 - 10,454	10,346	\$42,000 - \$42,000	\$42,000	\$4.06
Woodridge Bluffs	Cannon Falls	13	16,117 - 59,677	22,551	\$28,000 - \$52,500	\$41,942	\$1.86
Original Plat	Cannon Falls	1	17,860 - 17,860	17,860	\$55,000 - \$55,000	\$55,000	\$3.08
Cannon Falls City Addition	Cannon Falls	1	9,148 - 9,148	9,148	\$39,000 - \$39,000	\$39,000	\$4.26
Estrem Hill 2nd Addition	Dennison	4	13,068 - 13,068	13,068	\$40,000 - \$53,000	\$49,750	\$3.81
				·			
Northeast Submarket Total		64	6,098 - 45,302	14,262	\$12,000 - \$79,900	\$35,916	\$2.52
The Jewel 1st Addition	Lake City	6	13,068 - 27,443	17,279	\$19,900 - \$49,900	\$40,233	\$2.33
The Jewel 2nd Addition	Lake City	4	13,068 - 26,572	17,533	\$19,900 - \$45,000	\$29,950	\$1.71
The Jewel 3rd Addition	Lake City	15	8,712 - 16,117	11,906	\$12,000 - \$54,950	\$27,577	\$2.32
Champion Circle at The Jewel	Lake City	5	8,712 - 20,909	14,810	\$26,500 - \$79,900	\$54,860	\$3.70
Golf Cottages at The Jewel	Lake City	6	6,098 - 13,068	9,148	\$19,850 - \$44,900	\$32,074	\$3.51
Grand Bluffs at The Jewel	Lake City	5	9,148 - 17,424	11,761	\$34,900 - \$79,900	\$49,160	\$4.18
Lakes at The Jewel	Lake City	6	8,712 - 17,424	12,342	\$25,000 - \$49,900	\$32,417	\$2.63
Oakhurst at The Jewel	Lake City	9	11,326 - 15,246	13,310	\$19,000 - \$59,900	\$29,167	\$2.19
Scottish Village at The Jewel	Lake City	1	9,583 - 9,583	9,583	\$59,900 - \$59,900	\$59,900	\$6.25
Woodland Walk at The Jewel	Lake City	2	12,197 - 15,464	13,830	\$17,900 - \$29,900	\$23,900	\$1.73
Eagle Vista Estates	Florence Twp	2	44,867 - 45,302	45,085	\$35,900 - \$41,900	\$38,900	\$0.86
Crimson Courts at The Jewel - MF	Lake City	1	7,841 - 7,841	7,841	\$48,900 - \$48,900	\$48,900	\$6.24
Scottish Village at The Jewel - MF	Lake City	2	21,780 - 21,780	21,780	\$59,900 - \$59,900	\$59,900	\$2.75
			continued				

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 7 continued RESIDENTIAL LOTS FOR SALE BY SUBDIVISION AND SUBMARKET GOODHUE COUNTY October 2019

Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Lots for Sale	Min Size Max Size (Sq. Ft.)	Avg. Size (Sq. Ft.)	Min Price Max Price	Avg. Price	Avg. Price/ Sq.
Central Submarket Total		18	10,890 - 16,988	11,834	\$38,500 - \$45,000	\$41,639	\$3.52
Swanson Heights 2nd Addition	Goodhue	18	10,890 - 16,988	11,834	\$38,500 - \$45,000	\$41,639	\$3.52
Southwest Submarket Total		29	6,534 - 34,848	10,650	\$4,900 - \$49,900	\$15,900	\$1.49
Emerald Valley	Wanamingo	26	6,534 - 14,375	9,466	\$4,900 - \$34,500	\$13,585	\$1.44
Mingo View Addition	Wanamingo	1	34,848 - 34,848	34,848	\$49,900 - \$49,900	\$49,900	\$1.43
Willard & Carole Weeklund Sub - MF	Wanamingo	2	13,939 - 13,939	13,939	\$29,000 - \$29,000	\$29,000	\$2.08
Southeast Submarket Total		12	7,841 - 26,136	15,428	\$32,500 - \$52,000	\$44,500	\$2.88
Kispert Farms	Pine Island	1	10,019 - 10,019	10,019	\$32,500 - \$32,500	\$32,500	\$3.24
Highlands of Zumbrota 3rd Addition	Zumbrota	2	10,019 - 16,988	13,504	\$38,000 - \$50,000	\$44,000	\$3.26
Highlands of Zumbrota 5th Addition	Zumbrota	1	10,890 - 10,890	10,890	\$40,000 - \$40,000	\$40,000	\$3.67
Original Plat	Zumbrota	1	7,841 - 7,841	7,841	\$48,000 - \$48,000	\$48,000	\$6.12
Trelstad 1st Addition	Zumbrota	4	20,038 - 26,136	22,978	\$36,900 - \$52,000	\$46,950	\$2.04
Trelstad 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	3	12,197 - 12,632	12,487	\$45,900 - \$45,900	\$45,900	\$3.68

MF = Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twinhomes, condominiums)

Sources: Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors; Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

New Construction Pricing

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 8 identifies residential subdivisions in Goodhue County that have had new construction homes sold by a Realtor with either the Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors or the Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors, which captures only a portion of new construction sales data. The table presents information on new construction homes sold from 2017 through October 2019.

Data is presented by subdivision and includes the development name, sale price ranges, number of sales per subdivision, home sizes (finished square feet of sold new construction homes), and the average price per square foot.

- According to available data, there have been 75 new construction single-family homes sold and 32 new construction owned multifamily homes have sold in the County since 2017.
- The single-family homes have an average size of 1,708 square feet, ranging from 972 finished square feet for a two-bedroom home at Whitetail Ridge in Kenyon to 3,595 square feet for a five-bedroom home at Greens View North in Pine Island.
- New construction pricing in single-family subdivisions ranges from a low of \$198,400 at Whitetail Ridge in Kenyon to a high of \$504,900 at Greens View North in Pine Island.
- The average sale price for new construction single-family homes is \$287,308. Based on the average size of 1,708 square feet, the average price for new construction single-family homes in the County equates to \$168 per square foot.
- The owned multifamily homes are slightly smaller than the single-family homes, with an average size of 1,647 finished square feet. New construction owned multifamily sizes range from 1,259 finished square feet for a two-bedroom in a side-by-side townhome at Highlands of Zumbrota Second Addition to 2,428 square feet for a three-bedroom detached townhome at Ridgeview Highlands in Red Wing.
- Pricing ranges from \$216,400 for a three-bedroom unit at Cannon River Bluffs Seventh Addition in Red Wing to \$413,072 for a 1,717 square-foot, two-bedroom detached townhome unit at Charlson Crest in Red Wing.
- The average sale price for these new construction multifamily units is \$288,680, which equates to an average price of \$175 per square foot.
- Sales volume for new construction single-family homes was highest in the Southeast Submarket with 47 sales (24 in Pine Island and 23 in Zumbrota). New construction owned multifamily sales activity was highest in the North Submarket, with 21 sales in Red Wing.

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 8 NEW CONSTRUCTION HOME PRICING BY SUBDIVISION GOODHUE COUNTY October 2019

				Finished	Square	Feet (SF)	S	old Price Ran	ge	
Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Submarket	Sales	Low	High	Average	Low	High	Average	Price/SF
Detached Single-Family			75	972 -	3,595	1,708	\$198,400	- \$504,900	\$287,308	\$168
Carlson Crest 7th Addition	Red Wing	North	1	2,584 -	2,584	2,584	\$339,500	- \$339,500	\$339,500	\$131
Cannon Falls Central Addition	Cannon Falls	Northwest	2	1,496 -	1,496	1,496	\$236,777	- \$294,547	\$265,662	\$178
Woodridge Bluffs	Cannon Falls	Northwest	3	1,528 -	2,048	1,784	\$263,000	- \$368,000	\$302,552	\$170
Eaglewood Estates	Lake City	Northeast	1	2,000 -	2,000	2,000	\$254,936	- \$254,936	\$254,936	\$127
Grand Bluffs at The Jewel	Lake City	Northeast	1	1,764 -	1,764	1,764	\$375,000	- \$375,000	\$375,000	\$213
Lakes at The Jewel	Lake City	Northeast	2	1,744 -	3,078	2,411	\$322,000	- \$360,000	\$341,000	\$141
The Jewel 2nd Addition	Lake City	Northeast	1	1,524 -	1,524	1,524	\$282,500	- \$282,500	\$282,500	\$185
The Jewel 3rd Addition	Lake City	Northeast	2	3,100 -	3,396	3,248	\$395,000	- \$410,000	\$402,500	\$124
The Jewel Champion Circle	Lake City	Northeast	1	1,613 -	1,613	1,613	\$355,000	- \$355,000	\$355,000	\$220
Swanson Heights	Goodhue	Central	1	1,716 -	1,716	1,716	\$319,000	- \$319,000	\$319,000	\$186
Whitetail Ridge 1st and 2nd Addition	Kenyon	Southwest	7	972 -	1,340	1,084	\$198,400	- \$250,000	\$224,686	\$207
Emerald Valley 1st and 2nd Addition	Wanamingo	Southwest	3	1,268 -	1,700	1,448	\$217,000	- \$266,900	\$244,633	\$169
Nelson Valley View Addition	Wanamingo	Southwest	1	1,100 -	1,100	1,100	\$251,544	- \$251,544	\$251,544	\$229
Prairie Ridge	Wanamingo	Southwest	2	988 -	1,233	1,111	\$219,000	- \$294,800	\$256,900	\$231
Greens View North	Pine Island	Southeast	2	2,495 -	3,595	3,045	\$475,050	- \$504,900	\$489,975	\$161
The Hassler	Pine Island	Southeast	2	1,430 -	2,520	1,975	\$305,000	- \$315,000	\$310,000	\$157
Pine Crest	Pine Island	Southeast	20	982 -	2,418	1,407	\$205,750	- \$338,000	\$268,835	\$191
Highlands of Zumbrota	Zumbrota	Southeast	6	1,382 -	2,987	2,069	\$284,400	- \$391,000	\$329,652	\$159
Highlands of Zumbrota 3rd Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	4	2,294 -	2,822	2,606	\$295,000	- \$362,318	\$326,392	\$125
Highlands of Zumbrota 4th Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	2	2,803 -	3,093	2,948	\$292,000	- \$340,000	\$316,000	\$107
Highlands of Zumbrota 5th Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	3	1,519 -	2,088	1,868	\$265,000	- \$307,592	\$286,664	\$153
Trelstad 1st Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	1	1,774 -	1,774	1,774	\$349,900	- \$349,900	\$349,900	\$197
Zumbro Woodlands	Zumbrota	Southeast	7	982 -	1,336	1,100	\$199,900	- \$240,000	\$217,443	\$198

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FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 8 continued NEW CONSTRUCTION HOME PRICING BY SUBDIVISION GOODHUE COUNTY October 2019

				Finished Square Feet (SF)			Sold Price Range			
Submarket/Subdivision Name	City	Submarket	Sales	Low	High	Average	Low	High	Average	Price/SF
Multifamily			32	1,259 -	2,428	1,647	\$216,400	- \$413,072	\$288,680	\$175
Cannon River Bluffs 7th Addition	Red Wing	North	2	1,972 -	1,972	1,972	\$216,400	- \$239,000	\$227,700	\$115
Charlson Crest	Red Wing	North	4	1,717 -	1,717	1,717	\$344,802	- \$413,072	\$386,669	\$225
Charlson Crest 4th Addition	Red Wing	North	7	1,544 -	1,717	1,643	\$283,173	- \$354,000	\$312,179	\$190
Ridgeview Highlands	Red Wing	North	8	1,333 -	2,428	1,923	\$230,750	- \$365,000	\$308,178	\$160
Wanamingo SE Addition	Wanamingo	Southwest	1	1,322 -	1,322	1,322	\$235,500	- \$235,500	\$235,500	\$178
Highlands of Zumbrota	Zumbrota	Southeast	3	1,364 -	1,415	1,398	\$233,000	- \$238,900	\$233,933	\$167
Highlands of Zumbrota 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	4	1,259 -	1,415	1,332	\$219,900	- \$238,500	\$228,225	\$171
Trelstad 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	1	1,380 -	1,380	1,380	\$239,900	- \$239,900	\$239,900	\$174
Zumbro Woodlands 2nd Addition	Zumbrota	Southeast	2	1,383 -	1,383	1,383	\$235,000	- \$259,900	\$247,450	\$179

Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twinhomes, condominiums)

Sources: Minneapolis Area Association of Realtors; Southeast Minnesota Association of Realtors; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Real Estate Agent/Builder Interviews

In an attempt to gain additional insight into trends in the for-sale residential market in Goodhue County, Maxfield Research solicited input from real estate professionals active in the area. Topics addressed included issues such as the general condition of the housing stock, the types of homes being sought by buyers, and whether the existing supply of available housing in the County satisfies buyer demand. The following points summarize the findings from this process.

- Housing costs in the County can generally be defined as follows:
 - Entry-level housing priced less than \$150,000;
 - Move-up housing priced in the \$175,000 to \$300,000 range; and,
 - Executive housing priced at \$350,000 or higher.
- Entry-level homes priced below \$150,000 and move-up housing are in strong demand, and there is a definite need for move-up housing and active-adult housing for seniors.
- Quality homes sell quickly. Strongest demand seems to be for single-family homes priced between \$150,000 and \$250,000, with relatively few sales priced over \$350,000.
- There is demand for a variety of housing types, particularly for affordable entry-level homes and move-up housing. Demand for higher-priced executive homes is limited.
- Single-level townhomes in the 1,400 to 1,700 square-foot range priced below \$250,000 and quality rental products are needed, particularly in Lake City. Lake City is impacted by buyers purchasing condominiums and smaller homes for weekend or seasonal use.
- Many communities have an ample supply of residential lots, notably Lake City.
- The housing stock is aging in many communities and there are homes in need of maintenance or are becoming functionally obsolete.
- New single-family construction would be priced at roughly \$165 per square foot or higher for basic finishes and amenities, with sale prices starting in the high- \$200,000s. New construction homes with higher-end finishes would command prices of \$350,000 and higher.
- Many people would like to move to the area for the natural amenities and the school systems, but it is often difficult for potential buyers to find suitable housing. Prospective buyers include a mix of local residents seeking opportunities to move-up as well as households moving into the area.
- Goodhue County has an opportunity to grow, but new housing is needed to attract new residents and the lower cost of living in the County relative to Rochester and the Twin Cities Metro Area is a draw for many potential buyers.

For-Sale Housing Market Demand Analysis

For-Sale Market Analysis Table 9 on the following page presents demand calculations for general occupancy for-sale housing in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets between 2020 and 2030. This analysis identifies potential demand for general occupancy for-sale housing that is generated from both new households and turnover households. The following analysis presents a summary of our findings.

First, we calculate potential demand from new household growth based on the propensity of households to own their housing. For the purpose of this analysis, we focus on households between the ages of 18 and 64 that will account for the vast majority of general-occupancy forsale housing demand. We also include a portion (30%) of the demand potential generated by households age 65 and older, as a segment of this age group that is able to live independently could be drawn to a new general occupancy for-sale housing development in the County, particularly maintenance-free housing products (i.e. townhomes, twin homes, condominiums).

Next, we calculate the percentage of household growth that will likely own their housing by Submarket based on American Community Survey data. Demand for for-sale housing units in the six submarkets from household growth totals 368 units by 2030, ranging from 25 units in the Central Submarket to 111 units in the Southeast.

As of 2020, there are an estimated 10,969 owner households in the six submarkets that comprise the primary market for general occupancy for-sale housing. This estimate excludes the 75 and older age group and 70% of the 65 to 74 age group. Based on household turnover data from the American Community Survey, we estimate that 40% of these owner households will experience turnover between 2020 and 2030. This estimate results in anticipated turnover of 4,391 existing households in the six submarkets by 2030.

We then estimate the percent of existing owner households turning over that would prefer to purchase new housing. Based on new construction home sales data and residential construction trends. Considering the existing supply of available housing in Goodhue County, we estimate that 15% of the households turning over in the County will desire new housing. This estimate results in demand from existing households for 659 new owned units in the six submarkets between 2020 and 2030, ranging from 37 units in the Central Submarket to 245 units in the North Submarket.

Total demand from household growth and existing household turnover between 2020 and 2030 equates to 1,027 new for-sale housing units in the six submarkets. An additional proportion is added for households that would move into ownership housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 1,449 units in the six submarkets.

We estimate that the demand potential for general occupancy ownership housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 25%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

FOR-SALE MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 9 GENERAL OCCUPANCY FOR-SALE HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 to 2030

		No	rth	Nort	hwest	Nort	heast	Cer	ntral	South	nwest	South	east
DEMAND FROM PROJECTED HOUSEHOLD GROWTH													
Projected household growth in submarket to 2030 ¹		33	32	1	84	1	93	6	58	8	8	36	7
(times) Pct. of HH growth for general occupancy housing ²	Х	37	' %	4	2%	2	9%	4	2%	65	5%	41	%
(equals) Projected demand for general occupancy units	=	12	23	7	77	5	57	2	29	5	7	15	0
(times) Propensity to own ³	х	70)%	8	1%	7:	3%	8	5%	74	1%	74	%
(equals) Number of potential owner households from HH growth	=	8	6	6	53	4	11	2	25	4	2	11	1
DEMAND FROM EXISTING OWNER HOUSEHOLDS													
Existing owner households under age 65 in the submarket	=	4,0	79	1,8	885	1,3	355	6	55	96	53	2,0	32
(times) Estimated % of owner turnover (age 64 and younger, 2020 to 2030) ⁴	Х	40)%	4	2%	4:	2%	3	8%	36	6%	39	%
(equals) Total existing households projected to turnover 2020 to 2030	=	1,6	32	7	92	5	69	2	49	35	50	80	1
(times) Estimated % desiring new owner housing	Х	15	5%	1	5%	1	5%	1	5%	15	5%	15	%
(equals) Demand from existing households	=	24	15	1	19	8	35	3	37	5	2	12	0
Total Demand From Household Growth and Existing Households, 2020 to 2030	=	33	31	1	81	1	27	(52	9	5	23	1
(plus) Ownership demand generated from outside submarket	+	30)%	2	5%	3.	5%	2	5%	25	5%	30	%
(equals) Total demand potential for ownership housing in the submarket	= 472		72	2	42	1	95	8	32	12	26	33	1
		SF	MF	SF	MF	SF	MF	SF	MF	SF	MF	SF	MF
(times) Percent desiring for-sale single-family (SF) vs multifamily (MF) ⁵	Х	45%	55%	75%	25%	55%	45%	75%	25%	75%	25%	75%	25%
(equals) Total demand potential for new for-sale housing in submarket	=	213	260	181	60	107	88	62	21	95	32	248	83

¹ Estimated household growth

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

² Pct. of household growth under age 65 plus 30% of age 65 to 74 cohort

³ Pct. Owner households under age 65 from American Community Survey

⁴ Based on household turnover and mobility data (American Community Survey)

⁵ Based on new construction sales data, construction trends, and growth projections by age group

^{*}Multifamily demand includes demand for townhomes, twinhomes, and condominium units.

Based on new construction sale trends, recent residential construction activity, and household growth projections by age group in the County, we estimate the proportion of householders seeking new housing that will desire single-family homes and multifamily homes. Our estimates range from 45% single-family (55% multifamily) in the North to 75% single-family (25% multifamily) in the Northwest, Central, Southwest, and Southeast Submarkets. We anticipate that there will be demand for a total of 906 general occupancy single-family homes and 543 multifamily units in the six submarkets between 2020 and 2030.

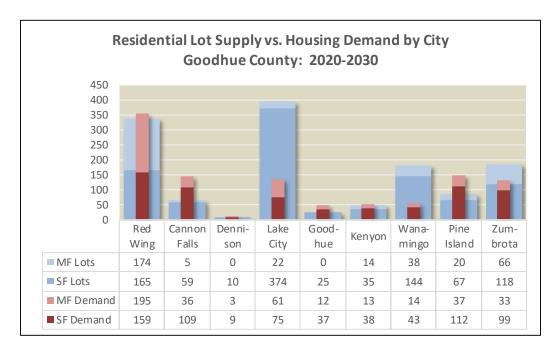
Based on growth trends and projections, household distribution, and residential building permit trends, we estimate the proportion of the demand that will occur in each City and the townships of the six submarkets. These estimates are summarized in the following figure.

	GENERAL OCCUPANCY FOR-SALE HOUSING DEMAND									
		UNTY SUBMARI		_						
Product Type	Units	Ci	ty	Townships						
North Submarke	et	Red Wing		Townships						
<u>% of Demand</u>		<u>75%</u>		<u>25%</u>						
Single-family	213	159		53						
Multifamily	260	195		65						
Northwest Subn	narket	Cannon Falls	Dennison	Townships						
% of Demand		<u>60%</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>35%</u>						
Single-family	181	109	9	63						
Multifamily	60	36	3	21						
Northeast Subm	arket	Lake City		Townships						
% of Demand		<u>70%</u>		<u>30%</u>						
Single-family	107	75		32						
Multifamily	88	61		26						
Central Submarl	æt	Goodhue		Townships						
% of Demand		<u>60%</u>		<u>40%</u>						
Single-family	62	37		25						
Multifamily	21	12		8						
Southwest Subn	narket	Kenyon	Wanamingo	Townships						
% of Demand		<u>40%</u>	<u>45%</u>	<u>15%</u>						
Single-family	95	38	43	14						
Multifamily	32	13	14	5						
Southeast Subm	arket	Pine Island	Zumbrota	Townships						
% of Demand		<u>45%</u>	<u>40%</u>	<u>15%</u>						
Single-family	248	112	99	37						
Multifamily	83	37	33	12						

As shown above, for-sale housing demand is projected to be strongest in the City of Red Wing, totaling 354 units between 2020 and 2030, followed by the City of Pine Island (149 units), the City of Lake City (136 units), and the City of Zumbrota (132 units).

As identified previously, there are 107 active subdivisions in the nine Goodhue County cities, containing 1,336 vacant lots, including 997 detached single-family lots and 339 multifamily lots. Based on the for-sale housing demand calculations (1,449 units needed by 2030), it appears that the existing supply of vacant lots is sufficient to satisfy demand in the short-term, but additional lots will be needed by 2030.

The following graph illustrates the existing supply of lots relative to projected for-sale housing demand by City in Goodhue County to 2030. As shown, projected demand exceeds lot supply in Red Wing, Cannon Falls, Dennison, Goodhue, Kenyon, and Pine Island. Existing lot supply exceeds projected housing demand in Lake City, Wanamingo, and Zumbrota.



Excess lot supply is determined by subtracting projected housing demand from the number of existing vacant platted lots in each City. As depicted in the following figure, excess lot supply is greatest for single-family homes in Lake City and Wanamingo, while demand for additional lots will be greatest for single-family homes in Cannon Falls and Pine Island and for multifamily homes in Cannon Falls and Red Wing.

Excess Lot Supply by City and Product Type								
	Single-family	Multifamily	Total					
Red Wing	6	-21	-15					
Cannon Falls	-50	-31	-81					
Dennison	1	-3	-2					
Lake City	299	-39	260					
Goodhue	-12	-12	-24					
Kenyon	-3	1	-2					
Wanamingo	101	24	125					
Pine Island	-45	-17	-62					
Zumbrota	19	33	52					

Introduction

The following section of the report analyzes current market conditions for general occupancy rental housing in Goodhue County. Topics covered include rental housing information from the American Community Survey, detailed information on individual rental developments in the County and a calculation of rental demand.

Overview of Rental Market Conditions

Maxfield Research utilized data from the American Community Survey (ACS) to summarize rental market conditions in Goodhue County. Rental Market Analysis Table 1 shows estimated rental vacancy rates and gross rental rates for Goodhue County and its cities compared to Minnesota from the 2013-2017 ACS (the most recent data available) compared to estimates from the previous four surveys.

Based on the ACS definition, a housing unit is considered vacant if no one is living in it at the time of the survey. Also, units occupied at the time of survey entirely by persons who are staying two months or less and who have a more permanent residence elsewhere are considered to be temporarily occupied and are classified as vacant. Vacant units are excluded from the housing inventory if they are open to the elements (roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior), if they have been condemned, or if they are to be demolished. Gross rent is defined as the amount of the asking rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities and fuels if these are paid by the renter.

The ACS vacancy estimate is often higher than what is found in apartment buildings due to the inclusion of other types of rental situations (i.e. vacant single-family rental properties). However, as reflected in our survey of apartment buildings, the actual rental vacancy rate in the County is approximate to the ACS estimate.

- Reported vacancies in Goodhue County have consistently tracked slightly higher than Minnesota over the past five years, declining from a high of 7.0% in 2013 to 4.7% in 2016, while vacancy rates in Minnesota declined from 4.9% in 2013 to a low of 4.0% in 2016.
- In 2017, it was estimated that the rental vacancy rate in the County was 2.6%, lower than the State of Minnesota (4.1%).
- Many cities in the County reported a 0.0% rental vacancy rate. Those cities with reported vacancies have vacancy rates ranging from 3.7% in Red Wing to 18.8% in Goodhue.
- Median gross rents increased in the Market Area between the 2009-2013 ACS and the 2013-2017 ACS. The median gross rent in the County increased 14.4% to \$779 in 2017, while Minnesota experienced a 10.6% increase in the median gross rent to \$906.

- Among the cities in Goodhue County, median gross rents range from a low of \$643 in Zumbrota to a high of \$1,094 in Dennison.
- Median rents are influenced by the type of housing units being rented. For example, the
 median gross rent in Dennison is high because roughly 70% of the renter-occupied units surveyed are detached single-family home rentals which typically achieve higher rents than traditional apartments. Zumbrota has a higher proportion of traditional apartments, including
 affordable and subsidized units, resulting in a lower median gross rent.

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 1
RENTAL HOUSING VACANCY & RENT ESTIMATES BY CITY
GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA
2013 - 2017

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Vacancy					
Goodhue County	7.0%	6.2%	4.9%	4.7%	2.6%
Bellechester	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cannon Falls	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Dennison	27.3%	26.7%	31.3%	30.8%	0.0%
Goodhue	10.1%	20.7%	18.6%	20.7%	18.8%
Kenyon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lake City	18.2%	13.4%	10.6%	10.0%	10.3%
Pine Island	11.8%	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Red Wing	9.5%	8.7%	6.6%	6.8%	3.7%
Wanamingo	20.7%	17.9%	19.4%	16.0%	6.3%
Zumbrota	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Minnesota	4.9%	4.6%	4.3%	4.0%	4.1%
Rent					
Goodhue County	\$681	\$708	\$705	\$757	\$779
Bellechester	\$744	\$731	\$731	\$750	\$850
Cannon Falls	\$589	\$634	\$673	\$747	\$851
Dennison	\$581	\$594	\$594		\$1,094
Goodhue	\$744	\$819	\$881	\$1,043	\$989
Kenyon	\$675	\$772	\$760	\$751	\$765
Lake City	\$854	\$881	\$854	\$817	\$841
Pine Island	\$758	\$789	\$750	\$922	\$925
Red Wing	\$713	\$694	\$704	\$754	\$762
Wanamingo	\$514	\$538	\$495	\$567	\$679
Zumbrota	\$557	\$585	\$574	\$598	\$643
Minnesota	\$819	\$835	\$848	\$873	\$906

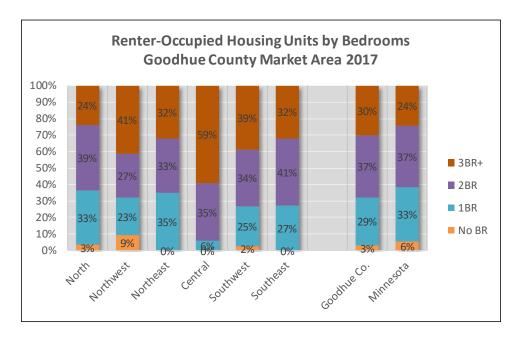
Note: Rent equals median gross rent

Sources: American Community Survey 5-year Estimates; Maxfield

Research & Consulting, LLC

Rental Market Analysis Table 2 on the following pages presents a breakdown of median gross rent and monthly gross rent ranges by number of bedrooms in renter-occupied housing units from the 2013-2017 ACS in Goodhue County and its submarkets compared to Minnesota.

 As depicted in the following chart, two-bedroom units represent the largest proportion of renter-occupied housing units in Goodhue County at 37%. Roughly 30% have three or more bedrooms, and 29% are one-bedroom units. There are relatively few (3% of the total) renter-occupied units without a bedroom (i.e. studio units).



- By comparison, Minnesota has higher proportions of one-bedroom (33%) units and units without a bedroom (6%), while 24% of the units in the State have three or more bedrooms.
- Among the six submarkets, North and Southeast have the highest number of renter-occupied housing units at 2,557 and 991 units, respectively. There are 642 units in the Northwest and 640 units in the Northeast. The presence of renter-occupied housing units is smallest in the Central (171 units) and Southwest (453 units) Submarkets.
- Two-bedroom units represent the largest proportion of renter-occupied housing units in North (39%) and Southeast (41%) Submarkets. One-bedroom units represent the largest proportion in the Northeast Submarket (35%) and units with three or more bedrooms are the predominant unit type in the Northwest (41%), Central (59%) and Southwest (39%) Submarkets.

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 2 BEDROOMS BY GROSS RENT, RENTER-OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2017

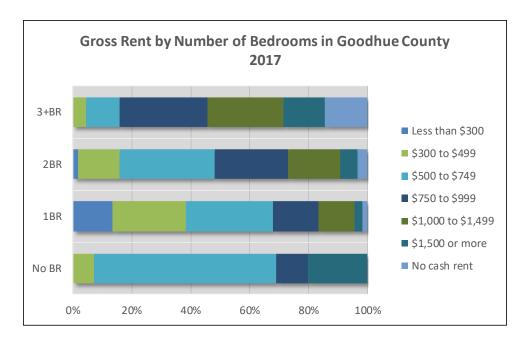
			Goodhue County Submarkets									
	Goodh	nue Co.	No	orth	Norti	nwest	Nort	heast				
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total				
Total Units:	4,910	100%	2,557	100%	642	100%	640	100%				
No Bedroom	155	3.2%	84	3.3%	60	9.3%	0	0.0%				
Less than \$300	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
\$300 to \$499	11	0.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
\$500 to \$749	96	2.0%	69	2.7%	27	4.2%	0	0.0%				
\$750 to \$999	17	0.3%	8	0.3%	9	1.4%	0	0.0%				
\$1,000 to \$1,499	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
\$1,500 or more	31	0.6%	7	0.3%	24	3.7%	0	0.0%				
No cash rent	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
1 Bedroom	1,431	29.1%	852	33.3%	145	22.6%	223	34.8%				
Less than \$300	191	3.9%	105	4.1%	9	1.4%	26	4.1%				
\$300 to \$499	357	7.3%	211	8.3%	16	2.5%	44	6.9%				
\$500 to \$749	423	8.6%	272	10.6%	83	12.9%	58	9.1%				
\$750 to \$999	221	4.5%	169	6.6%	18	2.8%	55	8.6%				
\$1,000 to \$1,499	177	3.6%	73	2.9%	0	0.0%	26	4.1%				
\$1,500 or more	37	0.8%	15	0.6%	17	2.6%	14	2.2%				
No cash rent	25	0.5%	7	0.3%	2	0.3%	0	0.0%				
2 Bedrooms	1,835	37.4%	1,009	39.5%	173	26.9%	212	33.1%				
Less than \$300	34	0.7%	26	1.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
\$300 to \$499	255	5.2%	156	6.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
\$500 to \$749	594	12.1%	262	10.2%	42	6.5%	70	10.9%				
\$750 to \$999	460	9.4%	268	10.5%	90	14.0%	95	14.8%				
\$1,000 to \$1,499	323	6.6%	254	9.9%	16	2.5%	4	0.6%				
\$1,500 or more	108	2.2%	42	1.6%	17	2.6%	8	1.3%				
No cash rent	61	1.2%	1	0.0%	8	1.2%	35	5.5%				
3 or More Bedrooms	1,489	30.3%	612	23.9%	264	41.1%	205	32.0%				
Less than \$300	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%				
\$300 to \$499	66	1.3%	19	0.7%	23	3.6%	13	2.0%				
\$500 to \$749	168	3.4%	74	2.9%	38	5.9%	20	3.1%				
\$750 to \$999	447	9.1%	242	9.5%	68	10.6%	44	6.9%				
\$1,000 to \$1,499	382	7.8%	148	5.8%	70	10.9%	90	14.1%				
\$1,500 or more	212	4.3%	95	3.7%	42	6.5%	24	3.8%				
No cash rent	213	4.3%	33	1.3%	23	3.6%	14	2.2%				

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 2 continued BEDROOMS BY GROSS RENT, RENTER-OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA 2017

		Good					
	Cer	ntral	South	nwest	Sout	heast	Minnesota
	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	No.	% of Total	% of Total
Total Units:	171	100%	453	100%	991	100%	100%
No Bedroom	0	0.0%	11	2.4%	0	0.0%	5.6%
Less than \$300	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.6%
\$300 to \$499	0	0.0%	11	2.4%	0	0.0%	0.8%
\$500 to \$749	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1.8%
\$750 to \$999	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1.2%
\$1,000 to \$1,499	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.7%
\$1,500 or more	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.4%
No cash rent	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.1%
1 Bedroom	10	5.8%	111	24.5%	268	27.0%	32.6%
Less than \$300	0	0.0%	9	2.0%	58	5.9%	3.7%
\$300 to \$499	0	0.0%	23	5.1%	98	9.9%	3.9%
\$500 to \$749	0	0.0%	37	8.2%	31	3.1%	7.3%
\$750 to \$999	6	3.5%	17	3.8%	11	1.1%	10.0%
\$1,000 to \$1,499	0	0.0%	12	2.6%	66	6.7%	5.2%
\$1,500 or more	0	0.0%	5	1.1%	0	0.0%	2.0%
No cash rent	4	2.3%	8	1.8%	4	0.4%	0.5%
2 Bedrooms	60	35.1%	155	34.2%	407	41.1%	37.5%
Less than \$300	0	0.0%	8	1.8%	0	0.0%	1.1%
\$300 to \$499	10	5.8%	26	5.7%	63	6.4%	2.0%
\$500 to \$749	21	12.3%	75	16.6%	181	18.3%	6.2%
\$750 to \$999	23	13.5%	19	4.2%	32	3.2%	10.6%
\$1,000 to \$1,499	4	2.3%	2	0.4%	80	8.1%	12.5%
\$1,500 or more	0	0.0%	8	1.8%	33	3.3%	3.7%
No cash rent	2	1.2%	17	3.8%	18	1.8%	1.3%
3 or More Bedrooms	101	59.1%	176	38.9%	316	31.9%	24.3%
Less than \$300	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.5%
\$300 to \$499	0	0.0%	7	1.5%	17	1.7%	1.1%
\$500 to \$749	10	5.8%	14	3.1%	12	1.2%	2.5%
\$750 to \$999	24	14.0%	60	13.2%	40	4.0%	3.4%
\$1,000 to \$1,499	39	22.8%	50	11.0%	104	10.5%	7.5%
\$1,500 or more	5	2.9%	14	3.1%	43	4.3%	6.8%
No cash rent	23	13.5%	31	6.8%	100	10.1%	2.5%
	_		_		_		

Sources: 2013-2017 American Community Survey; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- An estimated 62% of the units without a bedroom in the County rent for between \$500 and \$749 per month and 20% have gross monthly rents at \$1,500 or more. Another 11% have monthly rents of less between \$750 and \$999 per month and 7% rent from \$300 to \$499.
- Roughly 30% of the one-bedroom units in the County have gross monthly rents ranging from \$500 to \$749, and 25% rent from \$300 to \$499 per month. Units with monthly rents in the \$750 to \$999 range represent 15% of the one-bedroom units and 13% rent for less than \$300. Another 12% have monthly rents from \$1,000 to \$1,499. Approximately 3% rent for \$1,500 or more per month.



- Roughly 32% of the two-bedroom units in the County have gross monthly rents ranging from \$500 to \$749 and 25% have a rental rate ranging from \$750 to \$999. Another 18% of the two-bedroom units have monthly rents in the \$1,000 to \$1,499 range and 14% have rents \$300 to \$499. Units with rents of less than \$300 per month represent 2% of the two-bedroom units and 6% have monthly rents of \$1,500 or more.
- An estimated 30% of the units with three or more bedrooms rent for between \$750 and \$999 per month and 26% have gross monthly rents in the \$1,000 to \$1,499 range. Roughly 14% have monthly rents of \$1,500 or more and 11% rent in the \$500 to \$749 range. Another 4% have monthly rents in the \$300 to \$499 range. There are relatively few units with three or more bedrooms with gross monthly rents less than \$300.
- Roughly 6% of the renter-occupied units in Goodhue County (299 total units) were reported
 as having no cash rent. These units may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy at no charge. Rent-free houses or apartment units may be
 provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, or others. By comparison,
 4% of the renter-occupied units in Minnesota have no cash rent.

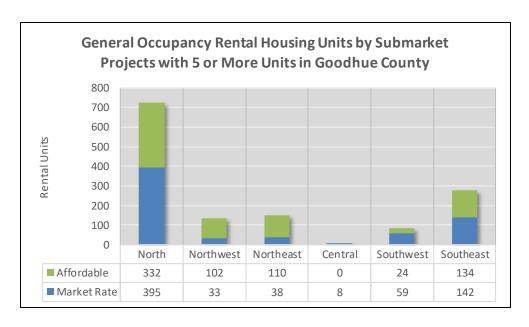
General Occupancy Rental Properties

Maxfield Research compiled detailed information for a select group of rental housing properties with five or more units in Goodhue County, including 18 shallow-subsidy Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) and Section 515 (United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development) properties targeting family households, ten deep-subsidy (project-based Section 8 and public housing properties) and 33 general occupancy market rate apartment properties. Data for these rental properties was collected by contacting managers and owners for each of the properties in the fourth quarter of 2019 (October through December).

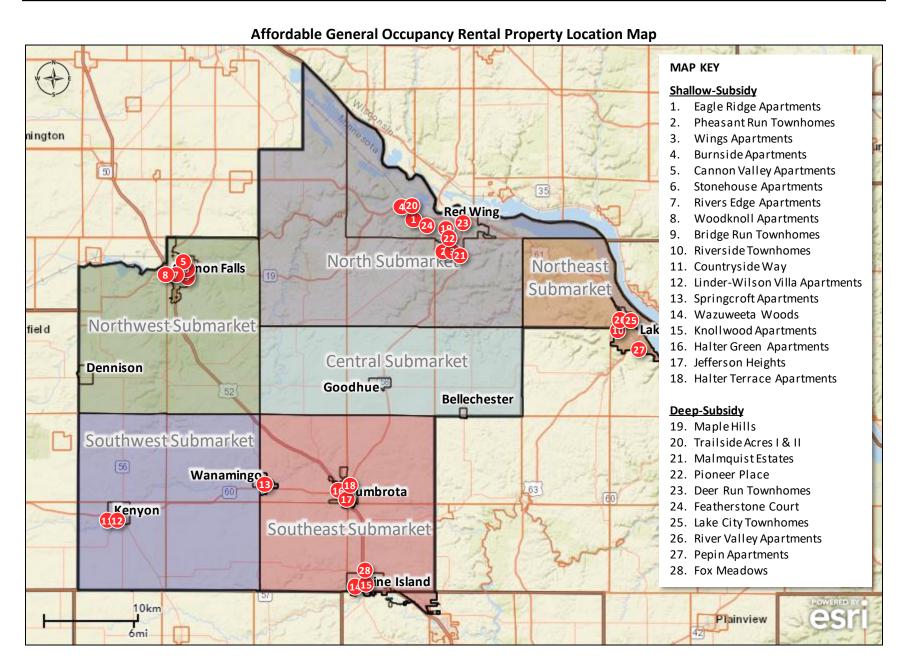
The rents shown represent quoted rents and have not been adjusted to reflect the inclusion or exclusion of utilities at this time. Rental Market Analysis Tables 3 through 6 on the following pages summarize property information.

As depicted in the following graph, the North Submarket contains the highest number of general occupancy rental units (in structures with five or more units) in the County, with 727. There are 276 units in the Southeast Submarket, 148 in the Northeast Submarket, and 135 units in the Northwest Submarket.

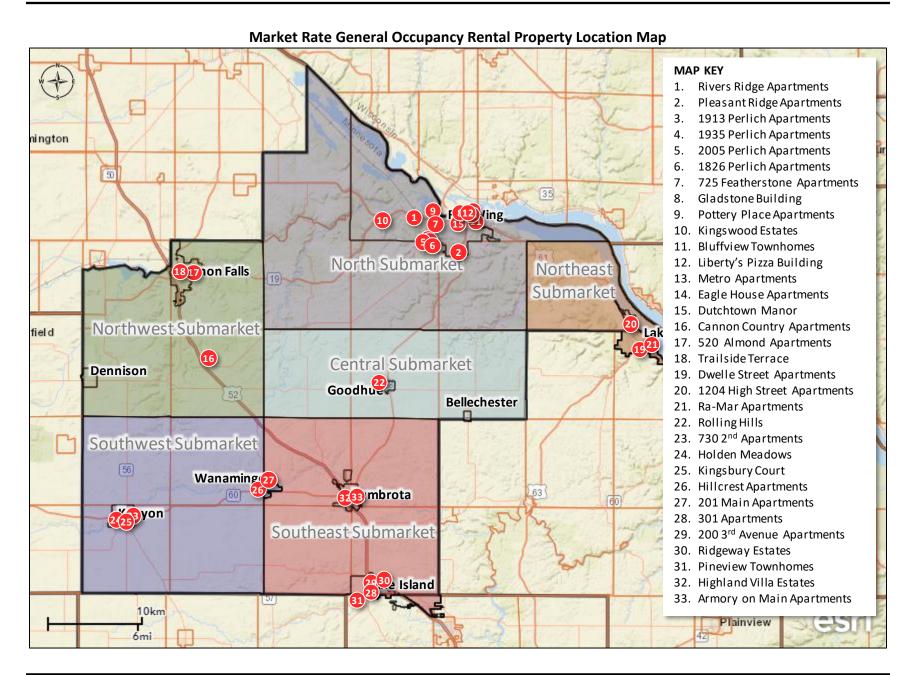
The North Submarket has the highest number of market rate units (395), followed by the Southeast (142), Southwest (59), and Northeast (38) Submarkets. The North Submarket also has the largest number of affordable units with 332. There are 134 affordable units in the Southeast Submarket and 110 affordable units in the Northeast Submarket.



The maps on the following pages display the locations of these general occupancy rental properties in Goodhue County.



MAXFIELD RESEARCH AND CONSULTING, LLC



MAXFIELD RESEARCH AND CONSULTING, LLC

	SELECT AFFO	ORDABLE,	L MARKE /SUBSIDIZ DHUE COL	ED RE	NTAL	HOUSING PROPE	RTIES						
			Noven										
Project Name	Occp. No.	of Tota	1	Uni	t Des	cription	Monthly Ren	Rent	/sq. ft.				
Location	Date Uni			No.	Vac.	Size	Min Max	Min	Max				
					oper	ties							
Eagle Ridge Apts	2005 48		2BR	36	0	928 - 950	\$715 - \$715	\$0.75	- \$0.77				
582 Tyler Rd S	vacancy ra			12	0	1,000 - 1,266	\$830 - \$830		- \$0.83				
Red Wing, MN	,					_,		70.00	7				
North Submarket	kitchen ap	pliance p	ackage, o	n-site l	aund	lding. Amenities i ry, balcony/patio, tall garage includ	and playgrour	•	-				
Pheasant Run Townhomes	1995 20) 0	3BR	20	0	1,201 - 1,201	\$940 - \$940	\$0.78	- \$0.78				
259-298 Frenn Ave	vacancy ra	te: 0.0%	6			,			·				
Red Wing, MN													
North Submarket		-	-			Amenities include rances. Water, se			-				
Wings Apartments	1983 24	1 0	1BR	18	0	650 - 650	\$485 - \$510	\$0.75	- \$0.78				
2536 Malmquist Ave	vacancy ra	te: 0.0%	6 2BR	6	0	750 - 750	\$525 - \$550	\$0.70	- \$0.73				
Red Wing, MN													
North Submarket	et <u>Notes:</u> USDA Rural Development Section 515 project. Heat, water, sewer, and trash												
		removal included in rent. On-site coin-operated laundry and assigned surface lot parking. Some rents based on 30% AGI. Nine units with rental assistance.											
Durasida Anartmanta	1988 32		1BR	20	0	624 - 624	\$475 - \$625	¢0.76	- \$1.00				
Burnside Apartments 187 Sargent Dr	vacancy ra	_		12	0	768 - 768	\$510 - \$675		- \$0.88				
Red Wing, MN	vacancyna	te. 0.07	0 ZDIN	12	U	700 - 700	3310 - 3073	\$0.00	- 50.00				
North Submarket	Notes: 119	SDA Rura	l Develoni	ment Si	ection	515. Heat, wate	r sewer trash n	emoval in	cluded				
			-			ound, and garage							
						GI; 17 units with r		-					
Cannon Valley Apts	1990 24		1BR	8	1	650 - 650	\$545 - \$715		- \$1.10				
1215 N 1st St	vacancy ra			12	1	800 - 800	\$570 - \$740		- \$0.93				
Cannon Falls, MN	vacancyna	ie. 0.5/	3BR	4	0	950 - 950	\$610 - \$780		- \$0.82				
Northwest Submarket	Notes: 119	SDA Rura	_	-		515 and Tax Cre							
Northwest Submarket			-			include assigned							
						16 units with rent		g p					
Chamabaura Amba								Ć1 07	ć1 22				
Stonehouse Apts	1910 32		1BR	20	0	533 - 700	\$650 - \$750		- \$1.22				
101/115 W Minnesota St	vacancy ra	te. 0.0%	6 2BR	12	0	780 - 906	\$780 - \$820	\$U.9I	- \$1.00				
Cannon Falls, MN Northwest Submarket	Notes: To	v Credit :	ronerty	Heat :	vator	sewer, trash remo	oval included in	ront Am	enities				
Northwest Submarket		-				nunity room, on-si							
	room, libro		-	_	COIIIII	iuility loolii, oli-si	te lauriary, bea	uty salon,	crujt				
Discour Educ As i						600 600	¢520 ¢540	60.07	ć0.01				
Rivers Edge Apts	1982 12		1BR	10	0	600 - 600	\$520 - \$540		- \$0.90				
900 Park St W	vacancy ra	te: 0.0%	6 2BR	2	0	730 - 730	\$540 - \$560	\$0.74	- \$0.77				
Cannon Falls, MN	A1 - 4	204.5	101			. E4E . T 43	:. I :! -! : /		. 				
Northwest Submarket			-			515. Two 12-un			-				
	-					ash removal includ							
		_	-	y room,	on-s	ite laundry. Some	rents basea or	30% AGI	. Eignt				
	units with	_	-	,	, 011 3	Julianiany. Joine		. 30% AU	. Lig				

	SELECT AFFORD	ABLE/S	UBSIDIZ	ED REN	ITAL I	3 continued	RTIES			
		GOODH	Novem			-SOTA				
Project Name	Occp. No. of	Total				ription	Monthly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.		
Location	Date Units		Туре	No.	Vac.	Size	Min Max	Min Max		
Woodknoll Apts	1984 16	0	1BR	10	0	590 - 590	\$525 - \$704	\$0.89 - \$1.19		
100 9th St S	vacancy rate:		2BR	6	0	765 - 765	\$555 - \$734	\$0.73 - \$0.96		
Cannon Falls, MN	•									
Northwest Submarket						515. Heat, water e rents based on 3				
Bridge Run Townhomes	1991 18	0	3BR	18	0	1,114 - 1,418	\$840 - \$840	\$0.59 - \$0.75		
100 E State St Cannon Falls, MN	vacancy rate:	0.0%								
Northwest Submarket	2011. Water,	sewer, o	and tras s, in-uni	h remo it wash	oval in ner/dry	ax Credit property ocluded in rent. A yer hook-ups, priv round.	menities include	attached		
Riverside Townhomes	1998 18	0	2BR	1	0	1,055 - 1,055	\$595 - \$595	\$0.56 - \$0.56		
1120-1154 N Oak St Lake City, MN	vacancy rate:	0.0%	3BR	17	0	1,370 - 1,370	\$775 - \$775	\$0.57 - \$0.57		
Northeast Submarket	<u>Notes:</u> Tax Credit townhome rental property. 2BR unit for residents with a disability. Water, sewer, trash removal, included in rent. Amenities include attached one-car garage, in-unit washer/dryer, patio.									
Countryside Way	2000 12	0	2BR	3	0	1,023 - 1,195	\$656 - \$656	\$0.55 - \$0.64		
301-323 5th St Kenyon, MN	vacancy rate:	0.0%	3BR	9	0	1,366 - 1,366	\$789 - \$789	\$0.58 - \$0.58		
Southwest Submarket		-			-	ce package, centro ides water and se	-	ver hook-ups,		
Linder-Wilson Villa Apts	1987 12	0	1BR	7	0	624 - 624	\$510 - \$575	\$0.82 - \$0.92		
420 Bullis St	vacancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	5	0	750 - 750	\$530 - \$595	\$0.71 - \$0.79		
Kenyon, MN	•									
Southwest Submarket			-			515. Heat, water				
						reet parking with _l	plug-ins, on-site	laundry,		
	playground.	Some rei	nts base	d on 3	0% A	GI.				
Springcroft Apartments	1980 16	0	1BR	2	0	548 - 548	\$590 - \$620	\$1.08 - \$1.13		
629 3rd Ave	vacancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	14	0	800 - 800	\$715 - \$740	\$0.89 - \$0.93		
Wanamingo, MN										
Southwest Submarket	(15 units) buil	lding for	residen	ts age	62+ c	515 project. Thre or disabled. Wate ed off-street park	er, sewer, and tra	sh removal		
					_	full kitchen and pi				
		-	-		_	un kitchen ana pi tal assistance.	ыно, рес-диенату	. Joine rents		
Wazuweeta Woods	2002 26	0 AGI; 26	2BR	nits wi	un ren O	910 - 910	\$650 - \$705	\$0.71 - \$0.77		
532 6th St SW	vacancy rate:	_	3BR	16	0	1,150 - 1,235	\$730 - \$705 \$730 - \$785	\$0.71 - \$0.77		
Pine Island, MN	vacancy rate.	0.070	4BR	4	0	1,130 - 1,233 1,470 - 1,470	\$810 - \$865	\$0.55 - \$0.59		
Southeast Submarket	Notes Three	Rivers C				1,470 - 1,470 roperty. Rent incl				
Journeast Jubiliai Ret	removal. Ame controlled hed	enities in at and A	clude co C, full ki	ommui itchen	nity ro applic	om, off-street par ance package, wa king available for	rking, courtyard, lk-in closets, bald	resident		

							3 continued			
	SELECT A						HOUSING PROPER	RTIES		
			GOODH	Novem			ESUIA			
Duningt Name	0	No of	Takal	Novem				Manthly Dant	Do not /	64
Project Name Location	•	No. of	Vacant			Size	Monthly Rent Min Max	Min	sq. ft. Max	
Knollwood Apts	1987	24	1	1BR	6	0	600 - 600	\$495 - \$656	\$0.83	
505 5th St SW	vacano			2BR	18	1	750 - 750	\$530 - \$696	\$0.71	
Pine Island, MN		,						,	****	70.00
Southeast Submarket	<u>Notes</u>	: USDA	Rural D	evelopn	nent S	ection	515 and Tax Cred	dit property. Utili	ities and	trash
				-			ng and playgroun			
	based	on 30%	6 AGI; 18	units w	ith su	bsidy.				
Halter Green Apts	1984	16	0	1BR	4	0	550 - 550	\$545 - \$733	\$0.99	- \$1.33
916 Larson Dr	vacano	y rate:	0.0%	2BR	10	0	628 - 628	\$565 - \$763	\$0.90	- \$1.21
Zumbrota, MN				3BR	2	0	900 - 900	\$585 - \$783	\$0.65	\$0.87
Southeast Submarket				•			515. Heat, water			
						-	, off-street parking			le,
	and so	ındbox.	Some r	ents bas	sed on	30%	AGI; 4 units with r	ental assistance.		
Jefferson Heights	1996	24	0	2BR	8	0	964 - 964	\$825 - \$825	\$0.86	- \$0.86
1301 Jefferson Heights Dr	vacano	y rate:	0.0%	3BR	16	0	1,100 - 1,100	\$875 - \$895	\$0.80	\$0.81
Zumbrota, MN								·		
Southeast Submarket							erty. Heat, water,			
			ude AC,	private	entrai	ices, g	garage parking, in	-unit laundry, pa	tios, pet-	-
	friendl	у.								
Halter Terrace Apts	1982	12	0	1BR	12	0	620 - 620	\$490 - \$518	\$0.79	\$0.84
15 5th St E	vacano	y rate:	0.0%							
Zumbrota, MN										
Southeast Submarket				-			515. Heat, water			
						-	et parking with pi	ug-ins, communi	ty room.	Some
	Terris L						al assistance.			
Shallow-Subsidy Subtotal:		386	3	0.8%	vacan	cy rat	e			
			Dee	n-Suhsi	dv Pro	nerti	es			
Maple Hills	'72/'07	96	0	1BR	72	0	460 - 460	30% of AGI	NA -	- NA
521 Maple St	vacano		-	2BR	16	0	590 - 590	30% of AGI	NA -	
Red Wing, MN	74.04	,	0.075	3BR	8	0	880 - 880	30% of AGI	NA -	
North Submarket	Notes	Four	two-stor	y buildii	ngs. P	roject	funded with Tax		roject-ba	sed
		_			-	-	rams. Minimum re		-	
			_				x rents of \$765 fo			
	3BR. A	Ameniti	es includ	le comm	unity	room,	on-site laundry, o	computer lab, off	-street po	arking,
	playgr	ound.	Heat, wa	iter, eled	tricity	includ	ded in rent. Currei	ntly a wait list.		
Trailside Acres I & II	1988	48	0	1BR	24	0	575 - 575	30% of AGI	NA ·	- NA
211-219 Sargent Dr	vacano	y rate:	0.0%	2BR	16	0	725 - 725	30% of AGI	NA -	
Red Wing, MN				3BR	8	0	925 - 925	30% of AGI	NA ·	
North Submarket						_	artnership propert	-		
			-				d Tax Credit projed			t.
							round, and garage		-	† 000
			r). All rei	nts base	ed on 3	30% o	f AGI (max of \$60	5 Jor 1BR, \$844 J	or 2BR, .	5990
	for 3B	K)								

	SELECT A		DABLE/SI	JBSIDIZ	ED REI	NTAL H	3 continued	TIES			
			GOODH	Novem			SOTA				
Duningt Name	0.000	No of	Takal	Novem				Manabble	. Dans	Donat	la 6 4
Project Name Location	-		Total Vacant	Туре	No.	Vac.	ription Size	Monthly Min	Max	Min	sq. ft. Max
Malmquist Estates	1985	30	1	1BR	6	1	575 - 575	30% of			- NA
2622 Malmquist Ave	vacanc			2BR	21	0	725 - 725	30% of			- NA
Red Wing, MN		,		3BR	3	0	925 - 925	30% of		NA	- NA
North Submarket	USDA I Amenia additio	Notes: Southwest Minnesota Housing Partnership property. Project-based Section 8, USDA Rural Development Section 515 and Tax Credit project. Utilities included in rent. Amenities include on-site laundry, playground, and garage parking (available for additional fee). All rents based on 30% of AGI (max of \$796 for 1BR, \$875 for 2BR, \$895 for 3BR)									
Pioneer Place	1975	6	1	3BR	5	1	1,020 - 1,200	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
341 Pioneer Rd Red Wing, MN	vacanc			4BR	1	0	1,380 - 1,380	30% of			- NA
North Submarket		ilities.		_			sed on 30% of ad nits include kitche				
Deer Run Townhomes	1974	6	0	3BR	5	0	1,020 - 1,140	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
613 21st St	vacanc	y rate:	0.0%	4BR	1	0	1,380 - 1,380	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
North Submarket		ilities.	-	_			sed on 30% of ac nits include kitche	-			
Featherstone Court	1974	6	1	3BR	5	0	1,140 - 1,140	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
861 Featherstone Rd	vacanc	y rate:	16.7%	4BR	1	0	1,288 - 1,288	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
Red Wing, MN North Submarket		ilities.		_			sed on 30% of ac				
Lake City Townhomes		20	2	2BR	12	1	1,135 - 1,135	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
1109 N High St <i>Lake City, MN</i>	vacanc	y rate:	10.0%	3BR	8	1	1,417 - 1,417	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
Northeast Submarket	include parkin	courty g avail	vard, con	nmunity nt includ	room, des he	. eleva at, wa	ture AC, dishwası tor, on-site laund ter and trash rem	ry facilitie	es, tub r	oom. G	arage
River Valley Apts	1981	24	0	1BR	21	0	620 - 620	30% of	AGI	NA	- NA
1001-1005 Oak Ct Lake City, MN	vacanc			2BR	3	0	720 - 720	30% of			- NA
Northeast Submarket			-				l on income. Hea et parking and or				

		F	RENTAL I	MARKE1	ANAI	YSIS TA	ABLE 3				
	SELECT	AFFORE	DABLE/SI	JBSIDIZ	ED REI	ITAL H	OUSING PROPE	RTIES			
			GOODH	UE COL	INTY, I	VIINNE	SOTA				
				Novem	ber 2	019					
Project Name	Осср.	No. of	Total		Uni	t Descr	iption	Month	ly Rent	Rent/	sq. ft.
Location	Date	Units	Vacant	Туре	No.	Vac.	Size	Min	Max	Min	Max
Pepin Apartments	NA	48	0	1BR	48	0	450 - 450	30% (of AGI	NA -	NA
1005 W Marion Ave	vacan	cy rate:	0.0%								
Lake City, MN											
Northeast Submarket	<u>Notes</u>	: Proje	ct-based	Section	8. Re	nt inclu	ıdes heat, water,	sewer, e	electric, ai	nd trash	
	remov	al. Am	enities in	clude o	ff-stree	et parki	ing with plug-ins	, coin-o _l	perated la	nundry in	each
	buildi	ng, com	munity r	oom wi	th kitc	hen, sci	reen house with	grill and	picnic ta	bles.	
Fox Meadows	1977	32	2	1BR	16	1	600 - 600	30% (of AGI	NA -	NA .
600 Main St NW	vacano	cy rate:	6.3%	2BR	16	1	750 - 750	30% (of AGI	NA -	· NA
Pine Island, MN											
Southeast Submarket	<u>Notes</u>	: Proje	ct-based	Section	8. Re	nt inclu	ıdes heat, water,	sewer, o	and trash	removal	l.
	Marrk	et rent o	of \$718 j	for 1BR	and \$	789 for	² 2BR. Amenities	include	on-site la	undry in	each
	buildi	ng, off-s	street pa	rking, p	laygro	und.					
Deep-Subsidy Subtotal:		316	7	2.2%	vacan	cy rate					
Affordable/Subsidized Total:		702	10	1.4%	vacan	cy rate					
Source: Maxfield Research 8					- a dall	. ₇ . acc					

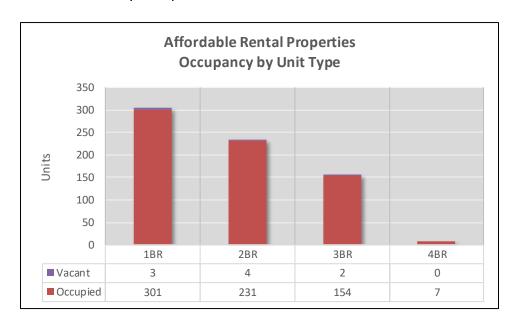
- Many of the affordable rental properties in Goodhue County are financed with Section 515 loans made by the United States Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Rural Development Housing and Community Facilities Program targeting very low-, low-, and moderate-income family households. Tenants must qualify based on their income and pay basic rent or 30% of their adjusted income, whichever is greater. Most Rural Development properties also offer rental assistance.
- One-bedroom units comprise 43% of the inventory while 33% of the units have two bedrooms. Three-bedroom units comprise 22% of the inventory and the remaining 1% of the units have four bedrooms.
- Units in these projects average 783 square feet, ranging from 549 square feet for one-bedroom units to 1,418 for four-bedroom units. Two-bedroom units average 807 square feet and three-bedroom units average 1,176 square feet.
- The weighted average market rental rate across these affordable shallow-subsidy properties is \$727 per month (\$0.93 per square foot). In the Section 515 properties, some rent is based on 30% of adjusted household income, depending on household income which may be higher than the basic rent, or lower than the basic rent if on rental assistance.
- Monthly rents range from \$626 for one-bedroom units (\$1.14 per square foot) to \$865 for four-bedroom units (\$0.61 per square foot). Two-bedroom units have an average rent of \$717 per month (\$0.89 per square foot), while three-bedroom units have an average monthly rent of \$840 (\$0.71 per square foot).

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 4
SELECT AFFORDABLE/SUBSIDIZED RENTAL HOUSING PROPERTIES
UNIT TYPE SUMMARY
GOODHUE COUNTY

						Basic/Marke	Rents	
	Total	% of	Vacant	%	Avg.	Range	Avg.	Avg. Rent/
Unit Type	Units	Total	Units	Vacant	Size	Low - High	Rent	Sq. Ft.
1BR	304	43%	3	1.0%	549	\$475 - \$750	\$626	\$1.14
2BR	235	33%	4	1.7%	807	\$510 - \$825	\$717	\$0.89
3BR	156	22%	2	1.3%	1,176	\$585 - \$940	\$840	\$0.71
4BR	7	1%	0	0.0%	1,418	\$810 - \$865	\$865	\$0.61
Total:	702	99%	9	1.3%	783	\$475 - \$940	\$727	\$0.93

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- At the time of the survey of affordable and subsidized rental properties, there were nine vacant units, resulting in an overall vacancy rate of 1.3% in Goodhue County. As such, the supply of affordable/subsidized rental housing in the County is below equilibrium, generally considered to be 5.0% vacancy.
- All six submarkets had vacancy rates below equilibrium, ranging from 0.0% vacant in the Southwest Submarket (zero vacancies) to 2.2% vacant in the Southeast (three vacancies). The North Submarket was 0.9% vacant (three vacancies), the Northeast was 1.8% vacant (two vacancies), and the Northwest was 2.0% vacant (two vacancies). We did not identify any affordable and subsidized general occupancy properties in the Central Submarket.
- There were four vacant two-bedroom units (1.7% vacancy rate), three one-bedroom units vacant (1.0% vacancy rate), and two vacant three-bedroom units (1.3% vacancy rate). Four-bedroom units were fully-occupied.



RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 5 SELECT MARKET RATE RENTAL HOUSING PROPERTIES GOODHUE COUNTY, MINNESOTA November 2019

November 2019											
Project Name	Occp. No. of	Total		Un	it Desc	ription	Monthly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.			
Location	Date Units	Vacant	Туре	No.	Vac.	Size	Min Max	Min Max			
Rivers Ridge Apartments	2018 61	1	1BR	19	0	766 - 994	\$925 - \$1,125	\$1.13 - \$1.21			
300 Red Wing Ave S	vacancy rate:	1.6%	2BR	24	1	994 - 1,180	\$1,100 - \$1,450	\$1.11 - \$1.23			
Red Wing, MN			3BR	18	0	1,335 - 1,450	\$1,450 - \$1,550	\$1.07 - \$1.09			
North Submarket	Open Februai	y 2018.	Amenit	ies inc	dude e	xercise room, com	puter room, playgro	ound,			
	_	-					arty room. Units fea	ture			
	balcony/patio	o, granite	e counte	rtops,	SS app	oliances.					
Pleasant Ridge Apts	1995 38	0	1BR	11	0	647 - 663	\$829 - \$829	\$1.25 - \$1.28			
2488 Malmquist Ave	vacancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	27	0	868 - 871	\$929 - \$939	\$1.07 - \$1.08			
Red Wing, MN											
North Submarket		_					eat, trash pick-up, ar				
	-		nt. Unit	s inclu	ide wa	lk-in closets, patic	b/balcony, and full k	itchen			
	appliance pa	скаде.									
1913 Perlich Apts	1994 36	1	1BR	6	0	715 - 715	\$750 - \$800	\$1.05 - \$1.12			
1913 Perlich Ave	vacancy rate:	2.8%	2BR	30	1	975 - 1,132	\$800 - \$865	\$0.76 - \$0.82			
Red Wing, MN											
North Submarket							ges included in rent.	Units feature			
	wall-unit AC,	baicony,	/patio, a	iishwa	isner. (Coin-operated lau	indry on-site.				
102E Dorlich Ants	1994 36	1	1BR	6	0	715 - 715	\$750 - \$800	\$1.05 - \$1.12			
1935 Perlich Apts 1935 Perlich Ave	vacancy rate:		2BR	30	1	975 - 1,132	\$800 - \$865	\$0.76 - \$0.82			
Red Wing, MN	vacancy rate.	2.070	ZBN	30	1	973 - 1,132	3800 - 3803	30.70 - 30.82			
North Submarket	Three-story building. Water, trash removal, detached garages included in rent. Units feature										
		_				Coin-operated lau		,			
2005 Perlich Apts	1989 36	2	1BR	6	0	756 - 756	\$750 - \$800	\$0.99 - \$1.06			
2005 Perlich Ave	vacancy rate:		2BR	30	2	990 - 1,100	\$800 - \$865	\$0.79 - \$0.81			
Red Wing, MN	,				_	_,	,	7			
North Submarket	Three-story bu	uilding.	Water, t	rash r	remova	ıl, detached garag	ges included in rent.	Units feature			
		_				Coin-operated lau		•			
1826 Pioneer Apts	1978 24	1	2BR	24	1	930 - 930	\$780 - \$830	\$0.84 - \$0.89			
1826 Pioneer Rd	vacancy rate:		ZDIN	2-7	-	330 330	7700 7 030	70.04 70.03			
Red Wing, MN	vacancy rate.	1.270									
North Submarket	Three-story bu	uilding.	Water, t	rash r	remova	ıl, detached garad	ges included in rent.	Units feature			
		_				Coin-operated lau		•			
725 Featherstone Apts	1972 24	2	2BR	24	2	930 - 930	\$770 - \$820	\$0.83 - \$0.88			
725 Featherstone Rd	vacancy rate:		2 D N	4	۷	930 - 930	<i>γ110 - γ</i> 020	70.05 - 70.00			
Red Wing, MN	vacancy rate.	0.3/0									
North Submarket	Three-story hi	uildina.	Water. 1	rash r	removo	ıl. detached aarad	ges included in rent.	Units feature			
						Coin-operated lau					
Gladstone Building	1890 28	1	Studio	15	1	NA - NA	\$580 - \$605	NA - NA			
309 Bush St	vacancy rate:		1BR	13	0	NA - NA NA - NA	\$625 - \$675	NA - NA NA - NA			
Red Wing, MN	vacancy rate.	3.570	1011	13	5	14/1 14/7	7023 7073	IVA IVA			
North Submarket	Renovated apartments in 1995. Second and third floor units above commercial space. No										
	parking available on site. Heat, water, trash removal included in rent.										
	,				ed						

					_	_	LE 5 continu SING PROP		;			
							NESOTA					
				Nove	mber	2019						
Project Name	Осср.	No. of	Total		Uni	it Desc	ription		Monthly Rent		Rent/sq. ft.	
Location	•		Vacant	Туре		Vac.	Size		Min	Max	Min	Max
Pottery Place Apts	1982	34	2	1BR	9	1	750 - 1	L,100	\$850	- \$1,125	\$1.02	- \$1.13
2000 Old W Main St	vacano	y rate:	5.9%	2BR	25	1	900 - 1	L,100	\$1,250	- \$1,250	\$1.14	- \$1.39
Red Wing, MN												
North Submarket	Units o	n seco	nd and f	ourth flo	oors o	f histo	ric Pottery P	Place B	uilding. T	en units a	dded in 2	2016.
			-	_			yer hook-up					•
	Trash i	remova	ıl and ga	rage pa	rking	include	ed in rent. L	Daily a	ınd weekly	rates also	o availab	le.
Kingswood Estates Apts	1978	24	0	2BR	24	0	775 - 8	375	\$725	- \$725	\$0.83	- \$0.94
134 Kingswood Dr	vacano	y rate:	0.0%									
Red Wing, MN												
North Submarket	-	_		_			nt includes					
		-		_	e-car g	arage	parking spo	ace inc	luded in r	ent. Coin-	operated	1
			ach floor							4		
Bluffview Townhomes	1984	12	1	2BR	12	1	1,000 - 1	1,000	\$777	- \$777	\$0.78	- \$0.78
515 E 5th Street	vacano	y rate:	8.3%									
Red Wing, MN	T				CI							
North Submarket		•	-	-	-		andicap ac				•	
			_	-			t. Surface p	_		iciude stov	ve, refrige	erator,
tille en de Diese De Halter							by Red Win			¢car.	N1.0	NIA.
Liberty's Pizza Building	1900	5	1	1BR	4	0	NA - N			- \$635		- NA
303 W 3rd St	vacano	y rate:	20.0%	3BR	1	1	NA - N	NA	\$850	- \$850	NA	- NA
Red Wing, MN North Submarket	Anartr	nont	aite abou	a libart	de Dia	a roct	aurant Por	nt incl	idas haat	and water	. No nar	kina
North Submarket	availa			е шеп,	/ S P122	zu resti	aurant. Rer	וונ וווכונ	iues neut	una watei	. No pui	Kiriy
									400-	400-	4.00	4.00
Metro Apartments	1880	13	1	1BR	10	0	500 - 5			- \$695		- \$1.39
309/313 Plum Street	vacano	y rate:	7.7%	2BR	3	1	700 - 7	/00	\$900	- \$900	\$1.29	- \$1.29
Red Wing, MN	4				I 11 -1				t		d - d !	. 4 . 41 -
North Submarket						-	eat, water, s		trasn rem	ovai inciu	aea in rei	nt. No
	parkin	g avan	ubie on s	site. Coi	п-оре	ratea i	laundry on-	·sne.				
Eagle House Apartments	1900	16	NA	Studio	NA	NA	NA - N	ıΛ	NΙΛ	- NA	NIA	- NA
325 Plum Street	1900	10	INA	1BR	NA	NA NA	NA - N NA - N			- NA - NA		- NA - NA
Red Wing, MN				TDL	INA	INA	INA - IV	v/A	IVA	- IVA	INA	- INA
North Submarket	Unahl	e to co	ntact O	riainallu	25 nr	ivate r	leeping roo	ms Tl	nird floor	ecently ro	modeled	into 7
itortii Jubiiidi KEt				-			into 8 apar		-			
	unit oi			u jioo		Jacieu	to o apai	anciil	anno, un		OII	. 1011
Dutchtown Manor	1973	8	0	1BR	8	0	570 - 5	570	\$ 5.95	- \$600	\$1.02	- \$1.05
525 Plum St	vacano			TDL	٥	U	3/0 - 3	,,,	\$205	- 3000	31.U3	1.05 -
Red Wing, MN	vacaile	y rate:	0.0%									
North Submarket	Hoat :	water o	cower tr	ach rome	nual in	cludes	l in rent. Oj	ff_c+ro	et narkina	nrovidad	Small d	nac
ivoi tii Subilial Ket				isii reiiid		ciuuel	i iii ieiii. Oj	יון-אוופנ	Lpurking	ριονίαεα.	Sinuii u	Jys

and cats allowed with approval.

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 5 continued SELECT MARKET RATE RENTAL HOUSING PROPERTIES GOODHUE COUNTY, MINNESOTA November 2019

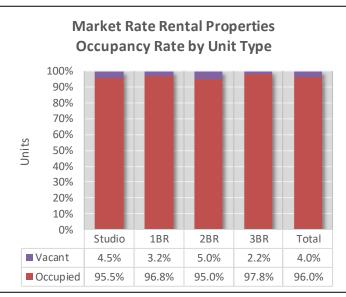
				Nove	mber	2019					
Project Name	Occp. N	No. of	Total		Un	it Desc	cription	Monthly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.		
Location	Date l	Units	Vacant	Туре	No.	Vac.	Size	Min Max	Min Max		
Cannon Country Apts	1955	11	0	STUDIO	5	0	201 - 281	\$495 - \$495	\$1.76 - \$2.46		
7874 365th St Way	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	1BR	4	0	344 - 344	\$637 - \$637	\$1.85 - \$1.85		
Cannon Falls, MN				2BR	1	0	1,008 - 1,008	\$850 - \$850	\$0.84 - \$0.84		
Northwest Submarket				3BR	1	0	2,364 - 2,364	\$1,340 - \$1,340	\$0.57 - \$0.57		
								t to bar and grill and	d self-storage		
	units. A	\menit	ies inclu	de patio	s, off-	street	parking, on-site lo	aundry.			
520 Almond Apts	1965	11	0	1BR	NA	0	650 - 650	\$625 - \$625	\$0.96 - \$0.96		
520 Almond St	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	2BR	NA	0	780 - 780	\$775 - \$775	\$0.99 - \$0.99		
Cannon Falls, MN											
Northwest Submarket		Heat, water, trash removal included in rent. Amenities include off-street parking, window AC units, and on-site laundry.									
Trailside Terrace	1999	11	0	2BR	7	0	1,102 - 1,102	\$940 - \$940	\$0.85 - \$0.85		
201 Water St	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	3BR	4	0	1,303 - 1,303	\$990 - \$990	\$0.76 - \$0.76		
Cannon Falls, MN											
Northwest Submarket	Market washer,	-		wnhome.	s. Un	its fea	ture attached gard	age, kitchen applian	ces, and		
Dwelle Street Apts	'75-'79	24	4	1BR	6	0	600 - 600	\$500 - \$500	\$0.83 - \$0.83		
1003-1011 W Dwelle St	vacancy	rate:	16.7%	2BR	18	4	800 - 800	\$580 - \$580	\$0.73 - \$0.73		
Lake City, MN											
Northeast Submarket	Three buildings. Water and sewer included in rent; tenant pays heat. Amenities include off-										
	street p	arking	, AC uni	ts, kitche	п арр	oliance	es, coin-operated l	aundry in each build	ding.		
1204 High Street Apts	1975	6	0	2BR	6	0	750 - 800	\$500 - \$625	\$0.67 - \$0.78		
1204 N High St	vacancy	rate:	0.0%								
Lake City, MN											
Northeast Submarket	Heat, w	ater, s	ewer, tro	ash remo	val in	cluded	d in rent. Off-stree	et parking provided.			
Ra-Mar Apartments		8	0	1BR	4	0	550 - 600	\$550 - \$550	\$0.92 - \$1.00		
820 S Lakeshore Dr	vacancy	-		2BR	4	0	750 - 800	\$650 - \$650	\$0.81 - \$0.87		
Lake City, MN	vacancy	rate.	0.070	ZDIX	•	Ū	750 000	φοσο φοσο	φυ.σ1 φυ.σ <i>γ</i>		
Northeast Submarket	Heat an	id wat	er includ	led in rei	nt. Te	nant p	oavs sewer. trash r	removal, and electric	. Off-street		
				paces/ur		•	,	,	,,		
Rolling Hills	2000	8	0	1BR+D	4	0	1,115 - 1,115	\$720 - \$720	\$0.65 - \$0.65		
702-704 5th Ave	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	2BR	4	0	1,191 - 1,191	\$820 - \$820	\$0.69 - \$0.69		
Goodhue, MN	,						, - , -	, , , , , , ,	, ,		
Central Submarket	Market	rate fo	amily to	vnhome.	s. Un	its feat	ture attached gard	age, kitchen applian	ces, and		
	washer,	-					J				
730 2nd Apts	1900	10	1	1BR	8	1	550 - 550	\$500 - \$500	\$0.91 - \$0.91		
730 2nd St	vacancy	rate:	10.0%	2BR	2	0	650 - 650	\$600 - \$600	\$0.92 - \$0.92		
Kenyon, MN	,							•	•		
Southwest Submarket	Ameniti trash re			street pa	ırking	and o	on-site laundry. M	Ionthly rent includes	water and		

		REN	TAL MA	RKET AN	ALYS	IS TABI	LE 5 conti	inued				
	S	ELECT					SING PRO	PERTIE	S			
			GOOI			r, MINI · 2019	NESOTA					
Project Name	Occp. N	lo of	Total				ription		Month	ly Rent	Pont	sq. ft.
Location	•		Vacant	Type	No.	Vac.	Siz	e	Min	Max	Min	Max
Holden Meadows	2000	12	0	1BR	3	0	893 -	893	\$700	- \$700	\$0.78	- \$0.78
5th St at Huseth St	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	1BR+D	3	0	1,095 -		\$825	- \$825	\$0.75	- \$0.75
Kenyon, MN				2BR	2	0	1,228 -	1,228	\$810	- \$810	\$0.66	- \$0.66
Southwest Submarket				3BR	4	0	1,381 -	1,381	\$860	- \$860	\$0.62	- \$0.62
				vnhome	s. Un	its feat	ure attac	hed gar	age, kitche	en applian	ces, and	
	washer,											
Kingsbury Court	1983	24	1	1BR	22	1	624 -			- \$430		- \$0.69
410 5th St	vacancy	rate:	4.2%	2BR	2	0	750 -	750	\$455	- \$455	\$0.61	- \$0.61
Kenyon, MN			_		, .							
Southwest Submarket	•							Ameniti	es include	off-street	parking i	with
	plug-ins	5, 011-3	ne idani	iry, com	mum	у гооп.	1.					
Hillcrest Apts	1977	7	0	1BR	1	0	600 -	600	\$525	- \$525	\$0.88	- \$0.88
520 High Ave	vacancy			2BR	6	0	742 -			- \$565	-	- \$0.76
Wanamingo, MN	,								7	7	7	7
Southwest Submarket	Former	USDA	Rural De	evelopm	ent Se	ction 5	515 proje	ct; now	market rat	e. Heat, w	ater, sev	ver,
										ng with pl		
	laundry	·.										
201 Main Apts	1913	6	0	Studio	2	0	200 -	350	\$370	- \$370	\$1.06	- \$1.85
201 Main St	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	1BR	1	0	500 -	500	\$450	- \$450	\$0.90	- \$0.90
Wanamingo, MN				2BR	3	0	750 -	800	\$525	- \$600	\$0.70	- \$0.75
Southwest Submarket								Units re	modeled p	ast few ye	ars; hard	lwood
	floors, b	palcon	y, and k	itchen a _l	opliar	ices inc	duded.					
201 Amoutmonto	2018	36	4	100	10	2	696 -	720	¢1.000	Ć1 22F	Ċ1 44	¢1.70
301 Apartments 301 Main St			-	1BR 2BR	10 26	2		1,216		- \$1,225 - \$1,625		- \$1.70 - \$1.38
Pine Island, MN	vacancy	rate.	11.1/0	ZDN	20	2	808 -	1,210	\$1,200	- \$1,023	31.34	- 31.30
Southeast Submarket	Onen D	ecemb	er 2018	· still in i	nitial	lease-i	ın Ruildi	ina onei	n to all aa	es hut nai	tnerina v	vith
oodinedst odbindrike t	Open December 2018; still in initial lease-up. Building open to all ages, but partnering with Evergreen Place Senior Living to give senior tenants the option to purchase some in-home											
	_			_	_					ertops, SS d		
										es 1 under		
	space.	Tenan	t pays u	tilities.								
200 3rd Ave Apts	1970	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA -	· NA	NA	- NA	NA	- NA
200 3rd Ave NW												
Pine Island, MN												
Southeast Submarket	Unable	to con	tact. Go	arage pa	rking	provid	ed onsite					
Ridgeway Estates	2001	34	0	2BR	20	0	910 -	. 910	\$1.050	- \$1,050	\$1.15	- \$1.15
501 Ridgeway Ln NE	vacancy			3BR	14	0	1,200 -			- \$1,050 - \$1,150		- \$1.15 - \$0.96
Pine Island, MN	vacancy	i u ic.	0.070	אוטכ	17	5	1,200	1,200	71,130	71,130	70.50	70.50
Southeast Submarket	Townho	me re	ntals. A	menities	inclu	de atta	iched aar	age par	king, plav	set, patio,	in-unit	
	washer,			30			9-"	J - 1	37 12.2.7	, , ,		
Pineview Townhomes	2000	34	0	2BR	31	0	1,426 -	2,051	\$1,100	- \$1,300	\$0.63	- \$0.77
700 SW 10th St	vacancy	rate:	0.0%	3BR	3	0	1,742 -	2,051	\$1,200	- \$1,300		- \$0.69
Pine Island, MN												
Southeast Submarket	Ameniti	ies incl	lude in-u	ınit wasl	her/dr	yer, kit	chen isla	nd, walk	k-in closets	, attached	garage	
	parking	, patic	/balcon	y, playg	round	l. Rent	includes	trash re	moval.			

	RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 5 continued SELECT MARKET RATE RENTAL HOUSING PROPERTIES GOODHUE COUNTY, MINNESOTA November 2019										
Project Name	Осср.	Total		Uni	it Descr	iption	Month	nly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.		
Location	Date	Units	Vacant	Туре	No.	Vac.	Size	Min	Max	Min	Max
Highland Villa Estates 920-942 Larson Dr <i>Zumbrota, MN</i>	1994 vacano	12 cy rate:	0 0.0%	2BR	12	0	960 - 1,008	\$830	- \$830	\$0.82	- \$0.86
Southeast Submarket			entals. A . Trash i				ched garage park ent.	ing, sepa	rate laund	dry room	with
Armory on Main Apts	1937	20	0	Studio		0	NA - NA	\$375	- \$375	NA	- NA
495 S Main St	vacano	y rate:	0.0%	1BR		0	NA - NA	\$500	- \$500	NA	- NA
Zumbrota, MN				2BR		0	NA - NA	\$625	- \$625	NA	- NA
Southeast Submarket		lities, ex g avail	•	ctric, incl	uded	in mon	thly rent. Very lov	v turnove	er of units.	Off-stre	et
Market Rate Total:		675	24	3.6%	vacan	cy rate					
Source: Maxfield Researc	ch & Consu	lting, L	LC								

Rental Market Analysis Table 6 on the following page provides a summary of the unit mix, vacancies, average sizes, and average rental rates among these market rate rental properties. Averages (size and rent) presented in the table are straight averages based the information available.

- An estimated 64% of the units in the inventory of market rate rental projects are two-bed-room units, 25% of the units have one bedroom and 7% have three bedrooms. Another 4% of the units do not have a bedroom (i.e. studio or efficiency units).
- At the time of the survey, there were 27 vacant units, resulting in an overall market rate vacancy rate of 4.0% in Goodhue County. The equilibrium vacancy rate for rental housing is considered to be 5.0% which allows for normal turnover and an adequate supply of alternatives for prospective renters.
- In effect, the supply of market rate rental housing in the County is below the level adequate to meet demand.
- There are 20 two-bedroom units vacant (5.0% vacancy rate) and five one-bedroom vacancies (3.2% vacancy rate). Studio units and three-bedroom units each have one vacancy, representing vacancy rates of 4.5% and 2.2%, respectively.



RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 6 SELECT MARKET RATE RENTAL HOUSING PROPERTIES UNIT TYPE SUMMARY GOODHUE COUNTY

					Monthly Rents					
	Unit	Vacant	%	Avg.	Range	Avg.	Avg. Rent/			
Unit Type	Mix	Units	Vacant	Size	Low - High	Rent	Sq. Ft.			
Studio/Eff.	4%	1	4.5%	258	\$370 - \$605	\$458	\$1.78			
1BR	25%	5	3.2%	699	\$430 - \$1,225	\$686	\$0.98			
2BR	64%	17	4.3%	953	\$455 - \$1,625	\$830	\$0.87			
3BR	7%	1	2.2%	1,590	\$850 - \$1,550	\$1,134	\$0.71			
Total:	675	24	3.6%	905	\$370 - \$1,625	\$787	\$0.87			

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- On average, units in these general occupancy market rate projects have 905 square feet.
 Studio and efficiency units average 258 square feet, while one-bedroom units average 699 square feet, two-bedroom units average 953 square feet, and the three-bedroom units average 1,590 square feet.
- The average rental rate across all market rate general occupancy properties is \$787 per month with a range of \$370 for a studio unit at 201 Main in Wanamingo to a high of \$1,625 for a two-bedroom unit at the recently-opened 301 Apartments in Pine Island. Studio/efficiency unit rents average \$458 per month, while the one-bedroom units average \$683 per month, two-bedroom units average \$830 per month, and the three-bedroom units average \$1,134 per month.
- On a per square-foot basis, these general occupancy market rate rental properties have an average rent of \$0.87 per square foot, with studio/efficiency units averaging \$1.78 per square foot, one-bedroom units averaging \$0.98 per square foot, two-bedroom units averaging \$0.87 per square foot, and three-bedroom units averaging \$0.71 per square foot.
- While each property manages utilities differently, utilities (i.e. heat, water, sewer, trash removal) is included in the rent at most properties.
- The majority of the properties surveyed provide kitchen appliances and wall unit air conditioning, but relatively few offer an in-unit washer and dryer. Some of the properties provide a common laundry room and surface parking, with garage parking available at a few of the rental properties.
- The two newest properties (Rivers Ridge Apartments in Red Wing and 301 Apartments in Pine Island) both offer unit features such as stainless steel appliances, granite countertops, in-unit washer/dryer, walk-in closets, outdoor living options (grilling area, picnic area, etc.), and underground parking. However, modern features and amenities such as these are not available at the older general occupancy market rate rental properties in Goodhue County.

The following are photographs of a select group of general occupancy rental properties in Goodhue County.



Eagle Ridge Apartments



Featherstone Road Apartments



Kingswood Estates



Rivers Edge Apartments



301 Apartments



Halter Terrace

Student Housing

Minnesota State College Southeast (Red Wing)

MN State Southeast is a post-secondary technical and community college that offers education degree, certificate and diploma programs in 40 different areas with campuses in Red Wing and Wabasha.

Degree programs offered: Associate in Science, Associated in Applied Science, Associate of Arts, diplomas and certificates

Largest Programs: Nursing, Band Instrument Repair, Truck Driving, Computer Aided Design (CAD), Drafting Technologies and Accounting

Newest Programs: Transfer Pathway Degrees in Accounting, Business, Exercise Science, History, Pre-Social Work and Psychology, Health Science Broad Field

Unique Programs: Band Instrument Repair, Guitar Repair & Building, Violin Repair, Bicycle Design & Fabrication

According to information provided by MN State SE, Red Wing campus enrollment has averaged 653 students annually (total headcount) over the past four years. MN State SE offers two types of distance learning: fully online courses and hybrid courses. Hybrid courses may require some on-campus meetings and labs.

MN State SE does not offer any type of on-campus housing, either dormitory or apartment-style. The website promotes that Red Wing has a large inventory of rental housing options and directs students to contact the Red Wing Chamber of Commerce to obtain information regarding housing options in the community.

According to the 2018 Census estimates, Red Wing had an estimated 2,387 rental housing units, of which 504 were single-family homes. The units may be leased to students similarly as they are in other cities that have colleges and universities with several students sharing a single-family home. The Housing Assessment identified that vacancies in Red Wing are currently below market equilibrium and have been tight for several years. This creates a challenge in being able to serve new students coming into the community each year to study, although there is turnover occurring each year as students graduate or leave school.

The average age of students attending MN State SE is 25.8 years. Although many technical and community colleges serve non-traditional students, the average age suggests that a high proportion of students at the college are closer to the traditional college age population.

The Housing Needs Assessment did not include a full analysis of the potential need/demand for student housing for the College, but previous work completed for many colleges and universities in Minnesota (two- to four-year institutions) have identified that housing situated in close proximity to the campus and dedicated to serving students (primarily single students) can and has supported and increased enrollment. At times, housing has been developed to meet the needs of students enrolled in a specific program of study. Others have developed general housing to meet the overall student population.

Most often the housing has been designed in an apartment-style, with individual units shared among students. Bedrooms may be shared or private depending on student demand and pricing.

Some institutions own dormitories or apartments may require their students to reside on-campus. Other institutions have partnered with private developers to provide on-campus or off-campus housing targeted to meet the needs of students attending their institutions. Those with large enrollments may have house only 20% of students on-campus, while others with much smaller enrollments may house higher proportions.

In the case of MN State SE, with an average of 653 students annually, we estimate that an apartment-style development with units offering two-, three- or four-bedroom units could house the following:

- Two-bedroom (two to four people single or shared bedrooms)
- Three-bedroom (three people single bedrooms)
- Four-bedroom (four people)

Given market trends toward fewer people sharing bedrooms, we recommend that only twobedroom units have a potential shared bedroom situation. Roommate selection and management are important components in the operation of student-focused properties.

According to staff at MN State SE, conversations and focus groups with students attending the college have identified a need for housing close to the campus that would serve students. Students have indicated that rental housing is often difficult to find in Red Wing.

We estimate that based on the current average annual enrollment that MN State SE could support an apartment-style rental property with up to 50 units that would have a capacity to serve up to 80 students with various unit type configurations. Examples are shown below:

Suggested Preliminary Student Housing Configuration 26-Unit Apartment Property										
Unit Type	No. Units	Resident	Capacity							
		Private BR	Shared BR							
Two-Bedroom/Two Bath	12	24	- 48							
Three-Bedroom/Two Bath	8	24	n/a							
Four-Bedroom/Two Bath	6	24	n/a							
Total/Max Capacity	26	72	- 96							
n/a=Not Applicable										
Source: Maxfield Research	and Consultin	ng LLC								

Rental Housing Demand Analysis

Rental Market Analysis Table 7 on the following page presents our calculation of general occupancy rental housing demand in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets between 2020 and 2030. Factors considered include competitiveness of area rental properties, pending developments, demographic trends and population shifts. Potential rental housing demand is calculated from two categories:

- 1. From new household growth based on the propensity of households to rent their housing in the County; and,
- 2. From existing households that will remain in the Market Area because new product is available and they value other area amenities including proximity to education, employment, entertainment and recreation.

First, we calculate potential demand from new household growth based on the propensity of households to rent their housing. For the purpose of this analysis, we focus on households between the ages of 18 and 64 that will account for the majority of general occupancy rental demand. We also include a portion (30%) of the demand potential generated by households age 65 and older, as a segment of this age group that is able to live independently could be drawn to a new general occupancy rental housing development in the County.

Next, we calculate the percentage of household growth that will likely rent their housing based on American Community Survey data. Demand for general occupancy rental housing units in the six submarkets from household growth totals 126 units by 2030, ranging from four units in the Central Submarket to 39 units in the Southeast.

The second part of the analysis calculates demand from existing households, or turnover demand. Younger households tend to be highly mobile, relative to older households. Mobility rates were calculated for the renter population based on American Community Survey data and were applied to the existing renter household base.

There are an estimated 3,894 renter households in the six submarkets that comprise the primary market for general occupancy rental housing. This estimate excludes the 75 and older age group and 70% of the 65 to 74 age group. Based on household turnover data from the American Community Survey, we estimate that 84% of these renter households will experience turnover between 2020 and 2030. This estimate results in anticipated turnover of 3,268 existing households in the six submarkets by 2030.

Together with demand from projected household growth and turnover, the total demand for rental housing is summarized. Total demand for general occupancy rental housing between 2020 and 2030 is 649 units in the six submarkets.

An additional proportion is added for households that would move into rental housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 921 units in the six submarkets. We estimate that the demand potential for general occupancy rental housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 25%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

Based a review of renter household incomes with incomes below \$39,420, we estimate the proportion of demand for market rate, shallow-subsidy, and deep-subsidy units. The proportion for market rate rental housing ranges from 50% to 65%. The percentage for shallow-subsidy housing ranges from 10% to 20%, while the percentage for deep-subsidy housing ranges from 25% to 30%. Note that, due to income requirements, there is overlap between shallow-subsidy and deep-subsidy demand.

Next, we subtract housing projects that are under construction or pending at this time at 95% occupancy (equilibrium), since these projects will satisfy some of the demand for new general occupancy rental housing. We identified one general occupancy rental project approved or under construction in Goodhue County. The Park Place development in Red Wing includes 65 market rate units and 43 shallow-subsidy units under construction, 38 market rate rental townhomes planned, and 26 shallow-subsidy rental townhomes planned.

RENTAL MARKET ANALYSIS TABLE 7 DEMAND FOR GENERAL OCCUPANCY RENTAL HOUSING GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 to 2030

		North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Projected HH Growth to 2030 ¹		332	184	193	68	88	367
(times) Pct. of HH Growth for General Occupancy Housing ²	х	37%	42%	29%	42%	65%	41%
(equals) Projected Demand for General Occupancy Units	=	123	77	56	29	57	150
(times) Proportion Estimated to Be Renting their Housing ³	Х	30%	19%	27%	15%	27%	26%
(equals) Projected Rental Housing Demand from HH Growth	=	37	15	15	4	15	39
Existing Renter HHs Under Age 65 in Submarket ⁴	=	1,755	443	509	119	348	720
(times) Estimated % of Renter Turnover, 2020 to 2030 ⁵	х	87%	89%	80%	86%	85%	75%
(equals) Projected Renter HH turnover, 2020 to 2030	=	1,527	395	407	103	296	540
(times) Estimated % Desiring New Rental Housing ⁶	х	16%	16%	16%	16%	16%	16%
(equals) Rental Demand From Existing Households	=	244	63	65	16	47	86
Total Demand From Household Growth and Existing Households	5	281	78	80	21	63	126
(plus) Rental Demand from Outside Submarket	+	30%	25%	35%	25%	25%	30%
(equals) Potential Demand for Rental Housing (2020 to 2030)	=	402	104	124	28	84	180
(times) % of Demand for Market Rate Rental Housing ⁷	х	50%	55%	65%	65%	55%	55%
(equals) Total Demand for New Market Rate Rental Units	=	201	57	80	18	46	99
(minus) Pending Units (under construction or approved)	-	103	0	0	0	0	0
(equals) Excess Demand for New Market Rate Rental Units	=	103	57	80	18	46	99
(times) % of Demand for Shallow Subsidy Rental Housing ⁷	Х	20%	15%	10%	10%	15%	15%
(equals) Total Demand for New Shallow Subsidy Rental Units	=	80	16	12	3	13	27
(minus) Pending Units (under construction or approved)	-	69	0	0	0	0	0
(equals) Excess Demand for New Shallow Subsidy Rental Units	=	15	16	12	3	13	27
(times) % of Demand for Deep Subsidy Rental Housing ⁷	х	30%	30%	25%	25%	30%	30%
(equals) Total Demand for New Deep Subsidy Rental Units	=	121	31	31	7	25	54
(minus) Pending Units (under construction or approved)	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
(equals) Excess Demand for New Deep Subsidy Rental Units	=	121	31	31	7	25	54

¹ Estimated household growth

Source: Maxfield Research & Consuting, LLC

² Pct. of household growth under age 65 plus 30% of households age 65 and older.

³ Pct. Renter households under age 65.

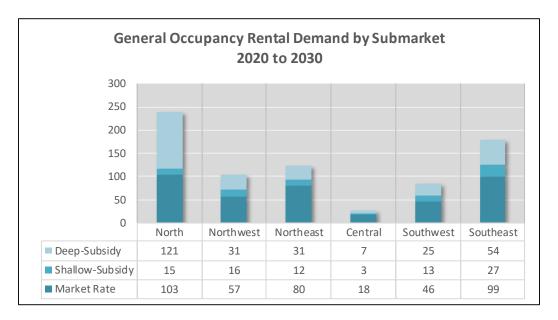
 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ Renter households age 64 and younger plus 30% of renter households age 65 and older.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ Based on household turnover and mobility data (American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates).

⁶ Source - The Upscale Apartment Market: Trends and Prospects. Prepared by Jack Goodman of Hartrey Advisors for the National Multi Housing Council.

⁷ Based on a combination of current rental product, income limits, and household incomes of area renters.

In total, we estimate that there is excess demand for 404 market rate rental units, 85 shallow-subsidy units and 269 deep-subsidy units in the six submarkets between 2020 and 2030. As shown in the following graph, between 2020 and 2030, excess general occupancy market rate rental demand will be strongest in the North (103 units), Southeast (99 units), and Northeast (80 units) Submarkets.



Excess demand for shallow-subsidy rental housing will be strongest in the Southeast (27 units) and Northwest (16 units) Submarkets, while deep-subsidy demand will be strongest in the North (121 units) and Southeast (54 units) Submarkets.

Due to factors such as the geographic distribution of the renter population in the County along with the location of services (entertainment, shopping, education, etc.), we anticipate that the Cities will capture a majority of the excess demand potential in each Submarket.

Our capture rate estimates for each City are outlined in the following figure.

GENERAL OCC	CUPANCY RE	NTA	AL HOUSING DE	MAND
GOODHU	JE COUNTY S	SUBI	MARKETS BY CI	ΤΥ
Product Type	Units		City	
North Submarket			Red Wing	
% of Demand			<u>90%</u>	
Market Rate	103		93	
Shallow-Subsidy	15		13	
Deep-Subsidy	121		108	
Northwest Submark	et		Cannon Falls	Dennison
% of Demand			<u>80%</u>	<u>10%</u>
Market Rate	57		46	6
Shallow-Subsidy	16		12	2
Deep-Subsidy	31		25	3
Northeast Submarke	et	Lake City		
% of Demand			<u>85%</u>	
Market Rate	80		68	
Shallow-Subsidy	12		11	
Deep-Subsidy	31		26	
Central Submarket			Goodhue	
% of Demand			<u>85%</u>	
Market Rate	18		15	
Shallow-Subsidy	3		2	
Deep-Subsidy	7		6	
Southwest Submark	et		Kenyon	Wanamingo
% of Demand			<u>40%</u>	<u>45%</u>
Market Rate	46		18	21
Shallow-Subsidy	13		5	6
Deep-Subsidy	25		10	11
Southeast Submarke	et		Pine Island	Zumbrota
% of Demand			<u>55%</u>	<u>35%</u>
Market Rate	99		54	35
Shallow-Subsidy	27		15	9
Deep-Subsidy	54		30	19

Introduction

This section provides an assessment of the market support for senior housing (active adult, independent living with services available, assisted living, and memory care) in Goodhue County, Minnesota. An overview of the demographic and economic characteristics of the senior population in the County, as well as each Submarket is presented along with an inventory of existing and pending senior housing developments in the County.

Demand for senior housing is calculated based on demographic, economic and competitive factors that would impact demand for additional senior housing units in the County.

Senior Housing Defined

Senior housing is a concept that generally refers to the integrated delivery of housing and services to seniors. However, as Figure 1 illustrates, senior housing embodies a wide variety of product types across the service-delivery spectrum.

	FIGURE 1 CONTINUUM OF HOUSING AND SERVICES FOR SENIORS										
Single-Family Home	Townhome or Apartment		Apartments w/		Assisted Livi	ng	Nursing Facilities				
	Age-Restricted Indepen Family, Townhomes, A Condominiums, Coo	Apartments,	Congregate Apartments w/ Intensive Services				Memory Care (Alzheimer's and Dementia Units)				
Fully Independent Fully or Highly Dependent on Care Senior Housing Product Type											
Source: Maxfie	ld Research & Consultin	g, LLC									

Products range from independent apartments and/or townhomes with virtually no services on one end, to highly specialized, service-intensive assisted living units or housing geared for people with dementia-related illnesses (termed "memory care") on the other end of the spectrum.

In general, independent senior housing attracts people age 65 and over while assisted living typically attracts people age 80 and older who need assistance with activities of daily living (ADLs).

For analytical purposes, Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC classifies senior housing into five categories based on the level and type of services offered as described in the following figure.

Active Adult/Few Services

Active Adult properties (or independent living without services available) are similar to a general-occupancy building, in that they offer virtually no services but have age-restrictions (typically 55 or 62 or older). Residents are generally age 70 or older if in an apartment-style building. Organized entertainment, activities and occasionally a transportation program represent the extent of services typically available at these properties. Because of the lack of services, active adult properties generally do not command the rent premiums of more service-enriched senior housing. Active adult properties can have a rental or owner-occupied (condominium or cooperative) format.

Independent Living with Services Available (Congregate)

Independent Living (Congregate) properties (independent living with services available) offer support services such as meals and/or housekeeping, either on an optional basis or a limited amount included in the rents. These properties often dedicate a larger share of the building to common areas, because the units are smaller than in adult housing and to encourage socialization among residents. Independent living properties attract a slightly older target market than adult housing (i.e. seniors age 75 or older). Rents are also above those of active adult buildings. Sponsorship by a nursing home, hospital or health care organization is common.

Assisted Living

Assisted Living properties come in a variety of forms, but the target market for most is generally the same: very frail seniors, typically age 80 or older (but can be much younger, depending on their health situation), who need extensive support services and personal care assistance. Absent an assisted living option, these seniors would otherwise need to move to a nursing facility. At a minimum, assisted living properties include two meals per day and weekly housekeeping in the monthly fee, with the availability of a third meal and personal care (either included in the monthly fee or for an additional cost). Assisted living properties also have staff on duty 24 hours per day or at least 24-hour emergency response.

Memory Care

Memory Care properties, designed specifically for persons suffering from Alzheimer's disease or other dementias, is one of the newest trends in senior housing. Properties consist mostly of suitestyle or studio units or occasionally one-bedroom apartment-style units, and large amounts of communal areas for activities and programming. In addition, staff typically undergoes specialized training in the care of this population. Because of the greater amount of individualized personal care required by residents, staffing ratios are much higher than traditional assisted living and thus, the costs of care are also higher. Unlike conventional assisted living, however, which addresses housing needs almost exclusively for widows or widowers, a higher proportion of persons afflicted with Alzheimer's disease are in two-person households. That means the decision to move a spouse into a memory care facility involves the caregiver's concern of incurring the costs of health care at a special facility while continuing to maintain their home.

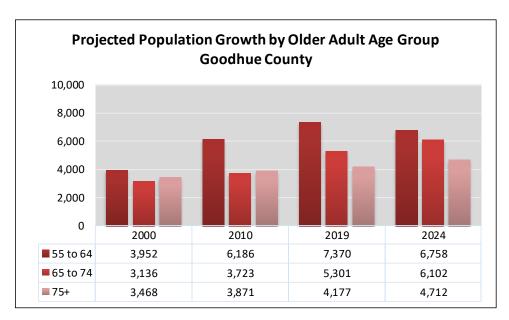
Skilled Nursing Care

Skilled Nursing Care, or long-term care, provides a living arrangement that integrates shelter and food with medical, nursing, psychosocial and rehabilitation services for persons who require 24-hour nursing supervision. Residents in skilled nursing homes can be funded under Medicare, Medicaid, Veterans, HMOs, insurance as well as use of private funds.

Older Adult (Age 55+) Population and Household Trends

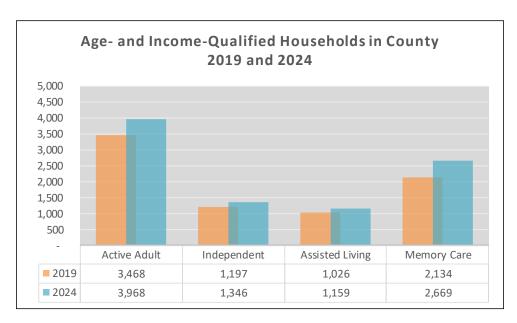
The Demographic Analysis section of this study examined broad demographic characteristics of the Goodhue County population. The following points summarize key findings from that section as they pertain to the older adult population in the County and its submarkets.

• The most rapid growth is expected to occur among older adults in the Market Area. Aging of baby boomers led to an increase of 1,184 people (19%) in the 55 to 64 population in the County between 2010 and 2019. As this group ages, the 65 and older age cohorts are expected to experience increases in the next several years, particularly the 65 to 74 age group which is projected to grow 15% in the County, adding 801 people while the 75 to 79 age group expands 24% (383) and the 80 to 84 age groups adds 217 people (20% growth).

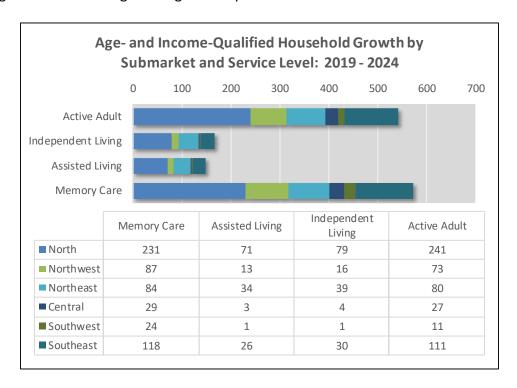


- The key market for active adult/few services housing is comprised of senior households age 65 and older. The primary market for service-enhanced housing is senior households age 75 and older. While individuals in their 50s and 60s typically do not comprise the market base for service-enhanced housing, they often have elderly parents to whom they provide support when they decide to relocate to senior housing. Since elderly parents typically prefer to be near their adult caregivers, growth among older adults (age 55 to 64) generally results in additional demand for senior housing products.
- The frailer the senior, the greater the proportion of their income they will typically spend on housing and services. Studies have shown that seniors are willing to pay increasing proportions of their incomes on housing with services, beginning with an income allocation of 40% to 50% for market rate active adult senior housing with little or no services, increasing to 65% for congregate housing and to 80% to 90% or more for assisted living housing. The proceeds from the sales of their homes, as well as financial assistance from their adult children, are often used as supplemental income in order to afford senior housing alternatives.

- The key market for active adult/few services housing is comprised of senior households (age 65+) with incomes of \$35,000 or more. The age threshold increases to 70+ if in an apartment-style building. In 2019, we estimate there are 3,468 age- and income-qualified households in the County that comprise the key market for active adult housing. Including all households with incomes of \$40,000 and over (adjusted for inflation), the number of age 65+ senior households projected to income-qualify for active adult/few services housing is expected to grow to 3,968 households in 2024 (14% growth).
- Independent living with services (congregate) housing demand is driven by senior households (age 75+) with incomes of \$35,000 or more. We estimate the number of age- and income-qualified households in the County to be 1,197 householders in 2019, increasing to 1,346 householders (13% growth) in 2024.
- The target market for assisted living housing is senior households age 75 and older with incomes of at least \$40,000 (plus senior homeowners with lower incomes). As of 2019, there are an estimated 1,026 older senior households (age 75+) in the County with incomes of at least \$40,000, accounting for 38% of all older senior households. Including all households with incomes of \$45,000 and over (adjusted for inflation), the number of older senior households projected to income-qualify for senior housing with services is expected to grow to 1,159 households in 2024 (13% growth).
- Memory care housing has a target market of senior households age 65 and older with a memory impairment and incomes of at least \$60,000. We estimate that roughly 15% of the senior population has a memory impairment. In 2019, we estimate that there are 2,134 age 65+ households in the County with incomes of at least \$60,000, accounting for 36% of all senior households. The number of income-qualified (\$65,000 adjusted for inflation) households is projected to increase to 2,669 by 2024 (25% growth).



- Between 2019 and 2024, senior (age 65 and older) population growth is expected to be strongest in the North Submarket, adding 577 seniors (14% growth), followed by Northwest, adding 274 seniors (18%).
- The Southeast Submarket is expected to add 262 seniors (15%), while the Northeast Submarket adds 201 seniors (11%). The Central and Southwest Submarkets are expected to add 66 seniors (16%) and 57 seniors (6%), respectively.
- As depicted in the following graph, age- and income-qualified household growth between 2019 and 2024 is projected to be strongest for memory care and active adult senior housing. More modest growth among households age- and income-qualified for independent living and assisted living housing is anticipated.

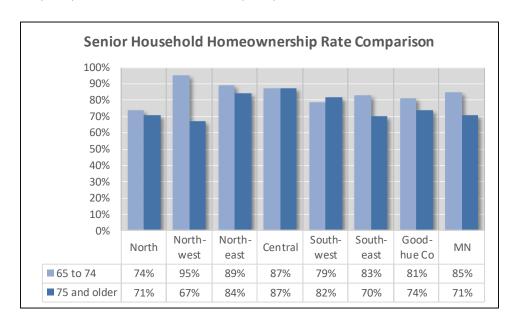


- Growth in households age- and income-qualified for active adult housing is expected to be strongest in the North Submarket, adding 241 households (16%), and the Southeast Submarket, adding 111 households (17%).
- Age- and income-qualified household growth for memory care senior housing is also expected to be strongest in the North Submarket, adding 231 households (24%), and the Southeast Submarket, adding 118 households (31%).
- Growth in households age- and income-qualified for independent living with services (congregate) housing is expected to be strongest in the North Submarket, adding 79 households (15%), and the Northeast Submarket, adding 39 households (17%).

Age- and income-qualified household growth for assisted living senior housing is also expected to be strongest in the North and Northeast Submarkets, adding 71 households (15% growth) and 34 households (17% growth), respectively.

Homeownership information lends insight into the number of households that may still have homes to sell and could potentially supplement their incomes from the sales of their homes to support monthly fees for alternative housing.

- The County maintains homeownership rates in the older adult age cohorts that are similar
 to the State of Minnesota. The homeownership rate is estimated to be 78% for age 65 and
 older households compared to 78% in Minnesota.
- Seniors typically begin to consider moving into senior housing alternatives in their early to mid-70s. This movement pattern is demonstrated by the drop in homeownership between the 65 to 74 age cohort (81%) and the 75+ age cohort (74%) in Goodhue County. In Minnesota, the homeownership rate dropped from 85% (age 65 to 74) to 71% (age 75+).
- Among the Goodhue County submarkets, senior household (age 65 and older) homeowner-ship rates are highest in the Northeast (87%) and Central (87%) Submarkets, followed by the Northwest (81%) and Southwest (81%) Submarkets. Homeownership rates are lowest in the North (73%) and Southeast (77%) Submarkets.
- The Northwest Submarket has the largest shift in homeownership rates between the 65 to 74 cohort (95%) and 75 and older cohort (67%).



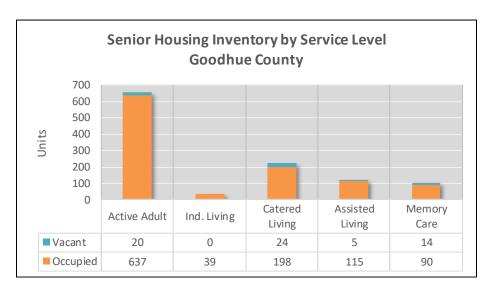
- With a homeownership rate of 78% for all households age 65 and older, many residents
 would be able to use proceeds from the sales of their homes toward senior housing alternatives. The resale of single-family homes would allow additional senior households to qualify
 for market rate housing products, since equity from the home sale could be used as supplemental income for alternative housing.
- Home sale data is useful in that it represents the amount of equity seniors may be able to derive from the sales of their homes that could be used to cover the cost of senior housing alternatives.
- Through the first nine months of 2019, the median resale price of older homes was \$200,000 in Goodhue County. Sales of newer homes are excluded because seniors often reside in older homes and are typically not a target market for new single-family home construction, so we evaluate sales data for homes that are at least 15 years old.
- Based on the 2019 median sale price for older homes in the County, a senior household could generate approximately \$3,760 of additional income annually (about \$313 per month), if they invested in an income-producing account (2.0% interest rate) after accounting for marketing costs and/or real estate commissions (6.0% of home sale price).
- Should a senior utilize the home sale proceeds dollar for dollar to support living in senior housing with services, the proceeds would last over eight years in independent living housing (monthly rent approximated at \$2,000), nearly five years in assisted living (monthly rent approximated at \$3,500), or just over three and one-half years in memory care housing (monthly rent approximated at \$4,500). Seniors in service-intensive housing typically have lengths of stays between two and three years indicating that a portion of seniors in the County will be financially prepared to privately pay for their housing and services.
- The following figure displays the 2019 median sale price for older homes along with the length of time the proceeds of a home sale would last in service-enhanced senior housing for each Goodhue County submarket.

		Length of Stay (Years)							
Submarket	Median Sale Price	Independent Living	Assisted Living	Memory Care					
North	\$194,750	8.3	4.5	3.5					
Northwest	\$267,800	11.8	6.3	4.8					
Northeast	\$192,000	8.1	4.4	3.4					
Central	\$163,000	6.8	3.8	2.9					
Southwest	\$159,950	6.7	3.7	2.8					
Southeast	\$210,000	8.9	4.9	3.8					
Goodhue County	\$200,000	8.5	4.7	3.6					

Supply of Senior Housing

Senior Housing Analysis Table 1 provides information on the various senior housing products in Goodhue County by facility type and service-level. Information in the table includes year built, total units, unit sizes, vacancies, rents, and general comments about each project. The following section summarizes key points from our survey of senior housing facilities in the County.

- Maxfield Research identified 29 senior housing properties in Goodhue County. Combined, these projects contain a total of 1,142 senior housing units. Eighteen of the senior housing facilities are market rate, totaling 716 units (63% of the supply), and there are 11 affordable senior housing projects, totaling 426 units (37%). Of the 1,142 senior housing units, 63 are currently vacant, representing a 5.5% vacancy rate.
- Based on our survey, 42% of the units provide service-enhanced housing, for a total of 485 units. These include 39 independent living with services (congregate) units, 120 assisted living units, and 104 memory care units. We also categorize 222 units as catered living which is a flexible living arrangement where residents can live independently and purchase assisted living services as needed without relocating to a different unit.
- At the time of the survey, there were 43 vacant service-enhanced units (8.9% vacancy rate), including 14 memory care vacancies (13.5% vacancy), five assisted living vacancies (4.2%), and 24 catered living vacancies (10.8%). The independent living units were fully-occupied. The active adult units are 3.0% vacant (20 vacancies).



A 93% occupancy rate is generally considered equilibrium in assisted living and memory
care senior housing, while 95% occupancy is considered equilibrium in independent living
and active adult. As such, the current supply of catered living and memory care units appears to be slightly oversupplied, while the active adult, independent living, assisted living,
and memory care markets appear to be undersupplied.

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 1 SENIOR HOUSING PROJECTS GOODHUE COUNTY November 2019

					DHUE CO rember 2				
		Service	Year	No. of	Total	Unit D	Description	Monthly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.
Project Name/Lo	cation	Level	Open	Units	Vacant	Туре	Size	Min Max	Min Max
NORTH SUBMAR	KET								
Jordan Towers I 433 W 4th St Red Wing, MN	Notes:		ion 8 owr undry faci	lities availa	Red Wing ble on fir	st floor and p		30% of AGI rent. Air conditioning for \$10 per month.	
Jordan Towers II 440 W 4th St Red Wing, MN	Notes:	their own electric b	ion 8 owr out receive	a utility al	Red Wing lowance	in the amoun	nt of \$36 for a 1B	30% of AGI 30% of AGI 30% of AGI ent (except electric). R unit and \$46 for a nth. Residents pay	2BR unit.
Cooperidge Apar 201 E 7th St Red Wing, MN	tments Notes:		ed propert		_			30% of AGI 30% of AGI includes heat, wate oin-operated laundr	
Village Cooperat	ive	Active Adult	2006	44	0	1BR	871 - 871	\$669 - \$698	\$0.77 - \$0.80
2533 Eagle Ridge	e Rd	Market Rate	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	1BR+D	1,049 - 1,049	\$882 - \$911	\$0.84 - \$0.87
Red Wing, MN						2BR	1,049 - 1,413	\$882 - \$1,241	\$0.84 - \$0.88
	Notes:	room, in-unit wasl	her/dryer,	and walk-ii	n closets.	Shares rang	e in price from \$4	ing shop, walking po 12,600-\$44,730 for thly fees cover utiliti	1BR units,
The Downtown F	Plaza	Active Adult	1986	100	0	1BR	560 - 690	\$1,049 - \$1,331	\$1.87 - \$1.93
434 W 4th St		Market Rate	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	840 - 1,300	\$1,543 - \$2,288	\$1.84 - \$1.76
Red Wing, MN				•		2BR+D	1,700 - 1,700	\$2,358 - \$2,358	\$1.39 - \$1.39
-	Notes:	transportation, sec recreation center, room, outdoor pa	curity, pro laundry o	gramming, n each flooi	and outi r, library,	ings. Parking exercise roon	intenance, all util available for \$60 n, beauty shop, b	ities, cable TV, trash 0/month. Amenities illiards room, solariu	include a ım, conference
Deer Crest		Catered Living	2008	42	1	IL-Studio	371 - 477	\$1,850 - \$1,980	\$4.99 - \$4.15
470 Fairview Ave	9	(Independent &	vac	ancy rate:	2.4%	IL-1BR	529 - 811	\$2,260 - \$3,130	\$4.27 - \$3.86
Red Wing, MN		Assisted Living)				IL-1BR+D	677 - 916	\$2,610 - \$3,450	\$3.86 - \$3.77
						IL-2BR	700 - 1,150	\$2,825 - \$3,940	\$4.04 - \$3.43
						AL-Studio	371 - 477	\$2,980 - \$3,110	\$8.03 - \$6.52
						AL-1BR	529 - 811	\$3,580 - \$4,260	\$6.77 - \$5.25
						AL-1BR+D	677 - 916	\$3,740 - \$4,580	\$5.52 - \$5.00
	Notes:	IL rent includes we AL rent includes ut breakfast. Add \$3	ekly trans tilities, em 805 for 2n	portation, e ergency res d occupant	emergeno ponse sys (with ser	cy response sy stem, weekly rvices).	vstem, and all uti transportation, b	\$3,955 - \$5,070 ve AL services, remai lities. Add \$200 for i-weekly housekeep onth) available at ar	2nd occupant. ing and daily
		Amenities include	activity ro	om, barber	shop, ch	apel, elevato	r, in-unit washer/	dryer, and fitness ce	nter.

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 1 continued SENIOR HOUSING PROJECTS GOODHUE COUNTY November 2019

					DHUE CO rember 2				
		Service	Year	No. of	Total	Unit De	escription	Monthly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.
Project Name/Lo	cation	Level	Open	Units	Vacant	Туре	Size	Min Max	Min Max
Deer Crest 470 Fairview Ave <i>Red Wing, MN</i>		Memory Care	2008 vac	27 cancy rate:	1 3.7%	EFF 1BR 1BR+D	371 - 477 529 - 811 677 - 916	\$2,800 - \$3,580 \$3,740 - \$4,250 \$4,230 - \$5,050	\$7.55 - \$7.51 \$7.07 - \$5.24 \$6.25 - \$5.51
-	Notes:	includes weekly tro	ansportat es and un	ion, emerge derground p	ncy respo parking (\$	onse system, (552/month) a	all utilities, wee vailable at an e	onth for double occup kly housekeeping, 3 i extra charge. Amenit	neals/day.
		Catered Living (Independent & Assisted Living)		38 cancy rate:	0 0.0%	IL-1BR IL-2BR AL-1BR AL-2BR	564 - 564 754 - 754 564 - 564 754 - 754	\$2,632 - \$2,632 \$3,313 - \$3,313 \$3,231 - \$3,231 \$3,912 - \$3,912	\$4.67 - \$4.67 \$4.39 - \$4.39 \$5.73 - \$5.73 \$5.19 - \$5.19
	Notes:	of residents receive	e AL servi beauty p	ces, 20% are arlor, chape	in memo I, emerge	ory care, and 1	.0% are IL.	8 Memory Care units. ekeeping and laundry	
St. Crispin Villa 135 Pioneer Rd Red Wing, MN		Memory Care	2007 vac	18 cancy rate:	7 38.9%	EFF	260 - 386	\$7,073 - \$7,624	\$27.20 - \$19.75
	Notes:	=	ities inclu	de beauty p	arlor, cho	•		luding 18 Memory Co weekly housekeeping	
Tinta Wita Tipi Sr Liv 24240 130th Ave Welch, MN	Living	Catered Living (Independent & Assisted Living)	2018 vac	20 cancy rate:	13 65.0%	IL-1BR AL-1BR	728 - 728 728 - 728	\$1,815 - \$1,815 \$3,410 - \$3,410	\$2.49 - \$2.49 \$4.68 - \$4.68
	Notes:	of the Prairie Islan utilities included in	d tribal co n rent. As g fee is \$3	ommunity. sisted living 3,410 per m	Units feat package onth whi	ture granite co s available to ch includes we	ountertops, SS o purchase as ne eekly housekeep	s and 10 units availa appliances, in-unit wo eeded. oing, light laundry, 3	isher/dryer. All
Valentines Senior 2557 Eagle Ridge Red Wing, MN	Living	Assisted Living	2007 vac	16 cancy rate:	1 6.3%	Pvt. Room	120 - 120	\$1,030 - \$1,030	\$8.58 - \$8.58
	Notes:		sekeeping	, laundry/li	nen, beau	ıty salon, eme		TV. Basic services incl se system, and safety	
Loving Residence 1760 Perlich Ave <i>Red Wing, MN</i>		Assisted Living		10 cancy rate:		Pvt. Room	132 - 132	\$1,030 - \$1,030	\$7.80 - \$7.80
	Notes:		sekeeping	ı, laundry/li	nen, beau	ıty salon, eme		TV. Basic services incl se system, and safety	
Potter Ridge 1971 Neal St Red Wing, MN		Assisted Living	2005 vac	50 cancy rate:	1 2.0%	1BR 1BR+D 2BR	646 - 646 980 - 980 780 - 880	\$2,978 - \$3,053 \$3,241 - \$3,241 \$3,130 - \$3,354	\$4.61 - \$4.73 \$3.31 - \$3.31 \$4.01 - \$3.81
	Notes:		eatre, elev					meals, weekly house ce room. Heat and el	

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 1 continued SENIOR HOUSING PROJECTS GOODHUE COUNTY November 2019

			Nov	vember 2	019			
	Service	Year	No. of	Total	Unit [Description	Monthly Rent	Rent/sq. ft.
Project Name/Location	Level	Open	Units	Vacant	Туре	Size	Min Max	Min Max
NORTHWEST SUBMARKET								
Rivers Edge Apartments	Active Adult	1982	11	0	1BR	600 - 600	\$520 - \$540	\$0.87 - \$0.90
900 Park St W	Affordable/		ancy rate:		2BR	730 - 730	\$540 - \$560	\$0.74 - \$0.77
Cannon Falls, MN	Subsidized		,				, ,	, -
Notes:	USDA Rural Devel	opment Se	ection 515.	Two buil	dings (one re	eserved for age 62	2 and older). Heat, v	vater, sewer,
	trash removal inci	luded in re	nt. Amenit	ies includ	e off-street p	arking, communi	ity room, on-site laur	ndry.
Freeborn Manor	Active Adult	1978	44	6	1BR	NA - NA	30% of AGI	NA - NA
224 Hoffman St W	Affordable/		ancy rate:		1511	101 101	3070 017101	101 101
Cannon Falls, MN	Subsidized	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,	20.070				
Notes:	Project-based Sec	tion 8. Am	nenities incl	ude wind	ow AC units	, off-street parkin	g, outdoor patio.	
Park Street Apartments	Active Adult	1978	40	0	1BR	550 - 550	30% of AGI	NA - NA
321 Park St W	Affordable/		ancy rate:		2BR	702 - 702	30% of AGI	NA - NA
Cannon Falls, MN	Subsidized	vac	ancy rate.	0.070	2011	702 - 702	30/0 OI AGI	INO - INO
Notes:		tion 8. Un	its feature e	eat-in kito	hen. walk-in	closets. and wall	k-in shower. Amenit	ies include tub
	=		-				er and trash removal	
Whispering Woods	Active Adult	1999	10	0	1BR	904 - 904	\$775 - \$775	\$0.86 - \$0.86
520 3rd St N	Market Rate		ancy rate:	0.0%	1BR+D	1,067 - 1,067	\$855 - \$855	\$0.80 - \$0.80
Cannon Falls, MN			,		2BR	1,025 - 1,093	\$890 - \$900	\$0.87 - \$0.82
Notes:	Age 55+. Ameniti	ies include	patio, atta	ched gard	age parking.			
Cannon Rivers Sr Living	Catered Living	2006	80	10	IL-Studio	282 - 659	\$1,160 - \$1,900	\$4.11 - \$2.88
900 W Main St	(Independent &	vac	ancy rate:	12.5%	IL-1BR	602 - 1,040	\$1,700 - \$2,240	\$2.82 - \$2.15
Cannon Falls, MN	Assisted Living)				IL-2BR	1,200 - 1,368	\$2,340 - \$3,200	\$1.95 - \$2.34
					AL-Studio	282 - 659	\$2,375 - \$4,150	\$8.42 - \$6.30
					AL-1BR	602 - 1,040	\$2,975 - \$3,600	\$4.94 - \$3.46
					AL-2BR	1,200 - 1,368	\$3,560 - \$4,350	\$2.97 - \$3.18
Notes	•			-			s (except phone), cal	•
	•		-				packages (\$110-\$1	
		eeping (\$1	15/half-hou	ır), and u	nscheduled i	nousekeeping (\$3	80/half-hour) availal	ole for
	additional fee.	aunanau fa	o of ¢420/	'manth fa	r Al Alront	المالية المالية المالية	ias (aveant nhana)	abla TI / 2
	•		-	-			ies (except phone), c v staff, 2 loads of lau	
	scheduled transpo	_		emergen	cy can penac	1111, 24 110u13/uuy	stajj, z lodas oj lad	mary per week,
	•	-		l, library, j	fitness center	r, outdoor patio, i	underground parking	g (\$47/month).
Cannon Rivers Sr Living	Memory Care	2006	27	2	Studio	320 - 320	\$2,955 - \$2,955	\$0.22 \$0.22
900 W Main St	weillory Care		ancy rate:	2 7.4%	Studio 1BR	660 - 660	\$3,460 - \$3,460	\$9.23 - \$9.23 \$5.24 - \$5.24
Cannon Falls, MN		vac	uncy rate.	/ . -1 /0	TDL	000 - 000	75,400 - 75,400	75.24 - 75.24
Notes:	Memory care ame	enities incli	ıde schedu	led outing	as, fall rides	Bingo, games, cro	afts, daily exercises, o	chair voaa.
	chapel services, er			_	-	9-, 9,	.,,,,,	, - 9 - ,
NORTHEAST SUBMARKET								
Lake City Apartments	Active Adult	1978	20	2	1BR	581 - 581	30% of AGI	\$0.00 - \$0.00
1109 N High St	Affordable/	vac	ancy rate:	10.0%				
Lake City, MN	Subsidized							
Notes:	Project-based Sec	tion 8. Un	its feature i	AC, dishw	asher, patio,	/balcony. Ameni	ties include courtyar	d, community
						-	Rent includes heat,	water and
	trash removal. Pr	operty also	o includes 2	20 2BR an	d 3BR townl	home units for fa	milies.	

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			SENIOR	SENIOR H			ntinued				
		Service	Year	No. of	Total	Unit D	Description	Monthl	y Rent	Rent/	sq. ft.
Project Name/Location	ion	Level	Open	Units	Vacant	Туре	Size	Min	Max	Min	Max
Lake Pepin Plaza I		Active Adult	1995	49	1	1BR	645 - 815	\$720 -	\$855	\$1.12 -	\$1.05
221 N Franklin St Lake City, MN		Market Rate	vac	ancy rate:	2.0%	2BR	920 - 920	\$865 -	\$975	\$0.94 -	\$1.06
No		Age 62+. Rent incl television, commu grill, on-site laund package and indiv	nity room ry, upper-	, noon mea level decks,	l served v enclosea	veekdays, ob	servation room	with lake vie	ew, eleva	tor, patio,	gas
Lake Pepin Plaza II		Active Adult	2008	12	0	1BR	1,109 - 1,155	\$1,195 -	\$1,195	\$1.08 -	\$1.03
221 N Franklin St		Market Rate	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	1BR+D	1,311 - 1,311	\$1,245 -	\$1,245	\$0.95 -	\$0.95
Lake City, MN						2BR	1,483 - 1,488			\$0.97 -	\$1.07
No		Age 62+. Units fed	-		-	_	-		-	_	
		washer/dryer, gas					. ,	•	gas grill,	access to	Lake
		Pepin Plaza I comr	nunity an	nenities. W	ater, sew	er, trash remo	oval included in	rent.			
High Street House		Assisted Living	NA	11	1	1BR	484 - 500	\$1,000 -		\$2.07 -	
317 N High St Lake City, MN				ancy rate:	9.1%	2BR	550 - 635	\$1,250 -		\$2.27 -	
No		All residents must of meals daily, snack: All utilities (except laundry room, and	s, weekly phone ai	housekeepi nd cable) in	ng, week	ly linen servio	ce, laundry, acti	vities. Addit	ional serv	vices avail	able.
Bluffs of Lake City		Catered Living	2015	42	0	IL-Studio	448 - 560	\$1,700 -	\$1,805	\$3.79 -	\$3.22
480 W Grant St		(Independent &	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	IL-1BR	672 - 672	\$2,215 -	\$2,320	\$3.30 -	\$3.45
Lake City, MN		Assisted Living)				IL-1BR+D	896 - 963	\$2,630 -	\$2,940	\$2.94 -	\$3.05
						IL-2BR	1,008 - 1,522	\$3,250 -	\$3,520	\$3.22 -	
						AL-Studio	448 - 560	\$3,170 -	\$3,280	\$7.08 -	
						AL-1BR	672 - 672	\$3,700 -		\$5.51 -	
						AL-1BR+D	896 - 963	\$4,100 -		\$4.58 -	
						AL-2BR	, ,			\$4.65 -	
No		Total of 66 units, in Monthly IL fee inclutransportation, fits AL fee also include Amenities include available to purch	udes all u ness prog s bi-week communi	tilities (exce rams, activi ly housekee ty room, pa	ept teleph ties. eping, we tio, librar	one), basic c ekly laundry, y, theatre, be	able TV, basic w , emergency per	rireless interr adants, brea	net, schea kfast.	luled	
Bluffs of Lake City 480 W Grant St Lake City, MN		Memory Care	2015 vac	24 ancy rate:	0 0.0%	Studio	448 - 448	\$3,360 -	\$3,360	\$7.50 -	\$7.50
-		Total of 66 units, in Care level fees add light housekeeping reminiscing station fee of \$480/month	litional. S g, weekly ns, fitness	Services incli laundry. Ai	uded in n menities i	nonthly fee: : include indivi	3 meals/day, ali idual climate col	l utilities (exc ntrol, sun roc	cept telep om, activ	hone), we ity room,	ekly
CENTRAL SUBMARKET	Т										
Goodhue Apartment		Active Adult	1984	10	0	1BR	624 - 624	\$540 -	\$736	\$0.87 -	\$1.18
113 1st Ave		Affordable/	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	750 - 750	\$570 -	\$766	\$0.76 -	\$1.02
Goodhue, MN No		Subsidized USDA Rural Develo removal included i room, pet-friendly.	n rent. A	-	-		-				nunity

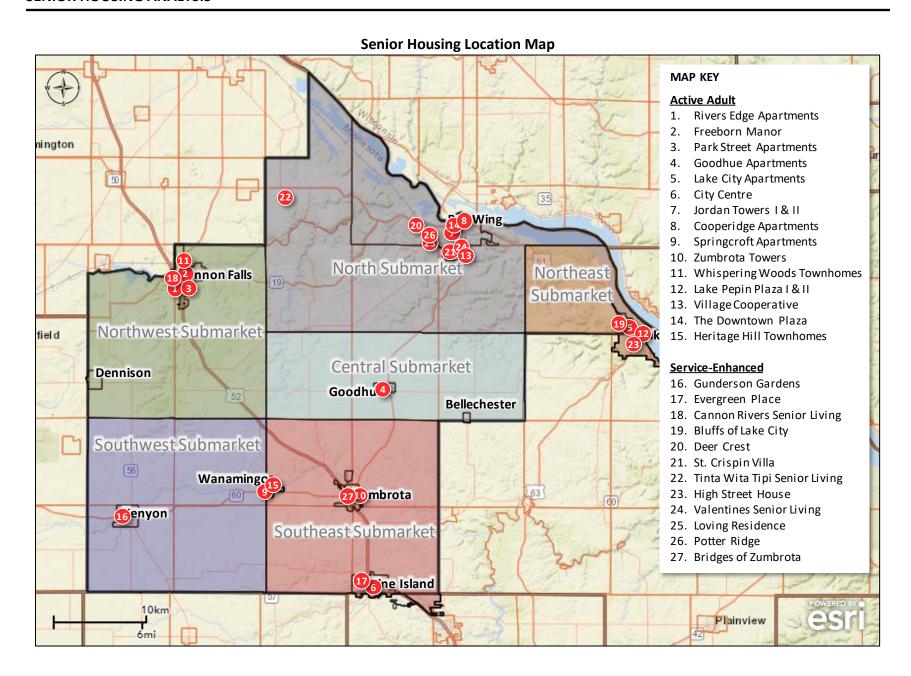
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SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 1 continued SENIOR HOUSING PROJECTS GOODHUE COUNTY November 2019

			Nov	vember 2	2019					
	Service	Year	No. of	Total	Unit D	escription	Month	ly Rent	Rent	sq. ft.
Project Name/Location	Level	Open	Units	Vacant	Туре	Size	Min	Max	Min	Max
SOUTHWEST SUBMARKET										
Springcroft Apartments	Active Adult	1980	15	1	1BR	548 - 548	\$590	- \$620	\$1.08	- \$1.13
629 3rd Ave	Affordable/	vac	ancy rate:	6.7%			·		•	
Wanamingo, MN	Subsidized		•							
Notes:	USDA Rural Deve	lopment Se	ection 515 _l	oroject. 1	hree building,	, 31-unit project	t; 629 build	ing for res	sidents ag	ie 62+
	or disabled. Wat	er, sewer, o	and trash re	emoval in	cluded in rent	t. Amenities inc	lude assign	ed off-stre	et parkin	g with
	plug-ins, on-site	coin opera	ted laundry	, commu	nity room with	n full kitchen an	d piano, pe	t-friendly.		
Heritage Hill Townhomes	Active Adult	1996	16	0	1BR	730 - 730	\$620	- \$620	\$0.85	- \$0.85
516 E 5th St	Market Rate	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	915 - 915	\$787	- \$787	\$0.86	- \$0.86
Wanamingo, MN										
Notes:	Age 55+. Amenit	ies include	attached o	ne-stall <u>c</u>	garage, patio,	gazebo.				
Gunderson Gardens Apts	Ind. Living	2004	15	0	1BR	655 - 693	\$1,855	- \$1,950	\$2.83	- \$2.81
215 Huseth St	w/ Services	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	780 - 858	\$2,165	- \$2,360	\$2.78	- \$2.75
Kenyon, MN	(Congregate)									
Notes:	Monthly rent incl	udes noon	meal, heat	, AC, wat	er, sewer, tras	h removal, recy	cling, use o	f laundry :	facilities.	
	Amenities include	e resident d	omputer ar	nd interne	et access, libra	ıry, activity roon	ns, and gar	den space	25.	
Gunderson Rose Wing	Assisted Living	2014	11	0	Studio	299 - 330	\$1.350	- \$1,350	\$4.52	- \$4.09
215 Huseth St	7 10010 to ta 2.1111.B		ancy rate:		1BR	304 - 304		- \$1,650		- \$5.43
Kenyon, MN			,		2BR	420 - 455		- \$1,840		- \$4.04
Notes:	Monthly rent incl	udes three	meals per d	day, heat	, AC, water, se	ewer, trash remo				,
	facilities. Amenit		•			-			•	es.
0 - 1 0 11					D 1 D	NIA NIA	Ć4.440	¢4.060		
Gunderson Suites	Memory Care		8	4	Pvt. Room	NA - NA	\$4,110	- \$4,860	NA	- NA
215 Huseth St		vac	ancy rate:	50.0%						
Kenyon, MN	Monthly care na	demandan in	a addition t	a hasa m	anthly for D	aca rant of ¢1.2	CO and Day	ia Cara Cu	nnort Da	مادههم
Notes:	Monthly care pactis \$2,750 per mot								• •	_
	13 \$2,750 per moi	nui pius iii	Ontiny Tent	unu ine i	Auvunceu cun	е зарроп ғаск	uge is \$3,50	o pius iii	onuny rei	π.
SOUTHEAST SUBMARKET										
City Centre	Active Adult	1985	23	0	1BR	602 - 609		- \$615		- \$1.01
300 1st Ave SE	Affordable/	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	764 - 764	\$0	- \$665	\$0.00	- \$0.87
Pine Island, MN	Subsidized									
Notes:	USDA Rural Deve	•		•		_		-		
	trash removal inc					ndry, elevator, co	ommunity i	oom, pati	o, hair sty	/list
	visits as needed.	Some rent	s based on	30% AGI.						
Zumbrota Towers	Active Adult	1980	45	0	1BR	NA - NA	30%	of AGI	NA	- NA
93 E 4th St	Affordable/	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	NA - NA	30%	of AGI	NA	- NA
Zumbrota, MN	Subsidized		•							
Notes:	Project-based Sec	ction 8. An	nenities incl	ude com	munity room,	fitness activities	s, craft room	n, library,	noon dini	ing
	available.									
	avallable.									

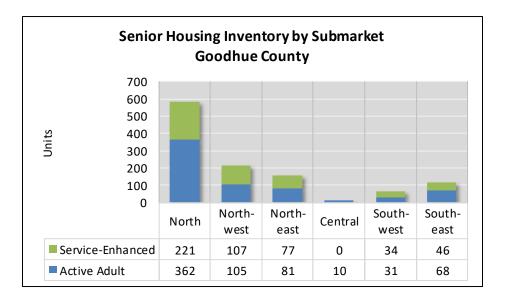
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		SENIOR	SENIOR H	ANALYSIS 1 IOUSING P DHUE COU vember 20	NTY	inued			
	Service	Year	No. of	Total	Unit De	escription	Monthly Rent	Rent/s	q. ft.
Project Name/Location	Level	Open	Units	Vacant	Туре	Size	Min Max	Min	Max
Evergreen Place	Ind. Living	1994	24	0	1BR	350 - 536	\$831 - \$1,007	\$2.37 -	\$1.88
220 3rd St NW	w/ Services	vac	ancy rate:	0.0%	2BR	600 - 636	\$1,095 - \$1,155	\$1.83 -	\$1.82
Pine Island, MN	(Congregate)								
	Judinacs. Amenia	cs miciaac	lourige, wii	iiipooi tab	, pet jiienui)	, access to be a	uty salon, and garag	c parking	
	package (required occupancy). Four	d for all res care level optional r	sidents) an d packages d neals (purch	additional Ilso availal	\$400/montl ble ranging f	h for single-occ from \$750 for L	available to purchas upancy (\$500/month evel I to \$1,625 for Le eeping, 24-hour emer	for double evel IV. Bas	e- se
Bridges of Zumbrota	package (required occupancy). Four package includes	d for all res care level optional r	sidents) an d packages d neals (purch	additional Ilso availai hased a-la	\$400/month ble ranging f carte), week Studio	h for single-occ from \$750 for L ly light housek 400 - 400	upancy (\$500/month evel I to \$1,625 for Le eeping, 24-hour emen \$2,710 - \$2,710	for double evel IV. Bas gency resp \$6.78 -	e- se oonse \$6.78
295 W 4th St	package (required occupancy). Four package includes system, scheduled	d for all res care level optional r transport	sidents) an d packages d meals (purch tation.	additional ulso availai hased a-la	\$400/month ble ranging f carte), week Studio 1BR	h for single-occ from \$750 for L ly light housek 400 - 400 530 - 530	upancy (\$500/month evel I to \$1,625 for Le eeping, 24-hour emen \$2,710 - \$2,710 \$2,966 - \$2,966	for double evel IV. Bas gency resp \$6.78 - \$5.60 -	e- se oonse \$6.78 \$5.60
•	package (required occupancy). Four package includes system, scheduled Assisted Living	d for all res care level optional r I transport 1986 vac	sidents) and packages a meals (purchation. 22 cancy rate:	additional also availai hased a-la 1 4.5%	\$400/month ble ranging f carte), week Studio 1BR 2BR	h for single-occ from \$750 for L ly light housek 400 - 400 530 - 530 700 - 700	upancy (\$500/month evel I to \$1,625 for Le eeping, 24-hour emen \$2,710 - \$2,710	for double evel IV. Bas gency resp \$6.78 - \$5.60 - \$5.30 -	e- se sonse \$6.78 \$5.60 \$5.30

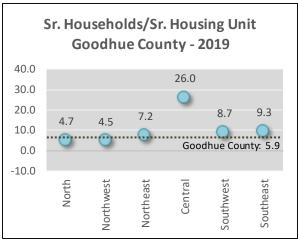


- The affordable active adult properties are predominantly project-based Section 8 facilities
 with rents based on 30% of gross monthly household income. There are seven projectbased Section 8 properties totaling 367 units, 4.9% of which (18 units) are vacant. These facilities target persons age 62 and older or persons with a disability.
- There are also four affordable active adult properties financed with Section 515 loans made by the USDA Rural Development Housing and Community Facilities Program, totaling 59 units, one of which is vacant (1.7% vacancy rate). These properties target very low-, low-, and moderate-income households age 62 or older or persons with a disability. Tenants pay basic rent or 30% of their adjusted income, whichever is greater.
- We also identified six market rate active adult projects, totaling 231 units, one of which is available (0.4% vacancy rate). Five of the market rate active adult projects are rental properties, totaling 187 units are rental properties, while units in the Village Cooperative in Red Wing are owner-occupied.
- There are two market rate independent living with services available (congregate) facilities and five catered living facilities offering independent living with services available. Based on feedback provided by staff at the catered living facilities, we estimate that 30% of these residents are independent (remaining 70% receive assisted living services). Combined with the two independent living with services facilities, we estimate that there are 106 independent living units in the County.
- Independent living with services available unity rents range from a low of \$831 for a one-bedroom unit at Evergreen Place in Pine Island to a high of \$3,940 for a two-bedroom unit at Deer Crest in Red Wing. The average rent is \$2,303 per month, which typically includes utilities, scheduled transportation, a meal plan (i.e. daily breakfast, noon meal) and limited housekeeping options. Additional customized care and services are available for an additional fee.
- There are approximately 275 assisted living units in the County, including an estimated 155
 units in the catered living facilities and 120 units in the assisted living facilities. The assisted
 living facilities are currently 4.2% vacant.
- Base assisted living unit fees range from a low of \$1,000 for a one-bedroom unit at High Street House in Lake City to a high of \$5,070 for a two-bedroom unit at Deer Crest in Red Wing. The average fee is \$3,052 per month, which generally include three meals per day, weekly housekeeping, and emergency call systems. Fees for service care level packages are in addition to the base monthly fee.
- There are approximately five facilities providing 104 memory care units in the County. These memory care facilities are currently 13.5% vacant (14 vacant units).

Memory care fees range from a low of \$2,800 for an efficiency unit at Deer Crest in Red
Wing to a high of \$7,624 for an efficiency unit at St. Crispin Villa in Red Wing. The average
fee is \$4,179 per month, which generally include three meals per day, weekly housekeeping, and emergency call systems. Fees for service care level packages are in addition to the
base monthly fee.



- As depicted in the preceding chart, the North Submarket has highest number of senior housing units in the County, with 583 units (51% of the total), including 362 active adult units and 221 service-enhanced units. The Central Submarket has the fewest senior housing units with ten active adult units (no service-enhanced units), representing 1% of the total.
- Vacancy rates are highest in the Northwest Submarket at 8.5% (18 vacant units), followed by the Southwest at 7.7% (five vacancies) and the North at 6.0% (35 vacancies). Senior housing units are fully-occupied in the Central Submarket, while the Southeast Submarket has a 0.9% vacancy rate (one vacancy) and the Northeast has a 2.5% vacancy rate (four vacancies).
- The adjacent graph illustrates the ratio of senior households (age 65 and older) to the inventory of senior housing units by submarket. As shown, the Central Submarket has the highest ratio at 26:1 senior households per senior housing unit, followed by the Southeast at 9.3:1. The Northwest and North submarkets have the lowest ratios, at 4.5:1 and 4.7:1 senior households per senior housing unit, respectively.



Skilled Nursing Facilities

- In addition to these senior housing projects, there are seven skilled nursing facilities in the County, totaling 479 licensed beds.
- The inventory of skilled nursing facilities is summarized in the points below. Data is sourced from the Minnesota Department of Health.
 - Bay View Nursing and Rehab Center, 1412 W 4th Street in Red Wing North Submarket

Licensed bed capacity: 110 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds

- St. Crispin Living Community, 213 Pioneer Road in Red Wing North Submarket
 - Licensed bed capacity: 64 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds
- The Gardens at Cannon Falls, 300 Dow Street N in Cannon Falls Northwest Submarket
 Licensed bed capacity: 74 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds
- Mayo Clinic Health System, 500 W Grant Street in Lake City

Northeast Submarket

- Licensed bed capacity: 90 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds
- Kenyon Sunset Home, 127 Gunderson Boulevard in Kenyon

Southwest Submarket

Licensed bed capacity: 21 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds

 Pine Haven Care Center, 210 3rd Street NW in Pine Island Southeast Submarket

Licensed bed capacity: 70 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds

Zumbrota Care Center, 433 Mill Street in Zumbrota

Southeast Submarket

Licensed bed capacity: 50 dual Medicare/Medicaid beds

The following are photographs of a select group of senior housing facilities in Goodhue County:



Jordan Towers



Village Cooperative



Deer Crest



Cannon Rivers Senior Living



Evergreen Place



Bridges of Zumbrota

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Market Rate Adult/Few Services Senior Housing Demand

Senior Housing Analysis Table 2 on the following pages presents demand calculations for market rate active adult/few services housing in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets in 2020 and in 2025. The market for active adult/few services housing is comprised of older adult (age 55 to 64), younger senior (age 65 to 74) and older senior (age 75+) households, with market demand weighted most heavily toward older seniors.

In order to arrive at the potential age-, income- and asset-qualified base for active adult housing, we include all age-qualified households with incomes of \$35,000 or more plus homeowner households with incomes between \$25,000 and \$34,999 who would qualify with the proceeds from a home sale.

The number of qualifying homeowner households is estimated by applying the appropriate homeownership rate to each age cohort. We estimate there are a total of 8,119 age-, incomeand asset-qualified households in the six submarkets that comprise the market for active adult housing in 2020, increasing to 8,274 qualified households in 2025.

Adjusting to include appropriate capture rates for each age cohort (1.0% of households age 55 to 64, 5.5% of households age 65 to 74, and 16.5% of households age 75 and older) results in a demand potential for 458 active adult housing units in 2020 and 487 units in 2025. These capture rates reduce the total number of age/income/asset-qualified households to consider only the portion of older adult and senior households who would be able, willing, and inclined to move to senior housing alternatives, including both owner- and renter-occupied housing.

An additional proportion is added for senior households that would move into active adult housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 649 units in the six submarkets. Demand from outside the area includes parents of adult children living in the area, individuals who live outside the submarket but have an orientation to the area (i.e. church, doctor), and former residents who desire to return upon retirement.

We estimate that the demand potential for active adult housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 20%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

Demand for active adult/few services housing is apportioned between ownership and rental product types. Based on the age distribution of the population, homeownership rates, existing product, and trends for active adult housing products, we project that 70% of the demand will be for active adult rental housing units (277 total units in 2020), and the remaining 30% of demand will be for owner-occupied active adult housing (153 units in 2020).

(equals) Excess Demand for Owner Units

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 2 MARKET RATE ACTIVE ADULT/FEW SERVICES RENTAL HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2020 Demand Analysis Southeast Submarket North Northwest Northeast Central Southwest Age of Householder 55-64 65-74 75+ 55-64 65-74 75+ 55-64 65-74 75+ 55-64 65-74 75+ 55-64 65-74 75+ 55-64 65-74 75+ # of Households w/ Incomes of >\$35,0001 996 536 399 487 114 176 422 220 1,420 656 200 452 236 189 56 263 141 639 # of Households w/ Incomes of \$30,000 to \$34,9991 59 66 148 17 19 33 21 37 75 6 8 16 16 18 32 24 26 37 (times) Homeownership Rate 73% 74% 71% 93% 95% 67% 86% 89% 84% 92% 87% 87% 94% 79% 82% 86% 83% 70% (equals) Total Potential Market Base 1,463 1,045 641 672 417 222 505 485 299 195 121 70 278 190 246 167 660 444 (times) Potential Capture Rate 5.5% 16.5% 1.0% 5.5% 16.5% 1.0% 1.0% 5.5% 16.5% 1.0% 5.5% 16.5% 1.0% 5.5% 16.5% 1.0% 5.5% 16.5% (equals) Demand Potential 15 57 106 23 37 27 12 10 28 24 Potential Demand from Submarket Residents 20 178 66 81 41 72 (plus) Demand from Outside Submarket² 76 22 44 14 31 (equals) Total Demand Potential 254 88 125 25 54 102 (times) % for Rental Housing 70% 70% 70% 70% 70% 70% (equals) Demand Potential for MR Rental Housing 178 72 62 87 18 38 (minus) Existing and Pending MR Rental Units³ 95 10 58 0 15 0 (equals) Excess Demand for MR Rental Units 83 52 29 18 23 72 (times) % for Owner Housing 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% (equals) Demand Potential for Owner Housing 76 27 37 8 16 31 (minus) Existing and Pending Owner Units³ 42 0 0 0

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SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 2 continued MARKET RATE ACTIVE ADULT/FEW SERVICES RENTAL HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2025 Demand Analysis

2023 Demana Anarysis																		
Submarket		North		N	lorthwe	st	N	lortheas	st		Central		So	outhwe	st	S	outheas	t
Age of Householder	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+
# of Households w/ Incomes of >\$40,0001	1,311	1,159	615	595	456	216	465	493	275	164	137	60	270	186	142	587	503	250
# of Households w/ Incomes of \$35,000 to \$39,999¹ (times) Homeownership Rate	+ 47 x 73%	63 74%	78 71%	17 93%	27 95%	35 67%	19 86%	31 89%	36 84%	3 92%	6 87%	9 87%	8 94%	13 79%	19 82%	20 86%	28 83%	36 70%
	= 1,345	1,206	670	611	482	239	481	521	305	167	142	68	278	196	158	604	526	275
(times) Potential Capture Rate	x 1.0%	5.5%	16.5%	1.0%	5.5%	16.5%	1.0%	5.5%	16.5%	1.0%	5.5%	16.5%	1.0%	5.5%	16.5%	1.0%		16.5%
(equals) Demand Potential	= 13	66	111	6	26	40	5	29	50 ر	2	8	11 ر	3	11	26)	6	29	45 ر
Potential Demand from Submarket Residents	=	190			72			84			21			40			80	
(plus) Demand from Outside Submarket ²	+	82			24			45			5			13			34	
(equals) Total Demand Potential	=	272			96			129			26			53			115	
(times) % for Rental Housing	х	70%	_		70%	_		70%	_		70%	_	_	70%	_	_	70%	
(equals) Demand Potential for MR Rental Housing	=	190			67			90			18			37			80	
(minus) Existing and Pending MR Rental Units ³	-	140			10			58			0			15			0	
(equals) Excess Demand for MR Rental Units	=	50			58			32			18			22			80	
(times) % for Owner Housing	х	30%	_		30%	_		30%	_		30%	_	_	30%	_	_	30%	
(equals) Demand Potential for Owner Housing	=	82			29			39			8			16			34	
(minus) Existing and Pending Owner Units ³	-	42			0			0			0			0			0	
(equals) Excess Demand for Owner Units	=	40			29			39			8			16			34	

¹ 2025 calculations define income-qualified households as all households with incomes greater than \$40,000 and homeowner households with incomes between \$35,000 and \$39,999.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

 $^{^2}$ We estimate that a portion of demand will come from outside each Submarket (ranging from 20% to 30%, depending on Submarket).

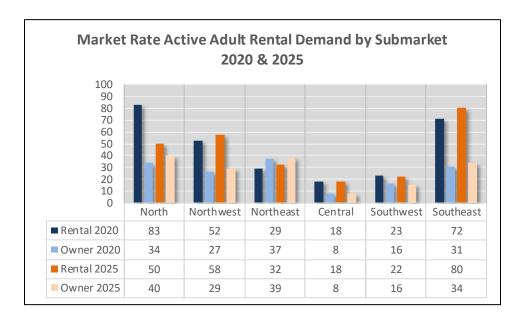
Existing and pending units are deducted at market equilibrium (95% occupancy).

From the demand potential, we subtract existing and pending active adult units at 95% occupancy. We identified one pending age-restricted market rate active adult project – Phase II of the Park Place development in Red Wing (North Submarket) which will consist of 78 senior housing units, 40% of which (31 units) will be affordable at 60% AMI and the remaining 60% (47 units) will be market rate.

Adjusting for inflation, we estimate that households with incomes of \$40,000 or more and home-owners with incomes of \$30,000 to \$39,999 would be candidates for active adult housing in 2025. Following the same methodology, we project that there will be excess demand for 261 active adult rental units and 165 active adult ownership units in 2025

Due to the location of services (public infrastructure, medical, religious, retail, etc.) we expect that the cities will capture all the excess demand potential in the County, so we do not anticipate any market rate active adult housing demand in the townships.

The following figure summarizes excess demand by submarket. As shown, by 2025, active adult rental demand will be strongest in the Southeast (80 units), Northwest (58 units), North (50 units) and Northeast (32 units) Submarkets. Active adult owner demand will be strongest in the North (40 units), Northeast (39 units), Southeast (34 units), and Northwest (29 units) Submarkets.



Shallow-Subsidy/Deep-Subsidy Independent Senior Housing Demand

Senior Housing Analysis Table 3 on the following pages presents our demand calculations for affordable (shallow-subsidy and deep-subsidy) active adult/few services senior housing in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets in 2020 and in 2025. While the methodology used to calculate demand for affordable housing closely mirrors the methodology used to calculate demand for market rate housing, we made adjustments to more precisely quantify demand among this market segment.

The following points summarize these adjustments:

- Income-Qualifications: In order to arrive at the potential age and income-qualified base for low-income and affordable housing, we include all senior households age 55 and older that qualify for the income guidelines for two-person households in 2019. Households earning between 30% and 60% of AMI are generally candidates for affordable housing, while households earning less than 30% AMI are typically a market for subsidized housing. The incomerestriction for a two-person household at 30% AMI is \$19,710 and the income-restriction for a two-person household at 60% AMI is \$39,420.
- <u>Capture Rates</u>: Households in a need-based situation (either requiring services or financial assistance) more readily move to housing alternatives than those in non-need based situations. Based on our experience in market feasibility for affordable and subsidized senior housing, along with our analysis of demographic and competitive market factors in the area, we apply a conservative 25% capture rate to the age/income-qualified market in the County to arrive at a total potential demand from each submarket.

Using the methodology described above results in a demand potential for a total of 689 affordable (shallow-subsidy and deep-subsidy) active adult housing units in 2020. An additional proportion is added for senior households that would move into affordable active adult housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 977 units in the six submarkets. We estimate that the demand potential for active adult housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 20%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

Based on the existing and projected distribution of households with incomes below \$39,420, we estimate the proportion of demand for shallow-subsidy and deep-subsidy units. The proportion for deep-subsidy housing ranges from 32% in the Central Submarket to 45% in the Northwest and Southeast Submarkets, while the percentage for shallow-subsidy housing ranges from 55% in the Northwest and Southeast Submarkets to 68% in the Central.

In total, we estimate that there is total demand for 411 deep-subsidy units and 564 shallow-subsidy units in 2020.

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 3 AFFORDABLE ACTIVE ADULT/FEW SERVICES RENTAL HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2020 Demand Analysis																		
Submarket		North		N	orthwe	st	N	lortheas	st		Central		Sc	outhwe	st	S	outheas	it
Age of Householder	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+
# of Households w/ Incomes of <\$39,4201	425	469	847	151	162	243	144	187	319	38	45	60	100	113	176	199	200	271
Less Households w/ Incomes of \$25,000 to \$39,420¹ (times) Homeownership Rate (equals) Total Potential Market Base by Age	171 73% 300	188 74% 330	358 71% 593	54 93% 101	61 95% 104	95 67% 179	64 86% 89	103 89% 95	178 84% 169	17 92% 22	22 87% 26	39 87% 26	40 94% 62	48 79% 75	80 82% 110	71 86% 138	78 83% 135	103 70% 199
Total Potential Market Base		1,223	333		384	1,3		354	103		74	20	02	248	110	130	472	133
(times) % of Seniors Needing/Desiring Affordable Hsg > (equals) Demand Potential	:	25% 306			25% 96			25% 88			25% 19			25% 62			25% 118	
(plus) Demand from Outside Submarket ²		131			32			48			5			21			51	
(equals) Total Demand Potential =	:	437			128			136			23			83			169	
(times) % for Deep Subsidy (equals) Demand Potential Deep Subsidy Housing	:	43% 190	•		45% 58	-		34% 46	-		32% 7			42% 35	-	-	45% 76	•
(minus) Existing & Pending Deep Subsidy Units ³		145			61			13			5			10			45	
(equals) Excess Demand for Deep Subsidy Units	:	45			0			33			2			25			31	
(times) % for Shallow Subsidy (equals) Demand Potential Shallow Subsidy Housing	:	57% 247			55% 70	-		66% 90	-		68% 16		-	58% 48	-	-	55% 93	
(minus) Existing & Pending Shallow Subsidy Units ³		0			2			0			1			0			0	
(equals) Excess Demand for Shallow Subsidy Units =		247			68			90			15			48			93	

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SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 3 continued AFFORDABLE ACTIVE ADULT/FEW SERVICES RENTAL HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2025 Demand Analysis

2025 Demand Analysis																		
Submarket		North		N	orthwe	st	N	ortheas	it		Central		So	outhwes	st	S	outheas	t
Age of Householder	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+	55-64	65-74	75+
# of Households w/ Incomes of <\$40,4151	317	473	838	115	168	268	105	162	335	21	40	65	82	103	175	152	190	282
Less Households w/ Incomes of \$25,631 to \$40,415 1 (times) Homeownership Rate	126 73%	189 74%	360 71%	40 93%	61 95%	109 67%	50 86%	90 89%	187 84%	9 92%	19 87%	39 87%	32 94%	45 79%	77 82%	55 86%	75 83%	108 70%
(equals) Total Potential Market Base by Age =	225	333	582	78	110	195	62	82	178	13	23	31	52	67	112	105	128	206
Total Potential Market Base		1,141			383			322			67			231			439	
(times) % of Seniors Needing/Desiring Affordable Hsg x (equals) Demand Potential =	:	25% 285			25% 96			25% 80			25% 17			25% 58			25% 110	
(plus) Demand from Outside Submarket ² +		122			32			43			4			19			47	
(equals) Total Demand Potential =		407			128			124			21			77			157	
(times) % for Deep Subsidy (equals) Demand Potential Deep Subsidy Housing =		43% 175			45% 57	-		33% 41		-	32% 7			43% 33		-	45% 71	,
(minus) Existing & Pending Deep Subsidy Units ³ -		145			61			13			5			10			45	
(equals) Excess Demand for Deep Subsidy Units =		30			0			28			2			23			26	
(times) % for Shallow Subsidy x		57%			55%	_		67%			68%			57%		.	55%	_
(equals) Demand Potential Shallow Subsidy Housing =	:	232			70			83			14			44			86	
(minus) Existing & Pending Shallow Subsidy Units ³		29			2			0			1			0			0	
(equals) Excess Demand for Shallow Subsidy Units =		203	•		68			83			13			44			86	

 $^{^{1}}$ 2025 calculations adjusted for inflation (0.5% annually).

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

² We estimate that a portion of demand will come from outside each Submarket (ranging from 20% to 35%, depending on Submarket).

³ Existing and pending units are deducted at market equilibrium (95% occupancy).

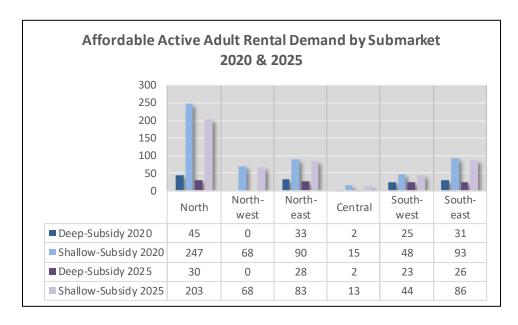
Next, we subtract existing competitive units. There are 421 deep-subsidy units (including units in Rural Development properties with rental assistance) and five shallow-subsidy units (excluding units in Rural Development properties with rental assistance) in the County. We estimate that 70% of the residents are elderly, with the remaining 30% being disabled.

Overall, we subtract 279 deep-subsidy units and three shallow-subsidy units from the demand potential after adjusting for the proportion estimated to be elderly and accounting for a 5% vacancy rate. Subtracting these units results in excess demand for a total of 136 deep-subsidy units and 561 shallow-subsidy units in the six submarkets in 2020.

To calculate demand in 2025, we increase the income-qualifications to account for inflation and incorporate pending affordable senior housing units. We identified one pending age-restricted affordable active adult project – Phase II of the Park Place development in Red Wing (North Submarket) which will consist of 78 senior housing units, 40% of which (31 units) will be affordable at 60% AMI and the remaining 60% (47 units) will be market rate.

Following the same methodology, excess demand is projected to decline between 2020 and 2025. We find excess demand for a total of 108 deep-subsidy units and 498 shallow-subsidy units in six submarkets in 2025.

The following figure summarizes excess demand by submarket. As shown, by 2025, deep-sub-sidy active adult demand will be strongest in the North (30 units), Northeast (28 units), and Southeast (26 units) Submarkets. Shallow-subsidy active adult demand will be strongest in the North (203 units), Southeast (86 units), Northeast (83 units), and Northwest (68 units) Submarkets



Demand for Independent Living Senior Housing

Senior Housing Analysis Table 4 on the following pages presents demand calculations for independent living (congregate) senior housing with services available in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets in 2020 and in 2025. This analysis focuses on the potential private pay/market rate demand for independent (congregate) living units in the County.

In order to arrive at the potential age-income qualified base for independent (congregate) senior housing, we include all senior households with incomes of \$35,000 or more and homeowners with incomes between \$25,000 and \$35,000 who would qualify with the proceeds from a home sale (based on the homeownership rates for each age cohort).

Senior householders with incomes of \$35,000 allocating 65% of their income toward base housing cost could afford beginning rents of \$1,900. Householders with incomes of \$25,000 allocating 65% of their income toward rent and using the proceeds from an older single-family home sold at the median sale price in the County (\$200,000) could afford rents of nearly \$1,670 per month. We estimate the total number of age/income/asset-qualified households to be 4,743 households in 2020, increasing to 5,329 households in 2025.

Demand for independent living with services available housing is need-driven, which reduces the qualified market to only the portion of seniors who need some assistance with activities of daily living (ADLs) and instrumental activities of daily living (IADLs). Thus, the age/income-qualified base is multiplied by the percentage of seniors who need some assistance with at least three IADLs but not six or more ADLs/IADLs, as these frailer seniors would need the level of care found in service-intensive assisted living.

According to the Summary Health Statistics of the U.S. Population: National Health Interview Survey, 2007 (conducted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services), the percentage of seniors having limitation in ADLs (bathing, dressing, toileting, transferring, eating) and IADLs (using the telephone, shopping, food preparation, housekeeping, laundry, transportation, taking medication, handling finances) are as follows:

Limitation in ADLs & IADLs

Age	ADLs	IADLs
65-74 years	3.3%	6.3%
75+ years	11.0%	20.0%

It is most likely that seniors who need assistance with ADLs also need assistance with multiple IADLs, and are more likely to be candidates for service-intensive assisted living. The prime candidates for congregate living are seniors needing assistance with IADLs, but not ADLs.

We derive the capture rate for independent (congregate) housing by subtracting the percentage of seniors needing assistance with ADLs from those needing assistance with IADLs, which equates to 3.0% of seniors age 65 to 74 and 9.0% of seniors age 75+.

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 4 INDEPENDENT LIVING (CONGREGATE) DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2020 Demand Analysis

Submarket	N	lorth	Nort	hwest	Nort	heast	Cer	ntral	Sout	hwest	Sout	heast
Age of Householder	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+
# of Households w/ Incomes of >\$35,0001	996	536	399	200	452	236	114	56	176	141	422	220
# of Households w/ Incomes of \$25,000 to \$34,9991	+ 132	296	37	66	73	150	16	32	36	63	52	74
(times) Homeownership Rate	x 74%	71%	95%	67%	89%	84%	87%	87%	79%	82%	83%	70%
(equals) Total Potential Market Base	= 1,094	746	434	244	517	362	128	84	204	193	465	272
(times) Potential Capture Rate	x 1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%
(equals) Demand Potential	= 16	104	7	34	8	51	2	12	3	27	7	38
Potential Demand from Submarket Residents	=	121	4	11	5	8	1	4	3	0	4	5
(plus) Demand from Outside Submarket ²	+	52	1	L4	3	1		3	1	.0	1	9
(equals) Total Demand Potential	=	173	E)	54	9	0	1	7	4	10	6	4
(minus) Existing and Pending Competitive Units ³	-	29	2	23	1	.2		0	1	.4	2	3
(equals) Excess Demand for Independent Living Units	=	144	3	31	7	' 8	1	7	2	26	4	1

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SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 4 continued INDEPENDENT LIVING (CONGREGATE) DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2025 Demand Analysis

Submarket		North		Norti	nwest	Nort	heast	Cer	ntral	Souti	nwest	Sout	heast
Age of Householder	65-	74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+	65-74	75+
# of Households w/ Incomes of >\$40,0001	1,1	59	615	456	216	493	275	137	60	186	142	503	250
# of Households w/ Incomes of \$30,000 to \$39,9991	+ 15	9	264	58	91	77	133	16	30	36	59	66	91
(times) Homeownership Rate	x 74	%	71%	95%	67%	89%	84%	87%	87%	79%	82%	83%	70%
(equals) Total Potential Market Base	= 1,2	77	802	511	277	562	387	151	86	214	190	558	314
(times) Potential Capture Rate	x 1.5	% 1	4.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%	1.5%	14.0%
(equals) Demand Potential	= 19)	112	8	39	8	54	2	12	3	27	8	44
Potential Demand from Submarket Residents	=	131		4	6	6	3	1	4	3	o	5	52
(plus) Demand from Outside Submarket ²	+	56		1	.5	3	34		4	1	0	2	.2
(equals) Total Demand Potential	=	188		6	2	9	6	1	.8	4	0	7	' 5
(minus) Existing and Pending Competitive Units ³	-	29	·	2	3	1	.2		0	1	4	2	.3
(equals) Excess Demand for Independent Living Units	=	159		3	9	8	34	1	.8	2	6	5	52

¹ 2025 calculations define income-qualified households as all households with incomes greater than \$40,000 and homeowner households with incomes between \$35,000 and \$39,999.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

² We estimate that a portion of demand will come from outside each Submarket (ranging from 20% to 30%, depending on Submarket).

³ Existing and pending units are deducted at market equilibrium (95% occupancy).

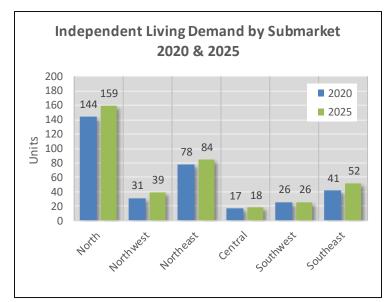
For the purposes of this report and understanding that many seniors do not view senior housing as an alternative retirement destination but a supportive living option only when they can no longer live independently, we have reduced the potential capture rates for the 65 to 74 age group to 1.5% while increasing the capture rate of the 75+ age group to 14.0%. Multiplying the senior household base by these capture rates results in Market Area demand potential for 309 independent living housing units in 2020 and 337 units in 2025.

An additional proportion is added for senior households that would move into independent living senior housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 438 units in the six submarkets in 2020. Demand from outside the area includes parents of adult children living in the area, individuals who live outside the submarket but have an orientation to the area, and former residents who desire to return upon retirement. We estimate that the demand potential for active adult housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 20%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

Next, existing and pending independent living units are subtracted from overall demand. We identified 106 independent living senior housing units in the County. Overall, we subtract 101 competitive units after accounting for a 5% vacancy rate from the demand potential, including 29 units in the North Submarket, 23 units in the Northwest Submarket, 12 units in the Northeast Submarket, 14 units in the Southwest, and 23 units in the Southeast Submarket.

Subtracting these units results in excess demand potential for a total of 337 independent living units in 2020, increasing to 377 units in 2025. The adjacent figure summarizes excess demand by submarket.

As shown in the adjacent graph, by 2025, demand for independent living with services senior housing will be strongest in the North (159 units), Northeast (84 units), and Southeast (52 units) Submarkets.



Assisted Living Demand Estimate

Senior Housing Analysis Table 5 on the following pages presents demand calculations for assisted living senior housing in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets in 2020 and in 2025. This analysis focuses on the potential *private pay/market rate* demand for assisted living units in the County.

The availability of more intensive support services such as meals, housekeeping and personal care at assisted living facilities usually attracts older, frailer seniors. According to the 2009 Overview of Assisted Living (which is a collaborative research project by the American Association of Homes and Services for the Aging, the American Seniors Housing Association, National Center for Assisted Living, and National Investment Center for the Seniors Housing and Care Industry), the average age of residents in freestanding assisted living facilities was 87 years in 2008.

Hence, the age-qualified market for assisted living is defined as seniors ages 75 and over, as we estimate that of the half of demand from seniors under age 87, almost all would be over age 75. In 2020, there are an estimated total of 4,753 seniors ages 75 and over in the six submarkets and we project that this number will increase to 5,357 in 2025.

Demand for assisted living housing is need-driven, which reduces the qualified market to only the portion of seniors who need assistance. According to a study completed by the Centers for Disease Control and the National Center for Health Statistics (Health, United States, Health and Aging Chartbook), about 35% of seniors needed assistance with everyday activities (from 25.5% of 75-to-79-year-olds, to 33.6% of 80-to-84-year-olds and 51.6% of 85+ year-olds). Applying these percentages to the senior population yields a potential assisted living market of an estimated total of 1,744 seniors in the six submarkets in 2020 and 1,900 seniors in 2025.

Due to the supportive nature of assisted living housing, most daily essentials are included in monthly rental fees which allow seniors to spend a higher proportion of their incomes on housing with basic services. Therefore, the second step in determining the potential demand for assisted living housing in the County is to identify the income-qualified market based on a senior's ability to pay the monthly rent. We consider seniors in households with incomes of \$40,000 or greater to be income-qualified for assisted living senior housing in the PMA. Households with incomes of \$40,000 could afford monthly assisted living fees of \$3,000 by allocating a high proportion of their income toward the fees.

According to the 2009 Overview of Assisted Living, the average arrival income of assisted living residents in 2008 was \$27,260, while the average annual assisted living fee was \$37,281 (\$3,107/month). This data highlights that seniors are spending down assets to live in assisted living and avoid institutional care. Thus, in addition to households with incomes of \$40,000 or greater, there is a substantial base of senior households with lower incomes who income-qualify based on assets – their homes, in particular.

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 5 MARKET RATE ASSISTED LIVING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2020 Demand Analysis																			
Submarket			North		N	lorthwe	st	1	Northeas	st		Central		S	outhwe	st	S	outheas	t
Age Group		75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+
People (times) Percent Needing Assistance ¹	x		505 33.6%	687 51.6%		179 33.6%		321 25.5%		278 51.6%	69 25.5%			170 25.5% 43	115 33.6%	163 51.6% 84	295 25.5%	188 33.6%	
Number Needing Assitance Total People Needing Assistance (times) Percent Income-Qualified ²	=	190	170 714 50%	354	66	60 239 51%	113	82	71 296 57%	143	18	15 54 61%	21	43	39 166 57%	84	75	63 275 53%	136
Total potential market (times) Percent living alone Age/income-qualified singles needing assistance	= x =		357 60% 214			122 57% 70	-		169 53% 89	-		33 45% 15			95 53% 50	-		144 61% 88	
(plus) Proportion of demand from couples (12%) ³ Age/income-qualified market needing assistance	=		29 243			9 79	-		12 102	-		2 17	-			-		12 100	
(times) Potential penetration rate ⁴ Potential demand from Submarket residents	x =		40% 98			40% 32	-		40%	-		40% 7	-		23	-		40% 40	
(plus) Proportion from outside the Submarket Total potential assisted living demand	+		42 141			11 43	-		22 63	-		<u>2</u>			8 31	-		17 58	
(minus) Existing & pending assisted living units ⁵	-		109			42			30			0			8			16	
Total excess market rate assisted living demand	=		32			1			33			9			23			42	

----- continued -----

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 5 continued MARKET RATE ASSISTED LIVING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2025 Demand Analysis																			
Submarket			North		N	orthwe	st	N	Northeas	st		Central		S	outhwe	st	9	outheas	t
Age Group		75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+	75-79	80-84	85+
People (times) Percent Needing Assistance ¹ Number Needing Assitance	x =	909 25.5% 232	596 33.6% 200	647 51.6% 334	343 25.5% 87	210 33.6% 71	221 51.6% 114	401 25.5% 102	258 33.6% 87	276 51.6% 142	88 25.5% 22	48 33.6% 16	41 51.6% 21	195 25.5% 50	133 33.6% 45	146 51.6% 75	353 25.5% 90	238 33.6% 80	254 51.6% 131
Total People Needing Assistance (times) Percent Income-Qualified ²			766 51%			272 49%			331 57%	_		60 59%			170 56%			301 52%	
Total potential market (times) Percent living alone Age/income-qualified singles needing assistance	= x =		391 60% 234			133 57% 76			189 53% 100			35 45% 16			95 53% 50	-		157 61% 96	
(plus) Proportion of demand from couples (12%) ³ Age/income-qualified market needing assistance	=		32 266			10 86			14 114	-		2 18			7 57	-		13 109	
(times) Potential penetration rate ⁴ Potential demand from Submarket residents	x =		40% 108			40% 35			40%	-		40% 7			40% 23	-		40%	
(plus) Proportion from outside the Submarket Total potential assisted living demand	+		46 154			12 47			25 71			2 9			8 31	_		19 63	
(minus) Existing & pending assisted living units ⁵	-		109			42			30			0			8			16	
Total excess market rate assisted living demand	=		45			5			41			9			23			47	

¹ The percentage of seniors unable to perform or having difficulting with ADLs, based on the publication Health, United States, 1999 Health and Aging Chartbook, conducted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the National Center for Health Statistics.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

² Includes households with incomes of \$40,000 or more (who could afford monthly rents of \$3,000+ per month) plus 40% of the estimated owner households with incomes below \$40,000 (who will spend down assets, including home-equity, in order to live in assisted living housing).

³ The 2009 Overview of Assisted Living (a collaborative project of AAHSA, ASHA, ALFA, NCAL & NIC) found that 12% of assisted living residents are couples.

⁴ We estimate that 60% of the qualified market needing assistance with ADLs could either remain in their homes or reside at less advanced senior housing with the assistance of a family member or home health care, or would need greater care provided in a skilled care facility.

⁵ Existing and pending units at 93% occupancy, minus units estimated to be occupied by Elderly Waiver residents.

Approximately 74% of age 75+ households in the County are homeowners and the estimated median sale price for older single-family homes in the County was \$200,000 in 2019. Seniors selling their homes for the median price would generate about \$188,000 in proceeds after selling costs. With an average monthly fee of \$3,500, these proceeds would last roughly 43 months in assisted living housing, more than the average length of stay in assisted living (20 months according to the 2009 Overview of Assisted Living).

For the age groups in the assisted living demand table, we estimate the income-qualified percentage to be all seniors in households with incomes at or above \$40,000 (who could afford monthly rents of \$3,500+ per month) plus 40% of the estimated seniors in owner households with incomes below \$40,000 (who will spend down assets, including home-equity, in order to live in assisted living housing). This results in a total potential market for about 920 total units from the six submarkets as of 2020.

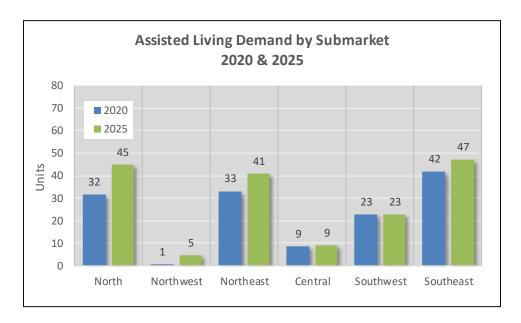
Because most assisted living residents are single (88% according to the 2009 Overview of Assisted Living), our demand methodology multiplies the total potential market by the percentage of seniors age 75+ living alone by submarket (range of 45% to 61% based on Census data). This results in a total base of about 526 age/income-qualified singles. The 2009 Overview of Assisted Living found that 12% of residents in assisted living were couples. Including couples, results in a total of 598 age/income-qualified seniors needing assistance in 2020.

We estimate that 60% of the qualified market needing significant assistance with ADLs could either remain in their homes or less service-intensive senior housing with the assistance of a family member or home health care or would need greater care provided in a skilled care facility. The remaining 40% could be served by assisted living housing. Applying this market penetration rate of 40% results in demand for 242 assisted living units in 2020.

An additional proportion is added for senior households that would move into assisted living housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 343 units in the six submarkets in 2020. This secondary demand includes seniors currently living just outside the PMA, former residents, and parents of adult children who desire supportive housing near their adult children. We estimate that the demand potential for active adult housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 20%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

Next, existing and pending assisted living units are subtracted from overall demand. We identified 275 existing assisted living units in the six submarkets, but no pending projects. We adjust the number of competing units by excluding estimated units occupied by low-income seniors utilizing Elderly Waivers (20%). Overall, we subtract 205 competitive units after accounting for a 7% vacancy rate from the demand potential, including 109 units in the North Submarket, 42 units in the Northwest Submarket, 30 units in the Northeast Submarket, eight units in the Southwest Submarket, and 16 units in the Southeast Submarket.

Subtracting these units results in excess demand potential for a total of 138 assisted living units in 2020, increasing to 169 units in 2025. The following graph summarizes excess demand by submarket.



As shown, by 2025, assisted living demand will be strongest in the Southeast (47 units), North (45 units), and Northeast (41 units) Submarkets.

Demand for Memory Care Senior Housing

Senior Housing Analysis Table 6 on the following pages presents our demand calculations for memory care housing in each of the six Goodhue County submarkets in 2020 and in 2025.

Demand is calculated by starting with the estimated senior (ages 65+) population in 2020 and multiplying by the incidence rate of Alzheimer's/dementia among the age cohorts in this population. This yields a potential market of about 1,402 seniors in the six submarkets. We anticipate that this number will climb to 1,518 in 2025.

According to data from the National Institute of Aging, about 25% of all individuals with memory care impairments are a market for memory care housing units. This figure considers that seniors in the early stages of dementia will be able to live independently with the care of a spouse or other family member, while those in the latter stages of dementia will require intensive medical care that would only be available in skilled care facilities. Applying this figure to the estimated population with memory impairments yields a potential market of about 351 seniors in 2020 and 380 seniors in 2025.

SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 6 MEMORY CARE DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2020 Demand Analysis

,							
		North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast
65 to 74 Population		2,336	904	996	271	477	980
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate ¹	х	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
(equals) Estimated Senior Pop. with Dementia	=	47	18	20	5	10	20
75 to 84 Population		1,249	438	531	115	285	483
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate ¹	х	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%
(equals) Estimated Senior Pop. with Dementia	=	237	83	101	22	54	92
85+ Population		687	219	278	41	163	264
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate ¹	х	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%
(equals) Estimated Senior Pop. with Dementia	=	289	92	117	17	68	111
(equals) Total Population with Dementia		573	193	238	44	132	222
(times) Pct. Needing Specialized Memory Care Assistance	х	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
(equals) Total Need for Dementia Care	=	143	48	59	11	33	56
(times) Percent Income/Asset-Qualified ²	х	40%	39%	47%	48%	47%	41%
(equals) Total Income-Qualified Market Base	=	57	19	28	5	16	23
(plus) Demand from Outside the Submarket ³	+	25	6	15	1	5	10
(equals) Total Demand for Memory Care Units	=	82	25	43	7	21	33
(minus) Existing and Pending Memory Care Units ⁴	-	33	20	18	0	6	0
(equals) Excess Memory Care Demand Potential in Submarket	=	49	5	25	7	15	33

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SENIOR HOUSING ANALYSIS TABLE 6 continued MEMORY CARE DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET 2020 & 2025

2025 Demand Analysis

2023 Demand Analysis							
		North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast
65 to 74 Population		2,697	1,061	1,071	316	508	1,144
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate ¹	х	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
(equals) Estimated Senior Pop. with Dementia	=	54	21	21	6	10	23
75 to 84 Population		1,505	553	659	136	328	591
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate ¹	х	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%
(equals) Estimated Senior Pop. with Dementia	=	286	105	125	26	62	112
85+ Population		647	221	276	41	146	254
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate ¹	х	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%
(equals) Estimated Senior Pop. with Dementia	=	272	93	116	17	61	107
(equals) Total Population with Dementia		612	219	263	49	134	242
(times) Pct. Needing Specialized Memory Care Assistance	х	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
(equals) Total Need for Dementia Care	=	153	55	66	12	33	60
(times) Percent Income/Asset-Qualified ²	х	43%	41%	49%	49%	49%	43%
(equals) Total Income-Qualified Market Base	=	66	22	32	6	16	26
(plus) Demand from Outside the Submarket ³	+	28	7	17	2	5	11
(equals) Total Demand for Memory Care Units	=	94	30	49	8	22	37
(minus) Existing and Pending Memory Care Units ⁴	-	33	20	18	0	6	0
(equals) Excess Memory Care Demand Potential in Submarket	=	61	10	31	8	16	37

¹ Alzheimer's Association: Alzheimer's Disease Facts & Figures (2007)

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Income greater than \$60,000 in 2019 and greater than \$65,000 in 2025, plus some lower-income homeowners.

³ We estimate that a portion of demand will come from outside each Submarket (raning from 20% to 30%, depending on Submarket)

⁴ Existing and pending units at 93% occupancy, minus units estimated to be occupied by Elderly Waiver residents.

Because of the staff-intensive nature of dementia care, typical monthly fees for this type of housing start at about \$4,500. Although some of the seniors will have high monthly incomes, most will be willing to spend down assets and/or receive financial assistance from family members to afford memory care housing.

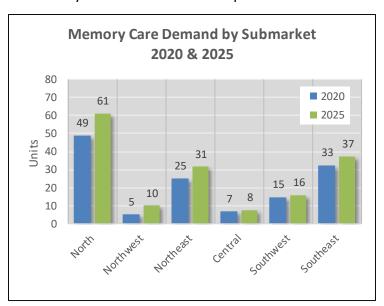
Based on our review of senior household incomes in the County, homeownership rates, and home sale data, we estimate that proportion of all seniors in the six submarkets that have incomes and/or assets to sufficiently cover the costs for memory care housing. The percent of seniors income- and asset-qualified for memory care housing ranges from 39% in the Northwest Submarket to 48% in the Central Submarket. These figures take into account married couple households where one spouse may have memory care needs and allows for a sufficient income for the other spouse to live independently.

Multiplying the potential market by the percent income- and asset-qualified results in a total of about 148 income-qualified seniors in the six submarkets in 2020. An additional proportion is added for senior households that would move into memory care housing in each submarket who currently reside outside the area, increasing total demand to 210 units in the six submarkets in 2020. We estimate that the demand potential for active adult housing being derived from outside the area will range as follows for each submarket: North, 30%; Northwest, 25%; Northeast, 35%; Central, 20%; Southwest, 25%; and Southeast, 30%.

Next, existing and pending memory units are subtracted from overall demand. We identified 104 existing memory care units in the six submarkets, but no pending projects. We adjust the number of competing units by excluding estimated units occupied by low-income seniors utilizing Elderly Waivers and account for a 7% vacancy rate from the demand potential.

Subtracting these units results in excess demand potential for a total of 133 memory care units in 2020, increasing to 163 units in 2025.

The adjacent figure summarizes excess demand by submarket. As shown, by 2025, memory demand will be strongest in the North (61 units), Southeast (37 units), and Northeast (31 units) Submarkets.



Introduction

This section of the Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis examines the need for additional special needs housing in Goodhue County by examining the following data:

- Number of people in the County with disabilities;
- Estimates of disability by household income level in Goodhue County;
- Housing facilities for disabled persons;
- Demographic data on the homeless population;
- US Census American Community Survey results; and

Persons with Disabilities

Data on the number of non-institutionalized people in the County with disabilities was obtained from the 2017 United States Census American Community Survey. The Census Bureau defines a disability as a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition lasting six months or more.

Special Needs Housing Table 1 on the following page shows the number of people by age group who are classified as having one or more disabilities, including; hearing, vision, cognitive (difficulty with various types of mental tasks), ambulatory (difficulty moving from place to place without aid), self-care, or independent living. A person can have more than one disability, so the age group subtotal by disability exceeds the number of persons with a disability for each age group. The following are key points.

- Overall, roughly 10.4% of Goodhue County's non-institutionalized population could have some form of disability, slightly lower than the Statewide proportion of 10.8%.
- When comparing disabilities by age, 2.1% of the County's population under age 18 had a disability, as did about 8.1% of the age 18 to 64 population and 29.5% of the age 65 and over population.
- Cognitive disability is the most prevalent type of disability among children under the age of 18 with 1.4% of the population, while ambulatory disabilities are most common among the 18 to 64 age group (4.1%).
- Among seniors age 65 and older in Goodhue County, the most common disability is ambulatory (16.6%), followed by hearing disabilities (14.4%) and independent living disabilities (10.9%).

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 1 TYPE OF DISABILITY BY AGE OF NON-INSTITUTIONALIZED PERSON GOODHUE COUNTY 2017						
	With a Disabilty	Percent with Disability				
Under age 18 years	220	2.1%				
Hearing disability	35	0.3%				
Vision disability	33	0.3%				
Cognitive disability	141	1.4%				
Ambulatory disability	34	0.3%				
Self-care disability	36	0.3%				
Age 18 to 64 years 2,181 8.19						
Hearing disability	415	1.5%				
Vision disability	200	0.7%				
Cognitive disability	985	3.6%				
Ambulatory disability	1,111	4.1%				
Self-care disability	342	1.3%				
Independent Living Disability	696	2.6%				
Age 65 years and over	2,334	29.5%				
Hearing disability	1,142	14.4%				
Vision disability	409	5.2%				
Cognitive disability	451	5.7%				
Ambulatory disability	1,310	16.6%				
Self-care disability	483	6.1%				
Independent Living Disability	861	10.9%				
Total with Disabilities (all ages): 4,735 10.4%						

Households with Limitations/Disabilities

Disability classifications were expanded in the 2000 Census and included several categories, providing a strong dataset on the number of people with disabilities. This data gathering was not available for the 2010 Census and information obtained through the American Community Survey provides only limited information for selected larger communities.

The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Consolidated Planning Division has compiled specific tabulations of households with various types of disabilities to address this issue. The special tabulations were developed using information specifically provided to HUD by the Census Bureau using an average of the years between 2012 and 2016, the most recent data available.

Special Needs Housing Table 2 summarizes the number of households in Goodhue County that have identified some physical or mental limitation or none of the above limitations. A household may have more than one member with these limitations and an individual may have more than one limitation.

Disabilities represented on the table include: hearing or vision impairment, ambulatory limitation (a condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities, such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching lifting, or carrying), cognitive (difficulty learning, remembering, or concentrating) and self-care or independent living limitation (household requires assistance with activities of daily living such as bathing, dressing, grooming).

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 2 ESTIMATES OF DISABILITY BY INCOME LEVEL GOODHUE COUNTY 2012-2016

	Total	Total HHs		r HHs	Rente	r HHs
Type of Limitation and Income Category	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
HHs w/Incomes at or less than 30% AMI						
With a hearing or vision impairment	195	0.9%	80	0.5%	115	1.9%
With an ambulatory limitation	580	2.6%	195	1.2%	385	6.3%
With a cognitive limitation	405	1.8%	95	0.6%	310	5.1%
With a self-care or independent living limitation	565	2.5%	175	1.1%	390	6.4%
With none of the above limitations	1,475	6.6%	685	4.2%	790	13.0%
HHs w/Incomes greater than 30% but 50% or less of AMI						
With a hearing or vision impairment	320	1.4%	190	1.2%	130	2.1%
With an ambulatory limitation	355	1.6%	195	1.2%	160	2.6%
With a cognitive limitation	215	1.0%	125	0.8%	90	1.5%
With a self-care or independent living limitation	315	1.4%	160	1.0%	155	2.5%
With none of the above limitations	1,560	7.0%	885	5.4%	675	11.1%
HHs w/Incomes greater than 50% but 80% or less of AMI						
With a hearing or vision impairment	475	2.1%	355	2.2%	120	2.0%
With an ambulatory limitation	660	2.9%	485	3.0%	175	2.9%
With a cognitive limitation	390	1.7%	245	1.5%	145	2.4%
With a self-care or independent living limitation	440	2.0%	325	2.0%	115	1.9%
With none of the above limitations	2,470	11.0%	1,590	9.8%	880	14.4%
HHs w/Incomes greater than 80% of AMI						
With a hearing or vision impairment	930	4.2%	830	5.1%	100	1.6%
With an ambulatory limitation	730	3.3%	590	3.6%	140	2.3%
With a cognitive limitation	490	2.2%	410	2.5%	80	1.3%
With a self-care or independent living limitation	570	2.5%	430	2.6%	140	2.3%
With none of the above limitations	9,260	41.3%	8,260	50.7%	1,000	16.4%
Total	22,400	100.0%	16,305	100.0%	6,095	100.0%
Sources: HUD CHAS 2012-2016; Maxfield Research & Con	sulting, LL	.C				

- Roughly 45% of renter households are occupied by a person with a disability, notably higher than 30% of owner households.
- A large number of renter households (1,200 households) or 60% of all renter households with incomes of 30% or less of AMI indicated some type of limitation either vision/hearing, ambulatory, cognitive, or self-care.
- As incomes increase, the percentage of households with disabilities decreases. Over 54% of all households with incomes at or below 30% of AMI have disabilities, followed by 44% of households with incomes ranging from 30% to 50% of AMI. Another 44% of households with incomes in the 50% to 80% of AMI range and 23% of households with incomes greater than 80% of AMI have disabilities.
- In total, 4,885 owner households indicated some type of disability compared to 2,750 renter households. Owner households with disabilities are more likely to have higher incomes than are renter households with disabilities.

Demographic and Economic Statistics on Homeless Populations

The following points present findings from the 2018 Wilder Survey of the homeless population and information on the housing needs of the homeless in Southeast Minnesota, which includes Goodhue County. Data is not available specifically for Goodhue County.

Number of Homeless in Southeast Minnesota

Special Needs Table 3 on the following page shows the number of homeless people in temporary housing programs or unsheltered as of October 2018.

- In Southeast Minnesota, 589 people including adults as well as youth and children were homeless. Of that number, 349 were adults age 18 or older. Of all adults, 140 were unsheltered in Southeast Minnesota. The adult counts exclude children with parents and unaccompanied youth.
- Compared to the previous Wilder Research study in October 2015, the number of homeless people increased 9.4% in Minnesota and 3.2% in Southeast Minnesota.
- As shown on the table, roughly 6% of those identified as homeless in Minnesota were located in the Southeast Minnesota region. Of the homeless population in Southeast Minnesota, 31% were unsheltered, slightly higher than 27% in Minnesota.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 3 NUMBER OF HOMELESS PEOPLE SOUTHEAST MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA 2018

	Total number temporary hou informal housing	sing programs,	Total number of adults* age 18+ in temporary housing programs, informal housing or unsheltered				
Housing Situation	SE Minnesota	Minnesota					
Emergency shelter	143	3,741	77	2,543			
Battered women's shelter	83	673	39	322			
Transitional housing	180	2,569	91	1,448			
Rapid Rehousing	2	508	2	204			
Total in shelters	408	7,491	209	4,517			
Unsheltered	181 2,694		140	2,211			
Total	589	10,185	349	6,728			

^{*}Homeless people age 18 and older, excluding children with parents and unaccompanied youth

Sources: Wilder Research, May 2019, "2018 Minnesota Homeless Study"; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Age Distribution of Homeless in Southeast Minnesota

Special Needs Housing Table 4 on the following page presents information on the age distribution of homeless adults, age 18 or older in Southeast Minnesota compared to Greater Minnesota and the State of Minnesota as of 2018.

- The table shows that the median age of the homeless in Southeast Minnesota was 35, slightly younger than the statewide median age of 38 and the Greater Minnesota median age of 36.
- In Southeast Minnesota, the largest number of homeless was those ages 30 to 39 (23%), followed by those 40 to 49 (22%) and those age 25 to 29 (16%).
- In Minnesota, the largest number of homeless was in the 30 to 39 age group (24%), followed by 40 to 49 (19%), then 25 to 29 (11%).
- In general, the largest group of homeless in Southeast Minnesota is young to mid-age, between the ages of 18 and 50 years old.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 4 AGE DISTRIBUTION HOMELESS PEOPLE IN SOUTHEAST MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA 2018

	SE Minnesota		Greater	· MN	Minnesota		
Age	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	
18 to 21	48	14.6%	269	12.9%	656	10.3%	
22 to 24	12	3.7%	167	8.0%	394	6.2%	
25 to 29	52	15.9%	260	12.5%	720	11.3%	
30 to 39	75	22.9%	554	26.7%	1,543	24.3%	
40 to 49	72	22.0%	414	19.9%	1,227	19.3%	
50 to 54	29	8.8%	154	7.4%	670	10.5%	
55 to 59	16	4.9%	143	6.9%	569	9.0%	
60 to 69	24	7.3%	112	5.4%	521	8.2%	
70 to 79			5	0.2%	49	0.8%	
80+					2	0.0%	
	328	100%	2,078	100%	6,351	100%	
Median Age	35		36		38		

People living in temporary housing programs or informal housing and identified unsheltered people, excluding youth less than 18 years of age and children staying with parents

Sources: Wilder Research, May 2019, "2018 Minnesota Homeless Study"; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Racial Background of the Homeless

Special Needs Housing Table 5 on the following page presents information on the ethnic background of those that were identified as homeless in 2018. The table presents information based on self-identification of racial and ethnic background from the homeless that were surveyed.

- As shown on the table, the largest number of homeless were identified as being White or Caucasian in Southeast Minnesota and Minnesota. In Southeast Minnesota 59.3% of homeless were identified as White or Caucasian, compared to 36.2% across Minnesota.
- The second highest category was African American, accounting for 26.6% of the homeless in Southeast Minnesota and 34.7% in Minnesota, while Multi-racial represented 5.5% of the homeless population in Southeast Minnesota. American Indians accounted for 2.4% in Southeast Minnesota but 13.0% across the State. Other ethnicities such as Asian or other groups were identified in much smaller proportions.
- Compared to the 2015 study, the proportion of homeless people identified as White or Caucasian increased from 55.2% in Southeast Minnesota and declined slightly in Minnesota (40.0% in 2015), while the proportion identified as African American declined from 29.3% in Southeast Minnesota and 35.3% in Minnesota.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 5 RACIAL BACKGROUND OF HOMELESS PEOPLE SURVEYED SOUTHEAST MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA 2018

	SE Minnesota		Greater MN		Minnesota	
Racial Background	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.
White or Caucasian	194	59.3%	1,146	55.1%	2,296	36.2%
African American	87	26.6%	328	15.8%	2,206	34.7%
American Indian	8	2.4%	357	17.2%	826	13.0%
Multi-racial	18	5.5%	154	7.4%	482	7.6%
Other	2	0.6%	26	1.3%	162	2.6%
African born (yourself or a parent)	2	0.6%	15	0.7%	162	2.6%
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	1.2%	21	1.0%	116	1.8%
Not Specified	12	3.7%	32	1.5%	100	1.6%
Total	327	100%	2,079	100%	6,350	100%

Sources: Wilder Research, May 2019, "2018 Minnesota Homeless Study"; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Monthly Income of the Homeless

Special Needs Housing Table 6 on the following page presents information on the monthly income of those that are homeless.

- The highest proportion of homeless people surveyed had no monthly income in Southeast Minnesota (17.8%), followed by incomes over \$1,000 (15.0%). In Minnesota, 13.3% of those surveyed had no monthly income while 20.8% had incomes of more than \$1,000.
- The mean monthly income for the homeless surveyed was \$592 in Southeast Minnesota, roughly -4.5% lower than Greater Minnesota (\$620) and -13.5% lower than \$684 across Minnesota.
- The median monthly income for the homeless surveyed was \$520 in Southeast Minnesota, 4.4% higher than Greater Minnesota (\$500) but -5.5% lower than \$550 in Minnesota.
- At the mean and median income levels, the homeless are generally not able to afford to house themselves through the private market.
- Public housing may be available, but the wait lists are exceptionally long. Other life issues
 may be a challenge as well for many homeless requiring support services in addition to
 housing.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 6 MONTHLY INCOME OF THE HOMELESS PEOPLE SURVEYED SOUTHEAST MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA 2018

	SE Minnesota		Greate	MN	Minnesota		
Monthly Income	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	
\$0	51	17.8%	293	15.6%	761	13.3%	
\$1 - \$100	28	9.8%	195	10.4%	491	8.6%	
\$101 - \$200	22	7.7%	105	5.6%	326	5.7%	
\$201 - \$300	21	7.3%	194	10.3%	711	12.4%	
\$301 - \$400	10	3.5%	86	4.6%	205	3.6%	
\$401 - \$500	11	3.8%	70	3.7%	223	3.9%	
\$501 - \$600	22	7.7%	112	5.9%	298	5.2%	
\$601 - \$700	23	8.0%	113	6.0%	305	5.3%	
\$701 - \$800	27	9.4%	191	10.1%	676	11.8%	
\$801 - \$900	10	3.5%	92	4.9%	268	4.7%	
\$901 - \$1,000	18	6.3%	86	4.6%	271	4.7%	
Over \$1,000	43	15.0%	346	18.4%	1,194	20.8%	
Total	286	100%	1,883	100%	5,729	100%	
Mean Income	\$59	2	\$62	0	\$68	4	
Median Income	\$52	0	\$50	0	\$55	\$550	

Sources: Wilder Research, May 2019, "2018 Minnesota Homeless Study"; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Size of Bedroom Needed

Special Needs Housing Table 7 on the following page presents information on the size of bedroom needed for those surveyed as of October 2018.

- The data shows that the greatest need was for one-bedroom and efficiency units in Southeast Minnesota. Roughly 34% of those surveyed indicated they would need a one-bedroom unit and 25% indicated a need for an efficiency unit in Southeast Minnesota.
- There also appears to be significant need for two-bedroom units in the Region, as 22% indicated they would need two bedrooms.
- This information suggests that the majority of homeless are likely singles that do not have children and would only require housing for themselves.
- There is also a substantial portion in need of two-bedroom units, single-parents with children.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING TABLE 7 NUMBER OF BEDROOM SIZE NEEDED SOUTHEAST MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA 2018

	SE Minnesota		Greate	er MN	Minnesota		
No. of Bedroom	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	
Single room or Studio/Efficiency	81	24.7%	511	24.7%	1,648	26.1%	
One-bedroom	111	33.8%	670	32.3%	2,282	36.2%	
Two-bedroom	72	22.0%	547	26.4%	1,476	23.4%	
Three-bedroom	51	15.5%	253	12.2%	667	10.6%	
Four or more bedrooms	13	4.0%	91	4.4%	236	3.7%	
Total	328	100%	2,072	100%	6,309	100%	

Sources: Wilder Research, May 2019, "2018 Minnesota Homeless Study"; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Regional Homelessness Needs Assessment

In December 2018, the River Valleys Continuum of Care (CoC) completed a Regional Homeless Needs Assessment. Data sources utilized for the Needs Assessment included:

- 2018 Point in Time Counts for the CoC region
- 2016 CoC/FHPAP grantee Survey of Persons Experiencing Homelessness identified barriers to housing and effectiveness of resources to resolve the housing crisis
- 2019 Coc/FHPAP grantee Survey of Community Partners County-level perspectives on effective resources, emerging needs and trends in barriers to housing
- 2019 CoC/FHPAP grantee Survey of Persons At-risk of Becoming Homeless Experience of barriers to housing and effectiveness of resources to resolve housing crisis
- CoC Coordinated Entry Monitoring Report (October 2017-September 2018)
- CoC Coordinated Entry Monitoring Report: Disability Supplement (October 2017-September 2018)
- 2018 CoC Housing Inventory Chart (HUD Housing Data Exchange report)

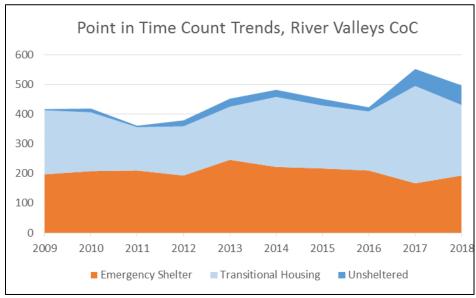
Key Findings

Among the River Valleys region, the annual Point in Time counts identified about 500 unduplicated people experiencing homelessness on any given night in the Region. Using CoC's Coordinated Entry system, at least 2,000 households representing an estimated 4,800 people experience homelessness in the region over the course of a year.

About half (48%) of the 497 people counted during the Point in Time counts were in transitional housing and were seeking permanent housing. Another 38% were in emergency shelters, including motel voucher stays and domestic violence shelters. An estimated 13% are

considered unsheltered and are staying outside or in locations such as stairwells, cars, tents, sheds and transit facilities.

Due to consistent (and not increasing) capacity of emergency shelter and transitional housing in the region, the proportion of people in unsheltered locations has been increasing over the past several years. Outreach to households already in Coordinated Entry (which began in 2017) also appear to increase the unsheltered total.

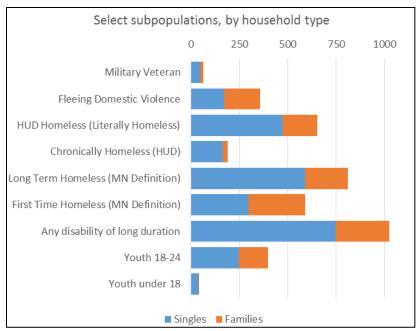


Source: 2018 CoC Regional Homelessness Needs Assessment

Household Types

Nearly three quarters (72.6%) of the 292 households counted in 2018 were households without children, while 27% were households with adults and children (families) and less than 1% were in households with only children.

Due to family composition however, most individuals in the Region experiencing homelessness are in households with children. Households with children represent 27% of total households, but more than 50% of all people that are homeless. As a result, children are disproportionately represented in the homeless population. On any given night, about 175 children are homeless in the region and over the course of one year, an estimated 1,670 children experience homelessness.



Source: 2018 CoC Regional Homelessness Needs Assessment

Sub Populations

Using the Coordinated Data Entry system from FFY2018, the most prevalent subpopulation of people experiencing homelessness is people with disabilities (52% of households), followed by youth (18-24) (20%) and people fleeing domestic violence. Subpopulations of youth under age 25 and people with disabilities are more likely to be in households without children (i.e. singles), while households fleeing domestic violence are evenly split between households with and without children.

Subpopulations of people who meet specific thresholds set by funders are tracked to identify viability of and need for proposed projects. These definitions/categories are:

HUD Homeless – household is literally homeless, but excludes doubled-up situations and institutional locations (33% of all households);

HUD Chronically Homeless – household is literally homeless and has experienced at least 12 months of literal homelessness in the past three years (consecutively or in multiple episodes) and an adult in the household has a qualified disability of long duration (10% of all households)

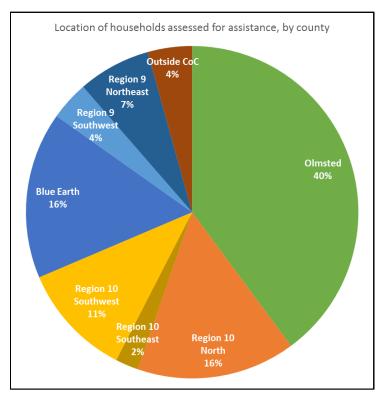
MN Long-Term Homeless – household has experienced at least one year of homelessness or at least 4 episodes in three years, and may include doubled-up situations (42% of all households)

MN First Time Homeless – household is identified as homeless and has not been identified as homeless in any other Minnesota location in the past three years (30% of all households)

Type of disabilities that are reported include:

- Alcohol abuse
- Both alcohol and drug abuse
- Chronic Health Condition
- Developmental
- Drug Abuse
- Hearing Impaired
- HIV/AIDS
- Mental Health Problem
- Missing
- Other
- Physical
- Traumatic Brain Injury
- Vison Impaired

Mental health problems are the most common type of disability reported across age and household type, followed by physical disabilities and chronic health conditions. Youth under age 25 are most likely to report a developmental disability. Of all households assessed for assistance due to experiencing homelessness, 16% of households experiencing homelessness and other housing crises are identified between Goodhue and Rice counties.



Source: 2018 CoC Regional Homelessness Needs Assessment

Need for Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)

Although the need for permanent supportive housing with intensive services is concentrated in Olmsted County according to the data, Goodhue County also ranked high with households needing PSH with intensive services. Goodhue County data indicated priority need for programs that serve single adults compared to other household types.

In addition to the general category, Goodhue County also identified more than ten households that were chronically homeless and could benefit from a permanent supportive housing facility.

Rapid Re-Housing and Transitional Housing Programs

There is also a need for increased rapid re-housing and transitional housing programs in Goodhue County. At this time, we a very limited number of transitional housing units, primarily in Red Wing and they are always full and have a wait list. Units are open only to transition a household out from the facility and transition and new household in. Again, high needs were identified among single adults and single youth. Referrals for PSH with intensive services totaled 10 and those with moderate PSH need was identified at 50 households, again primarily singles and youth.

CoC Housing and Services Inventory

The following facilities were identified in Goodhue County with the number of beds available:

Emergency Shelter – Hope Coalition (Hope & Harbor)

4 year-round beds (however, this program is winter only) at this time; all beds in Red Wing

ES Vouchers – Hope Coalition

4 year-round beds that can be satisfied through motel vouchers

Maple Hills – Common Bond

10 beds at a single location (1BR, 2BR and 3BR units); services are provided on-site by Advantage Services; all beds in Red Wing

Shelter Plus Care - Red Wing HRA

6 beds of scattered site housing (primarily SF homes) that provides housing and care services; care services are provided by an outside third-party provider; all beds in Red Wing

OEO Rapid Re-Housing – Three Rivers CAP

7 beds of scattered site housing to serve homeless and those at-risk Transitional Housing Program

Transitional Housing – Hope Coalition

9 beds of scattered site housing (tri-plex), three units of housing for singles and families; all beds are in Red Wing

Most of the specialized housing available to serve those that are homeless, chronically homeless or at-risk of becoming homeless is in Red Wing. There is almost no housing that has been identified outside of the City that is available to serve households in other communities such as Goodhue, Zumbrota or Cannon Falls.

Barriers to Securing and Retaining Safe, Decent Affordable Housing

The Family Homelessness and Prevention Assistance Program (FHPAP) is administered across the River Valleys Region by two primary grantees: Minnesota Valley Action Council and Three Rivers Community Action. The program current targets households experiencing moderate vulnerability and barriers to accessing/maintaining housing. Clients were surveyed in January 2019. Clients were provided a list of 15 potential barriers to housing and were asked to identify the top three that were most difficult for them personally. They were also asked to identify the top three barriers in the community or through the current systems in place.

Key Findings

Overall, 7 in 10 clients (70%) identified low household income as a primary personal barrier and 8 in 10 clients (80%) identified lack of affordable housing as a primary system/community barrier. In this way, clients highlighted the mismatch between their household income and housing costs in the community as the largest barrier to accessing and maintaining housing.

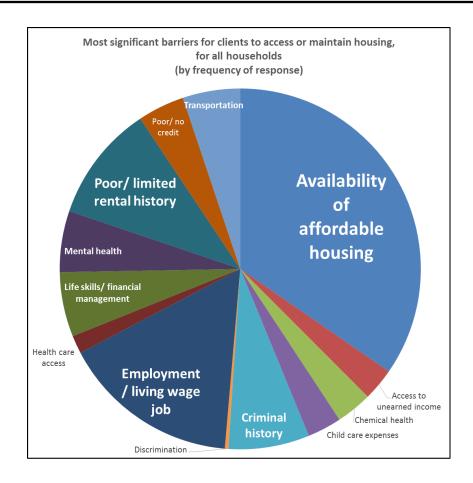
The second most common barrier in each category highlighted the issue of bad credit as a significant issue. Other common personal barriers included a financial emergency or medical issues. For community/system barriers, respondents highlighted tenant screening for criminal history and limited transportation options and the overall lack of housing to rent in their community.

In comparing the 2016 survey responses to the 2018 survey responses, income vs. housing cost and credit issues) remained the No. 1 and No. 2 barriers.

Higher on the list in 2018 were lost job/emergency and medical issues. Also higher on the list were issues with transportation and with landlord screening for criminal records.

Other issues cited in 2018 were lack of daycare for children so parents can work and disability of a household member.

In evaluating clients' barriers to housing the top response was a lack of affordable housing. Employment/living wage job was second highest on the list.



Summary

In the River Valleys Continuum of Care Region, Rochester/Olmsted County had the highest needs identified for homelessness and people at-risk of becoming homeless. This is followed by Mankato/Blue Earth County.

However, Steele, Rice and Goodhue Counties (in that order) also exhibit need.

The overwhelming community/system barrier for homeless households or at-risk of becoming homeless is the lack of housing that is affordable, particularly to households with very low incomes. A single emergency or medical issue can create homelessness. The need for affordable housing is considered a national crisis and households that may already have one or more personal barriers (i.e. mental health, chronic health situation, physical disability) are at even greater risk for becoming homeless.

Many factors have contributed to the severe shortage of affordable housing in our communities and financial tools and resources to develop new affordable housing are insufficient to meet the demand.

Services/Resources Most Effective at Serving Households' Housing Crises

The most effective resources as identified in the analysis for serving households' housing crises and potentially avoiding homelessness were:

- Providing first month's rent/damage deposit 100%
- Case Management 70%
- Long-term Housing Assistance 68%
- Housing Search & Placement 55%
- Employment Services 48%

Respondents selected all the resources that applied.

An action plan was established by County with priorities identifying the types of development and resources most in need for 2019 in the River Valleys CoC Region. These priorities are addressed in the Conclusions and Recommendations section.

HOPE Coalition

The following summarizes information provided by the Executive Director of "HOPE Coalition", a private non-profit corporation dedicated to serving victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, homelessness, and child abuse primarily in Goodhue County, Minnesota and Pierce County, Wisconsin.

- HOPE Coalition leases a triplex through the Red Wing Housing and Rehabilitation Authority
 for long-term transitional housing. Clients can reside in this housing from six months to two
 years. In 2019, four families were served by this facility.
- The Haven of Hope Domestic Violence Shelter is a 24-bed facility. On average, Hope Coalition served 133 sexual assault clients in 2017 and 99 in 2018.

Hope & Harbor

Hope & Harbor is a program through the Hope Coalition that provides emergency overnight shelter during the months of December through February. The program is in Red Wing and rotates among local churches. For 2019-2020, the program was focused at First Presbyterian Church and First Covenant Church. The program provides dinner and breakfast along with an overnight sleeping area. The program is staffed by local volunteers. During this most recent season, Hope & Harbor provided the following:

31 individuals utilized at least one night of shelter

- 561 bed nights (an average of six people using the program per night over the threemonth period)
- 1,134 meals
- 3,367 volunteer hours
- \$36,855 of financial resources

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING - TABLE 8 ANNUAL UTILIZATION/SERVICES HOPE COALITION 2017 & 2018											
Annual Data											
	2017	2018									
Total Aggregate Clients Served	1,705	1,676									
Total Aggregate Client Services	35,428	24,838									
Total Adults Haven of Hope/Outreach	294	427									
Total Youth Haven of Hope/Outreach	75	427									
Total Crisis Calls	481	479									
Total Kids Count Clients Served	138	126									
Total Sexual Assault Clients Served	133	99									
Total Housing Support Services HHs	205	209									
Total Community Care Fund HHs	328	320									
Source: Hope Coalition											

Three Rivers Community Action

Three Rivers Community Action is a non-profit human services organization created by local citizens and incorporated in 1966. Three Rivers' mission is "to work with community partners to address basic human needs of people in our service area, thereby improving the quality of life of the individual, family and community."

Three Rivers primarily serves low-income families. Three Rivers serves more than 15,000 people annually across a multi-county jurisdiction in southeastern Minnesota and coordinates and oversees the Head Start program and Continuum of Care platform. Other services provided include transportation, weatherization, energy assistance, housing development (affordable, persons with disabilities, long-term homeless, among others), family advocacy services, senior programs and homeownership advocacy for those that face barriers to achieving homeownership in the private market.

Although Three Rivers primarily serves communities in Southeastern Minnesota, the River Valleys Continuum of Care jurisdiction covers 20 counties across southern Minnesota, a very broad

geography. Three Rivers is the lead agency for this continuum of care district which is dedicated to preventing and ending homelessness. Three Rivers coordinates an inter-agency team to identify and address the needs of people experiencing homelessness in Goodhue County.

In 2018, Three Rivers achieved the following results and provided the following services to people and households in Goodhue County:

Housing Development

Owned and operated 90 units of affordable multifamily housing in Red Wing, Pine Island and Cannon Falls.

Secured financing to acquire and preserve another 39 Rural Development multifamily units (The Riverwood) in Cannon Falls for low income households including seniors, people with disabilities and the general population. The units will undergo a significant renovation and rehabilitation and will enable these units to continue as affordable for the foreseeable future.

Community Development Services

- Prevented 14 households who were facing eviction from becoming homeless
- Re-housed 11 households experiencing homelessness into affordable housing
- Provided 832 households with nearly \$500,000 to help meet energy needs.
- Coordinated the program where 11,752 meals were delivered to residents in Cannon Falls, Zumbrota, Wanamingo, Pine Island and Goodhue.
- Supported 180 seniors and their caregivers by providing information, resources and service referrals.
- Completed weatherization for five homes and repaired and replaced 29 furnaces and six water heaters.

Early Childhood

- Provided Head Start classroom education and family support services to 51 preschool children and their families in Zumbrota and Red Wing.
- Partnered with Red Wing School District on an inclusion classroom to provide district services to Head Start students.
- Supported five families with children ages 0-3 through Early Head Start and received funding to expand this program.

Transportation

 Operates the Dial-a-Ride bus service that operates in Goodhue County (7 days/week in Red Wing and weekdays in the rest of Goodhue County).

- Provided 99,701 rides on public transportation bus services in Red Wing and another
 52,901 rides in Lake City, Cannon Falls, Zumbrota, Pine Island, Kenyon and Wanamingo.
- Volunteers in Goodhue County provided 1,719 rides to Goodhue residents.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSING - TABLE 9 UTILIZATION/SERVICES - THREE RIVERS COMMUNITY ACTION GOODHUE COUNTY 2018 ANNUAL								
No. of People	2,250	No. of Households	1,070					
	37% children		38% at or below the poverty line					
	27% seniors		40% homeowners					
	16% people of color		57% renters					
	8% Hispanic or Latinx		\$15,572 median annual income *					
	24% have a disability							
	91% have health insurance							
* of HHs that r	eported income							
Source: Three	Rivers Community Action							

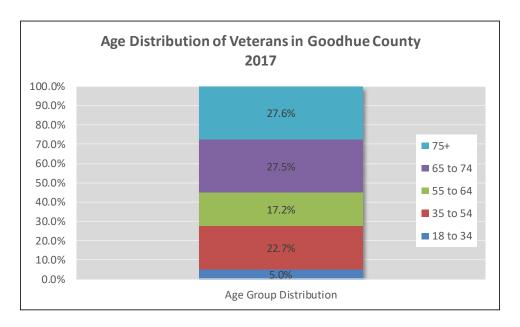
Veterans

According to the Federal Government, a veteran is any person who served honorably on active duty in the armed forces of the United States. The following points summarize key demographic characteristics of the veterans residing in Goodhue County. Data is sourced from the US Census Bureau's American Community Survey 2017.

There are an estimated 3,619 veterans in Goodhue County. The following points summarize characteristics of the veteran population in the County:

- 37% are Vietnam Era veterans;
- 15% are Gulf War veterans (8/1990 to 8/2001);
- 14% are Korean War veterans;
- 11% are Gulf War (9/2001 or later) veterans;
- 4% are World War II veterans;
- 92% of the veterans are male;
- Nearly 98% are White;
- Median income over the past 12 months (2017 inflation adjusted dollars) was \$40,964 for veterans, compared to \$34,648 for the entire civilian population (age 18+);
- 58.9% are college-educated (Bachelor's degree or higher, Associate's degree or some college) compared to 61.1% for the civilian population age 25 and older;
- The labor force participation rate among veterans is 84.9% compared to 83.5% of the civilian population (age 18 to 64);

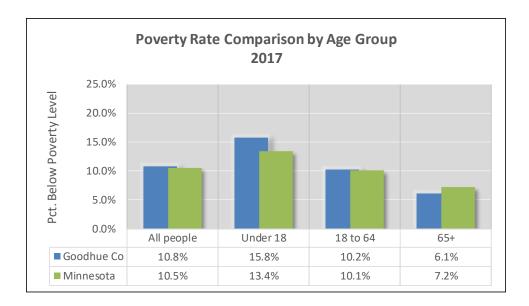
- 6.4% unemployment rate for veterans in the labor force, notably higher than the civilian population (age 18 to 64) unemployment rate of 3.8%; and,
- 28% of veterans are over 75 years old, 28% are 65 to 74 years old, and 17% are age 55 to 64.



Poverty

The US Census Bureau uses a set of income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to determine whether an individual is in poverty. If a family's total income is less than the family's threshold, then every individual in that family is considered in poverty. The following points summarize key findings from the American Community Survey 2017 Poverty Status report for Goodhue County compared to Minnesota.

- Roughly 10.8% of Goodhue County's population (4,870) is considered to be below poverty level, slightly higher than the Minnesota poverty rate of 10.5%
- An estimated 15.8% of all individuals under the age of 18 in Goodhue County are living in poverty, considerably higher than 13.4% in Minnesota.
- The poverty rate for individuals age 18 to 64 is in Goodhue County (10.2%) is very similar
 to the State of Minnesota (10.1%), while the 65 and older population has a lower poverty rate in Goodhue County (6.1%) than Minnesota (7.2%).



- An estimated 53.9% of the Black population and 50.1% of the American Indian population are below the poverty level in Goodhue County, compared to 31.9% and 31.5%, respectively, in Minnesota.
- Roughly 13.6% of the population living in poverty in Goodhue County has less than a high school education (21.6% in Minnesota).
- An estimated 6.8% of the civilian labor force age 16 and older is living in poverty in Goodhue County, compared to 6.6% in Minnesota.
- The unemployment rate for the civilian labor force (age 16 and older) living in poverty is 25.1% in Goodhue County, slightly higher than 22.0% in Minnesota.
- Of the employed persons living in poverty in Goodhue County, roughly 16% worked full-time and 84% worked part-time in the past 12 months.
- Nearly 46% of the age 16 and older population living in poverty in Goodhue County did not work at all in the past 12 months compared to 48% in Minnesota.

Introduction

Affordable housing is a term that has various definitions according to different people and is a product of supply and demand. According to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the definition of affordability is for a household to pay no more than 30% of its annual income on housing (including utilities). Families who pay more than 30% of their income for housing (either rent or mortgage) are considered cost burdened and may have difficulty affording necessities such as food, clothing, transportation and medical care.

Generally, housing that is income-restricted to households earning at or below 80% of Area Median Income (AMI) is considered affordable. Individual properties however, may have income restrictions set anywhere from 30% to 80% of AMI. For example, a 30% rent limit generally applies to units that are targeted to Long-Term Homeless, while most tax credit properties are restricted to households earning 50% to 60% of AMI. Properties with 80% allocations are typically financed with bonds or through a public agency (i.e. a County Community Development Agency or Economic Development Authority). Rent is not based on income but instead is a contract amount that is affordable to households within the specific income restriction segment. Public Housing properties often have a maximum income limit of 80% of AMI, but tenants pay only 30% of their adjusted gross income for rent.

Many of the affordable housing properties in Goodhue County were financed with Section 515 loans made by the United States Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Rural Development Housing and Community Facilities Program. These properties target very low-, low-, and moderate-income families, elderly and people with handicaps and disabilities. Very low-income is considered to be below 50% AMI, low-income is between 50% and 80% AMI and moderate-income is capped at \$5,500 above the low-income limit. Top priority is given to very low-income house-holds. Tenants pay basic rent or 30% of their adjusted income, whichever is greater.

Moderate-income housing, often referred to as "workforce housing," refers to rental and ownership housing. Hence, the definition is broadly defined as housing that is income-restricted to households earning between 50% and 120% AMI.

The following figure summarizes generally recognized AMI Definitions:

AREA MEDIAN INCOME (AMI) DEFINITIONS							
Definition	AMI Range						
Extremely Low Income	0% - 30%						
Very Low Income	31% - 50%						
Low Income	51% - 80%						
Moderate Income Workforce Housing	50% - 120%						

Naturally-Occurring Affordable Housing (NOAH)

Although affordable housing is typically associated with an income-restricted property, there are other housing units in communities that indirectly provide affordable housing. Housing units that were not developed or designated with income restrictions yet are more affordable than other units in a community are considered "naturally-occurring affordable housing (NOAH)" or "unsubsidized affordable" units.

The NOAH housing supply is available through the private market, versus assisted housing programs through various governmental agencies. Property values for these units are typically lower based on a combination of factors, such as: age of structure/housing stock, location, condition, size, functionally obsolete, school district, etc. Because of these factors, housing costs tend to be lower.

According to the *Joint Center for Housing Studies of Harvard University,* the privately unsubsidized housing stock supplies three times as many low-cost affordable units than assisted projects nationwide.

Unlike assisted rental developments, most unsubsidized affordable units are scattered across small properties (one- to four-unit structures) or in older multifamily structures. Many of these older developments are vulnerable to redevelopment due to their older age, modest rents and deferred maintenance.

Because many of these housing units have affordable rents, project-based and private housing markets cannot be easily separated. Some households (typically those with household incomes of 50% to 60% AMI) income-qualify for market rate and project-based affordable housing.

Rent and Income Limits

Housing Affordability Table 1 on the following page shows the maximum allowable incomes by household size to qualify for affordable housing and maximum gross rents that can be charged by bedroom size in Goodhue County.

These incomes are published and revised annually by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and published separately by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency based on the date a project is placed into service.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY TABLE 1 2019 INCOME LIMITS AND MAXIMUM GROSS RENTS GOODHUE COUNTY

Effective Date: 04/24/2019

	Income Limits by Household Size													
	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON						
20% AMI	\$11,500	\$13,140	\$14,780	\$16,420	\$17,740	\$19,060	\$20,380	\$21,680						
30% AMI	\$17,250	\$19,710	\$22,170	\$24,630	\$26,610	\$28,590	\$30,570	\$32,520						
40% AMI	\$23,000	\$26,280	\$29,560	\$32,840	\$35,480	\$38,120	\$40,760	\$43,360						
50% AMI	\$28,750	\$32,850	\$36,950	\$41,050	\$44,350	\$47,650	\$50,950	\$54,200						
60% AMI	\$34,500	\$39,420	\$44,340	\$49,260	\$53,220	\$57,180	\$61,140	\$65,040						
70% AMI	\$40,250	\$45,990	\$51,730	\$57,470	\$62,090	\$66,710	\$71,330	\$75,880						
80% AMI	\$46,000	\$52,560	\$59,120	\$65,680	\$70,960	\$76,240	\$81,520	\$86,720						

	Maximum Gross Rents by Bedroom Size											
	0-BR	1-BR	2-BR	3-BR	4-BR	5-BR	6-BR					
20% AMI	\$287	\$308	\$369	\$427	\$476	\$525	\$574					
30% AMI	\$431	\$462	\$554	\$640	\$714	\$788	\$862					
40% AMI	\$575	\$616	\$739	\$854	\$953	\$1,051	\$1,149					
50% AMI	\$718	\$770	\$923	\$1,067	\$1,191	\$1,314	\$1,436					
60% AMI	\$862	\$924	\$1,108	\$1,281	\$1,429	\$1,577	\$1,724					
70% AMI	\$1,006	\$1,078	\$1,293	\$1,494	\$1,667	\$1,840	\$2,011					
80% AMI	\$1,150	\$1,232	\$1,478	\$1,708	\$1,906	\$2,103	\$2,298					

Note: For projects placed in service on or after 04/24/2019

Sources: Minnesota Housing Finance Agency; HUD; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Housing Affordability Table 2 shows the maximum rents by household size and AMI based on income limits illustrated in the preceding table. The rents in the following table are based on HUD's allocation that monthly rents should not exceed 30% of income. In addition, the table reflects maximum household size based on HUD guidelines of number of persons per unit. For each additional bedroom, the maximum household size increases by two persons.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY TABLE 2
MAXIMUM RENT BASED ON HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND AREA MEDIAN INCOME
GOODHUF COUNTY - 2019

	Maximum Rent Based on Household Size (@ 30% of Income)														
Unit Type	HHD Size Min - Max	30% AMI Min - Max	40% AMI Min - Max	50% AMI Min - Max	60% AMI Min - Max	80% AMI Min - Max									
Studio	1 - 1	\$431 - \$431	\$575 - \$575	\$719 - \$719	\$863 - \$863	\$1,150 - \$1,150									
1BR	1 - 2	\$431 - \$493	\$575 - \$657	\$719 - \$821	\$863 - \$986	\$1,150 - \$1,314									
2BR	2 - 4	\$493 - \$616	\$657 - \$821	\$821 - \$1,026	\$986 - \$1,232	\$1,314 - \$1,642									
3BR	3 - 6	\$554 - \$715	\$739 - \$953	\$924 - \$1,191	\$1,109 - \$1,430	\$1,478 - \$1,906									
4BR	4 - 8	\$616 - \$813	\$821 - \$1,084	\$1,026 - \$1,355	\$1,232 - \$1,626	\$1,642 - \$2,168									

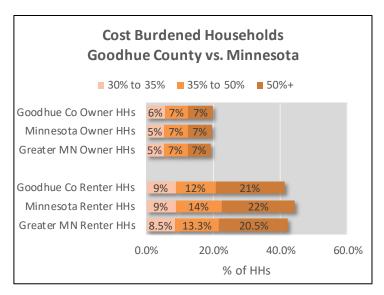
Sources: MN Housing Finance Agency; HUD; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

Housing Cost Burden

Housing Affordability Table 3 on the following page shows the number and percentage of owner and renter households in Goodhue County and its submarkets compared to Minnesota and Greater Minnesota that pay 30% or more of their gross income for housing. This information was compiled from the American Community Survey 2017 estimates.

The Federal standard for affordability is 30% of income for housing costs. Moderately cost-burdened is defined as households paying between 30% and 50% of their income for housing; while severely cost-burdened is defined as households paying more than 50% of their income for housing. Higher-income households that are cost-burdened may have the option of moving to lower priced housing, but lower-income households often do not. The figures focus on owner households with incomes below \$50,000 and renter households with incomes below \$35,000.

- In total, an estimated 4,908 households in Goodhue County were considered cost burdened in 2017, representing 25.4% of all households in the County. By comparison, 26.6% of households in Minnesota and 24.9% in Greater Minnesota were cost burdened.
- An estimated 20.0% of owner households (2,886 households) are estimated to be paying more than 30% of their income for housing costs in Goodhue County, slightly higher than 19.5% in Minnesota and 19.3% in Greater Minnesota.
- An estimated 41.2% of all renter households (2,022 households) pay more than 30% of their income on housing in the County, lower than 44.4% in Minnesota and 42.2% in Greater Minnesota.



- The number of cost burdened households in the County increases proportionally based on lower incomes.
- An estimated 71% of renters with incomes below \$35,000 are cost burdened and 50% of owners with incomes below \$50,000 are cost burdened in Goodhue County. The percentages for renter households are higher in Minnesota overall, as 79% of renter households with incomes below \$35,000 are cost burdened but essentially equal in Greater Minnesota at 72%. Among owner households with incomes below \$50,000, 50% are cost burdened in Minnesota (equal to Goodhue County) and 44% are cost burdened in Greater Minnesota.

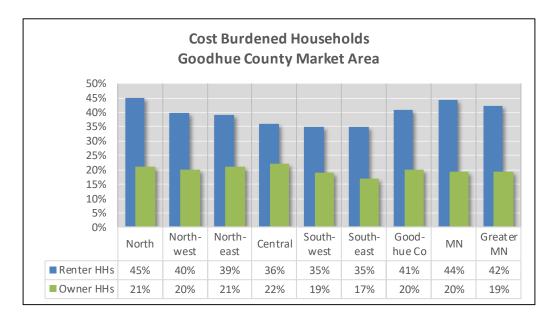
HOUSING AFFORDABILITY TABLE 3 HOUSING COST BURDEN GOODHUE COUNTY MARKET AREA

			Goodhue County Submarkets						
	Goodh	ue Co.	No	North		west	Northeast		
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	
Owner Households									
All Owner HHs	14,435		5,867		2,572		2,381		
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	2,886	20.0%	1,215	20.7%	504	19.6%	508	21.3%	
Cost Burden 30.0% to 34.9%	814	5.6%	333	5.7%	138	5.4%	99	4.2%	
Cost Burden 35.0% to 49.9%	997	6.9%	377	6.4%	188	7.3%	248	10.4%	
Cost Burden 50.0% or more	1,075	7.4%	505	8.6%	178	6.9%	161	6.8%	
Owner HHs w/ incomes <\$50,000	4,132		1,793		664		936		
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	2,046	49.5%	876	48.9%	337	50.8%	414	44.2%	
Renter Households									
All Renter HHs	4,910		2,557		642		640		
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	2,022	41.2%	1,144	44.7%	256	39.9%	247	38.6%	
Cost Burden 30.0% to 34.9%	433	8.8%	262	10.2%	47	7.3%	10	1.6%	
Cost Burden 35.0% to 49.9%	581	11.8%	286	11.2%	91	14.2%	106	16.6%	
Cost Burden 50.0% or more	1,008	20.5%	596	23.3%	118	18.4%	131	20.5%	
Renter HHs w/ incomes <\$35,000	2,550		1,424		290		275		
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	1,797	70.5%	976	68.5%	246	84.8%	226	82.2%	
2017 Median Contract Rent	\$4	82	\$6	17	\$4	63	\$5	19	

	Goodhue County Submarkets						State	Greater
	Cen	Central		west	Southeast		of MN	MN*
	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Owner Households								
All Owner HHs	909		1,482		2,883			
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	203	22.3%	275	18.6%	479	16.6%	19.5%	19.3%
Cost Burden 30.0% to 34.9%	53	5.8%	101	6.8%	142	4.9%	5.3%	5.2%
Cost Burden 35.0% to 49.9%	89	9.8%	85	5.7%	144	5.0%	7.2%	7.1%
Cost Burden 50.0% or more	61	6.7%	89	6.0%	193	6.7%	7.0%	6.9%
Owner HHs w/ incomes <\$50,000	235		419		720			
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	131	55.7%	194	46.3%	348	48.3%	49.6%	44.1%
Renter Households								
All Renter HHs	171		453		991			
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	61	35.7%	160	35.3%	343	34.6%	44.4%	42.2%
Cost Burden 30.0% to 34.9%	19	11.1%	25	5.5%	77	7.8%	8.8%	8.5%
Cost Burden 35.0% to 49.9%	22	12.9%	39	8.6%	117	11.8%	13.7%	13.3%
Cost Burden 50.0% or more	20	11.7%	96	21.2%	149	15.0%	21.9%	20.5%
Renter HHs w/ incomes <\$35,000	65		226		468			
Cost Burden 30.0% or greater	54	83.1%	151	66.8%	312	66.7%	78.6%	72.2%
2017 Median Contract Rent	\$4	54	\$4	93	\$4	41	\$816	\$626

^{*}Greater MN excludes Metro Area Counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington Sources: American Community Survey, 2013-2017 estimates; Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

- An estimated 10.8% of all households in Goodhue County are severely cost-burdened (50% or more of their income toward housing costs), slightly lower than Minnesota (11.2%) but nearly equal to Greater Minnesota (10.2%).
- The following chart provides a cost burden comparison of the six submarkets relative to Goodhue County, Minnesota and Greater Minnesota.



- The proportion of cost burdened owner-occupied households is highest in the Central (22.3% of all owner households), Northeast (21.3%), and North (20.7%), Submarkets, and lowest in the Southeast (16.6%), Southwest (18.6%), and Northwest (19.6%).
- The North and Northwest Submarkets have the highest proportion of cost burdened renteroccupied households at 44.7% and 39.9% of all renter households, respectively, followed by the Northeast (38.6%) and Central (35.7%) Submarkets. Renter household cost burden is lowest in the Southwest (35.3%) and Southeast (34.6%) Submarkets.
- Among the six Goodhue County submarkets, the North has the highest percentage of severely cost-burdened (50% or more of their income toward housing costs) households at 13.1% of all households, followed by the Northeast at 9.7% and the Southwest at 9.6%.
- The percentage of severely cost-burdened households is lowest in the Central Submarket (7.5%), followed by the Southeast (8.8%) and Northwest (9.2%) Submarkets.
- The presence of severely cost-burdened households is highest among renter households in the North Submarket, as 23.3% of all renter households are allocating 50% or more of their income toward housing costs.

Housing Choice Voucher Program

In addition to subsidized apartments, "tenant-based" subsidies such as Housing Choice Vouchers can help lower-income households afford market rate rental housing. The Housing Choice Voucher program (also referred to as Section 8) is funded by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and is administered by the Southeast Minnesota Multi-County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (SEMMCHRA).

The Program utilizes the existing private rental market to provide affordable housing for low-income families, elderly, and disabled persons. Program participants pay a minimum of 30% of their monthly adjusted income toward rent and utilities. The program pays the remainder of the rent to the landlord. The maximum income limit to be eligible for the Housing Choice Voucher program is 50% AMI based on household size. The following summarize key points about the Housing Choice Voucher program in Goodhue County.

- As of July 2019, the Red Wing HRA administered 132 total Vouchers, including eight ported out and one ported in. There are 20 households that have had a Voucher issued but are searching for a unit and 94 households on the wait list.
- SEMMCHRA has 387 vouchers dispersed among six southeast Minnesota counties, including Goodhue County (excluding the City of Red Wing) along with the Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Houston, Wabasha and Winona (excluding the City of Winona).
- As of December 2019, 72 participants are in Goodhue County. Participants reside throughout the County with the highest concentrations in Cannon Falls (30%), the portion of Lake City in Goodhue County (18%), Pine Island (17%), and Zumbrota (17%). Among the 72 Section 8 participants, 35% are elderly and 45% are disabled.
- Currently, the wait list for Section 8 Housing Vouchers is approximately one-year in the SEMMCHRA region. The wait list closed effective August 15, 2019.
- The following summary provides a brief profile of the 387 Section 8 participants in the SEMMCHRA region in 2018 from HUD's "Picture of Subsidized Households" Database:
 - Roughly 42% of the participants moved in the past year;
 - Participant households average 2.2 people per unit (50% have children);
 - Average monthly share of rent paid by participants is currently \$381, while the average monthly subsidy paid by HUD to the landlord is \$428;
 - Average annual household income is \$14,085;
 - Participants spent an average of 14 months on a waiting list; and,
 - Twenty-five percent of participants reside in units with one or fewer bedrooms, 42% are in two-bedroom units and 32% are in units with three or more bedrooms.

Housing Costs as Percentage of Household Income

Housing costs are generally considered affordable at 30% of a households' adjusted gross income. Housing Affordability Table 4 on the following page illustrates key housing metrics based on housing costs and household incomes in Goodhue County. The table estimates the percentage of householders that can afford rental and for-sale housing based on a 30% allocation of income to housing. Housing costs are based on the County averages. The housing affordability calculations assume the following:

For-Sale Housing

- 10% down payment with good credit score
- Closing costs rolled into mortgage
- 30-year mortgage at 3.69% interest rate (average rate in October 2019)
- Private mortgage insurance (equity of less than 20%)
- Homeowners insurance for single-family homes and association dues for townhomes
- Owner household income estimates per ACS

Rental Housing

- Background check on tenant to ensure credit history
- 30% allocation of income
- Renter household income estimates per ACS

Because of the down payment requirement and strict underwriting criteria for a mortgage, not all households will meet the income qualifications as outlined above.

- An estimated 81% of existing owner households could afford to buy a moderately-priced entry-level single-family home (\$150,000) in the County. The proportion of income-qualified households declines as the sale price increases, and roughly 61% of existing owner households could afford to purchase a move-up single-family home priced at \$250,000. The proportion able to afford an executive single-family home priced at \$375,000 declines to 39% of existing owner households.
- The proportion of existing owner households able to purchase a move-up single-family home (\$250,000) ranges from 48% in the Northeast Submarket to 66% in the Southeast Submarket
- An estimated 56% of existing renter households can afford to rent a one-bedroom unit in Goodhue County (\$686/month). The percentage of renter income-qualified households decreases to 47% that can afford an existing two-bedroom unit (\$830/month).
- An estimated 40% of renters could afford to rent a one-bedroom apartment within a new development renting for \$950 per month, with these proportions ranging from 38% in the North Submarket to 52% in the Northeast Submarket.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY TABLE 4 GOODHUE COUNTY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY - BASED ON HOUSEHOLD INCOME December 2019

	Detac	hed Single-F	amily	Townhom	e/Condo/Tv	vinhome
•	Entry-Level		Executive		Entry-Level	
Price of House	\$150,000	\$250,000	\$375,000		\$150,000	\$250,00
Pct. Down Payment	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%		10.0%	10.09
Total Down Payment Amt.	\$15,000	\$25,000	\$37,500		\$15,000	\$25,00
Estimated Closing Costs*	\$4,500	\$7,500	\$11,250	_	\$4,500	\$7,50
Cost of Loan	\$139,500	\$232,500	\$348,750		\$139,500	\$232,50
Interest Rate	3.69%	3.69%	3.69%		3.69%	3.69
Number of Pmts.	360	360	360		360	36
Monthly Payment (P & I)	-\$641	-\$1,069	-\$1,603		-\$641	-\$1,06
(plus) Prop. Tax	-\$188	-\$313	-\$469		-\$188	-\$31
(plus) HO Insurance/Assoc. Fee for TH	-\$50	-\$83	-\$125		-\$150	-\$15
(plus) PMI/MIP (less than 20%)	-\$60	-\$101	-\$151	_	-\$60	-\$10
Subtotal monthly costs	-\$939	-\$1,565	-\$2,348		-\$1,039	-\$1,63
Housing Costs as % of Income	30%	30%	30%		30%	30
Minimum Income Required	\$37,570	\$62,617	\$93,926		\$41,570	\$65,28
Pct. of Owner HHs - Goodhue County	80.6%	61.4%	39.2%		77.5%	59.4
Pct. of Owner HHs - North	80.0%	60.5%	39.1%		76.5%	58.7
Pct. of Owner HHs - Northwest	82.8%	63.5%	42.3%		79.9%	61.3
Pct. of Owner HHs - Northeast	70.3%	47.5%	27.1%		66.8%	45.0
Pct. of Owner HHs - Central	82.8%	62.2%	37.0%		79.7%	59.9
Pct. of Owner HHs - Southwest	80.5%	58.1%	30.5%		77.5%	55.4
Pct. of Owner HHs - Southeast	81.9%	66.3%	45.1%		79.6%	64.5
Rental (Market Rate)						
l		isting Renta			New Rental	
Manthly Dant	1BR	2BR \$830	3BR	1BR	2BR	3B
Monthly Rent Annual Rent	\$686 \$8,232	\$9,960	\$1,134 \$13,608	\$950 \$11,400	\$1,150 \$13,800	\$1,35 \$16,20
Housing Costs as % of Income	30%	30%	30%	30% \$38,000	30%	30
Minimum Income Required Pct. of Renter Households - Goodhue Co	\$27,440 56.1%	\$33,200 46.6%	\$45,360 31.3%	40.1%	\$46,000 30.6%	\$54,00 23.7
Pct. of Renter HHs - North	54.7%	44.4%	28.8%	37.6%	28.1%	21.1
Pct. of Renter HHs - Northwest	60.6%	53.0%	39.4%	47.4%	38.7%	32.2
Pct. of Renter HHs - Northeast	60.9%	57.0%	42.8%	52.0%	42.0%	33.8
Pct. of Renter HHs - Central	62.1%	55.3%	46.8%	51.3%	46.4%	40.4
Pct. of Renter HHs - Southwest	56.0%	45.5%	33.0%	39.5%	32.5%	26.6
Pct. of Renter HHs - Southeast	58.8%	50.4%	32.5%	43.3%	31.6%	23.7
*Estimated closing costs rolled into mor		2011,6	02.070		02.070	

Introduction

This section summarizes demand for specific housing products in the six Goodhue County submarkets and recommends development concepts to meet the projected housing needs. All recommendations are based on findings of the *Comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis*.

Demographic Profile and Housing Demand

The demographic profile of a community affects housing demand and the types of housing that are needed. The various housing life-cycle stages can generally be described as follows.

1. Entry-level householders

 Often prefer to rent basic, inexpensive apartments and will often "double-up" with roommates in apartment setting. Usually singles or couples without children in their early 20's.

2. First-time homebuyers and move-up renters

• Usually married or cohabitating couples in their mid-20's or 30's, some with children, but most are without children that prefer to purchase modestly-priced single-family homes or rent more upscale apartments.

3. Move-up homebuyers

 Typically, families with children where householders are in their late 30's to 40's and prefer to purchase newer, larger, and therefore more expensive single-family homes.

4. Empty-nesters (persons whose children have grown and left home) and nevernesters (persons who never have children)

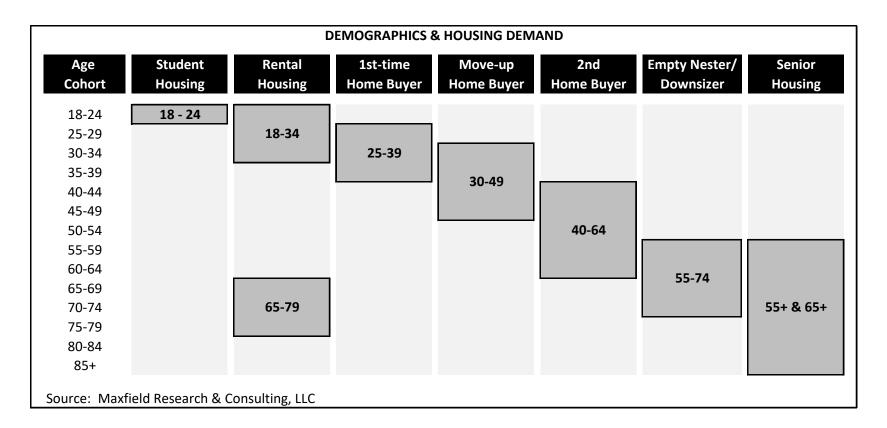
Generally, couples in their 50's or 60's that prefer owning but will consider renting their housing and some will move to alternative lower-maintenance housing products.

5. Younger independent seniors

 Prefer owning but will consider renting their housing and will often move (at least part of the year) to retirement havens in the Sunbelt and desire to reduce their responsibilities for housing upkeep and maintenance. Generally, in their late 60's or 70's.

6. Older seniors

 May need to move out of their single-family home due to physical and/or health constraints or a desire to reduce their responsibilities for upkeep and maintenance. Often single females (widows) in their mid-70's or older.



	TYPICAL HOUSING TYPE CHARACTERISTICS							
	Housing Types	Target Market/ Demographic	Unit/Home Characteristics	Lot Sizes/ Units Per Acre ¹				
	Entry-level single-family	First-time buyers: Families, couples w/no children, some singles	1,200 to 2,200 sq. ft. 2-4 BR 2 BA	80'+ wide lot 2.5-3.0 DU/Acre				
	Move-up single-family	Step-up buyers: Families, couples w/no children	2,000 sq. ft.+ 3-4 BR 2-3 BA	80'+ wide lot 2.5-3.0 DU/Acre				
	Executive single-family	Step-up buyers: Families, couples w/no children	2,500 sq. ft.+ 3-4 BR 2-3 BA	100'+ wide lot 1.5-2.0 DU/Acre				
sing	Small-lot single-family	First-time & move-down buyers: Families, couples w/no children, empty nesters, retirees	1,700 to 2,500 sq. ft. 3-4 BR 2-3 BA	40' to 60' wide lot 5.0-8.0 DU/Acre				
For-Sale Housing	Entry-level townhomes	First-time buyers: Singles, couples w/no children	1,200 to 1,600 sq. ft. 2-3 BR 1.5BA+	6.0-12.0 DU/Acre				
For-S	Move-up townhomes	First-time & step-up buyers: Singles, couples, some families, empty-nesters	1,400 to 2,000 sq. ft. 2-3 BR 2BA+	6.0-8.0. DU/Acre				
	Executive townhomes/twinhomes	Step-up buyers: Empty-nesters, retirees	2,000+ sq. ft. 3 BR+ 2BA+	4.0-6.0 DU/Acre				
	Detached Townhome	Step-up buyers: Empty-nesters, retirees, some families	2,000+ sq. ft. 3 BR+ 2BA+	4.0-6.0 DU/Acre				
	Condominums	First-time & step-up buyers: Singles, couples, empty-nesters, retirees	800 to 1,700 sq. ft. 1-2 BR 1-2 BA	Low-rise: 18.0-24.0 DU/Acre Mid-rise: 25.0+ DU/Acre Hi-rise: 75.0+ DU/Acre				
Rental Housing	Apartment-style rental housing	Singles, couples, single-parents, some families, seniors	675 to 1,250 sq. ft. 1-3 BR 1-2 BA	Low-rise: 18.0-24.0 DU/Acre Mid-rise: 25.0+ DU/Acre Hi-rise: 75.0+ DU/Acre				
	Townhome-style rental housing	Single-parents, families w/children, empty nesters	900 to 1,700 sq. ft. 2-4 BR 2BA	8.0-12.0 DU/Acre				
	Student rental housing	College students, mostly undergraduates	550 to 1,400 sq. ft. 1-4BR 1-2 BA	Low-rise: 18.0-24.0 DU/Acre Mid-rise: 25.0+ DU/Acre Hi-rise: 50.0+ DU/Acre				
Both	Senior housing	Retirees, Seniors	550 to 1,500 sq. ft. Suites - 2BR 1-2 BA	Varies considerably based o senior product type				

Demand for housing can come from several sources including household growth, changes in housing preferences, and replacement need. Household growth necessitates building new housing unless there is enough vacant housing available to absorb the increase in households. Demand is also affected by shifting demographics such as the aging population, which dictates the type of housing preferred. New housing to meet replacement need is required, even in the absence of household growth, when existing units no longer meet the needs of the population and when renovation is not feasible because the structure is physically or functionally obsolete.

Rural areas tend to have higher proportions of younger households that own their housing than in the larger growth centers or metropolitan areas. In addition, senior households tend to move to alternative housing at an older age. These conditions are a result of housing market dynamics, which typically provide more affordable single-family housing for young households and a scarcity of senior housing alternatives for older households.

Demographic shifts are a significant factor influencing housing demand. Household growth and formation are critical (natural growth, immigration, etc.), as well as household types, size, age of householders, incomes, etc.

A variety of factors contribute to consumer choice and preferences. A change in family status is often the primary factor for a change in housing type (i.e. growing families, empty-nest families, etc.). Housing demand however, is also generated from the turnover of existing households who decide to move for a range of reasons. Some households may want to move-up, downsize, change their tenure status (i.e. owner to renter or vice versa), or simply move to a new location.

The economy and housing market are intertwined; the health of the housing market affects the broader economy and vice versa. Housing market growth depends on job growth (or the prospect of); jobs generate income growth which results in the formation of more households and can stimulate household turnover. Historically low unemployment rates have driven both existing home purchases and new-home purchases. Lack of job growth leads to slow or diminishing household growth, which in-turn relates to reduced housing demand. Additionally, low income growth results in fewer move-up buyers which results in diminished housing turnover across all income brackets.

The existing housing stock plays a crucial component in the demand for new housing. There are a variety of unique household types and styles, not all of which are desirable to today's consumers. The age of the housing stock is an important component for housing demand, as communities with aging housing stocks have higher demand for remodeling services, replacement new construction, or new home construction as the current inventory does not provide the supply that consumers seek. Pent-up demand may also exist if supply is unavailable as householders postpone a move until new housing product becomes available.

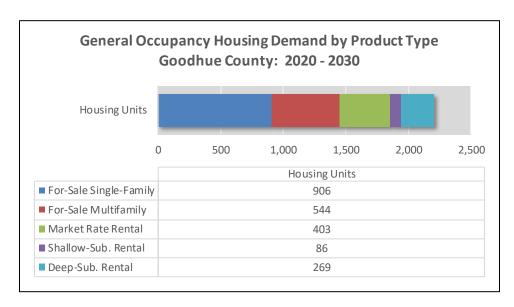
Household income is the fundamental measure that dictates what a householder can afford to pay for housing costs. According to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the definition of affordability is for a household to pay no more than 30% of its annual income on housing (including utilities). Families who pay more than 30% of their income for housing (either rent or mortgage) are considered cost burdened and may have difficulty affording necessities such as food, clothing, transportation and medical care.

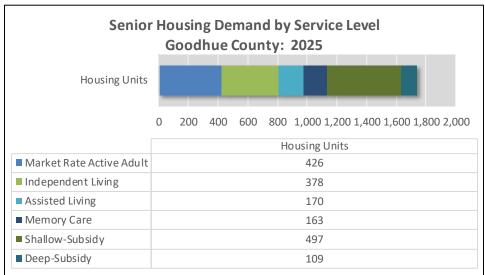
The ability of buyers to obtain mortgage financing has recently improved as lenders have eased restrictions that had been in place after the Great Recession. As a result, many borrowers have been taking the opportunity to seek for-sale housing priced within their means or refinancing their current residence.

Housing Demand Summary

The table on the following page and related charts illustrate demand calculated by housing product type and submarket in Goodhue County (including the portions of Dennison, Lake City, and Pine Island that are outside the County).

Housing demand is somewhat fluid between submarkets and communities in Goodhue County, and satisfying the anticipated demand will be highly dependent on the availability of suitable housing options in the various communities in the County. Additionally, housing demand in the County will be impacted by development activity in nearby areas, notably in communities surrounding Rochester in Olmsted County as well as the southeast portion of the Twin Cities Metro Area.



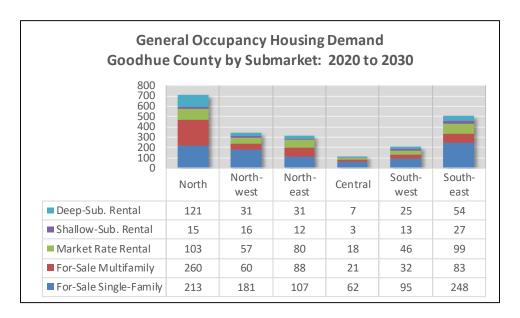


CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF HOUSING DEMAND GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET January 2020

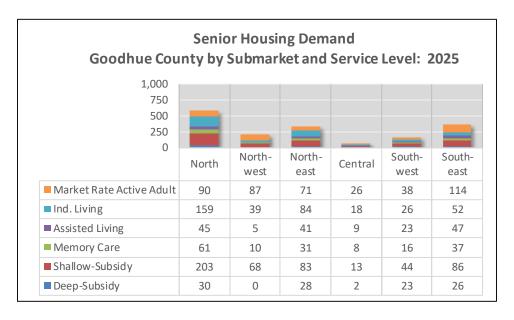
					Januar y	`									
	North			Northwest			Northeast		Central		Southwest		Southeast		
General Occupancy Housing (2020-2030)															
For-Sale Units	4	473		241			195		83		127		331		
Single-Family	2	13		18	31		10	07	62		95			248	
Multifamily	2	60		6	0		8	8	2	1		32		83	
Rental Units	2	239		104			123		28			84		180	
Market Rate	1	103		57			80		18			46		99	
Shallow-Subsidy	1	15		16			12		3		13		27		
Deep-Subsidy	121			31			31		7		25		54		
Total General Occupancy Housing Units	7	712		345			318		111		211		511		
Senior Housing (2020 & 2025)															
	2020	2025	2	2020	2025		2020	2025	2020	2025	2020	2025	2020	2025	
Market Rate Active Adult Units	117	90		79	87		66	71	26	26	39	38	103	114	
Renter-Occupied	83	50		52	58		29	32	18	18	23	22	72	80	
Owner-Occupied	34	40		27	29		37	39	8	8	16	16	31	34	
Market Rate Service-Enhanced Units	225	265		37	54		136	156	33	35	64	65	116	136	
Independent Living (Congregate)	144	159		31	39		78	84	17	18	26	26	41	52	
Assisted Living	32	45		1	5		33	41	9	9	23	23	42	47	
Memory Care	49	61		5	10		25	31	7	8	15	16	33	37	
Subsidized Senior Housing Units	292	233		68	68		123	111	17	15	73	67	124	112	
Shallow-Subsidy	247	203		68	68		90	83	15	13	48	44	93	86	
Deep-Subsidy	45	30		0	0		33	28	2	2	25	23	31	26	

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

In total, we find demand for 2,208 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 1,450 for-sale units and 758 rental units. General occupancy demand is expected to be strongest in the North (712 units) and Southeast (511 units) Submarkets.



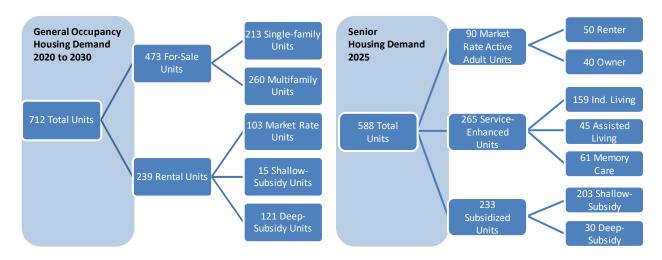
We find excess demand for a total of 1,743 senior housing units in 2025. Of these senior units, roughly 35% would be shallow- or deep-subsidy active adult housing (606 units), while 24% would market rate active adult housing (426 units) and the remaining 41% would be market rate service-enhanced housing (711 units). Senior housing demand is projected to be strongest in the North (588 units), Southeast (362 units) and Northeast (338 units) Submarkets.



A summary of demand by submarket is provided on the following pages.

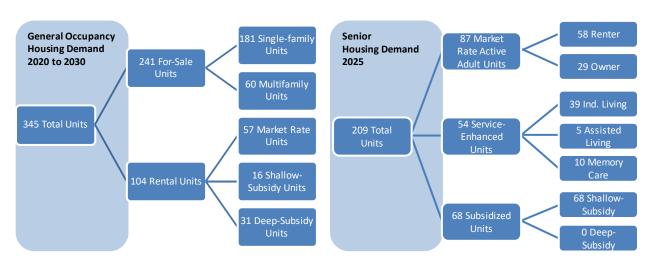
North Submarket

The North Submarket consists of the City of Red Wing along with the Townships of Featherstone, Hay Creek, Vasa, Wacouta and Welch. As depicted below, we find demand for 712 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 473 for-sale units and 238 rental units. We also find demand for 588 senior housing units, including 90 market rate active adult units, 265 service-enhanced units and 233 subsidized units.



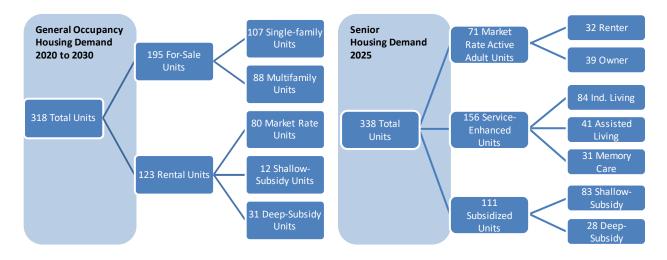
Northwest Submarket

The Northwest Submarket consists of the Cities of Cannon Falls and Dennison (including the portion of Dennison in Rice County) along with the Townships of Cannon Falls, Leon, Stanton, and Warsaw. As depicted below, we find demand for 345 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 241 for-sale units and 104 rental units. We also find demand for 209 senior housing units in 2025, including 87 market rate active adult units, 54 service-enhanced units, and 68 subsidized units.



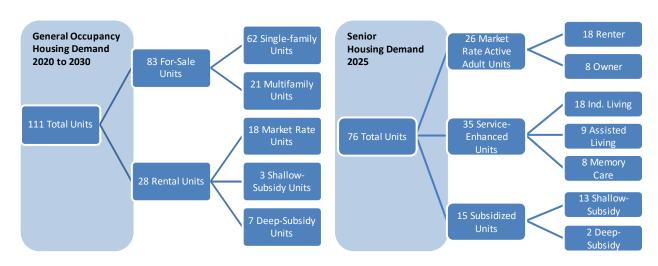
Northeast Submarket

The Northeast Submarket consists of the City of Lake City (including the portion of Lake City in Wabasha County) and Florence Township. As depicted below, we find demand for 318 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 195 for-sale units and 123 rental units. We also find demand for 338 senior housing units in 2025, including 71 market rate active adult units, 156 service-enhanced units, and 111 subsidized units.



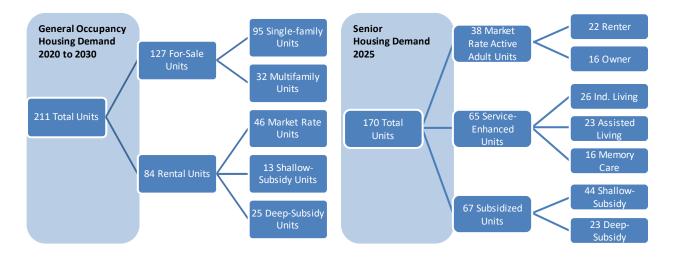
Central Submarket

The Central Submarket consists of the City of Goodhue, the portion of the City of Bellechester in Goodhue County, along with the Townships of Belle Creek, Belvidere, and Goodhue. As depicted below, we find demand for 111 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 83 for-sale units and 28 rental units. We also find demand for 76 senior housing units in 2025, including 26 market rate active adult units, 35 service-enhanced units, and 15 subsidized units.



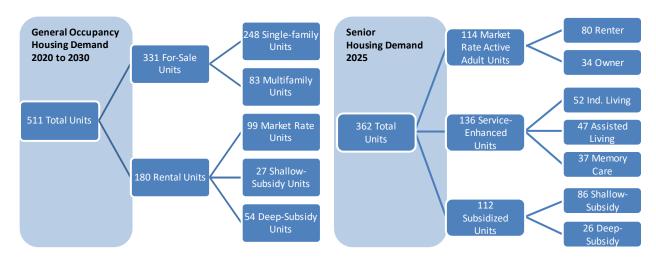
Southwest Submarket

The Southwest Submarket consists of the Cities of Kenyon and Wanamingo along with the Townships of Cherry Grove, Holden, Kenyon, and Wanamingo. As depicted below, we find demand for 211 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 127 for-sale units and 84 rental units. We also find demand for 170 senior housing units in 2025, including 38 market rate active adult units, 65 service-enhanced units and 67 subsidized units.



Southeast Submarket

The Southeast Submarket consists of the Cities of Pine Island (including the portion of Pine Island in Olmsted County) and Zumbrota along with the Townships of Minneola, Pine Island, Roscoe, and Zumbrota. As depicted below, we find demand for 511 general occupancy housing units between 2020 and 2030, including 331 for-sale units and 180 rental units. We also find demand for 362 senior housing units in 2025, including 114 market rate active adult units, 136 service-enhanced units, and 112 subsidized units.



Recommendations

Based on the findings of the analysis and demand calculations, Conclusions and Recommendations Tables 2 through 4 on the following pages summarize recommended development concepts for general occupancy and senior housing in Goodhue County to 2030. The proposed concepts are intended to act as a development guide to meet the housing needs of existing and future households in the County.

For-Sale Housing

Based on information gathered on for-sale properties in the County along with feedback from local officials, major employers and area real estate professionals, we provide the following conclusions regarding the for-sale housing market in Goodhue County.

Our recommendations include a breakdown of units by price range: entry-level housing is defined as housing priced less than \$150,000; move-up housing is priced between \$175,000 and \$300,000; and, executive housing is priced over \$350,000.

- Demand was estimated at 1,450 units of new for-sale housing in the six submarkets by 2030. The general consensus is there is demand for many types of housing in the area, but based on recent sale transactions, housing demand appears to be highest for housing priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 (29% of all sales since 2017) and for homes priced between \$150,000 and \$199,999 (28% of closed sales).
- Multifamily housing products can be an option for buyers looking for a starter home and households seeking to downsize or don't want the responsibilities of upkeep and maintenance. As such, we estimate that 38% of the demand for new for-sale housing development in the County will be multifamily units and we recommend that most for-sale multifamily units be geared toward the entry-level market or for older households.
- Based on sales activity, home-buying demand in Goodhue County is strong for homes below \$200,000, but it is difficult to build new for-sale housing in that price range.
- One way to provide entry-level for-sale housing is to generate household turnover by increasing the supply of move-up and executive housing. Entry-level home demand will primarily be satisfied by existing single-family homes as residents of existing homes move into move-up and executive housing products built in the community.
- A move-up buyer is typically one who is selling one house and purchasing another one, usually a larger and more expensive home. The move is typically desired because of a lifestyle change, such as a new job or a growing family. The 45 to 54 and 35 to 44 age groups are target markets for move-up and executive housing.

- As mentioned previously, move-up housing in the County is generally priced in the \$175,000 to \$300,000 range. However, new construction housing would likely cost in excess of \$300,000. Therefore, the development of any new move-up for-sale single-family housing may necessitate a public-private partnership.
- In total, demand was identified for 906 single-family homes in the County between 2020 and 2030. Based on the age distribution of households along with comments from area employers and real estate professionals, we suggest that approximately 65% of the units be priced in the move-up range (589 total homes), 15% priced as executive homes (136 homes), and 20% in the entry-level range (181 units).
- Demand was also identified for 544 multifamily units. Because the multifamily target market will likely be first-time homebuyers or older householders looking to downsize, we recommend that multifamily housing be split between the entry-level (40%) and move-up ranges (60%). As stated earlier, it would be difficult to build new multifamily housing in the entry-level price range.

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS TABLE 2 GENERAL OCCUPANCY FOR-SALE HOUSING PRICING BREAKDOWN GOODHUE COUNTY January 2020

			Submarkets										
	Purchase Price ¹	Pct.	North	Northwest	Northeast	Central	Southwest	Southeast					
Detached Sing	le-Family												
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	20%	43	36	21	12	19	50					
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	65%	138	118	70	40	62	161					
Executive	\$350,000+	15%	32	27	16	9	14	37					
Submarket Total: 100%			213	181	107	62	95	248					
Multifamily (i.	e. townhomes, twin hor												
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	40%	104	24	35	8	13	33					
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	60%	156	36	53	13	19	50					
Submarket To	Submarket Total: 100%			60	88	21	32	83					

¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

• We identified 107 active subdivisions in the nine Goodhue County cities, containing 1,336 vacant lots, including 997 detached single-family lots and 339 multifamily (i.e. townhome, twin home) lots. Based on the for-sale housing demand calculations, it appears that the existing supply of vacant lots is sufficient to satisfy demand in the short-term, but additional lots will be needed by 2030. Projected demand exceeds lot supply in Red Wing, Cannon Falls, Dennison, Goodhue, Kenyon, and Pine Island suggesting that additional lots will be needed in these communities by 2030. Existing lot supply exceeds projected housing demand in Lake City, Wanamingo and Zumbrota.

Multifamily owned products that would enable the homeowner to reduce or eliminate the burden of exterior maintenance, but still provide a comfortable and attractive living environment are expected to experience growing demand over the next several years. While empty-nesters and independent seniors are, in growing numbers, seeking more flexible living arrangements, development of these types of housing units dropped off considerably during the recession. As market pressures for these products increase, it is likely that more builders will see an opportunity to satisfy a portion of this demand. Product types such as townhomes, detached townhomes and twin homes along with condominiums fit into this category.

In addition to empty nesters and young seniors (65 to 74 years) who are the primary target market for twin homes and detached villas, mid-age professionals, particularly singles and couples without children, will seek townhomes if they prefer not to have the maintenance responsibilities of a single-family home. In some housing markets, younger households also find purchasing an owned row home or townhome to be more affordable than purchasing a new detached single-family home. There is a limited supply of multifamily housing options for sale, and there may be pent-up demand for new multifamily units in the County.

Based on changing demographics over the next ten to 15 years and a growing demand for alternative housing products, demand was calculated for 544 new multifamily for-sale units in the six Goodhue County submarkets to 2030. Given the aging of the population and the high growth rate in the age 55+ population (especially 65-74 age cohorts), the County would benefit from a more diverse owner-occupied housing stock.

These attached units could be developed as twin homes, detached townhomes or villas, townhomes/row homes, or any combination thereof. Because the primary target market is emptynesters and young seniors, the majority of townhomes should be single-level, or at least have a master suite on the main level if a unit has two stories. The following provides greater detail into townhome and twin home-style housing.

• Twin homes— By definition, a twin home is two units with a shared wall with each owner owning half of the lot. Traditionally most twin home developments have been designed with the garage being the prominent feature of the home, but newer twin homes have much more architectural detail. Many higher-end twin home developments feature designs where one garage faces the street and the other to the side yard. This design helps reduce the prominence of the garage domination with two separate entrances.

Housing products designed to meet the needs of aging residents, many of whom desire to stay in their current community if housing is available to meet their needs, will be needed into the foreseeable future. Twin homes are also a preferred for-sale product by builders in today's market as units can be developed as demand warrants. Because twin homes bring higher density and economies of scale to the construction process, the price point can be lower than stand-alone single-family homes but are usually more expensive than rowhomes which are built in multi-unit buildings (4, 6, or 8-unit structures).

Twin homes are expected to be in demand for quite some time as older adults and seniors will move to this housing product with substantial equity in their existing single-family home and will be willing to purchase a maintenance-free home that is priced similar to their existing single-family home. Move-up twin homes are becoming popular in many mid-size and smaller size communities in the Upper Midwest.

Detached Townhomes/Villas – A recent modern alternative to the twin home is the single-level villa product and/or rambler. This product also appeals mainly to baby boomers and empty nesters seeking a product similar to a single-family home on a smaller scale while receiving the benefits of maintenance-free living. Units are often designed with a walk-out or lookout lower level if the topography warrants. We recommend lot widths ranging from 45 to 55 feet with main-level living areas between 1,600 and 1,800 square feet.

The main level living area usually features a master bedroom, great room, dining room, kitchen, and laundry room while offering a "flex room" that could be another bedroom, office, media room, or exercise room. Owners should also be able to purchase the home with the option to finish the lower level (i.e. additional bedrooms, game room, storage, den/study, etc.) and some owners may want a slab-on-grade product for affordability reasons. Finally, builders could also provide the option to build a two-story detached product that could be mixed with the single-level villa product.

Pricing for a detached townhome/villa is traditionally more expensive than twin homes due to larger lot sizes. Villa-style homes may often be priced equal to single-family homes in some communities where buyers prefer the lifestyle of the villa rather than a single-family home, but do not want to reduce the in-unit amenities.

Side-by-Side and Back-to-Back Townhomes – This product is designed with three or four or more separate living units in one building and can be built in a variety of configurations. With the relative affordability of these units and multi-level living, side-by-side and back-to-back townhomes have the greatest appeal among entry-level households without children, young families and singles and/or roommates across the age span. Two-story townhomes would also be attractive to middle-market, move-up, and empty-nester buyers. Many of these buyers want to downsize from a single-family home into maintenance-free housing; empty-nester and young senior households often have substantial equity from the sale of their single-family homes to dedicate toward the purchase of a new residence.

In general, side-by-side townhomes were slow to recover from the recession in terms of pricing. Many townhome developments throughout the Upper Midwest had a substantial portion of foreclosures and were, therefore, attractive for real estate investors who purchase the units and then rented them out. New construction townhomes could be considered as a viable owner-occupied product, but we recommend an initial focus on twin homes for the empty-nester and young senior market segment.

General Occupancy Rental Housing

Our review of market conditions indicates that the general occupancy rental housing market is performing well in Goodhue County with vacancy rates below equilibrium. The equilibrium vacancy rate for rental housing is considered to be 5.0%, which allows for normal turnover and an adequate supply of alternatives for prospective renters.

The inventory of rental properties in Goodhue County was 2.5% vacant as of November 2019, including a 1.4% vacancy rate among the affordable/subsidized properties and a 3.6% vacancy rate in the market rate properties.

Many renter households seek newer rental housing with modern features and amenities (i.e. central air conditioning, garage parking, stainless steel or black kitchen appliances, solid-surface countertops, high ceilings, walk-in closets, in-unit laundry). Because of the older age of the rental housing stock in Goodhue County, modern features and amenities are not being offered at most properties. Due to the limited supply of available rental housing, particularly units with modern features and amenities, many potential renters find housing outside the County.

Job growth in Goodhue County and surrounding area (i.e. Rochester, Twin Cities Metro Area) will likely generate rental housing demand over the next several years. Additionally, there continues to be more lifestyle renters in the market, those with busy professional lives and people who prefer to spend their free time in leisure pursuits rather than on upkeep and maintenance of a home.

The strongest sources of demand for new rental housing will likely be young singles or couples without children in their mid-20s to early-30s who work in Goodhue County, Rochester, or other nearby communities. Mid-age households (never-nesters or empty-nesters) could also account for a portion of demand for new rental housing. These households tend to have higher incomes and desire rental housing with modern features and higher finish levels. A rental townhome development could attract family households as well as empty-nesters, and shallow-subsidy rental housing will draw from a wide variety of population segments, including; low-wage workers, single-parent households, and low-income family households.

The development of new general occupancy rental housing could benefit residents of Goodhue County by increasing the variety of housing in the community and providing housing opportunities for a market that currently has limited options available.

Due to the positioning of much of the existing rental supply, a significant portion of the market rate units are priced at or below guidelines for affordable housing, which indirectly satisfies some demand from households that income-qualify for financially assisted housing. However, today's renter base is seeking newer rental properties with additional and updated amenities that are not offered in older developments. Most rental properties in Goodhue County do not provide modern features and amenities.

Conclusions and Recommendations Table 3 provides a summary of the recommended mix of general occupancy rental housing including unit type and monthly rents by City. Due to the limited supply of available rental housing units in the County along with our discussions with area employers and real estate professionals, there appears to be an immediate need for new rental housing in Goodhue County.

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS TABLE 3 RECOMMENDED RENTAL HOUSING DEVELOPMENT GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET January 2020

	Monthly Rent Range ¹	No. of Units	City
North Submarket			
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$950/1BR - \$1,200/2BR \$1,250/2BR - \$1,550/3BR	50 - 60 24 - 32	Red Wing Red Wing
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	24 - 30	Red Wing
Northwest Submarket			
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	24 - 26 12 - 14 4 - 6	Cannon Falls Cannon Falls Dennison
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	16 - 20	Cannon Falls
Northeast Submarket			
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR \$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	30 - 36 14 - 18	Lake City Lake City
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	10 - 16	Lake City
Central Submarket			
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	10 - 12 4 - 6	Goodhue Goodhue
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	NA - NA	
Southwest Submarket			
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR \$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	10 - 14 8 - 10	Kenyon <u>and</u> Wanamingo Kenyon <u>and</u> Wanamingo
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	10 - 16	Kenyon <u>or</u> Wanamingo
Southeast Submarket			
Market Rate Apartments Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR \$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	24 - 30 10 - 12	Pine Island <u>and</u> Zumbrota Pine Island <u>and</u> Zumbrota
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income ²	18 - 20	Pine Island <u>or</u> Zumbrota

¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation.

Note - Unit amounts reflect the size of property that could be supported in the short-term but do not equal total calculated demand over the long-term.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

² Affordablity subject to income guidelines per US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

The recommendations in this table are intended to reflect the size of property that could be supported in each City in the short-term. Total general occupancy rental demand between 2020 and 2030 exceeds the number of units shown in the table. Based on the analysis, the six submarkets in Goodhue County can accommodate a combined total of 403 new market rate rental housing units, 86 shallow-subsidy units and 269 deep-subsidy units to 2030, although there is some overlap in demand for shallow-subsidy and deep-subsidy units.

General occupancy deep-subsidy properties are essentially no longer being built as available funding is very limited, so we exclude deep-subsidy from the recommended development concepts table. There are however, properties under special funding programs that target long-term homeless, households with disabilities or households that require permanent supportive housing that have been constructed recently. Rural Development properties typically have additional rental assistance to support very low-income households.

Market Rate Rental – Monthly rent range recommendations for market rate rental properties are based on current rents at existing properties, household incomes and average wages for each Submarket. We recommend middle- to upper-market rental properties, ranging from 50 to 60 units in Red Wing to 10 to 12 units in Goodhue that could attract a diverse resident profile including young singles and couples across all ages.

To appeal to a wide target market, we suggest a project with a mix of one- and two-bedroom units. Larger two-bedroom units would be attractive to married couples without children as well as empty-nesters downsizing from a single-family home.

Monthly rents (in 2019 dollars) should average approximately \$950 for a one-bedroom unit to \$1,200 for a two-bedroom unit, depending on location within the County. Average market rate rents in Goodhue County are approximately \$0.87 per square foot, however monthly rents in a new construction project should range from about \$1.15 to \$1.30 per square foot, depending on unit type, to be financially feasible. Monthly rents can be trended up by 2.0% annually prior to occupancy to account for inflation depending on overall market conditions.

Because of construction and development costs, it may be difficult for a market rate apartment to be financially feasible with rents lower than the suggested per square foot price. Thus, for this type of project to become a reality, there may need to be a public – private partnership to reduce development costs and bring down the rents or the developer will need to provide smaller unit sizes.

New market rate rental units should be designed with contemporary amenities that include open floor plans, higher ceilings, in-unit washer and dryer, solid-surface countertops in kitchen, full kitchen appliance package, central air-conditioning, garage parking, and outdoor recreation (fire pit, grilling area, etc.) Smaller projects could offer more basic amenities such as window air conditioning units and detached garage parking.

 Market Rate General Occupancy Rental Townhomes— We believe that demand exists for rental townhome units for empty-nesters and families, including those families who are new to the community and want to rent until they find a home for purchase.

As an alternative to an apartment-style building, we recommend rental townhome projects with rents of approximately \$1,250 for two-bedroom units to \$1,500 for three-bedroom units, depending on Submarket. Units should be larger than in an apartment development and feature contemporary amenities (i.e. in-unit washer/dryer, appliances, kitchen island, high ceilings, etc.), an attached two car garage, and the development should provide some open/green space.

Shallow-Subsidy General Occupancy Multifamily Housing—We estimate that demand exists for a total of about 86 shallow-subsidy and 269 deep-subsidy units through 2030. Shallow-and deep-subsidy rental housing demand is strongest in the North, Southeast, Northwest, and Northeast Submarkets, although a new shallow-subsidy rental housing development would likely attract residents from a fairly broad geographic area, stretching well-beyond submarket boundaries. We find limited demand for an affordable project in the Central Submarket.

Shallow-subsidy housing attracts households that cannot afford market rate housing units but do not income-qualify for deep-subsidy housing. Shallow-subsidy projects attract a broad group of tenants based on the unit type. One-bedroom units target singles and couples, whereas two and three-bedroom units target families. Some retired seniors would also be attracted to an affordable concept.

Although there is an older supply of apartment units in the County that indirectly serves as affordable housing, we recommend shallow-subsidy concepts that would target residents at 40% to 60% AMI (i.e. one- to two-person households with incomes ranging from \$23,000 to \$39,420). We recommend a project with one, two- and three-bedroom units. Units should feature central air conditioning, full kitchen appliance package, in-unit washer/dryer, and enclosed parking. Residents at 40% to 50% AMI would also qualify for deep-subsidy housing.

• <u>Deep-Subsidy Rental Housing</u>— Subsidized housing receives financial assistance (i.e. operating subsidies, rent payments, etc.) from governmental agencies in order to make the rent affordable to low-to-moderate income households. Although we find demand for 269 deep-subsidy rental housing units to 2030, this housing is very difficult to develop financially. A new subsidized or public housing development would have pent-up demand. But since this housing is challenging to develop, an alternative to a multifamily structure is to acquire single-site housing structures to meet a portion of this demand. A portion of this demand could be captured in shallow-subsidy rental housing or in market rate housing with an affordability component.

Interviews conducted for the analysis identified a need for housing for people with disabilities. HUD does offer funding through the Section 811 Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities program. HUD provides funding to develop and subsidize rental housing with support services available for very low- and extremely low-income adults with disabilities. A Section 811 deep-subsidy project in Goodhue County would meet a need by providing housing for this population. This population can also be served through the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program as well as through a combination of other funding resources, some of which may combine LIHTC with other programs and/or bond financing.

Senior Housing

As illustrated in Conclusions and Recommendations Table 1, demand exists for senior housing in Goodhue County in 2020 and 2025. Development of additional senior housing is recommended in order to provide alternate housing options to these residents as they age. Conclusions and Recommendations Table 4 provides a summary of the recommended mix of senior units by Submarket and service level including product type, monthly rents and City.

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS TABLE 4 SENIOR RENTAL HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS GOODHUE COUNTY BY SUBMARKET & CITY January 2020					
		Active Adu	ult Rental ²	Service-	Enhanced
		Market Rate	Shallow- Subsidy	Catered Living ³	Memory Care ⁴
 Monthly Ren	· Range ¹	\$1,000/1BR	Moderate	\$1,650 -	\$4,500 -
livionemy nem		-	Income	\$4,500	\$5,500
			Project S	ize	
		Market	Shallow-	Catered	Memory
Submarket	City	Rate	Subsidy	Living ³	Care ⁴
North	Red Wing	24-30	30-40	40-50	18-24
North Northwest	Red Wing Cannon Falls	24-30 24-30	30-40 20-24	40-50 20-30	18-24 8-10
	•				_
Northwest	Cannon Falls	24-30	20-24	20-30	8-10
Northwest Northeast	Cannon Falls Lake City	24-30 20-24	20-24 30-40	20-30 40-50	8-10 16-20
Northwest Northeast Central	Cannon Falls Lake City Goodhue	24-30 20-24 10-12	20-24 30-40 10-12	20-30 40-50 16-20	8-10 16-20 6-8

¹ Pricing in 2020 dollars. Pricing can be adjusted to account for inflation.

Note - Unit amounts reflect the size of property that could be supported in the short-term but do not equal total calculated demand over the long-term.

Source: Maxfield Research & Consulting, LLC

²Alternative development concept is to combine active adult affordable and market rate active adult into mixed-income senior community

³ Catered living is a hybrid concept of independent and assisted living service levels.

⁴Memory care housing could be a component of an assisted-living or service-intensive building.

While we find demand in all six submarkets, overall senior housing demand is expected to be strongest in the North, Southeast, and Northeast Submarkets. Due to the need for services (public infrastructure, medical, religious, retail, etc.) we expect that the cities will capture all the excess demand potential in the County. We do not anticipate any senior housing development in the townships.

Senior housing demand will be fairly fluid between submarkets and communities in Goodhue County, and a new senior housing development in one submarket would likely attract residents from adjacent submarkets if senior housing options are not available in nearby communities.

The development of additional senior housing serves a two-fold purpose in meeting the housing needs in the County: 1) older adult and senior residents are able to relocate to new age-restricted housing, and 2) existing homes and rental units that were occupied by seniors become available to other new households. Development of additional senior housing does not mean the housing needs of younger households are neglected; it simply means that a greater percentage of this housing need is satisfied by housing unit turnover.

• Market Rate Active Adult – Total demand was projected for about 260 market rate active adult rental units in the six submarkets in 2025. It is likely there are seniors who currently reside in general occupancy housing that would consider a newer active adult rental product. In addition, there may be seniors who no longer want the burden of the maintenance of homeownership and would like the choice of an active adult rental product.

We also find demand for 166 active adult ownership units in 2025, but this demand could be satisfied with the development of general occupancy (not age-restricted) maintenance free, living products (i.e. twin homes, townhomes, condominiums).

<u>Shallow-Subsidy and Deep-Subsidy Senior Rental</u> – Demand was calculated for 497 shallow-subsidy active adult units in 2025. Many candidates for shallow-subsidy senior rental may be residents at older market rate rental properties. These older properties would have similar (or lower) rents that would be considered affordable for these seniors. We recommend shallow-subsidy senior housing developments as either stand-alone buildings or incorporated into a mixed-income development.

While the study shows demand for deep-subsidy units in the County, the development of deep-subsidy senior housing can be challenging. Financing subsidized senior housing is difficult as federal funds have been shrinking. Therefore, a new development would likely have to rely on several funding sources; from low-income tax credits (LIHTC), tax-exempt bonds, Section 202 program, Rural Development 515 program, Rural Development rental assistance, among others. Although Rural Development offers a financing program that provides an option for serving low income seniors, the program has become unpopular among developers because of significant challenges in working with the agency.

<u>Service-Enhanced Senior Housing</u> – We find demand for a total of 711 market rate service-enhanced units in the six Goodhue County submarkets in 2024 (378 independent living units, 170 assisted living units, and 163 memory care units). Demand will likely best be satisfied with the development of catered living projects, so residents can change their level of care as they age without having to relocate from the facility.

Independent Living (Congregate) Service Level

The monthly fees should include the base monthly rent, utilities, and some assisted living services, including social, health, wellness and educational programs; 24-hour emergency call system; and, regularly scheduled van transportation. In addition, meals and other support and personal care services should be made available to congregate residents on a feefor-service basis. When their care needs increase, residents should be provided the option of receiving assisted living services in their existing units, either in bundled packages or a-lacarte.

Assisted Living Service Level

The fees should include the base monthly rent, utilities, and assisted living services, such as three meals per day plus snacks; weekly housekeeping and linen service; professional activity programs and scheduled outings; nursing care management; and 24-hour on site staffing. Additional services should also be available either in service packages or a la carte for an extra monthly charge.

Memory Care Component

We suggest that any memory care units be in a separate, secured, self-contained wing located on the first floor of the building with its own dining and common area amenities including a secure outdoor patio and wandering area. Fees should include the base rent, utilities and services such as; medication reminders, medication administration, and personal care assistance, with other service packages available a-la-carte.

Challenges and Opportunities

The previous tables identified and recommended housing types that would satisfy housing needs in the County through 2030. The following were identified as the greatest challenges and opportunities for developing the recommended housing types (in no particular order).

Affordability. Approximately 20% of all owner households in Goodhue County are considered cost burdened, while 41% of the existing renter households in the County are considered cost burdened compared to 20% (owner) and 44% (renter) in Minnesota.

Based on current home prices, roughly 68% of existing owner households in Goodhue County could afford to purchase a single-family home sold at the median sale price (\$215,000 in 2019). Roughly 56% of existing renter households could afford to rent a one-bedroom unit at a rental property in the County at an average one-bedroom rent of \$686 per month; however, only 40% could afford monthly rents for a one-bedroom unit priced at \$950 per month in a new rental development.

Because the cost to own a move-up home is only slightly higher than the cost to rent a new market rate rental unit, some households may choose owning over renting. The affordability factor to purchase however, will decrease with continued price appreciation and there is a growing segment of the population that is choosing to rent rather than own. These households are referred to as "lifestyle renters," those with busy professional lives and people who prefer to spend their free time in leisure pursuits rather than on the upkeep and maintenance of a home.

• **Job Growth and Unemployment.** Low unemployment often generates demand for both existing home purchases and new-home purchases. Goodhue County has historically maintained a lower unemployment rate than Minnesota and the nation. The 2019 annual unemployment rates of 3.1% in Goodhue County and 3.0% in Southeast Minnesota were below equilibrium (generally considered to be 5.0%) and lower than the United States (3.7%). Unemployment rates have come down from highs of 7.6% in the County and 7.3% in Southeast Minnesota in 2009.

Modest job growth is expected over the next several years. Goodhue County is projected to add 1,011 jobs by 2030. Potential labor force shortages and a surge in retirements are expected to slow the pace of job growth after 2020. Job growth is projected to be strongest in the North, Southeast, and Northwest Submarkets.

• Capture Commuters. Goodhue is an exporter of workers as a higher number of residents leave the County for work than nonresidents commute into the County for work. However, with nearly 11,000 workers estimated to be commuting into Goodhue County for employment daily, many coming from over 50 miles, there appears to be an opportunity to provide housing options for a portion of these workers.

Mortgage Rates. Mortgage rates play a crucial role in housing affordability. Lower mortgage rates result in a lower monthly mortgage payment and buyers receiving more home for their dollar. Rising interest rates often require homebuyers to raise their down payment in order to maintain the same housing costs. While increasing earlier in 2019, mortgage rates have been near historic lows over the past several years coming out of the Great Recession.

The 30-year fixed rate mortgage according to Freddie Mac is at 3.78% for qualified buyers (October 31, 2019). A significant increase in rates (+1% or more; over 5% in the short term) would affect the housing market and could slow projected for-sale housing demand.

The following chart illustrates historical mortgage rate averages as compiled by Freddie Mac. The Freddie Mac Market Survey (PMMS) has been tracking mortgage rates since 1971 and is the most relied upon benchmark for evaluating mortgage interest market conditions. The Freddie Mac survey is based on 30-year mortgages with a loan-to-value of 80%.



• Household Growth. As highlighted in the Demographic Analysis section of this study as well as the demand calculations for general occupancy rental housing and ownership housing, modest household growth is projected in the six submarkets between 2019 and 2030. The older age cohorts are expected to experience solid growth, but more moderate growth is anticipated in the age groups (i.e. under age 65) that are typically the target market for new general occupancy rental and for-sale housing.

Much of the demand for new housing units will be generated by turnover of existing households. However, turnover often generates opportunities for new households to move into the area. Population and household growth in the County will be highly dependent on the availability of suitable housing options to attract future residents.

• Lot Supply. We identified 107 active subdivisions in the nine Goodhue County cities, containing 1,336 vacant lots, including 997 detached single-family lots and 339 multifamily (i.e. townhome, twin home) lots. Based on the for-sale housing demand calculations (1,449 units needed by 2030), it appears that the existing supply of vacant lots is sufficient to satisfy demand in the short-term, but additional lots will be needed by 2030.

Projected demand exceeds lot supply in Red Wing, Cannon Falls, Dennison, Goodhue, Kenyon, and Pine Island. Existing lot supply exceeds projected housing demand in Lake City, Wanamingo, and Zumbrota. Excess lot supply (existing vacant platted lots minus projected housing demand to 2030) is greatest for single-family homes in Lake City and Wanamingo, while demand for additional lots will be greatest for single-family homes in Cannon Falls and Pine Island and for multifamily homes in Cannon Falls and Red Wing.

We anticipate that additional multifamily lots will be needed in all Goodhue County cities by 2030, except for Wanamingo. Additional single-family lots will be needed in Cannon Falls, Goodhue, Kenyon, and Pine Island. The existing supply of single-family lots should satisfy demand to 2030 in Red Wing, Dennison, Lake City, Wanamingo, and Zumbrota.

• Residential Development Costs. The value of building lots is often benchmarked against the value of the completed retail housing package (sales price). Target ratios for builders show that the cost of sales should be held to 70% of the purchase price; 50% for construction hard costs and 20% for the land (raw land, improvements, financing costs, etc.) However, these ratios vary considerably based on builder, product, topography, lot type, etc. An improved single-family lot should generally cost from 18% to 25% of the projected retail price of the home.

Sale prices for new construction single-family homes in Goodhue County are at approximately \$300,000 (\$170 per square foot). An estimated 83% of the homes sold in Goodhue County since 2017 have been priced below \$300,000 and 53% of the sales were priced less than \$200,000, suggesting that there is strong demand for modestly-priced housing in the County. As such, a public-private partnership should be explored to help alleviate the carrying costs for developers, which could bring down lot costs and generate the production of new construction housing units.

Several communities offer various types of lot incentive programs to stimulate new construction. Most lot incentive programs are offered and administered by a local economic development or housing and redevelopment agency that funds the program. In many cases, the municipalities fund the infrastructure using general obligation improvement bonds. Programs vary considerably between communities, but most have guidelines such as minimum square footages and time limits on when houses are constructed.

 Land/Lot Acquisition. Land acquisition is a tool used by many governmental authorities to set aside land for a variety of public purposes; including new development/redevelopment, infrastructure projects, recreation, conservation, etc. Many local governments and/or development authorities consider land acquisition as a strategy for stimulating private sector development.

Communities in Goodhue County that anticipate needing additional subdivision activity to support demand by 2030 could consider acquiring and setting aside land for future development activity as a strategy to stimulate private sector development. Similarly, communities with an excess supply of vacant platted lots could consider acquiring lots, then selling them to builders or residents at a reduced cost to stimulate development and bring down overall new home construction costs.

• Multifamily Development Costs. It may be difficult to construct new multifamily product with amenities today's renter's desire given market rents and development costs. According to construction costs data from the Craftsman 2016 National Building Cost Manual, construction costs in Goodhue County (utilizing construction averages for Rochester) likely average about \$128 per square foot (in 2016 dollars) to develop based on a "best" quality project with ten or more units. Based on an average unit size range of 650 to 800 square feet, a project would cost approximately \$91,000 to \$112,000 per unit to develop in 2020 (adjusted for inflation).

Development costs of this scale will likely require rents per square foot significantly higher than the existing product in Goodhue County (average of \$0.87 per square foot). Based on these costs, it will be difficult to develop stand-alone multifamily housing structures by the private sector based on current market rents. As a result, a private-public partnership or other financing programs will likely be required to spur development and potentially reduce rent levels to bridge some of the gap between existing older product and new product (i.e. tax abatement, Tax Increment Financing).

• **Economies of Scale**. Economies of scale refer to the increase in efficiency of production as the number of goods being produced is increased. Typically, companies or organizations achieving economies of scale lower the average cost per unit through increased production since fixed costs are shared over an increased number of goods.

In the housing development industry, generally the more units that are constructed the greater the efficiency. For example, larger homebuilders negotiate volume discounts in materials and subcontractors, are more efficient in the land entitlement process, leverage the power of technology, and have greater access and lower costs of capital. In multifamily housing, typically the higher the number of units equates into a lower per unit costs. Because of this, construction costs in larger communities such as in Twin Cities Metro Area or Rochester can actually be lower than found in many communities in Goodhue County.

 Alternative Construction Methods. As an alternative to traditional housing construction, other construction methods could be considered to develop more affordable housing for entry level buyers and renters. One option would be modular construction, which involves constructing the home off site in a factory then delivering modular units pre-formed to the Site.

Another option is to construct residential units with Structural Insulated Panels (SIPs). SIPs are a high-performance system for residential and light commercial construction. The panels consist of an insulating form core sandwiched between two structural facings, typically oriented over strand board (OSB). SIPs are manufactured under factory-controlled conditions and can be fabricated to fit nearly any building design. The result is a building system that is extremely strong, energy efficient and cost effective. Building with SIPs generally costs the same as building with wood frame construction when you factor in the labor savings resulting from shorter construction time and less jobsite waste. Other savings are realized because smaller heating and cooling systems are required with SIP Construction.

As an example, Southwest Minnesota Housing Partnership is developing single-family homes in southwestern Minnesota utilizing SIPs. Floor plans are 2,200 square feet with an attached double-car garage, and pricing ranges from \$196,499 with an income restriction to \$221,200 without an income restriction. Additionally, Southwest Minnesota Housing Partnership recently developed a 48-unit three-story Low-Income Housing Tax Credit apartment building using SIPs construction for approximately \$94 per square-foot.

• Housing Programs. Many local governments offer housing programs designed to enhance, improve, or develop new housing stock. The topics in this section are designed to provide ideas and suggestions to help the public and private sector support housing programs and incentives to spur housing opportunities in Goodhue County. The examples presented on the following pages identify housing tools utilized in other communities; however, this is not an all-encompassing list as many governmental agencies offer different programs based on their individual needs.

Federal funds for housing development have been declining for decades and the remaining housing programs include the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), the HOME Investment Partnerships Program, Housing Choice Vouchers, Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC), and USDA rural housing programs. However, local units of government are increasingly dependent on other resources to support development such as housing trust funds and housing bonds. Many of these programs target low- to moderate income households and do not provide assistance for fix-up funds, rehab loans, infrastructure, etc.

Goodhue County could serve as a central funding coordinator for communities in the County that do not have a Housing and Redevelopment Authority or an Economic Development Authority to rely on for funding.

State/National Resources:

Greater Minnesota Housing Fund – The Greater Minnesota Housing Fund ("GMHF") supports, preserves, and creates affordable housing in the 80 counties outside the core Twin Cities Metro Area. The GMHF provides numerous programs, financing mechanisms, technical support, and research to support production of affordable housing across Greater Minnesota.

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency ("Minnesota Housing") — Minnesota Housing is a housing finance agency whose mission is to finance affordable housing for low- and moderate-income households across Minnesota. Minnesota Housing partners with for-profit, non-profit, and governmental sectors to help develop and preserve affordable housing. The organization provides numerous products and services for both the single-family and multifamily housing sectors. The organizations five strategic priorities are as follows: Preserve federally-subsidized rental housing; Promote and support successful homeownership; Address specific and critical needs in rental housing markets; Prevent and end homelessness, and; Prevent foreclosure and support community recover.

Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development – MN DEED offers community development funding through two programs for projects that assist communities stay vital and pursue economic development.

- The Small Cities Development Program offers state grant funds in three general categories.
 - Housing grants provide funds to rehabilitate local housing stock. Local governments lend the funds to projects benefiting low- and moderateincome households and may be used for owner-occupied, rental, singlefamily or multifamily projects.
 - Public facility grants are directed toward wastewater treatment projects
 - Comprehensive grants can include housing and public facility activities.
- Workforce Housing Development Program targets communities in Greater Minnesota where housing shortages hinder the ability of businesses to attract workers. Program criteria are as follows:
 - Cities located outside of the metro area with a population exceeding 500 residents or communities with a combined population of 1,500 residents located within 15 miles of a city or an area served by a joint county-city economic development authority;
 - A vacancy rate of 5 percent or lower for at least the prior two years;
 - One or more businesses located in the project area (or within 25 miles of the area) that employ 20 full time equivalent employees;
 - A statement from participating businesses that a lack of housing makes it difficult to recruit and hire workers; and,
 - The development must serve employees of the businesses in the project area.

United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development – Housing support is available through the "Housing and Community Assistance" program that is part of USDA Rural Development. The program is designed to improve housing options in rural communities and operates a variety of programs including homeownership assistance, housing rehabilitation and preservation, and rental assistance.

<u>Local/Regional Resources:</u>

Southeastern Minnesota Multi-County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (SEMMCHRA) offer a variety of housing programs, including:

- Assisted Housing services and programs include Section 8 Rental Assistance,
 Family Self-Sufficiency, Public Housing for low income individuals and families,
 and market rate housing for families and persons 55 or better;
- Minnesota Housing programs;
- New single-family and rental housing development;
- Rental Rehabilitation Deferred Loan Program;
- Small Cities Development Program;
- First-time homebuyer loans;
- Down payment assistance;
- Homebuyer education and financial counseling; and,
- The Goodhue County Housing Trust Workforce Housing Assistance Program which assists working individuals and families in achieving home ownership.

Housing programs offered by Three Rivers Community Action include:

- Rental housing and single-family housing development;
- Home buyer down payment and closing cost assistance;
- Services and affordable housing development for the general market and for special needs populations;
- Rehabilitation and weatherization loan program; and,
- Homebuyer education and financial literacy classes.

The Red Wing Housing and Redevelopment Authority offers several programs promoting and preserving the existing housing stock in Red Wing. Some of the key programs include:

- Affordable Housing Trust Fund Homebuyers Assistance Loan Program assists low- and moderate-income families with the purchase of affordable housing in Red Wing and is available to households with incomes at or below 115% AMI;
- The Small Cities Program Income Fund is available to homeowner seeking to improve their properties; and,
- The HRA provides Housing Quality Standards (HQS) inspection services.

There are some housing programs that Goodhue County communities could consider to aid and improve their housing stock. The following is a list of potential programs that could be explored.

- Remodeling Advisor: Partner with local architects and/or builders to provide ideas and general cost estimates for property owners.
- Construction Management Services: Assist homeowners regarding local building codes, reviewing contractor bids, etc. Typically provided as a service by the building department.
- Historic Preservation: Encourage residents to preserve historic housing stock in neighborhoods with homes with character through restoring and preserving architectural and building characteristics. Typically funded with low interest rates on loans for preservation construction costs.
- Foreclosure Home Improvement Program: Low-interest loans to buyers of foreclosed homes to assist homeowners with needed home improvements while stabilizing owner-occupied properties. A portion of the loan could be forgivable if the occupant resides in home at least five years. Eligible participants should be based on income-guidelines (typically 80% AMI or lower).
- Rent to Own: Income-eligible families rent for a specified length of time with the end-goal of buying a home. The administering agency saves a portion of the monthly rent that will be allocated for a down payment on a future house.
- Rental Collaboration: Host meetings on a regular basis (quarterly, bi-annually, or annually) with rental property owners, property management companies, Realtors, etc. to discuss key issues and topics related to the rental housing industry.
- Home Fair: Provide residents with information and resources to promote improvements to the housing stock. Typically offered on a weekend in early spring where homeowners can meet and ask questions to architects, landscapers, building contractors, lenders, building inspectors, etc.
- Home-Building Trades Partnerships: Partnership between local Technical Colleges or High Schools that offer building trades programs. Affordability is gained through reduced labor costs provided by the school. New housing production serves as the "classroom" for future trades people to gain experience in the construction industry. This program is contingent on proximity to these programs.
- Rental License: Licensing rental properties in the communities. Designed to ensure all rental properties meet local building and safety codes. Typically enforced by the fire marshal or building inspection department. Should require annual license renewal.
- Senior Housing Regeneration Program: Partnership between multiple organizations that assists seniors transitioning to alternative housing options such as senior housing, condominiums, townhomes, etc.
- <u>Tax Abatement</u>: A temporary reduction in property taxes over a specific time period on new construction homes or home remodeling projects. Encourages new construction or rehabilitation through property tax incentives.

- Tax Increment Financing (TIF): Program that offers communities a flexible financing tool to assist housing projects and related infrastructure. TIF enables communities to dedicate the incremental tax revenues from new housing development to help make the housing more affordable or pay for related costs. TIF funds can be used to provide a direct subsidy to a particular housing project or they can also be used to promote affordable housing by setting aside a portion of TIF proceeds into a dedicated fund from other developments receiving TIF.
- Waiver or Reduction of Development Fees: There are several fees developers
 must pay including impact fees, utility and connection fees, park land dedication
 fees, etc. To help facilitate affordable housing, some fees could be waived or reduced to pass the cost savings onto the housing consumer.
- Location and Affordable Housing. Housing in Goodhue County is relatively affordable when compared to Rochester and the Twin Cities Metro Area. The median sale price for single-family homes in Goodhue County is roughly -13% lower than the median sale price in Olmsted County, -29% lower than the seven-county Twin Cities Metro Area, and -32% lower than Dakota County. The median asking rent in Goodhue County is -13% lower than in Olmsted County and -30% lower than in Dakota County.

The Goodhue County housing market will likely benefit from anticipated growth related to the Rochester Destination Medical Center (DMC) expansion coupled with increasing housing costs in the Rochester area as well as the Twin Cities Metro Area, as buyers seeking more affordable housing options could consider moving to Goodhue County.

Households with children could also be drawn to the County for the high-quality schools, and buyers seeking a rural lifestyle on a larger lot may choose Goodhue County over Olmsted County or the Twin Cities Metro Area. Additionally, families seeking a rural lifestyle and quality schools could consider moving to the County and commuting to the Twin Cities Metro Area for employment. Retirees could also consider relocating to Goodhue County if they have family in the area or if they desire more affordable housing and/or the natural amenities offered by the County.

• Marketing and Promotion. We recommend that a coordinated strategy be developed and implemented to collect and disseminate information on vacant residential lots in Goodhue County as well as contact information for rental property owners and managers. This information could be published on the various websites for the Cities in Goodhue County, or coordinated through the Goodhue County Economic Development Authority. This effort would supplement traditional residential listings being marketed by Realtors on the Multiple Listing Service and target people seeking rental housing and available building lots in the County.

Summary of Development Recommendations by City

The figures on the following pages are intended summarize demand and reflect concepts are intended to act as a development guide to meet the housing needs of existing and future households for each City in Goodhue County.

Unit amounts do not necessarily equal total calculated demand over the long-term but reflect the size of property that could be supported.

City of Red Wing Development G	uide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		159
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	32
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	103
Executive	\$350,000+	24
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	in homes)	195
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	78
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	117
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$950/1BR - \$1,200/2BR	50-60
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,250/2BR - \$1,550/3BR	24-32
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	24-30
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	24-30
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	30-40
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	40-50

City of Cannon Falls Development	Guide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		109
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	22
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	71
Executive	\$350,000+	16
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	n homes)	36
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	14
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	22
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	24-26
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	12-14
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	16-20
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	24-30
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	20-24
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	20-30
Memory Care	\$4,500 - \$5,500	10-12

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For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		9
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	2
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	6
Executive	\$350,000+	1
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, to	win homes)	3
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	1
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	2
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	4-6

City of Lake City Development Go	uide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		75
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	15
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	49
Executive	\$350,000+	11
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	in homes)	61
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	24
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	37
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR	30-36
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	14-18
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	10-16
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	20-24
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	30-40
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	40-50
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City of Goodhue Development G	uide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		37
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	7
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	24
Executive	\$350,000+	6
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	n homes)	12
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	5
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	7
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	10-12
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	4-6
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	10-12
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	10-12
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	16-20
Memory Care	\$4,500 - \$5,500	6-8

City of Kenyon Development Gui	de	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		38
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	8
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	25
Executive	\$350,000+	6
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	in homes)	13
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	5
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	8
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
Rental Housing	Wolltilly Kellt Kalige	Offics
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR	10-14
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	8-10
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	10-16
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	14-16
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	16-18
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	20-30
Memory Care	\$4,500 - \$5,500	10-12

City of Wanamingo Development	t Guide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		43
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	9
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	28
Executive	\$350,000+	6
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	in homes)	14
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	6
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	8
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$850/1BR - \$1,050/2BR	10-14
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,150/2BR - \$1,450/3BR	8-10
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	10-16
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	14-16
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	16-18
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	20-30
Memory Care	\$4,500 - \$5,500	10-12

City of Pine Island Development C	Guide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		112
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	22
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	73
Executive	\$350,000+	17
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, twi	n homes)	37
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	15
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	22
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	24-30
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	10-12
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	18-20
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	24-30
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	20-24
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	40-50
Memory Care	\$4,500 - \$5,500	16-20

City of Zumbrota Development G	iuide	
For-Sale Housing	Purchase Price	Units
Detached Single-Family		99
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	20
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	64
Executive	\$350,000+	15
Multifamily (i.e. townhomes, tw	in homes)	33
Entry-level	Less than \$150,000	13
Move-up	\$175,000 - \$300,000	20
Rental Housing	Monthly Rent Range	Units
General Occupancy Rental		
Market Rate Apartments	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,250/2BR	24-30
Market Rate Townhomes	\$1,300/2BR - \$1,600/3BR	10-12
Shallow-Subsidy Project	Moderate Income	18-20
Senior Housing		
Market Rate Active Adult	\$1,000/1BR - \$1,300/2BR	24-30
Shallow-Subsidy Active Adult	Moderate Income	20-24
Catered Living	\$1,650 - \$4,500	40-50
Memory Care	\$4,500 - \$5,500	16-20

APPENDIX

Definitions

<u>Absorption Period</u> – The period necessary for newly constructed or renovated properties to achieve the stabilized level of occupancy. The absorption period begins when the first certificate of occupancy is issued and ends when the last unit to reach the stabilized level of occupancy has signed a lease.

<u>Absorption Rate</u> – The average number of units rented each month during the absorption period.

<u>Active adult (or independent living without services available)</u> - Active Adult properties are similar to a general-occupancy apartment building, in that they offer virtually no services but have age-restrictions (typically 55 or 62 or older). Organized activities and occasionally a transportation program are usually all that are available at these properties. Because of the lack of services, active adult properties typically do not command the rent premiums of more service-enriched senior housing.

<u>Adjusted Gross Income "AGI"</u> – Income from taxable sources (including wages, interest, capital gains, income from retirement accounts, etc.) adjusted to account for specific deductions (i.e. contributions to retirement accounts, unreimbursed business and medical expenses, alimony, etc.).

Affordable housing – Housing that is income-restricted to households earning at or below 80% AMI, though individual properties can have income-restrictions set at 40%, 50%, 60% or 80% AMI. Rent is not based on income but instead is a contract amount that is affordable to households within the specific income restriction segment. It is essentially housing affordable to low or very low-income tenants.

<u>Amenity</u> – Tangible or intangible benefits offered to a tenant in the form of common area amenities or in-unit amenities. Typical in-unit amenities include dishwashers, washer/dryers, walk-in showers and closets and upgraded kitchen finishes. Typical common area amenities include detached or attached garage parking, community room, fitness center and an outdoor patio or grill/picnic area.

<u>Area Median Income "AMI"</u> – AMI is the midpoint in the income distribution within a specific geographic area. By definition, 50% of households earn less than the median income and 50% earn more. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) calculates AMI annually and adjustments are made for family size.

<u>Assisted Living</u> – Assisted Living properties come in a variety of forms, but the target market for most is generally the same: very frail seniors, typically age 80 or older (but can be much younger, depending on their particular health situation), who are in need of extensive support services and personal care assistance. Absent an assisted living option, these seniors would otherwise need to move to a nursing facility.

At a minimum, assisted living properties include two meals per day and weekly housekeeping in the monthly fee, with the availability of a third meal and personal care (either included in the monthly fee or for an additional cost). Assisted living properties also have either staff on duty 24 hours per day or at least 24-hour emergency response.

<u>Building Permit</u> – Building permits track housing starts and the number of housing units authorized to be built by the local governing authority. Most jurisdictions require building permits for new construction, major renovations, as well as other building improvements. Building permits ensure that all the work meets applicable building and safety rules and is typically required to be completed by a licensed professional. Once the building is complete and meets the inspector's satisfaction, the jurisdiction will issue a "CO" or "Certificate of Occupancy." Building permits are a key barometer for the health of the housing market and are often a leading indicator in the rest of the economy as it has a major impact on consumer spending.

<u>Capture Rate</u> – The percentage of age, size, and income-qualified renter households in a given area or "Market Area" that the property must capture to fill the units. The capture rate is calculated by dividing the total number of units at the property by the total number of age, size and income-qualified renter households in the designated area.

<u>Comparable Property</u> – A property that is representative of the rental housing choices of the designated area or "Market Area" that is similar in construction, size, amenities, location and/or age.

<u>Concession</u> – Discount or incentives given to a prospective tenant to induce signature of a lease. Concessions typically are in the form of reduced rent or free rent for a specific lease term, or free amenities, which are normally charged separately, such as parking.

<u>Congregate (or independent living with services available)</u> – Congregate properties offer support services such as meals and/or housekeeping, either on an optional basis or a limited amount included in the rents. These properties typically dedicate a larger share of the overall building area to common areas, in part, because the units are smaller than in adult housing and in part to encourage socialization among residents. Congregate properties attract a slightly older target market than adult housing, typically seniors age 75 or older. Rents are also above those of the active adult buildings, even excluding the services.

<u>Contract Rent</u> – The actual monthly rent payable by the tenant, including any rent subsidy paid on behalf of the tenant, to the owner, inclusive of all terms of the lease.

<u>Demand</u> – The total number of households that would potentially move into a proposed new or renovated housing project. These households must be of appropriate age, income, tenure and size for a specific proposed development. Components vary and can include, but are not limited to: turnover, people living in substandard conditions, rent over-burdened households, income-qualified households and age of householder. Demand is project specific.

<u>Density</u> – Number of units in a given area. Density is typically measured in dwelling units (DU) per acre – the larger the number of units permitted per acre the higher the density; the fewer units permitted results in lower density. Density is often presented in a gross and net format:

- Gross Density The number of dwelling units per acre based on the gross site acreage.
 Gross Density = Total residential units/total development area
- <u>Net Density</u> The number of dwelling units per acre located on the site, but excludes public right-of-ways (ROW) such as streets, alleys, easements, open spaces, etc.
 <u>Net Density</u> = Total residential units/total residential land area (excluding ROWs)

<u>Detached housing</u> – a freestanding dwelling unit, most often single-family homes, situated on its own lot.

<u>Effective Rents</u> – Contract rent less applicable concessions.

<u>Elderly or Senior Housing</u> – Housing where all the units in the property are restricted for occupancy by persons age 62 years or better, or at least 80% of the units in each building are restricted for occupancy by households where at least one household member is 55 years of age or better and the housing is designed with amenities, facilities and services to meet the needs of senior citizens.

<u>Extremely low-income</u> – person or household with incomes below 30% of Area Median Income, adjusted for respective household size.

<u>Fair Market Rent</u> – Estimates established by HUD of the Gross Rents needed to obtain modest rental units in acceptable conditions in a specific geographic area. The amount of rental income a given property would command if it were open for leasing at any given moment and/or the amount derived based on market conditions that is needed to pay gross monthly rent at modest rental housing in a given area. This figure is used as a basis for determining the payment standard amount used to calculate the maximum monthly subsidy for families on at financially assisted housing.

Fair Market Rent – Goodhue County 2019

	Fair Market Rent by Bedroom Size				
	0-BR	1-BR	2-BR	3-BR	4-BR
Fair Market Rent	\$591	\$595	\$787	\$986	\$1,088

Floor Area Ratio (FAR) Ratio of the floor area of a building to area of the lot on which the building is located.

<u>Foreclosure</u> – A legal process in which a lender or financial institute attempts to recover the balance of a loan from a borrower who has stopped making payments to the lender by using the sale of the house as collateral for the loan.

<u>Generations</u> – A generation is a group of people born in the same time period and raised in the same geographic area. Generations exhibit comparable characteristics because they experienced similar trends at roughly the same life stage and through similar channels. In America, there are six living generations.

<u>GI Generation</u>: Born between 1901 and 1926, they came of age during the Great Depression and fought in World War II; also referred to as "The Greatest Generation".

<u>Mature/Silent Generation</u>: Born between 1927 and 1945 during the Great Depression and World War II; also referred to as "The Lucky Few". This was a relatively small generation as their parents had fewer children due to financial insecurity and World War II.

<u>Baby Boomers</u>: Born just after World War II between 1946 and 1964; also referred to as the "me" generation. Increased birth rates during the post-World War II baby boom make this a relatively large generation.

<u>Generation X</u>: Born between 1965 and 1980; also referred to as the "Baby Bust" generation due to a decline in the birth rate following the baby boom.

<u>Millennials</u>: Born between 1981 and 2000; also known as "Generation Y", "The 9/11 Generation", and "Echo Boomers". Children of baby boomers, this represents the largest generation since the baby boom. Buying homes and starting families later than previous generations.

<u>Generation Z</u>: Born after 2001; also known as "Boomlets", "the iGeneration", and "Post Millennials". Children of Generation X and will be larger and more diverse than Baby Boomer and Millennial generations.

<u>Gross Rent</u> – The monthly housing cost to a tenant which equals the Contract Rent provided for in the lease, plus the estimated cost of all utilities paid by tenants. Maximum Gross Rents for Goodhue County in 2019 are as follows:

Maximum Gross Rent Goodhue County – 2019

	Maximum Gross Rents by Bedroom Size						
	0-BR	1-BR	2-BR	3-BR	4-BR	5-BR	6-BR
20% AMI	\$287	\$308	\$369	\$427	\$476	\$525	\$574
30% AMI	\$431	\$462	\$554	\$640	\$714	\$788	\$862
40% AMI	\$575	\$616	\$739	\$854	\$953	\$1,051	\$1,149
50% AMI	\$718	\$770	\$923	\$1,067	\$1,191	\$1,314	\$1,436
60% AMI	\$862	\$924	\$1,108	\$1,281	\$1,429	\$1,577	\$1,724
70% AMI	\$1,006	\$1,078	\$1,293	\$1,494	\$1,667	\$1,840	\$2,011
80% AMI	\$1,150	\$1,232	\$1,478	\$1,708	\$1,906	\$2,103	\$2,298

<u>Household</u> – All persons who occupy a housing unit, including occupants of a single-family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

<u>Household Trends</u> – Changes in the number of households for any particular areas over a measurable period of time, which is a function of new household formations, changes in average household size, and met migration.

Housing Choice Voucher Program – The federal government's major program for assisting very low-income families, the elderly, and the disabled to afford decent, safe, and sanitary housing in the private market. A family that is issued a housing voucher is responsible for finding a suitable housing unit of the family's choice where the owner agrees to rent under the program. Housing choice vouchers are administered locally by public housing agencies. They receive federal funds from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to administer the housing choice voucher program. A housing subsidy is paid to the landlord directly by the public housing agency on behalf of the participating family. The family then pays the difference between the actual rent charged by the landlord and the amount subsidized by the program.

<u>Housing unit</u> – House, apartment, mobile home, or group of rooms used as a separate living quarters by a single household.

<u>HUD Project-Based Section 8</u> – A federal government program that provides rental housing for very low-income families, the elderly, and the disabled in privately owned and managed rental units. The owner reserves some or all of the units in a building in return for a Federal government guarantee to make up the difference between the tenant's contribution and the rent. A tenant who leaves a subsidized project will lose access to the project-based subsidy.

<u>HUD Section 202 Program</u> – Federal program that provides direct capital assistance and operating or rental assistance to finance housing designed for occupancy by elder household who have incomes not exceeding 50% of Area Median Income.

<u>HUD Section 811 Program</u> – Federal program that provides direct capital assistance and operating or rental assistance to finance housing designed for occupancy of persons with disabilities who have incomes not exceeding 50% Area Median Income.

<u>HUD Section 236 Program</u> – Federal program that provides interest reduction payments for loans which finance housing targeted to households with income not exceeding 80% Area Median Income who pay rent equal to the greater or market rate or 30% of their adjusted income.

<u>Income limits</u> – Maximum households income by a designed geographic area, adjusted for household size and expressed as a percentage of the Area Median Income, for the purpose of establishing an upper limit for eligibility for a specific housing program.

<u>Inflow/Outflow</u> – The Inflow/Outflow Analysis generates results showing the count and characteristics of worker flows in to, out of, and within the defined geographic area.

<u>Low-Income</u> – Person or household with gross household incomes below 80% of Area Median Income, adjusted for household size.

<u>Low-Income Housing Tax Credit</u> – A program aimed to generate equity for investment in affordable rental housing authorized pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code. The program requires that a certain percentage of units built be restricted for occupancy to households earning 60% or less of Area Median Income, and rents on these units be restricted accordingly.

<u>Market analysis</u> – The study of real estate market conditions for a specific type of property, geographic area or proposed (re)development.

<u>Market rent</u> – The rent that an apartment, without rent or income restrictions or rent subsidies, would command in a given area or "Market Area" considering its location, features and amenities.

<u>Market study</u> – A comprehensive study of a specific proposal including a review of the housing market in a defined market or geography. Project specific market studies are often used by developers, property managers or government entities to determine the appropriateness of a proposed development, whereas market specific market studies are used to determine what house needs, if any, existing within a specific geography.

<u>Market rate rental housing</u> – Housing that does not have any income-restrictions. Some properties will have income guidelines, which are minimum annual incomes required in order to reside at the property.

Memory Care — Memory Care properties, designed specifically for persons suffering from Alzheimer's disease or other dementias, is one of the newest trends in senior housing. Properties consist mostly of suite-style or studio units or occasionally one-bedroom apartment-style units, and large amounts of communal areas for activities and programming. In addition, staff typically undergoes specialized training in the care of this population. Because of the greater amount of individualized personal care required by residents, staffing ratios are much higher than traditional assisted living and thus, the costs of care are also higher. Unlike conventional assisted living, however, which deals almost exclusively with widows or widowers, a higher proportion of persons afflicted with Alzheimer's disease are in two-person households. That means the decision to move a spouse into a memory care facility involves the caregiver's concern of incurring the costs of health care at a special facility while continuing to maintain their home.

Migration – The movement of households and/or people into or out of an area.

<u>Mixed-income property</u> – An apartment property contained either both income-restricted and unrestricted units or units restricted at two or more income limits.

Mobility – The ease at which people move from one location to another.

<u>Moderate Income</u> – Person or household with gross household income between 80% and 120% of the Area Median Income, adjusted for household size.

<u>Multifamily</u> – Properties and structures that contain more than two housing units.

<u>Naturally Occurring Affordable Housing</u> — Although affordable housing is typically associated with an income-restricted property, there are other housing units in communities that indirectly provide affordable housing. Housing units that were not developed or designated with income guidelines (i.e. assisted) yet are more affordable than other units in a community are considered "naturally-occurring" or "unsubsidized affordable" units. This rental supply is available through the private market, versus assisted housing programs through various governmental agencies. Property values on these units are lower based on a combination of factors, such as: age of structure/housing stock, location, condition, size, functionally obsolete, school district, etc.

<u>Net Income</u> – Income earned after payroll withholdings such as state and federal income taxes, social security, as well as retirement savings and health insurance.

<u>Net Worth</u> – The difference between assets and liabilities, or the total value of assets after the debt is subtracted.

<u>Pent-up demand</u> – A market in which there is a scarcity of supply and as such, vacancy rates are very low or non-existent.

Population – All people living in a geographic area.

<u>Population Density</u> – The population of an area divided by the number of square miles of land area.

<u>Population Trends</u> – Changes in population levels for a particular geographic area over a specific period of time – a function of the level of births, deaths, and in/out migration.

<u>Project-Based rent assistance</u> – Rental assistance from any source that is allocated to the property or a specific number of units in the property and is available to each income eligible tenant of the property or an assisted unit.

<u>Redevelopment</u> – The redesign, rehabilitation or expansion of existing properties.

Rent burden – gross rent divided by adjusted monthly household income.

<u>Restricted rent</u> – The rent charged under the restriction of a specific housing program or subsidy.

<u>Saturation</u> – The point at which there is no longer demand to support additional market rate, affordable/subsidized, rental, for-sale, or senior housing units. Saturation usually refers to a particular segment of a specific market.

<u>Senior Housing</u> – The term "senior housing" refers to any housing development that is restricted to people age 55 or older. Today, senior housing includes an entire spectrum of housing alternatives. Maxfield Research Inc. classifies senior housing into four categories based on the level of support services. The four categories are: Active Adult, Congregate, Assisted Living and Memory Care.

<u>Short Sale</u> – A sale of real estate in which the net proceeds from selling the property do not cover the sellers' mortgage obligations. The difference is forgiven by the lender, or other arrangements are made with the lender to settle the remainder of the debt.

<u>Single-family home</u> – A dwelling unit, either attached or detached, designed for use by one household and with direct street access. It does not share heating facilities or other essential electrical, mechanical or building facilities with another dwelling.

<u>Stabilized level of occupancy</u> – The underwritten or actual number of occupied units that a property is expected to maintain after the initial lease-up period.

<u>Subsidized housing</u> – Housing that is income-restricted to households earning at or below 30% AMI. Rent is generally based on income, with the household contributing 30% of their adjusted gross income toward rent. Also referred to as extremely low income housing.

<u>Subsidy</u> – Monthly income received by a tenant or by an owner on behalf of a tenant to pay the difference between the apartment's contract/market rate rent and the amount paid by the tenant toward rent.

<u>Substandard conditions</u> – Housing conditions that are conventionally considered unacceptable and can be defined in terms of lacking plumbing facilities, one or more major mechanical or electrical system malfunctions, or overcrowded conditions.

<u>Target population</u> – The market segment or segments of the given population a development would appeal or cater to.

<u>Tenant</u> – One who rents real property from another individual or rental company.

<u>Tenant-paid utilities</u> – The cost of utilities, excluding cable, telephone, or internet necessary for the habitation of a dwelling unit, which are paid by said tenant.

Tenure – The distinction between owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units.

<u>Turnover</u> – A measure of movement of residents into and out of a geographic location.

<u>Turnover period</u> – An estimate of the number of housing units in a geographic location as a percentage of the total house units that will likely change occupants in any one year.

<u>Unrestricted units</u> – Units that are not subject to any income or rent restrictions.

<u>Vacancy period</u> – The amount of time an apartment remains vacant and is available on the market for rent.

<u>Workforce housing</u> – Housing that is income-restricted to households earning between 80% and 120% AMI. Also referred to as moderate-income housing.

Zoning – Classification and regulation of land use by local governments according to use categories (zones); often also includes density designations and limitations.